

CAPITAL GOLD CORP
Form 424B3
September 25, 2007

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3)
Registration No. 333-143957

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION

16,944,209 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus relates to the resale of 16,944,209 shares of our common stock, including 4,382,542 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and options, that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling stockholders listed herein.

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock by the selling stockholders other than payment of the exercise price of the warrants and options.

Our common stock is listed on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "CGLD." The last reported sales price per share of our common stock as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board on September 7, 2007, was \$0.46. Our common stock also trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "CGC." On September 7, 2007, the closing price of our common stock on the TSX was \$0.48 CDN (approximately \$0.455 USD).

Please see the risk factors beginning on page 5 to read about certain factors you should consider before buying shares of common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined that this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is September 14, 2007

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

In the following summary, we have highlighted information that we believe is the most important about us. However, because this is a summary, it may not contain all information that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus, including the information incorporated by reference and the financial data and related notes, before making an investment decision. When used in this prospectus, the terms “we,” “our” and “us” refer to Capital Gold Corporation and not to the selling stockholders. You should also see the “Glossary” for definitions of some of the terms used to describe our business.

About Capital Gold

Through a wholly-owned subsidiary and an affiliate, Capital Gold Corporation owns 100% of 16 mining concessions located in the Municipality of Altar, State of Sonora, Republic of Mexico totaling approximately 3,544 hectares (8,756 acres or 13.7 square miles). We commenced mining operations in late March 2007, gold production in early August 2007 and revenues from operations in early August 2007. During August 2007, our first month, we produced approximately 3,175 ounces of gold. The gold dore is being refined for us in Mexico by Met-Mex Penoles. We sometimes refer to the operations on these two concessions as the El Chanate Project.

In May 2007, we completed an expanded 72-hole reverse circulation drilling campaign to identify additional proven and probable gold reserves at the El Chanate Project. The 72 holes totaled approximately 8,300 meters, and were positioned to fill in gaps in the ore body and test the outer limits of the currently known ore zones. We turned the assay data over to Independent Mining Consultants, Inc. (“IMC”) of Tucson, AZ to update our ore reserve and our mine plan. On August 30, 2007, IMC delivered to us an updated resource block model and an updated mine plan and mine production schedule (the “2007 Report”). The original feasibility study (the “2003 Study”) on the El Chanate Project was prepared by M3 Engineering of Tucson in August 2003. M3 updated the 2003 Study in October 2005 (the “2005 Study”). An August 2006 technical report from SRK Consulting, Denver, Colorado (the “2006 Update”) further updated the feasibility study.

According to the 2007 Report, our proven and probable reserve tonnage has increased by approximately 97 percent from 19.9 million to 39.5 million metric tonnes with a gold grade of 0.66 grams per tonne (43.5 million US short tons at 0.019 ounces per ton). The open pit stripping ratio is 0.6:1 (0.6 tonnes of waste to one tonne of ore). The updated pit design for the revised plan in the 2007 Report is based on a plant recovery of gold that varies by rock types, but is expected to average 66.8%. A gold price of US\$550 (SEC three year average as of July 31, 2007) per ounce was used to re-estimate the reserves compared with a gold price of \$450 per ounce used in the previous estimate.

Gold production at El Chanate is currently near the feasibility study rate of 4,000 ounces per month. We plan to slowly start to ramp up daily tonnage levels from 7,500 tonnes per day (“tpd”) to 10,000 tpd. This should boost our gold production toward 5,000 ounces per month (60,000 ounces per year). With this reserve increase, we will now be analyzing what steps are necessary to effectively increase production rates and improve gold recoveries by conducting further metallurgical test work at our laboratory facilities at the mine. Initially, we anticipate that the increased plant throughput will not require any capital since an additional ore crushing and stacking capacity was factored into the original design.

Our principal executive offices are located at 76 Beaver Street, 26th floor, New York, NY 10005, and our telephone number is (212) 344-2785.

The Offering

Common stock to be offered
by the selling stockholders 16,944,209 Shares

Common stock outstanding
prior to this offering 171,643,646 Shares

Use of Proceeds We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock because they are being offered by the selling stockholders and we are not offering any shares for sale under this prospectus, but we may receive proceeds from the exercise of warrants and options held by the selling stockholders. We will apply such proceeds, if any, toward future exploration and/or acquisitions and for working capital. See "Use of Proceeds."

Over-The-Counter Bulletin
Board symbol CGLD

Toronto Stock Exchange
symbol CGC

The 16,944,209 shares of our common stock offered consist of:

- Up to 12,561,667 shares of common stock owned by certain of the selling stockholders; and
- Up to 4,382,542 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and options.

Summary Financial Data

In the table below, we provide you with our summary historical financial data. We have prepared this information using our audited financial statements for each of the five years in the period ended July 31, 2006 and our unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended April 30, 2006 and April 30, 2007. Operating results for the nine months ended April 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending July 31, 2007.

It is important that you read this summary historical financial data in conjunction with our historical financial statements and related notes and "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

Statement of Operations Data

	For the Years Ended				
	July 31,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Mine Expenses	\$ 709,961	\$ 1,028,899	\$ 673,050	\$ 851,374	\$ 1,940,805
Selling, General and Administrative	\$ 639,652	\$ 770,629	\$ 687,722	\$ 1,005,038	\$ 2,135,493
Stock & Warrants Issued for Services	\$ 222,338	\$ 288,623	\$ 379,033	\$ 187,844	\$ 89,391
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 3,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,431	\$ 38,969
Total Other Income (Expense)	\$ 2,027,810	\$ (11,735)	\$ (950,005)	\$ 46,005	\$ (600,034)
Minority Interest	\$ 54,543	\$ 180,625	\$ 51,220	\$ -	\$ -
Write Down of Mining, Milling and Other Property and Equipment	\$ 999,445	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ -
Net Loss	\$ (492,148)	\$ (1,919,261)	\$ (2,938,590)	\$ (2,005,682)	\$ (4,804,692)

	For the Nine months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2006	2007
	(consolidated)	(consolidated)
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -
Mine Expenses	\$ 1,528,653	\$ 743,334
Selling, General and Administrative	\$ 1,377,104	\$ 2,151,362
Stock & Warrants Issued for Services	\$ 6,585	\$ 153,093
Exploration	\$ -	\$ 581,395
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 27,000	\$ 631,797
Total Other Income (Expense)	\$ (276,814)	\$ (1,222,586)
Net Loss	\$ (3,216,156)	\$ (5,483,568)

Balance Sheet Data

	As of July 31,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)	(consolidated)
Working Capital	\$ 1,192,871	\$ 105,661	\$ 182,939	\$ 4,239,991	\$ 7,031,526
Total Assets	\$ 2,056,851	\$ 761,607	\$ 485,753	\$ 5,551,871	\$ 9,545,580
Total Liabilities	\$ 467,017	\$ 254,299	\$ 204,159	\$ 282,816	\$ 615,643
Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,622,119	\$ 651,000	\$ 281,594	\$ 5,269,055	\$ 8,929,937

	As of April 30 2006 (consolidated) (unaudited)	2007 (consolidated) (unaudited)
Working Capital	\$ 8,213,728	\$ 9,358,500
Total Assets	\$ 10,535,564	\$ 27,854,550
Total Liabilities	\$ 462,992	\$ 14,587,942
Stockholders' Equity	\$ 10,072,572	\$ 13,266,608

RISK FACTORS

WE ARE SUBJECT TO VARIOUS RISKS THAT MAY MATERIALLY HARM OUR BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES DESCRIBED BELOW AND THE OTHER INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS BEFORE DECIDING TO PURCHASE OUR COMMON STOCK. IF ANY OF THESE RISKS OR UNCERTAINTIES ACTUALLY OCCUR, OUR BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION OR OPERATING RESULTS COULD BE MATERIALLY HARMED. IN THAT CASE, THE TRADING PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK COULD DECLINE AND YOU COULD LOSE ALL OR PART OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Risks related to our business and operations

We have just begun generating operating revenues. If we are unable to sustain operating revenues, we will not be able to generate profits and our business may fail.

Until recently, we had no producing properties and, historically, have operated and continue to operate at a loss. We only commenced gold producing activities and started to generate revenues in August 2007. Our ultimate success will depend on our ability to generate profits from our properties. Our viability is largely dependent on the successful commercial development of our El Chanate gold mining project in Sonora, Mexico. While we have commenced revenue producing mining operations, we cannot assure if or when revenues will cover cash flow or generate profits.

We lack operating cash flow and, historically, have relied on external funding sources. While we have started to receive revenues from mining operations at El Chanate and we believe that we have adequate funds to permit us to reach positive cash flow from such operations, if we encounter unexpected problems and we are unable to generate positive cash flow in a timely manner, we may need to raise additional capital. If additional capital is required and we are unable to obtain it from outside sources, we may be forced to reduce or curtail our operations or our anticipated exploration activities.

Historically, we have not generated cash flow from operations. We believe that we have adequate funds to cover our financial requirements until such time as mining operations at the El Chanate Project generate positive cash flow. However, if we encounter unexpected problems and we are unable to generate positive cash flow in a timely manner, we may need to raise additional capital. We also may need to raise additional capital for property acquisition and new exploration. To the extent that we need to obtain additional capital, management intends to raise such funds through the sale of our securities and/or joint venturing with one or more strategic partners. We cannot assure that adequate additional funding, if needed, will be available. If we need additional capital and we are unable to obtain it from outside sources, we may be forced to reduce or curtail our operations or our anticipated exploration activities.

Our year end audited financial statements contain a “going concern” explanatory paragraph. Our inability to continue as a going concern would require a restatement of assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis, which would differ materially and adversely from the going concern basis on which our financial statements included in this prospectus have been prepared.

Our consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2006 included herein have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Our auditors’ report on the consolidated financial statements contained herein includes an additional explanatory paragraph following the opinion paragraph on our ability to continue as a going concern. A note to these consolidated financial statements describes the reasons why there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern and our plans to address this issue. Our July 31, 2006 and April 30, 2007 consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our inability to continue as a going concern would require a restatement of assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis, which would differ materially and adversely from the going concern basis on which our consolidated financial statements have been prepared. See, *Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Liquidity and Capital Resources; Plan of Operations.*”

Our Credit Facility with Standard Bank plc imposes restrictive covenants on us.

Our Credit Facility with Standard Bank requires us, among other obligations, to meet certain financial covenants including (i) a debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.2 to 1.0, (ii) a projected debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.2 to 1.0, (iii) a loan life coverage ratio of at least 1.6 to 1.0, (iv) a project life coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0 and (v) a minimum reserve tail. We are also required to maintain a certain minimum level of unrestricted cash. In addition, the Credit Facility restricts, among other things, our ability to incur additional debt, create liens on our property, dispose of any assets, merge with other companies or make any investments. A failure to comply with the restrictions contained in the Credit Facility could lead to an event of default thereunder which could result in an acceleration of such indebtedness.

We are using reconditioned equipment which could adversely affect our cost assumptions and our ability to economically and successfully mine the project.

We are using reconditioned carbon column collection equipment to recover gold. Such equipment is subject to the risk of more frequent breakdowns and need for repair than new equipment. If the equipment that we use breaks down and needs to be repaired or replaced, we will incur additional costs and operations may be delayed resulting in lower amounts of gold recovered. In such event, our capital and operating cost assumptions may be inaccurate and our ability to economically and successfully mine the project may be hampered, resulting in decreased revenues and, possibly, a loss from operations. _

The gold deposit we have identified at El Chanate is relatively low-grade. If our estimates and assumptions are inaccurate, our results of operation and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

The gold deposit we have identified at our El Chanate Project is relatively low-grade. If the estimates of ore grade or recovery rates contained in the feasibility study turn out to be higher than the actual ore grade and recovery rates, if costs are higher than expected, or if we experience problems related to the mining, processing, or recovery of gold from ore at the El Chanate Project, our results of operation and financial condition could be materially adversely affected. Moreover, it is possible that actual costs and economic returns may differ materially from our best estimates. It is not unusual in the mining industry for new mining operations to experience unexpected problems during the initial production phase and to require more capital than anticipated. There can be no assurance that our operations at El Chanate will be profitable.

We have only one project. As a result, our chances of conducting viable mining operations are dependent upon the success of that project.

Our only current properties are the El Chanate concessions. Accordingly, we are dependent upon the success of the El Chanate concessions.

Gold prices can fluctuate on a material and frequent basis due to numerous factors beyond our control. If and when we commence production, our ability to generate profits from operations could be materially and adversely affected by such fluctuating prices.

The profitability of any gold mining operations in which we have an interest will be significantly affected by changes in the market price of gold. Gold prices fluctuate on a daily basis. During the first eight months of 2007, the spot price for gold on the London Exchange has fluctuated between \$608.30 and \$691.40 per ounce. During 2006, the spot price for gold on the London Exchange fluctuated between \$524.75 and \$725.00 per ounce. Gold prices are affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including:

- the level of interest rates,
- the rate of inflation,
- central bank sales,
- world supply of gold and
- stability of exchange rates.

Each of these factors can cause significant fluctuations in gold prices. Such external factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns and monetary systems and political developments. The price of gold has historically fluctuated widely and, depending on the price of gold, revenues from mining operations may not be sufficient to offset the costs of such operations.

We may not be successful in hedging against gold price and interest rate fluctuations and may incur mark to market losses and lose money through our hedging programs.

We have entered into metals trading transactions to hedge against fluctuations in gold prices, using call option purchases and forward sales, and have entered into various interest rate swap agreements. The terms of our Credit Facility with Standard Bank require that we utilize various price hedging techniques to hedge a portion of the gold we plan to produce at the El Chanate Project and hedge at least 50% of our outstanding loan balance. There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully hedge against gold price and interest rate fluctuations.

Further, there can be no assurance that the use of hedging techniques will always be to our benefit. Hedging instruments that protect against metals market price volatility may prevent us from realizing the full benefit from subsequent increases in market prices with respect to covered production, which would cause us to record a mark-to-market loss, decreasing our revenues and profits. Hedging contracts also are subject to the risk that the other party may be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under these contracts. Any significant nonperformance could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We had not yet physically produced gold dore on March 30, 2007 and June 30, 2007, the first two dates upon which we were required to settle a forward sale of 5,285 oz and 7,841 oz of gold, respectively with Standard Bank. Rather than modifying the original Gold Price Protection agreement with Standard Bank to satisfy these forward sale obligations, we opted for a net cash settlement between the call option purchase price of \$535 and the forward sale price of \$500, or \$35.00 per oz. We paid Standard Bank approximately \$185,000 and \$274,000, respectively, due to these settlements with corresponding reductions in our derivative liability. As we commenced gold production in August 2007, we believe we will be able to deliver the quantity of gold required by our forward sales on a going forward basis; however, we may continue to net cash settle these forward sale obligations if it is the most cost effective option for us. If we are unable for any reason to produce the quantity of gold required by our forward sales and generate sufficient cash flow to settle these forward sales in gold or cash, we could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and cash flows.

Our material property interests are in Mexico. Risks of doing business in a foreign country could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We face risks normally associated with any conduct of business in a foreign country with respect to our El Chanate Project in Sonora, Mexico, including various levels of political and economic risk. The occurrence of one or more of these events could have a material adverse impact on our efforts or operations which, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our cash flows, earnings, results of operations and financial condition. These risks include the following:

- labor disputes,
- invalidity of governmental orders,
- uncertain or unpredictable political, legal and economic environments,
- war and civil disturbances,
- changes in laws or policies,
- taxation,
- delays in obtaining or the inability to obtain necessary governmental permits,
- governmental seizure of land or mining claims,
- limitations on ownership,
- limitations on the repatriation of earnings,
- increased financial costs,
- import and export regulations, including restrictions on the export of gold, and
- foreign exchange controls.

These risks may limit or disrupt the project, restrict the movement of funds or impair contract rights or result in the taking of property by nationalization or expropriation without fair compensation.

We sell gold in U.S. dollars; however, we incur a significant amount of our expenses in Mexican pesos. If applicable currency exchange rates fluctuate, our revenues and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

We sell gold in U.S. dollars. We incur a significant amount of our expenses in Mexican pesos. As a result, our financial performance would be affected by fluctuations in the value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar.

Changes in regulatory policy could adversely affect our exploration and future production activities.

Any changes in government policy may result in changes to laws affecting:

- ownership of assets,
- land tenure,
- mining policies,
- monetary policies,
- taxation,
- rates of exchange,
- environmental regulations,
- labor relations,
- repatriation of income and/or
- return of capital.

Any such changes may affect our ability to undertake exploration and development activities in respect of future properties in the manner currently contemplated, as well as our ability to continue to explore, develop and operate those properties in which we have an interest or in respect of which we have obtained exploration and development rights to date. The possibility, particularly in Mexico, that future governments may adopt substantially different policies, which might extend to expropriation of assets, cannot be ruled out.

Compliance with environmental regulations could adversely affect our exploration and future production activities.

With respect to environmental regulation, future environmental legislation could require:

- stricter standards and enforcement,
- increased fines and penalties for non-compliance,
- more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and
- a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees.

There can be no assurance that future changes to environmental legislation and related regulations, if any, will not adversely affect our operations. We could be held liable for environmental hazards that exist on the properties in which we hold interests, whether caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties. Any such liability could adversely affect our business and financial condition.

We have insurance against losses or liabilities that could arise from our operations. If we incur material losses or liabilities in excess of our insurance coverage, our financial position could be materially and adversely affected.

Mining operations involve a number of risks and hazards, including:

- environmental hazards,
- industrial accidents,
- metallurgical and other processing,
- acts of God, and/or
- mechanical equipment and facility performance problems.

Such risks could result in:

- damage to, or destruction of, mineral properties or production facilities,
- personal injury or death,
- environmental damage,
- delays in mining,
- monetary losses and /or
- possible legal liability.

Industrial accidents could have a material adverse effect on our future business and operations. While we do not have insurance coverage on our processing plant, we anticipate obtaining such coverage when this plant is fully commissioned. We currently maintain general liability, auto and property insurance coverage. We cannot be certain that the insurance we have in place will cover all of the risks associated with mining or that we will be able to maintain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums. We also might become subject to liability for pollution or other hazards which we cannot insure against or which we may elect not to insure against because of premium costs or other reasons. Losses from such events may have a material adverse effect on our financial position.

Calculation of reserves and metal recovery dedicated to future production is not exact, might not be accurate and might not accurately reflect the economic viability of our properties.

Reserve estimates may not be accurate. There is a degree of uncertainty attributable to the calculation of reserves, resources and corresponding grades being dedicated to future production. Until reserves or resources are actually mined and processed, the quantity of reserves or resources and grades must be considered as estimates only. In addition, the quantity of reserves or resources may vary depending on metal prices. Any material change in the quantity of reserves, resource grade or stripping ratio may affect the economic viability of our properties. In addition, there can be no assurance that mineral recoveries in small scale laboratory tests will be duplicated in large tests under on-site conditions or during production.

We are dependent on the efforts of certain key personnel and contractors to develop our El Chanate Project. If we lose the services of these personnel and contractors and we are unable to replace them, our planned operations at

our El Chanate Project may be disrupted and/or materially adversely affected.

We are dependent on a relatively small number of key personnel, including but not limited to John Brownlie, Chief Operating Officer, who oversees the El Chanate Project, the loss of any one of whom could have an adverse effect on us. We are also dependent upon Sinergia to provide mining services. Sinergia commenced mining operations on March 25, 2007, and transitioned from the pre-production to production phase of the mining contract in July 2007. Sinergia continued to mobilize portions of its mining fleet to the site in August 2007; however, its mining fleet is not new. If we lose the services of our key personnel, or if Sinergia is unable to effectively maintain its fleet, our planned operations at our El Chanate Project may be disrupted and/or materially adversely affected.

There are uncertainties as to title matters in the mining industry. We believe that we have good title to our properties; however, any defects in such title that cause us to lose our rights in mineral properties could jeopardize our planned business operations.

We have investigated our rights to explore, exploit and develop our concessions in manners consistent with industry practice and, to the best of our knowledge, those rights are in good standing. However, we cannot assure that the title to or our rights of ownership in the El Chanate concessions will not be challenged or impugned by third parties or governmental agencies. In addition, there can be no assurance that the concessions in which we have an interest are not subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims and title may be affected by undetected defects. Any such defects could have a material adverse effect on us.

Our ability to remain profitable long term, should we become profitable, eventually will depend on our ability to find, explore and develop additional properties. Our ability to acquire such additional properties will be hindered by competition. If we are unable to acquire, develop and economically mine additional properties, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Gold properties are wasting assets. They eventually become depleted or uneconomical to continue mining. The acquisition of gold properties and their exploration and development are subject to intense competition. Companies with greater financial resources, larger staffs, more experience and more equipment for exploration and development may be in a better position than us to compete for such mineral properties. If we are unable to find, develop and economically mine new properties, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Our ability on a going forward basis to discover additional viable and economic mineral reserves is subject to numerous factors, most of which are beyond our control and are not predictable. If we are unable to discover such reserves, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Exploration for gold is speculative in nature, involves many risks and is frequently unsuccessful. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into commercially producing mines. As noted above, our long-term profitability will be, in part, directly related to the cost and success of exploration programs. Any gold exploration program entails risks relating to

- the location of economic ore bodies,
- development of appropriate metallurgical processes,
- receipt of necessary governmental approvals and
- construction of mining and processing facilities at any site chosen for mining.

The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is dependent on a number of factors including:

- the price of gold,
- the particular attributes of the deposit, such as its
- size,

- grade and
- proximity to infrastructure,
- financing costs,
- taxation,
- royalties,
- land tenure,
- land use,
- water use,
- power use,
- importing and exporting gold and
- environmental protection.

The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted.

Risks related to ownership of our stock

There is a limited market for our common stock. If a substantial and sustained market for our common stock does not develop, our stockholders may have difficulty selling, or be unable to sell, their shares.

Our common stock is tradable in the United States in the over-the-counter market and is quoted on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board and our shares of common stock trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange. There is only a limited market for our common stock and there can be no assurance that this market will be maintained or broadened. If a substantial and sustained market for our common stock does not develop, our stockholders may have difficulty selling, or be unable to sell, their shares.

Our stock price may be adversely affected if a significant amount of shares, including those offered herein, are sold in the public market.

As of September 7, 2007, approximately 80.3 million shares of our common stock, constituted "restricted securities" as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933. We have registered herein and in prior registration statements more than half of these shares for public resale. In addition, we have registered herein and in prior registration statements 24.4 million shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and options that, as of the date hereof, have not expired or been exercised. All of the foregoing shares, assuming exercise of all of the above options and warrants, would represent in excess of 50% of the then outstanding shares of our common stock. Registration of the shares permits the sale of the shares in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions without compliance with the requirements of Rule 144. To the extent the exercise price of the warrants or options is less than the market price of the common stock, the holders of the warrants are likely to exercise them and sell the underlying shares of common stock and to the extent that the exercise prices of these securities are adjusted pursuant to anti-dilution protection, the securities could be exercisable or convertible for even more shares of common stock.

We also may issue shares to be used to meet our capital requirements or use shares to compensate employees,

consultants and/or directors. We are unable to estimate the amount, timing or nature of future sales of outstanding common stock. Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market could cause the market price for our common stock to decrease. Furthermore, a decline in the price of our common stock would likely impede our ability to raise capital through the issuance of additional shares of common stock or other equity securities.

We do not intend to pay cash dividends in the near future.

Our board of directors determines whether to pay cash dividends on our issued and outstanding shares. The declaration of dividends will depend upon our future earnings, our capital requirements, our financial condition and other relevant factors. Our board does not intend to declare any dividends on our shares for the foreseeable future. We anticipate that we will retain any earnings to finance the growth of our business and for general corporate purposes.

Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, By-laws and Delaware law could defer a change of our management which could discourage or delay offers to acquire us.

Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, By-laws and Delaware law may make it more difficult for someone to acquire control of us or for our stockholders to remove existing management, and might discourage a third party from offering to acquire us, even if a change in control or in management would be beneficial to our stockholders. For example, our Certificate of Incorporation allows us to issue different series of shares of common stock without any vote or further action by our stockholders and our Board of Directors has the authority to fix and determine the relative rights and preferences of such series of common stock. As a result, our Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of a series of common stock that would grant to holders the preferred right to our assets upon liquidation, the right to receive dividend payments before dividends are distributed to the holders of other common stock and the right to the redemption of the shares, together with a premium, prior to the redemption of other series of our common stock.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Risks Associated With Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this prospectus constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Certain, but not necessarily all, of such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “believes,” “expects,” “may,” “will,” “should,” or “anticipates” or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy that involve risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact, included in this prospectus regarding our financial position, business and plans or objectives for future operations are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the broader description of forward-looking statements above, we specifically note that statements regarding exploration, costs, grade, production and recovery rates, permitting, financing needs and the availability of financing on acceptable terms or other sources of funding are all forward-looking in nature.

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including but not limited to, the risk factors discussed above, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and other factors referenced in this prospectus. We do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Proceeds, if any, from stockholders exercising some or all of the warrants and options will be used for future exploration and/or acquisitions and for working capital.

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table provides information regarding the selling stockholders and the number of shares of common stock they are offering, which includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by the selling stockholders. Under the rules of the SEC, beneficial ownership includes shares over which the indicated beneficial owner exercises voting or investment power. Shares of common stock subject to warrants and options that are currently exercisable or will become exercisable within 60 days are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of the person holding the options but are not deemed outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes below, we believe that the persons and entities named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned. The information regarding shares beneficially owned after the offering assumes the sale of all shares offered by each of the selling stockholders. The percentage ownership data is based on 171,643,646 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of September 7, 2007.

The shares of common stock covered by this prospectus may be sold by the selling stockholders, by those persons or entities to whom they transfer, donate, devise, pledge or distribute their shares or by other successors in interest. We are registering the shares of our common stock for resale by the selling stockholders defined below. The shares are being registered to permit public secondary trading of the shares, and the selling stockholders may offer the shares for resale from time to time. See *"How The Shares May Be Distributed"* below

The following table has been prepared based solely upon information furnished to us as of the date of this prospectus by the selling stockholders listed below. The selling stockholders identified below may have sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, all or a portion of their shares since the date on which the information in the following table is presented.

None of the selling stockholder has had any position, office or other material relationship with us or any of our affiliates within the past three years, other than as disclosed in the footnotes to the table.

Selling Stockholder	Common Stock Owned Prior To Offering	No. of Shares Being Offered	Common Stock Owned After The Offering
Strategic Precious Metal Fund (1)	12,500,000(1)	12,500,000(1)	—
Efstratios Manolas (2)	250,000(2)	250,000(2)	—
Weston Compagnie de Finance et d'Investissement S.A (3)	425,000(3)	425,000(3)	—
SC Fundamental Value BVI, Ltd. (4)	1,436,695(4)	833,334(4)	603,361
SC Fundamental Value Fund, LP (5)	2,002,542(5)	1,250,000(5)	752,542
Wendy Caledon(6)	81,250(6)	81,250(6)	—
Michael J. Hampton(7)	291,500(7)	187,500(7)	—
Yuet-Ha Mo(8)	50,000(8)	50,000(8)	—
Howard Klein* (9)	100,000(9)	100,000(9)	—
Dominic Frisby(10)	125,000(10)	125,000(10)	—
Broadband Capital Management LLC* (11)	25,000(11)	25,000(11)	—

Edgar Filing: CAPITAL GOLD CORP - Form 424B3

Fairbanc Advisors Ltd. (12)	917,125(12)	917,125(12)	—
Richard Feiner (13)	200,000 (13)	100,000 (13)	—
William Bodenlos* (14)	100,000 (14)	100,000 (14)	

* This selling stockholder has identified itself as a broker-dealer or an affiliate of a registered broker-dealer.

14

- (1) Includes 2,500,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements. The securities are held of record by Banque Cantonale Vaudoise. We have been advised that FidFund Management SA is the Fund Manager for Strategic Precious Metal Fund and that various persons at the Fund Manager, including its directors, Christian Piguet, Gino Leonardi, Ariane Ischi, Claudio Müller and Herzig Steve, share dispositive and voting power over the shares held by Strategic Precious Metal Fund. Two signatories are required to take any such action.
- (2) The securities are held of record by HSBC Private Bank (Suisse)(SA). Includes 50,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements.
- (3) Includes 85,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements. The selling stockholder has identified Raphael R. W. Gerstel, its Managing Director, as the natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (4) Includes 166,667 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements. The selling stockholder has identified Peter M. Collery, President of SC Fundamental BVI, Inc., as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. SC Fundamental BVI, Inc., is the Managing general partner of SC-BVI Partners, the selling stockholder's investment advisor. Excludes shares owned by SC Fundamental Value Fund, LP. Although SC Fundamental Value Fund, LP and SC Fundamental Value BVI, Ltd. are under common control, each disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities owned by the other.

- (5) Includes 250,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements. The selling stockholder has identified Peter M. Collery, a control person of SC Fundamental LLC, as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. SC Fundamental LLC is the general partner of the selling stockholder. Excludes shares owned by SC Fundamental Value BVI, Ltd. Although SC Fundamental Value BVI, Ltd. and SC Fundamental Value Fund, LP are under common control, each disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities owned by the other.
- (6) Includes 16,250 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements.
- (7) The shares owned include 60,000 shares issuable upon exercise of previously issued warrants. The shares owned and offered include 37,500 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements.
- (8) The shares owned include 10,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements.
- (9) The shares owned are all issuable upon exercise of options. Mr. Klein is the Managing Member of RK Equity Advisors, LLC, an entity that provides consulting services to us and received the options as partial consideration for such services. RK Equity Advisors, LLC subsequently transferred them to Mr. Klein. Mr. Klein is a Managing Director of Broadband Capital Management LLC. He disclaims beneficial ownership of the placement agent options, and shares issuable upon exercise thereof, issued to Broadband.
- (10) The shares owned include 25,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the January 2007 Private Placements.
- (11) The shares offered and owned represent shares issuable upon exercise of placement agent warrants issued with regard to one of the January 2007 Private Placements. The selling stockholder was the placement agent for the January 2007 Private Placement conducted in the United States. The selling stockholder has identified Michael Rapp and Phil Wagenheim as natural persons with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. Howard Klein, another selling stockholder, is a Managing Director of Broadband Capital Management LLC. He disclaims beneficial ownership of the placement agent options, and shares issuable upon exercise thereof, owned by Broadband.
- (12) The shares offered represent shares issuable upon the exercise of 100,000 options unrelated to the January 2007 Private Placement and 817,125 placement agent warrants issued with regard to one of the January 2007 Private Placements. These options and warrants were transferred to the selling stockholder by Paul Ensor. Paul Ensor was the placement agent for the January 2007 Private Placement conducted outside of the United States. The selling stockholder has identified Peter Grut, Director of Fairbanc Advisors Ltd as the natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (13) Consists of shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options. 100,000 of these option shares have been registered for public resale in a prior registration statement.
- (14) The shares owned and offered consist of shares issuable upon exercise of placement agent warrants issued to Broadband Capital Management LLC as the placement agent in the January 2007 Private Placement conducted in the United States and transferred to Mr. Bodenlos. Mr. Bodenlos is affiliated with Broadband Capital Management LLC.

January 2007 Private Placements

We closed two private placements in January 2007 pursuant to which we issued an aggregate of 12,561,667 units, each unit consisting of one share of our common stock and a warrant to purchase $\frac{1}{4}$ of a share of our common stock for proceeds of approximately \$3,486,000, net of commissions of approximately \$283,000. The Warrant issued to each purchaser in the January 2007 Private Placement is exercisable for one share of our common stock, at an exercise price equal to \$0.40 per share. Each Warrant has a term of eighteen months and is fully exercisable from the date of issuance. We issued to the placement agents eighteen month warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 942,125 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.30 per share. Such placement agent warrants are valued at approximately \$142,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing method. The shares issued in the January 2007 Private Placement and the shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants issued in that placement are registered for resale herein on behalf of the selling stockholders.

HOW THE SHARES MAY BE DISTRIBUTED

The selling stockholders and any of their pledgees, donees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- short sales that are not violations of the laws and regulations of any state or the United States;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling stockholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the selling stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated. The compensation paid to a particular broker-dealer may be less than or in excess of customary commissions.

The selling stockholders may from time to time pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the Shares owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus, or under an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of selling stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling stockholders under this prospectus.

The selling stockholders have been apprised that, if a particular offer of common stock is to be made on terms constituting a material change from the information set forth above with respect to how the shares may be distributed, then, to the extent required, a post-effective amendment to the accompanying registration statement must be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The selling stockholders also may transfer the shares of common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the shares may be deemed to be “underwriters” within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. In addition, each of the selling stockholders who is a registered broker-dealer or is affiliated with a registered broker-dealer has advised us that:

· it purchased the shares in the ordinary course of business; and

· at the time of the purchase of the shares to be resold, it had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the shares.

Broadband Capital Management LLC is a registered broker dealer and NASD member firm and listed as a selling stockholder in this prospectus. Broadband Capital Management LLC served as placement agent in our recently completed U.S. private placement offering and received, in addition to cash commissions and reimbursement of certain expenses, warrants to purchase an aggregate of 125,000 shares of our Common Stock with an exercise price of \$0.30 per share and an exercise period of 18 months from the date of issuance. Paul Ensor served as placement agent in our recently completed offshore private placement offering and received, in addition to cash commissions and reimbursement of certain expenses, warrants to purchase an aggregate of 817,125 shares of our Common Stock with the same terms as the warrants issued to Broadband Capital Management LLC. Paul Ensor transferred his securities to Fairbanc Advisors Ltd. Neither Mr. Ensor nor Fairbanc Advisors Ltd. is a U.S. person, registered broker dealer or NASD member firm. Fairbanc Advisors Ltd. is listed as a selling stockholder in this prospectus. The registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part includes the shares underlying the warrants issued to Broadband Capital Management LLC and Paul Ensor.

The warrants held by Broadband Capital Management LLC expire on July 23, 2008. The 125,000 shares of Common Stock issued or issuable upon conversion of placement agent warrants received by Broadband Capital Management LLC are restricted from sale, transfer, assignment, pledge or hypothecation or from being the subject of any hedging, short sale, derivative, put, or call transaction that would result in the effective economic disposition of the securities by any person for a period of 180 days immediately following the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, except transfers of the warrants to officers, partners or certain affiliates of Broadband Capital Management LLC as allowed under NASD Rule 2710 (g)(1) and (2). In this regard, Broadband Capital Management LLC transferred 100,000 of its warrants to William Bodenlos, an affiliate of Broadband Capital Management LLC.

Broadband Capital Management LLC has indicated to us its willingness to act as selling agent on behalf of certain of the selling stockholders named in the prospectus under the section titled "Selling Security Holders" that purchased our privately placed securities. All shares sold, if any, on behalf of selling stockholders by Broadband Capital Management LLC would be in transactions executed by Broadband Capital Management LLC on an agency basis and commissions charged to its customers in connection with each transaction shall not exceed a maximum of 5% of the gross proceeds. Broadband Capital Management LLC does not have an underwriting agreement with us and/or the selling stockholders and no selling stockholders are required to execute transactions through Broadband Capital Management LLC. Further, other than any existing brokerage relationship as customers with Broadband Capital Management LLC, no selling stockholder has any pre-arranged agreement, written or otherwise, with Broadband Capital Management LLC to sell their securities through Broadband Capital Management LLC.

NASD Rule 2710 requires NASD members firms (unless an exemption applies) to satisfy the filing requirements of Rule 2710 in connection with the resale, on behalf of selling stockholders, of the securities on a principal or agency basis. NASD Notice to Members 88-101 states that in the event a selling stockholder intends to sell any of the shares registered for resale in this prospectus through a member of the NASD participating in a distribution of our securities, such member is responsible for insuring that a timely filing, if required, is first made with the Corporate Finance Department of the NASD and disclosing to the NASD the following:

- it intends to take possession of the registered securities or to facilitate the transfer of such certificates;
- the complete details of how the selling stockholders' shares are and will be held, including location of the particular accounts;
- whether the member firm or any direct or indirect affiliates thereof have entered into, will facilitate or otherwise participate in any type of payment transaction with the selling stockholders, including details regarding any such transactions; and
- in the event any of the securities offered by the selling stockholders are sold, transferred, assigned or hypothecated by any selling stockholder in a transaction that directly or indirectly involves a member firm of the NASD or any affiliates thereof, that prior to or at the time of said transaction the member firm will timely file all relevant documents with respect to such transaction(s) with the Corporate Finance Department of the NASD for review.

The NASD has recently proposed rule changes to NASD Rule 2710 which may, if approved, modify the requirements of its members to make filings under NASD Rule 2710. Further, no NASD member firm may receive compensation in excess of that allowable under NASD rules, including Rule 2710, in connection with the resale of the securities by the selling stockholders, which total compensation may not exceed 8%.

We have advised the selling stockholders that they are required to comply with Regulation M promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act during such time as they may be engaged in a distribution of the shares. With certain exceptions, Regulation M precludes a selling stockholder, any affiliated purchasers, and any broker-dealer or other person who participates in the distribution from bidding for or purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase any security which is the subject of the distribution until the entire distribution is complete. Regulation M also prohibits any bids or purchases made in order to stabilize the price of a security in connection with the distribution of that security. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the shares offered hereby in this prospectus.

We are required to pay all fees and expenses incident to the registration of the shares. We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers, and controlling persons, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore, unenforceable.

Under the securities laws of certain states, the shares may be sold in those states only through registered or licensed broker-dealers. In addition, the shares may not be sold unless the shares have been registered or qualified for sale in the relevant state or unless the shares qualify for an exemption from registration or qualification.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock offered in this prospectus has been passed upon for us by Richard Feiner, Esq., 381 Park Avenue South, Suite 1601, New York, New York 10016. Mr. Feiner owns options to purchase an aggregate of 200,000 shares of our common stock.

EXPERTS

Our consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference in this Prospectus and in the Registration Statement have been audited by Wolinetz, Lafazan & Company, P.C., independent registered public accountants, to the extent and for the periods set forth in their report incorporated herein by reference, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-143957) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the common stock the selling stockholders are offering by this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. For further information about us and our securities, you should refer to the registration statement and the exhibits filed with the registration statement.

We are subject to the information requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can read our SEC filings, including the registration statement, over the Internet at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facility at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549.

You may also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities.

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The Commission allows us to “incorporate by reference” the information that we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and later information that we file with the Commission will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the following documents and any future filing made with the Commission under Sections 13(a), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 until we and the selling stockholders sell all the securities included in this prospectus:

- (a) Our annual report on Form 10-KSB for our fiscal year ended July 31, 2006.
- (b) Our quarterly report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended October 31, 2006.
- (c) Our quarterly report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended January 31, 2007.
- (d) Our quarterly report on Form 10-QSB/A for the quarterly period ended April 30, 2007.
- (e) Our proxy statement on schedule 14A for our 2007 annual meeting.
- (f) Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 5, 2007, June 12, 2007, March 27, 2007, February 26, 2007, February 9, 2007, January 29, 2007 and December 5, 2006.
- (g) A description of our common stock contained in our registration statement on Form SB-2, SEC File No. 333-138858, and any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating this description filed subsequent to the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of this offering.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address: Capital Gold Corporation, 76 Beaver Street, 26th floor, New York, NY 10005, telephone number (212) 344-2785.

You should rely only on the information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus or any supplement. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We and the selling stockholders will not make offers to these shares in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus or any supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents.

No dealer, salesman or any other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus is an offer to sell these securities and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information contained in this Prospectus is current only as of this date.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Prospectus Summary	2
Risk Factors	5
Forward-looking Statements	13
Use of Proceeds	14
Selling Stockholders	14
How the Shares May Be Distributed	17
Legal Matters	20
Experts	20
Where you can find More information	20
Information Incorporated By Reference	21

16,944,209 SHARES OF
COMMON STOCK

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION

PROSPECTUS

September 14, 2007
