CULP INC Form 10-Q December 09, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 30, 2011 Commission File No. 1-12597

CULP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NORTH CAROLINA 56-1001967

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or other organization)

1823 Eastchester Drive

High Point, North Carolina 27265-1402 (Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

(336) 889-5161

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for at least the past 90 days.

YES NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period after the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x YES NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "accelerated filer, large accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one);

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). o YES NO x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Common shares outstanding at October 30, 2011: 12,766,788 Par Value: \$0.05 per share

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Item 1: Financial Statements

CULP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NET INCOME FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 30, 2011 AND OCTOBER 31, 2010 UNAUDITED

(Amounts in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

THREE MONTHS ENDED

		(October 30, 2011		October 31, 2010
Net sales Cost of sales	Gross profit	\$	58,013 49,367 8,646		48,879 41,270 7,609
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Income from operations		5,720 2,926		4,202 3,407
Interest expense Interest income Other (income) expense	Income before income taxes		188 (110 (15 2,863)	225 (49) 30 3,201
Income taxes	Net income	\$	(3,389 6,252)	(801) 4,002
Net income per share, basi Net income per share, dilu Average shares outstandin Average shares outstandin	ted g, basic	\$	0.49 0.49 12,733 12,871		0.31 0.30 12,932 13,167

SIX MONTHS ENDED

	October 30, 2011	October 31, 2010
Net sales Cost of sales Gross profit	\$ 118,283 100,759 17,524	104,791 87,473 17,318
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11,477	9,416

Restructuring credit	Income from operations	- 6,047		(8 7,910)
Interest expense Interest income Other expense	Income before income taxes	409 (238 49 5,827)	435 (87 83 7,479)
Income taxes	Net income	\$ (2,244 8,071)	(270 7,749)
Net income per share, basic Net income per share, dilut Average shares outstanding Average shares outstanding	ed g, basic	\$ 0.63 0.62 12,898 13,025		0.60 0.59 12,901 13,186	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CULP, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS OCTOBER 30, 2011, OCTOBER 31, 2010 AND MAY 1, 2011 UNAUDITED

(Amounts in Thousands)

	October 30,	October 31	* May 1,
	2011	2010	2011
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable, net Inventories Deferred income taxes Assets held for sale Income taxes receivable Other current assets	\$13,795	15,262	23,181
	10,482	4,035	7,699
	16,241	14,810	20,209
	33,776	29,435	28,723
	2,659	176	293
	75	123	75
	79	477	79
	1,602	1,234	2,376
Total current assets	78,709	65,552	82,635
Property, plant and equipment, net Goodwill Deferred income taxes Other assets Total assets	30,431	31,225	30,296
	11,462	11,462	11,462
	4,540	1,391	3,606
	1,982	2,278	2,052
	\$127,124	111,908	130,051
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable-trade Accounts payable - capital expenditures Accrued expenses Accrued restructuring costs Deferred income taxes Income taxes payable - current Total current liabilities	\$2,401	2,396	2,412
	21,689	17,992	24,871
	112	253	140
	6,839	5,665	7,617
	40	287	44
	-	-	82
	373	90	646
	31,454	26,683	35,812
Income taxes payable - long-term Deferred income taxes Long-term debt, less current maturities	4,096	3,890	4,167
	659	622	596
	6,818	9,209	9,135
Total liabilities	43,027	40,404	49,710
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 17)			
Shareholders' equity	84,097	71,504	80,341

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Total liabilities and			
shareholders' equity	\$127,124	111,908	130,051
• •			
Shares outstanding	12,767	13,199	13,264

^{*} Derived from audited financial statements.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CULP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 30, 2011 AND OCTOBER 31, 2010 UNAUDITED

(Amounts in Thousands)

SIX MONTHS ENDED

	October 30. 2011	,	October 3 2010	1,
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$8,071		7,749	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	2,386		2,097	
Amortization of other assets	127		258	
Stock-based compensation	178		204	
Excess tax benefit related to stock-based compensation	(39)	(270)
Deferred income taxes	(3,280)	(1,183)
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment	(128)	4	
Foreign currency exchange (gains) losses	(164)	60	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	· ·			
Accounts receivable	4,004		5,110	
Inventories	(4,964)	(3,363)
Other current assets	750		477	
Other assets	(31)	(45)
Accounts payable - trade	(3,382)	(4,493)
Accrued expenses	(754)	(4,112)
Accrued restructuring	(4)	(37)
Income taxes	(189)	121	
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,581		2,577	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	(2,551)	(5,076)
Proceeds from the sale of equipment	130		27	
Purchase of short-term investments	(4,789)	(1,012)
Proceeds from the sale of short-term investments	2,032		-	
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,178)	(6,061)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from lines of credit	3,500		-	
Payments on lines of credit	(3,500)	-	
Payments on long-term debt	(2,305)	(80)
Payments on vendor-financed capital expenditures	-		(188)
Proceeds from common stock issued	237		511	
Common stock repurchased	(4,776)	-	

Debt issuance costs Excess tax benefit related to stock-based compensation Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(26 39 (6,831)	(27 270 486)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	42		(35)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(9,386)	(3,033)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	23,181		18,295	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$13,795		15,262	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.				

CULP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY UNAUDITED

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

			(Capital Contributed			Accumul Other	•	Total	
	Common Stoc	ck		in Excess of Par	Α	Accumulated	Comprehe	nsive	Shareholde	ers'
	Shares	Amount		Value		Earnings	Incom		Equity	
Balance, May 2, 2010	13,051,785	\$652		49,459		12,833	103		\$ 63,047	
Net income	-	-		-		16,164	-		16,164	
Stock-based compensation	-	-		360		-	-		360	
Loss on cash flow hedge, net of										
taxes	-	-		-		-	(103)	(103)
Common stock issuable in connecti	on									
with performance based units	40,000	2		(2)	-	-		-	
Common stock withheld for withho	lding taxes									
payable and cost of option										
exercises	(60,415)	(3)	(560)	-	-		(563)
Excess tax benefit related to										
stock										
based compensation	-	-		339		-	-		339	
Fully vested common stock										
award	3,114	-		-		-	-		-	
Common stock issuable in connecti	on									
with stock option plans	229,974	12		1,085		-	-		1,097	
Balance, May 1, 2011	13,264,458	663		50,681		28,997	-		80,341	
Net income	-	-		-		8,071	-		8,071	
Stock-based compensation	-	-		178		-	-		178	
Unrealized gain on short-term										
investments	-	-		-		-	7		7	
Excess tax benefit related to										
stock										
based compensation	-	-		39		-	-		39	
Common stock repurchased	(550,245)	(27)	(4,749)	-	-		(4,776)
Fully vested common stock		•								
award	3,075	-		-					-	
Common stock issued in connection	1									
with stock option plans	49,500	2		235		-	-		237	
Balance, October 30, 2011	12,766,788	\$638		46,384		37,068	7		\$ 84,097	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Culp, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "company") include all adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for fair presentation of the results of operations and financial position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. All of these adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Results of operations for interim periods may not be indicative of future results. The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, which are included in the company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 15, 2011 for the fiscal year ended May 1, 2011.

The company's six-months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, represent 26 week periods, respectively.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

As of October 30, 2011, there were no changes in the nature of our significant accounting policies or the application of those policies from those reported in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year then ended May 1, 2011.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

ASC Topic 605

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13, which amends ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition", to revise accounting guidance related to revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables. The guidance relates to the determination of when the individual deliverables included in a multiple-element arrangement may be treated as separate units of accounting and modifies the manner in which the transaction consideration is allocated across the individual deliverables. Also, this guidance expands the disclosure requirements for revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables. This guidance was effective as of May 2, 2011 (the beginning of our fiscal 2012) and did not have an impact on our consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

ASC Topic 220

In June of 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, which amends ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income", to revise accounting guidance related to the presentation of comprehensive income in an entity's financial statements. The guidance allows an entity the option to present the total comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with a total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount of comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity or notes to the financial statements. This revised guidance does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. As a result, this guidance is effective for our first quarter of fiscal 2013. This guidance will change how we present

comprehensive income in our consolidated financial statements as we currently present the components of other comprehensive income and total comprehensive income as part of our notes to the consolidated financial statements (see Note 13).

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

In September 2011, the FASB issued amended guidance that permits an entity to make a qualitative assessment of whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying amount before applying the current two-step goodwill impairment test. If an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, it would not be required to perform the two-step impairment test for that reporting unit. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning April 30, 2012, with early adoption permitted, and will not have a material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

3. Stock-Based Compensation

Common Stock Award

On October 1, 2011, we granted a total of 3,075 shares of common stock to our board of directors. These shares of common stock vested immediately and were measured at \$8.45 per share, which represents the closing price of the company's common stock at the date of grant.

On October 1, 2010, we granted a total of 3,114 shares of common stock to our board of directors. These shares of common stock vested immediately and were measured at \$10.02 per share, which represents the closing price of the company's common stock at the date of grant.

We recorded \$26,000 and \$31,000 of compensation expense within selling, general, and administrative expense for these common stock awards for the six-month period ending October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively.

Incentive Stock Option Awards

We did not grant any incentive stock option awards during the first six months of fiscal 2012.

At October 30, 2011, options to purchase 219,375 shares of common stock were outstanding, had a weighted average exercise price of \$7.26 per share, and a weighted average contractual term of 5.6 years. At October 30, 2011, the aggregate intrinsic value for options outstanding was \$305,000.

At October 30, 2011, outstanding options to purchase 160,175 shares of common stock were exercisable, had a weighted average exercise price of \$7.85 per share, and a weighted average contractual term of 5.3 years. At October 30, 2011, the aggregate intrinsic value for options exercisable was \$129,000.

The aggregate intrinsic value for options exercised during six-month periods ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010 were \$196,000 and \$742,000, respectively.

The remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to incentive stock option awards at October 30, 2011, was \$129,000 which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.2 years.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

We recorded \$67,000 and \$77,000 of compensation expense on incentive stock option grants within selling, general, and administrative expense for the six-month periods ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010, respectively.

Time Vested Restricted Stock Awards

We did not grant any time vested restricted stock awards during the first six months of fiscal 2012.

We recorded \$85,000 and \$83,000 of compensation expense within selling, general, and administrative expense for time vested restricted stock awards for the six-month periods ending October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively.

At October 30, 2011, there were 185,000 shares of time vested restricted stock outstanding and unvested. Of the 185,000 shares outstanding and unvested, 105,000 shares (granted on January 7, 2009) vest in equal one-third installments on May 1, 2012, 2013, and 2014, respectively. The remaining 80,000 shares (granted on July 1, 2009) vest in equal one-third installments on July 1, 2012, 2013, and 2014, respectively. At October 30, 2011, the weighted average fair value of these outstanding and unvested shares was \$3.63 per share.

During the six-month period ending October 30, 2011, 10,000 shares of time vested restricted stock vested and had a weighted average fair value of \$18,800 or \$1.88 per share.

At October 30, 2011, the remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested restricted stock awards was \$244,000, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 1.9 years.

Performance Based Restricted Stock Units

We did not grant any performance based restricted stock units during the first six months of fiscal 2012.

On January 7, 2009 (fiscal 2009), certain key management employees and a non-employee were granted 120,000 shares of performance based restricted stock units. This award contingently vested in one-third increments, if in any discrete period of two consecutive quarters from February 2, 2009 through April 30, 2012, certain performance goals are met. As of August 1, 2010 (fiscal 2011), the performance goals as defined in the agreement were met and as a result, all of the performance based restricted stock units have vested.

No compensation cost was recorded for performance based restricted stock units for the six-month period ended October 30, 2011 as all performance based restricted stock units that have been granted by the company were fully vested at the end of fiscal 2011. We recorded \$12,000 within selling, general, and administrative expense for performance based restricted stock units for the six-month period ended October 31, 2010.

Other Share-Based Arrangements

Effective May 2, 2011, we entered into an agreement in which we granted a non-employee a stock appreciation right that is indexed on 70,000 shares of our common stock. This agreement requires us to settle in cash an amount equal to \$35,000, plus the excess, if any, over a stock appreciation right value of \$700,000 at May 2, 2011. This stock appreciation right value of \$700,000 represents the 70,000 indexed shares of common stock noted above measured at the closing price per share of \$10 at May 2, 2011. The cash settlement in connection with the stock appreciation right value would represent the difference between a stock appreciation right value that is indexed on the 70,000 shares of

common stock noted above and based on the highest closing price per share of our common stock for the period May 2, 2011 through June 30, 2012 (limited to \$12 per share) and the \$700,000 stock appreciation right value at May 2, 2011. This award will vest over the period May 2, 2011 through June 30, 2012 as this represents the non-employee's required service period.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Compensation expense associated with this agreement was \$29,000 for the six-months ended October 30, 2011.

4. Accounts Receivable

A summary of accounts receivable follows:

	October 30,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011	
Customers	\$17,347	\$21,562	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(686) (776)
Reserve for returns and allowances and discounts	(420) (577)
	\$16.241	\$20,209	

A summary of the activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Six months ende	ed	
	October 30,	October 31,	
	2011	2010	
Beginning balance	\$(776) \$(1,322)
Provision for bad debts	48	415	
Net write-offs, net of recoveries	42	(5)
Ending balance	\$(686) \$(912)

A summary of the activity in the allowance for returns and allowances and discounts accounts follows:

	Six months ended				
	October 30,		October 31,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011		2010		
Beginning balance	\$(577)	\$(534)	
Provision for returns, allowances and discounts	(1,197)	(1,152)	
Credits issued	1,354		1,080		
Ending balance	\$(420)	\$(606)	

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

5. Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method.

A summary of inventories follows:

	October 30,			
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011		
Raw materials	\$5,226	\$6,130		
Work-in-process	2,166	2,421		
Finished goods	26,384	20,172		
-	\$33,776	\$28,723		

6. Other Assets

A summary of other assets follows:

	October 30,	
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011
Cash surrender value – life insurance	\$1,326	\$1,323
Non-compete agreements, net	406	480
Other	250	249
	\$1,982	\$2,052

We recorded non-compete agreements in connection with our asset purchase agreements with International Textile Group, Inc. (ITG) and Bodet & Horst at their fair values based on valuation techniques. The non-compete agreement associated with ITG was amortized on a straight line basis over the four year life of the agreement and expired at the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2011. The non-compete agreement associated with Bodet & Horst is amortized on a straight line basis over the six year life of the agreement and requires quarterly payments of \$12,500 over the life of the agreement. As of October 30, 2011, the total remaining non-compete payments were \$137,500

The gross carrying amount of these non-compete agreements was \$1.0 million at October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, respectively. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, accumulated amortization for these non-compete agreements was \$643,000 and \$544,000, respectively. Amortization expense for these non-compete agreements was \$99,000 and \$243,000 for the six month periods ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively. The remaining amortization expense (which includes the total remaining Bodet & Horst non-compete payments of \$137,500) for the next four fiscal years follows: FY 2012 - \$99,000; FY 2013 - \$198,000; FY 2014 - \$198,000; and FY 2015 - \$49,000. The weighted average amortization period for these non-compete agreements is 2.8 years as of October 30, 2011.

At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, we had four life insurance contracts with death benefits to the respective insured totaling \$12.9 million. Our cash surrender value – life insurance balances of \$1.3 million at October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, respectively, are collectible upon death of the respective insured.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

7. Accrued Expenses

A summary of accrued expenses follows:

	October 30,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011	
Compensation, commissions and related benefits	\$4,628	\$6,032	
Interest	147	184	
Other accrued expenses	2,064	1,401	
•	\$6,839	\$7,617	

8. Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit

A summary of long-term debt and lines of credit follows:

	October 30,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011	
Unsecured senior term notes	\$8,800	\$11,000	
Canadian government loan	419	547	
	9,219	11,547	
Current maturities of long-term debt	(2,401) (2,412)
Long-term debt, less current maturities of long-term debt	\$6,818	\$9,135	

Unsecured Term Notes

In connection with the Bodet & Horst acquisition in 2008, we entered into a note agreement dated August 11, 2008. This agreement provided for the issuance of \$11.0 million of unsecured term notes with a fixed interest rate of 8.01% and a term of seven years. Principal payments of \$2.2 million per year are due on the notes beginning August 11, 2011. The principal payments are payable over an average term of 3.8 years through August 11, 2015. Any principal prepayments will be assessed a penalty as defined in the agreement. This agreement contains customary financial and other covenants as defined in the agreement.

We made our first principal payment of \$2.2 million associated with this note agreement on August 11, 2011.

Government of Quebec Loan

We have an agreement with the Government of Quebec for a term loan that is non-interest bearing and is payable in 48 equal monthly installments (denominated in Canadian dollars) commencing December 1, 2009. The proceeds were used to partially finance capital expenditures at our Rayonese facility located in Quebec, Canada.

Revolving Credit Agreement – United States

At May 1, 2011, we had an unsecured Amended and Restated Credit Agreement that provided for a revolving loan commitment of \$6.5 million, including letters of credit up to \$3.0 million. This agreement was set to expire August 15, 2012. On August 25, 2011, we entered into a seventeenth amendment to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, amending the agreement effective May 1, 2011 (the end of our fiscal 2011). This amendment extends the

expiration date of the line of credit through August 25, 2013, increases the revolving loan commitment from \$6.5 million to \$10.0 million, and decreases the capital expenditure limit for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 from \$10.0 million to \$6.0 million. The amended agreement provides for a pricing matrix to determine the interest rate payable on loans made under the agreement (applicable interest rate of 2.24% at October 30, 2011). As of October 30, 2011, there were \$125,000 in outstanding letters of credit (all of which related to workers compensation). At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, there were no borrowings outstanding under the agreement.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Revolving Credit Agreement - China

At October 30, 2011, we had an unsecured credit agreement associated with our operations in China that provided for a line of credit of up to approximately \$6.3 million. This agreement expires on September 2, 2012 and has an interest rate determined by the Chinese government. There were no borrowings outstanding under the agreement as of October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011.

Overall

Our loan agreements require, among other things, that we maintain compliance with certain financial covenants. At October 30, 2011, the company was in compliance with these financial covenants.

At October 30, 2011, the principal payment requirements of long-term debt during the next four years are: Year 1 – \$2.4 million; Year 2 - \$2.4 million; Year 3 - \$2.2 million; and Year 4 - \$2.2 million.

The fair value of the company's long-term debt is estimated by discounting the future cash flows at rates currently offered to the company for similar debt instruments of comparable maturities. At October 30, 2011, the carrying value of the company's long-term debt was \$9.2 million and the fair value was \$8.5 million. At May 1, 2011, the carrying value of the company's long-term debt was \$11.5 million and the fair value was \$10.2 million.

9. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the company's assumptions (unobservable inputs). Determining where an asset or liability falls within that hierarchy depends on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. An adjustment to the pricing method used within either level 1 or level 2 inputs could generate a fair value measurement that effectively falls in a lower level in the hierarchy. The hierarchy consists of three broad levels as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than level 1 inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable, and

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs developed using the company's estimates and assumptions, which reflect those that market participants would use.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The following table presents information about assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Fair value measurements at October 30, 2011 using:

Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$2,007	N/A	N/A	\$2,007
2,024	N/A	N/A	2,024
1,022	N/A	N/A	1,022
	active markets for identical assets Level 1 \$2,007 2,024	active markets for identical assets other o b s e r v a b l e inputs Level 1 Level 2 \$2,007 N/A 2,024 N/A	active markets for identical assets other observable inputs inputs Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$2,007 N/A N/A 2,024 N/A N/A

Fair value measurements at May 1, 2011 using:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
(amounts in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Low Duration Bond Fund	\$1,003	N/A	N/A	\$1,003

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. We evaluate our hierarchy disclosures each quarter based on various factors and it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from quarter to quarter. However, we expect that changes in classifications between different levels will be rare.

Short-term investments include short-term bond funds and deposit accounts that have maturities of less than one year. Our short-term bond funds are classified as available-for-sale and their unrealized gains or losses are included in other comprehensive income. Our short-term bond funds were recorded at their fair value of \$5.0 million and \$1.0 million at October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, respectively. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, the fair value of our short-term bond funds approximates its cost basis.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments that pertain to interest bearing deposit accounts, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these financial instruments.

10. Derivatives

In accordance with the provisions ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, our Canadian dollar foreign exchange contract was designated as a cash flow hedge, with the fair value of this financial instrument recorded in other assets and changes in fair value recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. ASC Topic 815 requires disclosure of gains and losses on derivative instruments in the following tabular format.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments As of,

			Octo	ober 30, 20)11	Ma	ay 1, 2011	
Derivatives desig			Balance Sheet Locatio		Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location		Fair Value
Canadian dollar f	Foreign excl	nange contrac	Other assets		\$ -	Other assets		\$-
Derivatives in ASC Topic 815 Net Investment Hedging Relationships	(net of Recognize of Portion recognize of Other and A	ain (Loss) of tax) ted in OCI on vative on) and orded er assets occrued enses or Value	Location of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)	(Loss) R from Ac OCI int	of Gain or eclassified cumulated o Income re Portion)	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)	of tax) Recog Inc on De (Ineffecti and A Exci	t of Gain net or (Loss) nized in ome rivative ive Portion amount luded fectiveness sting)
Canadian Dollar Foreign Exchange Contract	\$ -	\$(103)	Other Expense	\$ -	\$ 5	Other Expense	\$ -	\$ 79

On January 21, 2009, we entered into a Canadian dollar foreign exchange rate contract to mitigate the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations associated with our loan from the Government of Quebec. This agreement effectively converted the Canadian dollar principal payments at a fixed Canadian dollar foreign exchange rate compared with the United States dollar of 1.218 and was due to expire on November 1, 2013. During the first quarter of fiscal 2011, we elected to terminate this contract due to the favorable Canadian dollar foreign changes rates in comparison to the fixed contractual rate noted above.

11. Cash Flow Information

Payments for interest and income taxes follows:

	Six months end	Six months ended		
	October 30,	October 31,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011	2010		
Interest	\$445	\$454		
Net income tax payments	1,227	840		

No interest costs were capitalized for the six months ending October 30, 2011. Interest costs of \$17,000 for the construction of qualifying property, plant, and equipment were capitalized for the six months ending October 31, 2010.

During the six-month period ending October 30, 2011, no shares of common stock were withheld to satisfy withholding tax liabilities and other costs incurred in connection with vesting of performance based restricted stock units or the exercise of options to purchase common stock. During the six-month period ending October 31, 2010, 33,835 shares of common stock were withheld to satisfy withholding tax liabilities and other costs incurred in connection with 40,000 shares of common stock issued and related to the vesting of performance based restricted stock units and the exercise of 72,000 options to purchase of common stock. The total withholding tax liabilities and other costs incurred totaled \$329,000.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

12. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is computed using the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share uses the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period plus the dilutive effect of stock-based compensation calculated using the treasury stock method. Weighted average shares used in the computation of basic and diluted net income per share follows:

	Three months ended		
	October 30,	October 31,	
(amounts in thousands)	2011	2010	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	12,733	12,932	
Dilutive effect of stock-based compensation	138	235	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	12,871	13,167	

Options to purchase 142,750 and 6,000 shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share for the three months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively, as the exercise price of the options was greater than the average market price of the common shares.

The computations of basic net income per share did not include 185,000 and 195,000 shares of time vested restricted common stock as these shares were unvested for the three months ending October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively.

	Six months ended		
	October 30,	October 31,	
(amounts in thousands)	2011	2010	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	12,898	12,901	
Dilutive effect of stock-based compensation	127	285	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	13,025	13,186	

Options to purchase 24,750 shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share for the six months ended October 30, 2011, as the exercise price of the options was greater than the average market price of the common shares. All options of common stock were included in the computation of diluted net income for the six months ending October 31, 2010, as the exercise price of the options was less than the average market price of the common shares.

The computations of basic net income per share did not include 185,000 and 195,000 shares of time vested restricted common stock as these shares were unvested for the six months ending October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

13. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is the total income and other changes in shareholders' equity, except those resulting from investments by shareholders and distributions to shareholders not reflected in net income.

A summary of comprehensive income follows:

	Six months ended		
	October 30,	October 31,	
(dollars in thousands)	2011	2010	
Net income	\$8,071	\$7,749	
Unrealized gains on short-term investments	7	-	
Loss on cash flow hedge, net of income taxes	-	(103)
Comprehensive income	\$8,078	\$7,646	

14. Segment Information

Our operations are classified into two business segments: mattress fabrics and upholstery fabrics. The mattress fabrics segment manufactures and sells fabrics to bedding manufacturers. The upholstery fabrics segment manufactures and sells fabrics primarily to residential and commercial (contract) furniture manufacturers.

We evaluate the operating performance of our segments based upon income (loss) from operations before restructuring and related charges or (credits), certain unallocated corporate expenses, and other non-recurring items. Cost of sales in both segments include costs to manufacture or source our products, including costs such as raw material and finished goods purchases, direct and indirect labor, overhead and incoming freight charges. Unallocated corporate expenses primarily represent compensation and benefits for certain executive officers and all costs related to being a public company. Segment assets include assets used in the operations of each segment and primarily consist of accounts receivable, inventories, and property, plant and equipment. The mattress fabrics segment also includes in segment assets, assets held for sale, goodwill and non-compete agreements associated with certain acquisitions. The upholstery fabrics segment also includes assets held for sale in segment assets.

Financial information for the company's operating segments follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Three months ended October 30, 2011		ed	October 31, 2		
Net sales:						
Mattress Fabrics	\$	35,242		\$	28,335	
Upholstery Fabrics		22,771			20,544	
	\$	58,013		\$	48,879	
Gross profit:						
Mattress Fabrics	\$	5,938		\$	5,030	
Upholstery Fabrics		2,785			2,579	
Total segment gross profit	\$	8,723		\$	7,609	
Other non-recurring charges		(77)(1)		-	
	\$	8,646		\$	7,609	

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Selling, general, and administrative expenses:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 2,132		\$ 1,704	
Upholstery Fabrics	2,766		1,777	
Total segment selling, general, and				
administrative expenses	4,898		3,481	
Unallocated corporate expenses	822		721	
	\$ 5,720		\$ 4,202	
Income from operations:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 3,806		\$ 3,326	
Upholstery Fabrics	19		802	
Total segment income from operations	3,825		4,128	
Unallocated corporate expenses	(822)	(721)
Other non-recurring charges	(77)(1)	-	
Total income from operations	2,926		3,407	
Interest expense	(188)	(225)
Interest income	110		49	
Other (income) expense	15		(30)
Income before income taxes	\$ 2,863		\$ 3,201	

(1)Our other non-recurring charges represent employee termination benefits associated with Anderson, SC plant facility. This restructuring credit relates to the Upholstery Fabrics segment.

	Six months ended			
	October 30,	October 31,		
(dollars in thousands)	2011	2010		
Net sales:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$67,412	\$59,253		
Upholstery Fabrics	50,871	45,538		
	\$118,283	\$104,791		
Gross profit:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$11,076	\$11,020		
Upholstery Fabrics	6,525	6,298		
Total segment gross profit	\$17,601	\$17,318		
Other non-recurring charges	(77)(1)	-		
	\$17,524	\$17,318		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$4,123	\$3,701		
Upholstery Fabrics	5,534	3,878		
Total segment selling, general, and				
administrative expenses	9,657	7,579		
Unallocated corporate expenses	1,820	1,837		
	\$11,477	\$9,416		

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Income from operations:				
Mattress Fabrics	\$6,953	\$7,319		
Upholstery Fabrics	991		2,420	
Total segment income from operations	7,944		9,739	
Unallocated corporate expenses	(1,820)	(1,837)
Other non-recurring charges	(77) (1) -	
Restructuring credit	-		8	(2)
Total income from operations	6,047		7,910	
Interest expense	(409)	(435)
Interest income	238		87	
Other expense	(49)	(83)
Income before income taxes	\$5,827		\$7,479	

⁽²⁾ The \$8 restructuring credit primarily represents a credit of \$15 for employee termination benefits and a charge of \$7 for lease termination and other exit costs. This restructuring credit relates to the Upholstery Fabrics segment.

Balance sheet information for the company's operating segments follow:

	October 30,	
(dollars in thousands)	2011	May 1, 2011
Segment assets:		
Mattress Fabrics		
Current assets (3)	\$27,674	\$25,456
Assets held for sale	14	14
Non-compete agreements, net	406	480
Goodwill	11,462	11,462
Property, plant and equipment (4)	28,643	28,581
Total mattress fabrics assets	68,199	65,993
Upholstery Fabrics		
Current assets (3)	22,343	23,476
Assets held for sale	61	61
Property, plant and equipment (5)	1,221	967
Total upholstery fabrics assets	23,625	24,504
Total segment assets	91,824	90,497
Non-segment assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	13,795	23,181
Short-term investments	10,482	7,699
Income taxes receivable	79	79
Deferred income taxes	7,199	3,899
Other current assets	1,602	2,376
Property, plant and equipment (6)	567	748
Other assets	1,576	1,572
Total assets	\$127,124	\$130,051

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Six months ended		
	October 30,	October 31,	
(dollars in thousands)	2011	2010	
Capital expenditures (7):			
Mattress Fabrics	\$2,113	\$4,720	
Upholstery Fabrics	395	120	
Unallocated Corporate	17	110	
Total capital expenditures	\$2,525	\$4,950	
Depreciation expense:			
Mattress Fabrics	\$2,082	\$1,822	
Upholstery Fabrics	304	275	
Total depreciation expense	\$2,386	\$2,097	

- (3) Current assets represent accounts receivable and inventory for the respective segment.
- (4) The \$28.6 million at October 30, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment of \$19.8 million and \$8.8 million located in the U.S. and Canada, respectively. The \$28.6 million at May 1, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment of \$20.0 million and \$8.6 million located in the U.S. and Canada, respectively.
- (5) The \$1.2 million at October 30, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment located in the U.S. of \$921, located in China of \$189, and located in Poland of \$111. The \$967 at May 1, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment located in the U.S. of \$727, located in China of \$184, and located in Poland of \$56.
- (6) The \$567 and \$748 at October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, respectively, represent property, plant, and equipment associated with unallocated corporate departments and corporate departments shared by both the mattress and upholstery fabric segments. Property, plant, and equipment associated with corporate are located in the U.S.
- (7) Capital expenditure amounts are stated on the accrual basis. See Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for capital expenditure amounts on a cash basis.

15. Income Taxes

Effective Income Tax Rate

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$2.2 million, or 38.5%, of income before income tax expense, for the six month period ended October 30, 2011, compared to an income tax benefit of \$270,000, or 3.6%, of income before income tax expense, for the six month period ended October 31, 2010. Our effective income tax rates for the six month periods ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010, were based upon the estimated effective income tax rate applicable for the full year after giving effect to any significant items related specifically to interim periods. The effective income tax rate can be affected over the fiscal year by the mix and timing of actual earnings from our U.S. operations and foreign sources versus annual projections and changes in foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar.

The income tax benefit for the six month period ended October 30, 2011 is different from the amount obtained by applying our statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes for the following reasons:

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

- The income tax rate was reduced by 75% for a reduction in our valuation allowance associated with our U.S. net deferred income tax assets. This 75% reduction in our income tax rate is due to a change in judgment about the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets in future years. Since the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets is a result of a change in judgment about future years, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$4.4 million that represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded for the three and six month periods ending October 30, 2011.
- The income tax rate was reduced by 7% for taxable income subject to lower statutory income tax rates in foreign jurisdictions (Canada and China) compared with the statutory income tax rate of 34% for the United States.
 - The income tax rate was increased 7% for an increase in unrecognized tax benefits.
 - The income tax rate was increased by 2.5% for stock-based compensation and other miscellaneous items.

The income tax benefit for the six month period ended October 31, 2010 is different from the amount obtained by applying our statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes for the following reasons:

- •The income tax rate was reduced by 37% for a reduction in our valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred income tax assets. Of this 37% reduction in our income tax rate, 20% and 17% pertain to our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. The 20% reduction in our income tax rate from our U.S. operations is due to the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets from ordinary taxable income projected for fiscal 2011. Since the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets are from ordinary taxable income in the current fiscal year, its tax effects are included in the computation of the annual effective tax rate for fiscal 2011. The 17% reduction in our income tax rate from our China operations is due to a change in judgment about the realization of our China net deferred income tax assets in future years. Since the realization of our China net deferred income tax assets is a result of a change in judgment about future years, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$1.3 million that represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded for the three and six month periods ending October 31, 2010.
- The income tax rate was reduced by 6% for taxable income subject to lower statutory income tax rates in foreign jurisdictions (Canada and China) compared with the statutory income tax rate of 34% for the United States.
- •The income tax rate was reduced by 4% for adjustments made to our Canadian deferred income tax liabilities and associated with our election to file our Canadian income tax returns in U.S. dollars commencing with our fiscal 2011 tax year. Our Canadian income tax returns were filed in Canadian dollars for fiscal years prior to fiscal 2011. This adjustment totaled \$315,000 and represented a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded during the six-month period ended October 31, 2010.
- •The income tax rate increased 9% for an increase in unrecognized tax benefits. This 9% increase in the income tax rate also includes an income tax benefit of \$58,000 or a reduction in the income tax rate of 0.8% for the subsequent recognition of unrecognized tax benefits that were effectively settled during the second quarter of fiscal 2011. This adjustment of \$58,000 represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded during the three and six month periods ending October 31, 2010.
 - The income tax rate was increased by 0.4% for stock-based compensation and other miscellaneous items.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Deferred Income Taxes

Summary

In accordance with ASC Topic 740, we evaluate our deferred income taxes to determine if a valuation allowance is required. ASC Topic 740 requires that companies assess whether a valuation allowance should be established based on the consideration of all available evidence using a "more likely than not" standard, with significant weight being given to evidence that can be objectively verified. Since the company operates in multiple jurisdictions, we assess the need for a valuation allowance on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction basis, taking into account the effects of local tax law. Based on our assessments, we recorded a partial valuation allowance of \$12.2 million and \$16.4 million against our net deferred income tax assets associated with our U.S. operations at October 30, 2011, and May 1, 2011, respectively. No valuation allowance has been recorded against our net deferred income tax assets associated with our operations located in China, Canada, and Europe.

United States

Our net deferred income tax asset regarding our U.S. operations primarily pertains to incurring significant U.S. pre-tax losses over prior fiscal years, with U.S. loss carryforwards totaling \$60.0 million at May 1, 2011. Due to the favorable results of our multi-year restructuring process in our upholstery fabric operations and key acquisitions and capital investments made for our mattress fabric segment, on a cumulative three-year basis ending May 1, 2011 (the end of our fiscal 2011), our U.S. operations earned a pre-tax income of \$4.2 million. In addition, our U.S. operations reported a pre-tax income over fiscal years 2011 and 2010 totaling \$8.2 million. We believe that fiscal years 2011 and 2010 are a more indicative measure of future pre-tax income as these fiscal years reflect operating performance after the cost savings of recent profit-improvement and restructuring plans were realized, as well as the full operational effects of the acquisitions associated with the company's mattress fabric operations located in the U.S.

This improvement continued through the second quarter of fiscal 2012, as our U.S. operations earned a cumulative pretax income through the second quarter of fiscal 2012 and fiscal years 2011 and 2010 totaling \$10.0 million. This continued earnings improvement for our U.S. operations was driven by our mattress fabric operations (which primarily resides in the U.S.). During the second quarter of fiscal 2012, our mattress fabric operations had net sales totaling \$35.2 million compared with \$28.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. In addition, our mattress fabric operations had operating income totaling \$3.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 compared with \$3.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. These improved results, which were better than expected, can be attributed to increased sales from our sales and marketing initiatives and new programs with customers who are leading suppliers in the bedding industry. Collectively, these developments increased our confidence in forecasting U.S. taxable income through fiscal 2014.

Although our U.S. operations have reported pre-tax income on a cumulative three-year basis, the significant uncertainty in the overall economic climate, has made it very difficult to forecast medium and long-term financial results associated with our U.S. operations. Since it will take a significant period of time for our U.S. operations to realize its U.S. net deferred income tax assets based on earned and forecasted U.S. pre-tax income levels, we believe it is too uncertain to project U.S. pre-tax income levels associated with our U.S. operations after fiscal 2014 that support a "more likely than not" assertion.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Based on the positive and negative evidence noted above, we recorded a partial valuation allowance of \$12.2 million at October 30, 2011, against the net deferred income tax assets associated with our U.S. operations that are expected to reverse beyond fiscal 2014 and we recognized an income tax benefit of \$4.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 for the reduction in this valuation allowance for projected U.S. taxable income in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 to reduce our U.S. loss carryforwards.

Overall

The recorded valuation allowance of \$12.2 million has no effect on our operations, loan covenant compliance, or the possible realization of the U.S. income tax loss carryforwards in the future. If it is determined that it is "more likely than not" that we will realize any of these U.S. income tax loss carryforwards, an income tax benefit would be recognized at that time.

At October 30, 2011, the current deferred income tax asset of \$2.7 million represents \$2.4 million and \$273,000 from our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. At May 1, 2011, the current deferred income tax asset of \$293,000 pertains to our operations located in China. At May 1, 2011, the current deferred income tax liability of \$82,000 pertains to our operations located in Canada. At October 30, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax asset of \$4.5 million represents \$3.4 million and \$1.1 million from our operations located in China and the U.S., respectively. At May 1, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax asset of \$3.6 million represents \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million from our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax liability of \$659,000 and \$596,000 pertains to our operations located in Canada.

Uncertainty In Income Taxes

At October 30, 2011, we had \$12.1 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$4.1 million represents the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized would favorably affect the income tax rate in future periods. Of the \$12.1 million in gross unrecognized tax benefits as of October 30, 2011, \$8.0 million were classified as net non-current deferred income taxes and \$4.1 million were classified as income taxes payable —long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

At May 1, 2011, we had \$11.7 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$4.2 million would favorably affect the income tax rate in future periods. Of the \$11.7 million in total gross unrecognized tax benefits as of May 1, 2011, \$7.5 million were classified as net non-current deferred income taxes and \$4.2 million were classified as income taxes payable – long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

We estimate that the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits will increase by approximately \$1.0 million for fiscal 2012. This increase primarily relates to double taxation under applicable tax treaties with foreign tax jurisdictions.

16. Statutory Reserves

Our subsidiaries located in China are required to transfer 10% of their net income, as determined in accordance with the People's Republic of China (PRC) accounting rules and regulations, to a statutory surplus reserve fund until such reserve balance reaches 50% of the company's registered capital.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The transfer to this reserve must be made before distributions of any dividend to shareholders. As of October 30, 2011, the company's statutory surplus reserve was \$2.8 million, representing 10% of accumulated earnings and profits determined in accordance with PRC accounting rules and regulations. The surplus reserve fund is non-distributable other than during liquidation and can be used to fund previous years' losses, if any, and may be utilized for business expansion or converted into share capital by issuing new shares to existing shareholders in proportion to their shareholding or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them provided that the remaining reserve balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

Our subsidiaries located in China can transfer funds to the parent company with the exception of the statutory surplus reserve of \$2.8 million to assist with debt repayment, capital expenditures, and other expenses of the company's business.

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Chromatex Environmental Claim

A lawsuit was filed against us and other defendants (Chromatex, Inc., Rossville Industries, Inc., Rossville Companies, Inc. and Rossville Investments, Inc.) on February 5, 2008 in United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. The plaintiffs are Alan Shulman, Stanley Siegel, Ruth Cherenson as Personal Representative of Estate of Alan Cherenson, and Adrienne Rolla and M.F. Rolla as Executors of the Estate of Joseph Byrnes. The plaintiffs were partners in a general partnership that formerly owned a manufacturing plant in West Hazleton, Pennsylvania (the "Site"). Approximately two years after this general partnership sold the Site to defendants Chromatex, Inc. and Rossville Industries, Inc., we leased and operated the Site as part of our Rossville/Chromatex division. The lawsuit involves court judgments that have been entered against the plaintiffs and against defendant Chromatex, Inc. requiring them to pay costs incurred by the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("USEPA") responding to environmental contamination at the Site, in amounts approximating \$8.6 million, plus unspecified future environmental costs. Neither USEPA nor any other governmental authority has asserted any claim against us on account of these matters. The plaintiffs seek contribution from us and other defendants and a declaration that the company and the other defendants are responsible for environmental response costs under environmental laws and certain agreements. The plaintiffs also assert that we tortiously interfered with contracts between them and other defendants in the case and diverted assets to prevent the plaintiffs from being paid monies owed to them. We do not believe we have any liability for the matters described in this litigation and intend to defend ourselves vigorously. In addition, we have an indemnification agreement with certain other defendants in the litigation pursuant to which the other defendants agreed to indemnify us for any damages we incur as a result of the environmental matters that are the subject of this litigation, although it is unclear whether the indemnitors have significant assets at this time. Since the loss is not probable and cannot be estimated, no reserve has been recorded.

Other Litigation

The company is involved in legal proceedings and claims which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. These actions, when ultimately concluded and settled, will not, in the opinion of management, have a material adverse effect upon the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the company.

Culp, Inc. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Purchase Commitments

At October 30, 2011, and May 1, 2011, we had open purchase commitments to acquire equipment for our mattress fabrics segment totaling \$335,000 and \$980,000, respectively.

18. Common Stock Repurchase Program

On June 16, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of up to \$5.0 million for the repurchase of shares of our common stock. Under the common stock repurchase program, shares may be purchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, and through plans established under the Securities Exchange Act Rule 10b5-1. The amount of shares purchased and the timing of such purchases will be based on working capital requirements, market and general business conditions and other factors including alternative investment opportunities. On August 29, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of an additional \$2.0 million, for a total authorization of \$7.0 million, for the repurchase of shares of our common stock.

We purchased 550,245 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$4.8 million for the six-month period ending October 30, 2011.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report and the exhibits attached hereto contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 27A of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934). Such statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties. Further, forward looking statements are intended to speak only as of the date on which they are made, and we disclaim any duty to update such statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, expectations or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such statements are often but not always characterized by qualifying words such as "expect," "believe," "estimate," "plan" and "project" and their derivatives, and include but are not limited to statements about expectations for our future operations, production levels, sales, gross profit margins, operating income, SG&A, or other expenses, earnings, and other performance measures, as well as any statements regarding future economic or industry trends or future developments. Factors that could influence the matters discussed in such statements include the level of housing starts and sales of existing homes, consumer confidence, trends in disposable income, and general economic conditions. Decreases in these economic indicators could have a negative effect on our business and prospects. Likewise, increases in interest rates, particularly home mortgage rates, and increases in consumer debt or the general rate of inflation, could affect us adversely. Changes in consumer tastes or preferences toward products not produced by us could erode demand for our products. Changes in the value of the U.S. dollar versus other currencies could affect our financial results because a significant portion of our operations are located outside the United States. Strengthening of the U.S. dollar against other currencies could make our products less competitive on the basis of price in markets outside the United States, and strengthening of currencies in Canada, China, and Europe can have a negative impact on our sales of products produced in those places. Also, economic and political instability in international areas could affect our operations or sources of goods in those areas, as well as demand for our products in international markets. Further information about these factors, as well as other factors that could affect our future operations or financial results and the matters discussed in forward-looking statements are included in Item 1A "Risk Factors" section in our Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 15, 2011 for the fiscal year ended May 1, 2011.

ITEM 2.MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

The following analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes and other exhibits included elsewhere in this report.

General

Our fiscal year is the 52 or 53 week period ending on the Sunday closest to April 30. The six months ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010, represent 26 week periods, respectively. Our operations are classified into two business segments: mattress fabrics and upholstery fabrics. The mattress fabrics segment manufacturers, sources and sells fabrics to bedding manufacturers. The upholstery fabrics segment sources, manufactures and sells fabrics primarily to residential and commercial (contract) furniture manufacturers.

We evaluate the operating performance of our segments based upon income (loss) from operations before restructuring and related charges or credits, certain unallocated corporate expenses, and other non-recurring items. Cost of sales in both segments include costs to manufacture or source our products, including costs such as raw material and finished goods purchases, direct and indirect labor, overhead and incoming freight charges. Unallocated corporate expenses represent primarily compensation and benefits for certain executive officers and all costs related to being a public company.

Executive Summary

Net sales were \$58.0 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2012, an increase of 19% compared with \$48.9 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Net sales were \$118.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012, an increase of 13% compared with \$104.8 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. We are pleased with the positive sales trends for the second quarter and through the first half of fiscal 2012. Both of our business segments had impressive sales gains, especially in the second quarter, in spite of an uncertain global economic environment. These trends reflect the success of our various sales and marketing initiatives along with the benefits of our design capabilities and manufacturing platform.

Income before income taxes was \$2.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, compared with \$3.2 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Income before income taxes was \$5.8 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012, a decrease of 22% compared with \$7.5 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Despite the increase in net sales, income before income taxes declined primarily because of significant increases in our raw material costs in both business segments, higher selling, general, and administrative expenses (SG&A), and low profitability in our velvet product line, which is manufactured in our U.S. upholstery fabrics operation. To help offset the increased raw material costs, we have implemented customer price increases in both business segments. These price increases, however, are not expected to fully restore our reduced operating profit margins. While the increased raw material costs affected our operating margins for the first six months of fiscal 2012, we are encouraged that raw material prices have recently stabilized for both of our business segments.

We reported net income of \$6.3 million, or \$0.49 per diluted share, in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, compared with net income of \$4.0 million, or \$0.30 per diluted share, in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Net income for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 includes an income tax benefit of \$3.4 million and net income for the second quarter of fiscal 2011 includes an income tax benefit of \$801,000. Net income for the first six months of fiscal 2012 was \$8.1 million, or \$0.62 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$7.7 million, or \$0.59 per diluted share for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Net income for the first six months of fiscal 2012 includes an income tax benefit of \$2.2 million, and net income for the first six months of fiscal 2011 includes an income tax benefit of \$270,000. The income tax benefits of \$3.4 million and \$2.2 million for the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2012 include a \$4.4 million non-cash reversal during the second quarter of a portion of the valuation allowance associated with our U.S. operations. The income tax benefits of \$801,000 and \$270,000 for the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2011 include a \$1.3 million non-cash reversal during the second quarter for the entire valuation allowance associated with our China operations.

Despite ongoing economic uncertainties, we have maintained a strong financial position. At October 30, 2011, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments totaled \$24.3 million, exceeding our total debt (current maturities of long-term debt and long-term debt) of \$9.2 million, and representing 28.9% of shareholders' equity. We made our first \$2.2 million scheduled principal payment on our long-term debt during the second quarter of fiscal 2012. Our next scheduled principal payment of \$2.2 million is due in August 2012.

On June 16, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of up to \$5.0 million for the repurchase of shares of our common stock. On August 29, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of an additional \$2.0 million (a cumulative total of \$7.0 million) for the repurchase of shares of common stock. Under the common stock repurchase program, shares may be purchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, and through plans established under Securities Exchange Act Rule 10b5-1. The amount of shares purchased and the timing of such purchases will be based on working capital requirements, market and general business conditions and other factors including alternative investment opportunities. Since the initial authorization of this program on June 16, 2011, we have repurchased 550,245 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$4.8 million, through the second quarter of fiscal 2012.

Segment Analysis

The following tables set forth the company's statement of operations by segment for the three and six months ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010.

CULP, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 30, 2011 AND OCTOBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

THREE MONTHS ENDED

(loss) by Segment

	0 . 1	Amounts	0 . 1	Percent of Total Sales							
Net Sales by Segment	October 30, 2011		October 31, 2010	% Ove (Unde		October 2011		October 2010			
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics	\$ 35,242 22,771		28,335 20,544	24.4 10.8	% %	60.7 39.3	% %	58.0 42.0	% %		
Net Sales	\$ 58,013	3	48,879	18.7	%	100.0	%	100.0	%		
Gross Profit by Segment						Gross Pro	fit Maı	rgin			
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 5,938		5,030	18.1	%	16.8	%	17.8	%		
Upholstery Fabrics	2,785		2,579	8.0	%	12.2	%	12.6	%		
Subtotal	8,723		7,609	14.6	%	15.0	%	15.6	%		
Other non-recurring charges	(77) (1)	-	100.0	%	(0.1) %	0.0	%		
Gross Profit	\$ 8,646		7,609	13.6	%	14.9	%	15.6	%		
Selling, General and Administrative expenses by Segment						P	ercent	of Sales			
r r											
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 2,132		1,704	25.1	%	6.0	%	6.0	%		
Upholstery Fabrics	2,766		1,777	55.7	%	12.1	%	8.6	%		
Unallocated Corporate expenses Selling, General and	822		721	14.0	%	1.4	%	1.5	%		
Administrative expenses	5,720		4,202	36.1	%	9.9	%	8.6	%		
Operating Income						Operating	Incom	ne			

(Loss) Margin

Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics Unallocated corporate	\$ 3,806 19			3,326 802		% %	10.8 0.1		% %	11.7 3.9		% %
expenses Subtotal	(822 3,003)		(721) 3,407		% %	(1.4 5.2)	% %	(1.5 7.0)	% %
	3,003			3,107	(11.)	70	3.2		70	7.0		70
Other non-recurring charges	(77)	(1)	-	100.0	%	(0.1)	%	0.0		%
Operating income	\$ 2,926			3,407	(14.1)	%	5.0		%	7.0		%
Depreciation by Segment												
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 1,054			944		%						
Upholstery Fabrics	146			139	5.0	%						
Subtotal	\$ 1,200			1,083	10.8	%						

⁽¹⁾ Our other non-recurring charges represent employee termination benefits associated with our Anderson, SC plant facility.

CULP, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 30, 2011 AND OCTOBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

SIX MONTHS ENDED

	Amounts						Percent of Total Sales							
Net Sales by Segment	October 30, 2011		October 31, 2010			% Ov (Unde		October 30, 2011		October 31, 2010				
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics	\$	67,412 50,871			59,253 45,538		13.8 11.7	% %	57.0 43.0	% %	56.5 43.5	% %		
Net Sales	\$	118,283			104,791		12.9	%	100.0	%	100.0	%		
Gross Profit by Segment									Gross Pr	argin				
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics Subtotal	\$	11,076 6,525 17,601			11,020 6,298 17,318		0.5 3.6 1.6	% % %	16.4 12.8 14.9	% % %	18.6 13.8 16.5	% % %		
Other non-recurring charges		(77)) ((1)	-		100.0	%	(0.1)	0.0	%		
Gross Profit	\$	17,524			17,318		1.2	%	14.8	%	16.5	%		
Selling, General and Administrative expenses by Segment									Pero	cent of	Sales			
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics Unallocated Corporate	\$	4,123 5,534			3,701 3,878		11.4 42.7	% %	6.1 10.9	% %	6.2 8.5	% %		
expenses Subtotal		1,820 11,477			1,837 9,416		(0.9 21.9) %	1.5 9.7	% %	1.8 9.0	% %		
Operating Income (loss) by Segment									Operatin (Loss) M		me			
Mattress Fabrics Upholstery Fabrics Unallocated corporate	\$	6,953 991			7,319 2,420		(5.0 (59.0) %	10.3 1.9	% %	12.4 5.3	% %		
expenses		(1,820))		(1,837)		(0.9) %	(1.5) %	(1.8) %		

Subtotal	6,124			7,902		(22.5) %	5.2	%	7.5	%
Other non-recurring charges Restructuring and related	(77)	(1)	-		100.0	%	(0.1) %	0.0	%
credit	-			8	(2)	(100.0) %	0.0	%	0.0	%
Operating income	\$ 6,047			7,910		(23.6) %	5.1	%	7.5	%
Depreciation by Segment											
Mattress Fabrics	\$ 2,082			1,822		14.3	%				
Upholstery Fabrics	304			275		10.5	%				
Subtotal	2,386			2,097		13.8	%				

Notes:

- (1) Our other non-recurring charges represent employee termination benefits associated with our Anderson, SC plant facility.
- (2) The \$8 restructuring credit primarily represents a credit of \$15 for employee termination benefits and a charge of \$7 for lease termination and other exit costs.

Three and Six months ended October 30, 2011 compared with the Three and Six Months ended October 31, 2010

Mattress Fabrics Segment

Net Sales

Net sales were \$35.2 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2012, an increase of 24% compared with \$28.3 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Net sales were \$67.4 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012, an increase of 14% compared with \$59.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. This increase in net sales was primarily due to improved industry demand and our sales and marketing initiatives. We continue to benefit from our recent investments in our production facilities which has expanded our internal capacity. This enhanced manufacturing platform has allowed us to better serve our customers by providing them with a diverse product line in all major product categories. This diversity, along with our design capabilities and product innovation, has created additional sales opportunities with customers who are leading suppliers in the bedding industry. The increase in net sales also reflects price increases we implemented starting in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 to partially offset the increased raw material costs noted below.

Gross Profit and Operating Income

For the second quarter of fiscal 2012, the mattress fabrics segment reported a gross profit of \$5.9 million, an increase of 18% compared with \$5.0 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Gross profit margins were 17% and 18% of net sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. Selling, general, and administrative expenses (SG&A) for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 were \$2.1 million, or 6% of net sales, compared with \$1.7 million, or 6% of net sales, for second quarter of fiscal 2011. Operating income for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 was \$3.8 million, an increase of 14% compared with \$3.3 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Operating margins were 11% and 12% of net sales in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. These favorable trends in profitability are primarily due to the increase in net sales noted above and the management of our production costs in light of sustained increases in raw material prices. We have continued to look for alternative sources of yarns and raw materials without comprising quality or production efficiency. While the higher costs of raw materials have affected our gross profit and operating margins for the second quarter, we are encouraged that raw material prices have at least stabilized following several quarters of upward volatility.

For the first six months of fiscal 2012, gross profit was \$11.1 million, compared with \$11.0 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Gross profit margins were 16% and 19% of net sales for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. SG&A for the first six months of fiscal 2012 were \$4.1 million, or 6% of net sales, compared with \$3.7 million, or 6% of net sales, for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Operating income was \$7.0 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with \$7.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Operating margins were 10% and 12% of net sales for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Although net sales increased 14% for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with the first six months of fiscal 2011, gross profit and operating income remained relatively flat. As noted above, gross profit margins declined from 19% to 16% and operating margins declined 12% to 10%. These unfavorable trends in profitability are primarily due to increased raw material costs that we started to experience in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. As a result, we implemented customer price increases starting in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011. These customer price increases, however, are not expected to fully restore our reduced operating profit margins.

Segment assets

Segment assets consist of accounts receivable, inventory, assets held for sale, non-compete agreements associated with the certain acquisitions, goodwill, and property, plant, and equipment.

As of October 30, 2011, accounts receivable and inventory totaled \$27.7 million compared with \$25.5 million at May 1, 2011. This increase is primarily due to increased net sales from increased customer demand. As noted above, net sales for our mattress fabrics segment increased 14% for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with the first six months of fiscal 2011.

As of October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, property, plant and equipment totaled \$28.6 million. The \$28.6 million at October 30, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment of \$19.8 million and \$8.8 million located in the U.S. and Canada, respectively. The \$28.6 million at May 1, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment of \$20.0 million and \$8.6 million located in the U.S. and Canada, respectively. This segment's property, plant, and equipment balance at October 30, 2011 since the beginning of the fiscal year reflects capital spending of \$2.1 million offset by depreciation expense of \$2.1 million.

As of October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, the carrying value of the segment's goodwill was \$11.5 million. As of October 30, 2011, and May 1, 2011, the carrying value of the non-compete agreements were \$406,000 and \$480,000, respectively. The decrease in the carrying values of the non-compete agreements is primarily due to amortization expense for the first six months of fiscal 2012. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, assets held for sale totaled \$14,000.

Upholstery Fabrics Segment

Net Sales

Upholstery fabric net sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 were \$22.8 million, an 11% increase compared with \$20.5 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Net sales of upholstery fabrics produced outside our U.S. manufacturing operations were \$19.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, a 16% increase compared with \$17.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Net sales of upholstery fabrics produced by our U.S. manufacturing operations were \$2.9 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012, a 15% decrease compared with \$3.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011.

Upholstery fabric net sales for the first six months of fiscal 2012 were \$50.9 million, a 12% increase compared with \$45.5 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Net sales of upholstery fabrics produced outside our U.S. manufacturing operations were \$44.7 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012, a 14% increase compared with \$39.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Net sales of upholstery fabrics produced by our U.S. manufacturing operations were \$6.2 million for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with \$6.3 million in the first six months of fiscal 2011.

We are encouraged by the favorable sales trends in our upholstery fabrics business in spite of the continued weakness in the U.S. housing market and the uncertain global economic environment. Our increase in net sales was primarily driven by the growth of our China produced fabrics, which includes Culp Europe, with increased sales to key customers located in the U.S., the local China market, and other international customers. This increase in net sales also reflects price increases we implemented starting in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 to partially offset increased raw material costs. In addition, the increase reflects the second full quarter of sales from our European operation located in Poland. This operation was established in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 and is still in the early stages of development. We are encouraged by the initial sales trends and the interest level from several of the largest furniture

manufacturers and retailers in Europe.

Gross Profit and Operating Income

For the second quarter of fiscal 2012, the upholstery fabrics segment reported a gross profit of \$2.8 million, an increase of 8% compared with \$2.6 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Gross profit margins were 12.2% and 12.6% for the second quarters of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. SG&A for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 were \$2.8 million, a 56% increase compared with \$1.8 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Operating income for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 was \$19,000 compared with operating income of \$802,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Operating margins were 0.1% and 3.9% for the second quarters of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.

For the first six months of fiscal 2012, the upholstery fabrics segment reported a gross profit of \$6.5 million, an increase of 4% compared with \$6.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Gross profit margins were 13% and 14% for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. SG&A for the first six months of fiscal 2012 were \$5.6 million, a 43% increase compared with \$3.9 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Operating income for the first six months was \$1.0 million, a decrease of 59% compared with operating income of \$2.4 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Operating margins were 2% and 5% for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Although net sales increased 11% in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 compared with the second quarter of fiscal 2011 and 12% for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with the first six months of fiscal 2011, gross profit and gross profit margins remained relatively flat and operating income and operating margins declined. This unfavorable trend in gross profit and operating income margins is partly due to increased raw material costs that we started to experience in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. As a result, we implemented customer price increases starting in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011. These customer price increases, however, are not expected to fully restore our reduced operating profit margins. The adverse trend in gross profit and operating income margins was also affected by lower profitability in our velvet products line, which is manufactured in our one remaining U.S. operation located in Anderson, South Carolina. The lower profitability in our velvet products line is due to both higher raw material costs and lower demand in this product category. In addition to the customer price increases mentioned above, we have taken steps to align our velvet capacity with expected demand. Going forward, we are encouraged about the opportunity to increase our net sales of woven texture products, which we started manufacturing at this U.S. facility just over two years ago. Our costs to produce this product category in the U.S. are now comparable to our production costs in China.

The decline in operating income was also due to the significant increase in SG&A in fiscal 2012. This increase was primarily due to start-up expenses associated with our Culp Europe operations that did not occur in the first six months of fiscal 2011. In addition, SG&A were lower in the first six months of fiscal 2011 due to a (i) decrease in incentive compensation accruals reflecting weaker financial results in relation to pre-established performance targets and (ii) a decrease in bad debt expense reflecting the decrease in our consolidated accounts receivable balance, as well as management's assessment of estimated credit exposures within its accounts receivable portfolio. These decreases in SG&A in the first six months of fiscal 2011 did not occur in the first six months of fiscal 2012.

Segment Assets

Segment assets consist of accounts receivable, inventory, assets held for sale, and property, plant, and equipment. As of October 30, 2011, accounts receivable and inventory totaled \$22.3 million compared to \$23.5 million at May 1, 2011. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, assets held for sale totaled \$61,000.

As of October 30, 2011, property, plant, and equipment totaled \$1.2 million compared with \$967,000 at May 1, 2011. The \$1.2 million at October 30, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment located in the U.S. of \$921,000, located in China of \$189,000, and located in Poland of \$111,000. The \$967,000 at May 1, 2011, represents property, plant, and equipment located in the U.S. of \$727,000, located in China of \$184,000, and located in Poland of \$56,000.

Other Income Statement Categories

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (SG&A)

For the second quarter of fiscal 2012, SG&A for the company as a whole was \$5.7 million, an increase of 36% compared with \$4.2 million for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. For the first six months of fiscal 2012, SG&A (SG&A) for the company as a whole was \$11.5 million, an increase of 22% compared with \$9.4 million for the first six months of fiscal 2011. These increases in SG&A were primarily due to start-up expenses associated with our Culp Europe operations that did not occur in the first six months of fiscal 2011. In addition, SG&A were lower in the first six months of fiscal 2011 due to (i) a decrease in stock based compensation which reflects a decrease in stock-based awards and the company's stock price, (ii) a decrease in incentive compensation accruals reflecting weaker financial results in relation to pre-established performance targets, and (iii) a decrease in bad debt expense reflecting the decrease in our consolidated accounts receivable balance, as well as management's assessment of estimated credit exposures within its accounts receivable portfolio. These decreases in SG&A in the first six months of fiscal 2011 did not occur in the first six months of fiscal 2012.

Interest Expense (Income)

Interest expense for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 was \$188,000 compared with \$225,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Interest expense for the first six months of fiscal 2012 was \$409,000 compared with \$435,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2011. This trend reflects lower outstanding balances in our long-term debt.

Interest income was \$110,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 compared with \$49,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Interest income for the first six months of fiscal 2012 was \$238,000 compared with \$87,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2011. Our increase in interest income is primarily due to a higher rate of return on increased short-term investment balances during the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with the first six months of fiscal 2011.

Other (Income) Expense

Other income for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 was \$15,000 compared with other expense of \$30,000 for the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Other expense was \$49,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2012 compared with \$83,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2011. This change primarily reflects fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rates for our subsidiaries domiciled in Canada, China, and Poland and our ability to maintain a natural hedge by keeping a balance of our assets and liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars and EUROs during fiscal 2012.

Income Taxes

Effective Income Tax Rate

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$2.2 million, or 38.5% of income before income tax expense, for the six month period ended October 30, 2011, compared to an income tax benefit of \$270,000, or 3.6%, of income before income tax expense, for the six month period ended October 31, 2010. Our effective income tax rates for the six month periods ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010, were based upon the estimated effective income tax rate applicable for the full year after giving effect to any significant items related specifically to interim periods. The effective income tax rate can be affected over the fiscal year by the mix and timing of actual earnings from our U.S. operations and foreign sources versus annual projections and changes in foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar.

The income tax benefit for the six month period ended October 30, 2011 is different from the amount obtained by applying our statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes for the following reasons:

- •The income tax rate was reduced by 75% for a reduction in our valuation allowance associated with our U.S. net deferred income tax assets. This 75% reduction in our income tax rate is due to a change in judgment about the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets in future years. Since the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets is a result of a change in judgment about future years, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$4.4 million that represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded for the three and six month periods ending October 30, 2011.
- •The income tax rate was reduced by 7% for taxable income subject to lower statutory income tax rates in foreign jurisdictions (Canada and China) compared with the statutory income tax rate of 34% for the United States.
- The income tax rate was increased 7% for an increase in unrecognized tax benefits.
- The income tax rate was increased by 2.5% for stock-based compensation and other miscellaneous items.

The income tax benefit for the six month period ended October 31, 2010 is different from the amount obtained by applying our statutory rate of 34% to income before income taxes for the following reasons:

- •The income tax rate was reduced by 37% for a reduction in our valuation allowance recorded against our net deferred income tax assets. Of this 37% reduction in our income tax rate, 20% and 17% pertain to our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. The 20% reduction in our income tax rate from our U.S. operations is due to the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets from ordinary taxable income projected for fiscal 2011. Since the realization of our U.S. net deferred income tax assets are from ordinary taxable income in the current fiscal year, its tax effects are included in the computation of the annual effective tax rate for fiscal 2011. The 17% reduction in our income tax rate from our China operations is due to a change in judgment about the realization of our China net deferred income tax assets in future years. Since the realization of our China net deferred income tax assets is a result of a change in judgment about future years, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$1.3 million that represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded for the three and six month periods ending October 31, 2010.
- •The income tax rate was reduced by 6% for taxable income subject to lower statutory income tax rates in foreign jurisdictions (Canada and China) compared with the statutory income tax rate of 34% for the United States.

- The income tax rate was reduced by 4% for adjustments made to our Canadian deferred income tax liabilities and associated with our election to file our Canadian income tax returns in U.S. dollars commencing with our fiscal 2011 tax year. Our Canadian income tax returns were filed in Canadian dollars for fiscal years prior to fiscal 2011. This adjustment totaled \$315,000 and represented a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded during the six-month period ended October 31, 2010.
- •The income tax rate increased 9% for an increase in unrecognized tax benefits. This 9% increase in the income tax rate also includes an income tax benefit of \$58,000 or a reduction in the income tax rate of 0.8% for the subsequent recognition of unrecognized tax benefits that were effectively settled during the second quarter of fiscal 2011. This adjustment of \$58,000 represents a discrete event in which the full tax effects were recorded during the three and six month periods ending October 31, 2010.
- The income tax rate was increased by 0.4% for stock-based compensation and other miscellaneous items.

Deferred Income Taxes

Summary

In accordance with ASC Topic 740, we evaluate our deferred income taxes to determine if a valuation allowance is required. ASC Topic 740 requires that companies assess whether a valuation allowance should be established based on the consideration of all available evidence using a "more likely than not" standard, with significant weight being given to evidence that can be objectively verified. Since the company operates in multiple jurisdictions, we assess the need for a valuation allowance on a jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction basis, taking into account the effects of local tax law. Based on our assessments, we recorded a partial valuation allowance of \$12.2 million and \$16.4 million against our net deferred income tax assets associated with our U.S. operations at October 30, 2011, and May 1, 2011, respectively. No valuation allowance has been recorded against our net deferred income tax assets associated with our operations located in China, Canada, and Europe.

United States

Our net deferred income tax asset regarding our U.S. operations primarily pertains to incurring significant U.S. pre-tax losses over prior fiscal years, with U.S. loss carryforwards totaling \$60.0 million at May 1, 2011. Due to the favorable results of our multi-year restructuring process in our upholstery fabric operations and key acquisitions and capital investments made for our mattress fabric segment, on a cumulative three-year basis ending May 1, 2011 (the end of our fiscal 2011), our U.S. operations earned a pre-tax income of \$4.2 million. In addition, our U.S. operations reported a pre-tax income over fiscal years 2011 and 2010 totaling \$8.2 million. We believe that fiscal years 2011 and 2010 are a more indicative measure of future pre-tax income as these fiscal years reflect operating performance after the cost savings of recent profit-improvement and restructuring plans were realized, as well as the full operational effects of the acquisitions associated with the company's mattress fabric operations located in the U.S.

This improvement continued through the second quarter of fiscal 2012, as our U.S. operations earned a cumulative pretax income through the second quarter of fiscal 2012 and fiscal years 2011 and 2010 totaling \$10.0 million. This continued earnings improvement for our U.S. operations was driven by our mattress fabric operations (which primarily resides in the U.S.). During the second quarter of fiscal 2012, our mattress fabric operations had net sales totaling \$35.2 million compared with \$28.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. In addition, our mattress fabric operations had operating income totaling \$3.8 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 compared with \$3.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011. These improved results, which were better than expected, can be attributed to increased sales from our sales and marketing initiatives and new programs with customers who are leading suppliers in the bedding industry. Collectively, these developments increased our confidence in forecasting

U.S. taxable income through fiscal 2014.

Although our U.S. operations have reported pre-tax income on a cumulative three-year basis, the significant uncertainty in the overall economic climate, has made it very difficult to forecast medium and long-term financial results associated with our U.S. operations. Since it will take a significant period of time for our U.S. operations to realize its U.S. net deferred income tax assets based on earned and forecasted U.S. pre-tax income levels, we believe it is too uncertain to project U.S. pre-tax income levels associated with our U.S. operations after fiscal 2014 that support a "more likely than not" assertion.

Based on the positive and negative evidence noted above, we recorded a partial valuation allowance of \$12.2 million at October 30, 2011, against the net deferred income tax assets associated with our U.S. operations that are expected to reverse beyond fiscal 2014 and we recognized an income tax benefit of \$4.4 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 for the reduction in this valuation allowance for projected U.S. taxable income in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 to reduce our U.S. loss carryforwards.

Overall

The recorded valuation allowance of \$12.2 million has no effect on our operations, loan covenant compliance, or the possible realization of the U.S. income tax loss carryforwards in the future. If it is determined that it is "more likely than not" that we will realize any of these U.S. income tax loss carryforwards, an income tax benefit would be recognized at that time.

At October 30, 2011, the current deferred income tax asset of \$2.7 million represents \$2.4 million and \$273,000 from our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. At May 1, 2011, the current deferred income tax asset of \$293,000 pertains to our operations located in China. At May 1, 2011, the current deferred income tax liability of \$82,000 pertains to our operations located in Canada. At October 30, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax asset of \$4.5 million represents \$3.4 million and \$1.1 million from our operations located in China and the U.S., respectively. At May 1, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax asset of \$3.6 million represents \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million from our operations located in the U.S. and China, respectively. At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, the non-current deferred income tax liability of \$659,000 and \$596,000 pertains to our operations located in Canada.

Uncertainty In Income Taxes

At October 30, 2011, we had \$12.1 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$4.1 million represents the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized would favorably affect the income tax rate in future periods. Of the \$12.1 million in gross unrecognized tax benefits as of October 30, 2011, \$8.0 million were classified as net non-current deferred income taxes and \$4.1 million were classified as income taxes payable —long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

At May 1, 2011, we had \$11.7 million of total gross unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$4.2 million would favorably affect the income tax rate in future periods. Of the \$11.7 million in total gross unrecognized tax benefits as of May 1, 2011, \$7.5 million were classified as net non-current deferred income taxes and \$4.2 million were classified as income taxes payable – long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

We estimate that the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits will increase by approximately \$1.0 million for fiscal 2012. This increase primarily relates to double taxation under applicable tax treaties with foreign tax jurisdictions.

Although we reported income tax benefits of \$2.2 million and \$270,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively, we pay income taxes associated with our subsidiaries located in Canada, China, and Poland. We had income tax payments of \$1.2 million and \$840,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

Our sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, cash flow from operations, and amounts available under our unsecured revolving credit lines. These sources have been adequate for day-to-day operations and capital expenditures. We believe our present cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment balance of \$24.3 million at October 30, 2011, cash flow from operations, and current availability under our unsecured revolving credit lines will be sufficient to fund our business needs and fiscal 2012 contractual obligations.

On June 16, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of up to \$5.0 million for the repurchase of shares of our common stock. On August 29, 2011, our board of directors authorized the expenditure of an additional \$2.0 million (a cumulative total of \$7.0 million) for the repurchase of shares of common stock. Under the common stock repurchase program, shares may be purchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, and through plans established under Securities Exchange Act Rule 10b5-1. The amount of shares purchased and the timing of such purchases will be based on working capital requirements, market and general business conditions and other factors including alternative investment opportunities. Since the initial authorization of this program on June 16, 2011, we have repurchased 550,245 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$4.8 million, through the second quarter of fiscal 2012.

Despite ongoing economic uncertainties, we have maintained a strong financial position. At October 30, 2011, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments totaled \$24.3 million, exceeding our total debt (current maturities of long-term debt and long-term debt) of \$9.2 million, and representing 28.9% of shareholders' equity. Our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$24.3 million at October 30, 2011, decreased from \$30.9 million at May 1, 2011. This decrease reflects higher than normal working capital levels to facilitate our sales growth, capital expenditures of \$2.6 million, long-term debt principal payments of \$2.3 million, common stock repurchases of \$4.8 million, offset by net income during the first six months of fiscal 2012.

Looking ahead to the rest of fiscal 2012, we continue to be encouraged by the opportunities for generating free cash flow, principally from net income plus depreciation and other non-cash expenses. With respect to uses of our cash for the remainder for fiscal 2012, we expect capital expenditures to be approximately \$4.0 million, of which \$2.6 million has been spent through the second quarter. Additionally, we expect a modest working capital investment to support higher sales. We have already made our first scheduled principal payment of \$2.2 million during the second quarter of fiscal 2012 and our next scheduled \$2.2 million principal payment is not due until August 2012. Lastly, we have spent \$4.8 million of the approved \$7.0 million for our common stock repurchase program.

Our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment balance may be adversely affected by factors beyond our control, such as weakening industry demand and delays in receipt of payment on accounts receivable.

Working Capital

Accounts receivable at October 30, 2011, were \$16.2 million, an increase of 10% compared with \$14.8 million at October 31, 2010. Days' sales outstanding totaled 25 and 28 days during the quarters ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, respectively. Although net sales increased 19% in the second quarter of fiscal 2012 compared with the second quarter of 2011, our accounts receivable balance increased only slightly due to improved cash collections. Our improved cash collections are due to major customers in both our upholstery and mattress fabrics segments taking advantage of cash discounts for early payments.

Inventories as of October 30, 2011 were \$33.8 million, an increase of \$4.3 million, or 15%, compared with \$29.4 million at October 31, 2010. This increase primarily reflects increased business volume in both our business segments for fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011. Inventory turns for the second quarter of fiscal 2012 were 6.0 compared with 5.5 for the second quarter of fiscal 2011.

Accounts payable-trade as of October 30, 2011, were \$21.7 million, an increase of \$3.7 million, or 21% compared with \$18.0 million at October 31, 2010. This increase primarily reflects increased business volume and inventory purchases in both our business segments in fiscal 2012 compared with fiscal 2011.

Operating working capital (comprised of accounts receivable and inventories, less accounts payable-trade and capital expenditures) was \$28.2 million at October 30, 2011 compared with \$26.0 million at October 31, 2010. Working capital turnover was 8.7 and 8.9 during the quarters ended October 30, 2011, and October 31, 2010, respectively.

Financing Arrangements

Unsecured Term Notes

In connection with the Bodet & Horst acquisition in 2008, we entered into a note agreement dated August 11, 2008. This agreement provided for the issuance of \$11.0 million of unsecured term notes with a fixed interest rate of 8.01% and a term of seven years. Principal payments of \$2.2 million per year are due on the notes beginning August 11, 2011. The principal payments are payable over an average term of 3.8 years through August 11, 2015. Any principal prepayments will be assessed a penalty as defined in the agreement. This agreement contains customary financial and other covenants as defined in the agreement.

We made our first principal payment of \$2.2 million associated with this note agreement on August 11, 2011.

Government of Quebec Loan

We have an agreement with the Government of Quebec for a term loan that is non-interest bearing and is payable in 48 equal monthly installments (denominated in Canadian dollars) commencing December 1, 2009. The proceeds were used to partially finance capital expenditures at our Rayonese facility located in Quebec, Canada.

Revolving Credit Agreement – United States

At May 1, 2011, we had an unsecured Amended and Restated Credit Agreement that provided for a revolving loan commitment of \$6.5 million, including letters of credit up to \$3.0 million. This agreement was set to expire August 15, 2012. On August 25, 2011, we entered into a seventeenth amendment to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, amending the agreement effective May 1, 2011 (the end of our fiscal 2011). This amendment extends the expiration date of the line of credit through August 25, 2013, increases the revolving loan commitment from \$6.5 million to \$10.0 million, and decreases the capital expenditure limit for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 from \$10.0 million

to \$6.0 million. The amended agreement provides for a pricing matrix to determine the interest rate payable on loans made under the agreement (applicable interest rate of 2.24% at October 30, 2011). As of October 30, 2011, there were \$125,000 in outstanding letters of credit (all of which related to workers compensation). At October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011, there were no borrowings outstanding under the agreement.

Revolving Credit Agreement - China

At October 30, 2011, we had an unsecured credit agreement associated with our operations in China that provided for a line of credit of up to approximately \$6.3 million. This agreement expires on September 2, 2012 and has an interest rate determined by the Chinese government. There were no borrowings outstanding under the agreement as of October 30, 2011 and May 1, 2011.

Overall

Our loan agreements require, among other things, that we maintain compliance with certain financial covenants. At October 30, 2011, the company was in compliance with these financial covenants.

At October 30, 2011, the principal payment requirements of long-term debt during the next four years are: Year 1 – \$2.4 million; Year 2 - \$2.4 million; Year 3 - \$2.2 million; and Year 4 - \$2.2 million.

Capital Expenditures and Depreciation

Capital expenditures on a cash basis for the six months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010 were \$2.6 million and \$5.1 million, respectively. Capital expenditures for the six months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010 mostly relate to the mattress fabrics segment. Depreciation expense for the six months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010 was \$2.4 million \$2.1 million, respectively. Depreciation expense for the six months ended October 30, 2011 and October 31, 2010, primarily relates to the mattress fabrics segment.

For the full fiscal 2012, we currently expect cash capital expenditures to be approximately \$4.0 million compared with \$6.4 million in fiscal 2011 and \$7.4 million in fiscal 2010. Planned capital expenditures for fiscal 2012 primarily relate to the mattress fabrics segment. For fiscal 2012, depreciation expense is projected to be \$5.0 million, which primarily relates to the mattress fabrics segment.

At October 30, 2011, we had amounts due regarding capital expenditures totaling \$112,000, which pertain to outstanding vendor invoices, none of which are financed. The total outstanding amount of \$112,000 is required to be paid in full in fiscal 2012.

Critical Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Developments

As of October 30, 2011, there were no changes in the nature of our significant accounting policies or the application of those policies from those reported in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 1, 2011.

Refer to Note 1 located in the notes to the consolidated financial statements for recently adopted and issued accounting pronouncements since the filing of our Form 10-K for the year ended May 1, 2011.

Contractual Obligations

As of October 30, 2011, there were no significant or new contractual obligations from those reported in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 1, 2011, with the exception of open purchase commitments to acquire equipment with regard to the mattress fabrics segment totaling \$335,000 at October 30, 2011, compared with \$980,000 at May 1, 2011.

Inflation

Any significant increase in our raw material costs, utility/energy costs and general economic inflation could have a material adverse impact on the company, because competitive conditions have limited our ability to pass significant operating cost increases on to customers. As discussed elsewhere in this report (see "Segment Analysis"), significant increases in raw material costs led to lower profit margins for both of our business segments for the first six months of fiscal 2012.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on our revolving credit lines. At October 30, 2011, our U.S. revolving credit agreement provides for a pricing matrix to determine the interest rate payable on loans made under this agreement. Our revolving credit line associated with our China subsidiaries bears interest at a rate determined by the Chinese government. At October 30, 2011, there were no borrowings outstanding under these revolving credit lines.

We are not exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on our long-term debt. Our unsecured term notes have a fixed interest rate of 8.01%, and the loan associated with the Government of Quebec is non-interest bearing.

We are exposed to market risk from changes in the value of foreign currencies for our subsidiaries domiciled in China, Canada, and Europe. We try to maintain a natural hedge by keeping a balance of our assets and liabilities denominated in the local currency of our subsidiary domiciled in Canada, although there is no assurance that we will be able to continually maintain this natural hedge. Our foreign subsidiaries use the United States dollar as their functional currency. A substantial portion of the company's imports purchased outside the United States are denominated in U.S. dollars. A 10% change in the above exchange rates at October 30, 2011, would not have had a significant impact on our results of operations or financial position.