

DIVIDEND CAPITAL TRUST INC

Form POS AM

July 14, 2006

Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2006

Registration No. 333-122260

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO
FORM S-3 ON FORM S-11

FOR REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933
OF SECURITIES OF CERTAIN REAL ESTATE COMPANIES

DIVIDEND CAPITAL TRUST INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its governing instruments)

518 Seventeenth Street,

Suite 1700

Denver, Colorado 80202

Telephone (303) 228-2200
(Address, including zip code,

82-0538520
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

and telephone number,

including area code, of

registrant's principal executive

offices)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

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Evan H. Zucker

Chief Executive Officer

518 Seventeenth Street, Suite 1700

Denver, Colorado 80202

Telephone (303) 228-2200

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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Approximate Date of Commencement of Proposed Sale to the Public:

As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If delivery of this prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, check the following box. "

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

Table of Contents

The information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is not complete and may be changed. No person may sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell these securities and are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, Dated July 14, 2006

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT NO. 1

(To Preliminary Prospectus Dated July 14, 2006)

The information in this supplement is considered to be an addition to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information in our prospectus.

Closing of Our Primary Offering

The prospectus to which this prospectus supplement relates covers an offering up to \$1,000,000,000 in shares of our common stock. As described in more detail in the prospectus, this offering is comprised of two components: (1) an offering of up to 72,770,273 shares to the public at \$10.50 per share, which we refer to as our primary offering, and (2) an offering of up to 23,650,339 shares to participants in our distribution reinvestment plan at \$9.975 per share.

We closed our primary offering at the close of business on Monday, January 23, 2006. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence our primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. We will file one or more supplements or amendments to the prospectus or post-effective amendments to the registration statement of which the prospectus is a part in the event that we recommence our primary offering. Furthermore, the disclosure in the prospectus respecting this offering, including the disclosure in Prospectus Summary, Questions and Answers About This Offering, Risk Factors, Estimated Use of Proceeds, Management Compensation and Plan of Distribution, should be read in light of the facts that we are no longer selling shares of common stock in our primary offering and we are therefore no longer receiving proceeds from or paying fees or commissions in connection with the sale of such shares.

In addition, we will continue to offer shares of common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan. As a result, we will continue to receive proceeds from our distribution reinvestment plan and shareholders who elect to participate in our distribution reinvestment plan will continue to be charged a one-time 1% servicing fee.

We continue to reserve the right to reallocate shares of common stock between our primary offering and our distribution reinvestment plan.

The date of this prospectus supplement is _____, 2006

Table of Contents

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. No person may sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, Dated July 14, 2006

\$1,000,000,000

Common Stock

Dividend Capital Trust Inc. is organized as a real estate investment trust that owns, operates and develops real estate properties, consisting primarily of high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. Dividend Capital Trust was formed as a Maryland corporation in April 2002. Dividend Capital Trust is organized and conducts its operations in a manner so as to qualify as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes.

We are offering up to \$1,000,000,000 in shares of our common stock. We are offering up to 72,770,273 shares to the public at \$10.50 per share and Dividend Capital Securities LLC, which is an affiliate of Dividend Capital Trust, is acting as an underwriter and dealer manager of this offering on a best efforts basis. We are also offering up to 23,650,339 shares to participants in our distribution reinvestment plan at \$9.975 per share. Subject to certain exceptions described in this prospectus, investors that want to participate in this offering must invest a minimum of \$2,000. This offering will terminate on or before June 9, 2007. The proceeds from the offering will not be kept in an escrow account pending completion of this offering and we will use the proceeds, as discussed in the prospectus, as we receive them.

Dividend Capital Advisors LLC, our advisor, which is an affiliate of Dividend Capital Trust, is responsible for managing our day-to-day activities under the terms and conditions of an advisory agreement. Our advisor is beneficially owned and/or controlled by three of our directors. See the **Conflicts of Interest** section of this prospectus for a discussion of the relationship between Dividend Capital Trust, our advisor and other of our affiliates.

Our articles of incorporation contain a restriction on ownership of the common stock that prevents any person or entity from owning directly or indirectly more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of any class or series of our stock. These restrictions, as well as other share ownership and transfer restrictions contained in our articles of incorporation, are designed to enable us to comply with share accumulation and other restrictions imposed on REITs by the Internal Revenue Code. For a more complete description of the common stock, including restrictions on the ownership of common stock, please see the **Description of Securities** section of this prospectus.

See **Risk Factors** beginning on page 23 for a discussion of certain factors that you should consider before you invest in our common stock. In particular, you should carefully consider the following risks:

We have a limited history of operations

There is no current public trading market for the common stock; if you choose to sell your shares, it will likely be at a price which is less than your purchase price

Reliance on our advisor to select properties and conduct our operations

Payment of substantial fees to our advisor and its affiliates

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Borrowing which increases the risk of loss of our investments

Conflicts of interest between Dividend Capital Trust and certain affiliates which will be compensated for their services, including our advisor, Dividend Capital Property Management LLC, our property manager, and Dividend Capital Securities LLC, our dealer manager

Failure to qualify as a REIT could adversely affect the results of our operations and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities regulator has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. In addition, the Attorney General of the State of New York has not passed on or endorsed the merits of this offering. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The use of forecasts in this offering is prohibited. Any representation to the contrary and any predictions, written or oral, as to the amount or certainty of any present or future cash benefits or tax consequences which may flow from your investment is not permitted.

	Price to Public	Selling Commissions	Proceeds to the Company(2)(3)
Primary Offering Per Share	\$10.50	\$0.63(1)	\$9.87
Total Maximum	\$764,087,870	\$45,845,272(1)	\$718,242,598
Distribution Reinvestment Plan Per Share	\$9.975	\$	\$9.975
Total Maximum	\$235,912,130	\$	\$235,912,130

- (1) We will pay a sales commission to our dealer manager of up to 6% of the gross offering proceeds which may be re-allowed to participating broker-dealers.
- (2) Proceeds with respect to our primary offering are calculated before deducting certain dealer manager fees and organizational and offering expenses payable by us. We will pay a dealer manager fee to our dealer manager of up to 2% of gross offering proceeds and we will reimburse our advisor for organizational and offering expenses in an amount up to 2% of gross offering proceeds. Such fees and expenses are estimated to be approximately \$30,563,514 assuming 72,770,273 shares are sold at a public offering price of \$10.50 per share. See the Management Management Compensation section of this prospectus. Proceeds with respect to our distribution reinvestment plan are calculated before deducting a one-time servicing fee payable by us equal to 1% of the undiscounted selling price of the shares. Based on a public offering price of \$10.50 per share, such fee is estimated to be \$2,483,286 assuming 23,650,339 shares are sold pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. We reserve the right to reallocate the shares we are offering between our primary offering and our distribution reinvestment plan. See the Plan of Distribution section of this prospectus for a complete description of the amount and terms of such fees and expense reimbursement.
- (3) The selling commissions and, in some cases, all or a portion of the dealer manager fee will not be charged with regard to shares sold to or for the account of certain categories of purchasers. The reduction in these fees will be accompanied by a corresponding reduction in the per share purchase price, but will not impact the net proceeds received by us. See the Plan of Distribution section of this prospectus.

DIVIDEND CAPITAL SECURITIES LLC

(Dividend Capital Securities LLC will be underwriting any offering on a best efforts basis)

The date of this prospectus is , 2006

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u>	1
<u>SUITABILITY STANDARDS</u>	2
<u>PROSPECTUS SUMMARY</u>	4
<u>Dividend Capital Trust Inc.</u>	4
<u>Recent Developments</u>	4
<u>Our REIT Status</u>	5
<u>Summary Risk Factors</u>	5
<u>Description of Properties</u>	6
<u>Estimated Use of Proceeds of Offering</u>	6
<u>Investment Objectives</u>	7
<u>Conflicts of Interest</u>	7
<u>Prior Offering Summary</u>	9
<u>The Offering</u>	9
<u>Terms of the Offering</u>	9
<u>Compensation to the Advisor</u>	10
<u>Distribution Policy</u>	11
<u>Liquidity Event</u>	12
<u>Distribution Reinvestment Plan</u>	12
<u>Share Redemption Program</u>	12
<u>Dividend Capital Operating Partnership</u>	13
<u>ERISA Considerations</u>	13
<u>Description of Securities</u>	13
<u>QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THIS OFFERING</u>	14
<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	23
<u>INVESTMENT RISKS</u>	23
<u>REAL ESTATE RISKS</u>	31
<u>RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OUR OPERATING PARTNERSHIP S PRIVATE PLACEMENT</u>	36
<u>FEDERAL INCOME TAX RISKS</u>	37
<u>RETIREMENT PLAN RISKS</u>	40
<u>ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS</u>	41
<u>RECENT DEVELOPMENTS</u>	43
<u>Sale of Common Stock</u>	43
<u>Our Operating Partnership s Private Placement</u>	43
<u>Investment in Real Estate</u>	43
<u>Proposed Internalization Transaction</u>	45
<u>SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA</u>	46
<u>MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</u>	47
<u>Overview</u>	47
<u>Liquidity and Capital Resources</u>	49
<u>Contractual Obligations</u>	57
<u>Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements</u>	57
<u>Results of Operations</u>	58
<u>Critical Accounting Policies</u>	66
<u>QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK</u>	70
<u>MANAGEMENT</u>	71
<u>General</u>	71
<u>Committees of the Board of Directors</u>	72
<u>Directors and Executive Officers</u>	73

Table of Contents

<u>Compensation of Directors</u>	75
<u>Compensation of Executive Officers</u>	75
<u>Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation</u>	76
<u>Board Compensation Committee Report on Executive Compensation</u>	76
<u>Independent Director Option Plan</u>	76
<u>Employee Option Plan</u>	77
<u>Limited Liability and Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Others</u>	77
<u>The Advisor</u>	79
<u>The Advisory Agreement</u>	82
<u>Holdings of Common Stock and Partnership Units</u>	84
<u>Affiliated Companies</u>	86
<u>Management Decisions of the Advisor</u>	88
<u>Management Compensation</u>	88
<u>Organizational and Offering Stage</u>	88
<u>Acquisition and Development Stage</u>	89
<u>Operational Stage</u>	89
<u>CONFLICTS OF INTEREST</u>	93
<u>Interests in Other Real Estate Programs</u>	93
<u>Other Activities of the Advisor and its Affiliates</u>	93
<u>Competition</u>	93
<u>Affiliated Dealer Manager</u>	94
<u>Affiliated Property Manager</u>	94
<u>Lack of Separate Representation</u>	95
<u>Joint Ventures with Affiliates of the Advisor</u>	95
<u>Fees and Other Compensation to the Advisor</u>	95
<u>Certain Conflict Resolution Procedures</u>	96
<u>CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS</u>	97
<u>Our Advisor</u>	97
<u>Our Property Manager</u>	98
<u>Our Dealer Manager</u>	98
<u>Our Facilitator</u>	99
<u>INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND CRITERIA</u>	100
<u>General</u>	100
<u>Investment Strategy</u>	100
<u>Acquisition and Investment Policies</u>	102
<u>Development and Construction of Properties</u>	104
<u>Acquisition of Properties from the Advisor</u>	104
<u>Terms of Leases and Customer Creditworthiness</u>	104
<u>Joint Venture Investments</u>	104
<u>Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement</u>	105
<u>Borrowing Policies and Related Indebtedness</u>	106
<u>Disposition Policies</u>	108
<u>Investment Limitations</u>	108
<u>Change in Investment</u>	110
<u>REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS</u>	111
<u>General</u>	111
<u>Properties</u>	111
<u>Contribution of Properties to an Institutional Fund</u>	112
<u>Significant Customers</u>	112
<u>Customer Lease Expirations</u>	112
<u>Insurance Coverage on Properties</u>	113
<u>Additional Property Acquisitions</u>	113

Table of Contents

<u>PRIOR PERFORMANCE SUMMARY</u>	114
<u>FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS</u>	115
<u>General</u>	115
<u>Requirements for Qualification as a REIT</u>	117
<u>Failure to Qualify as a REIT</u>	123
<u>Sale-Leaseback Transactions</u>	123
<u>Taxation of Taxable U.S. Shareholders</u>	123
<u>Treatment of Tax-Exempt Shareholders</u>	126
<u>Special Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Shareholders</u>	126
<u>Statement of Stock Ownership</u>	128
<u>Federal Income Tax Aspects of Our Partnership</u>	128
<u>Other Tax Considerations</u>	131
<u>ERISA CONSIDERATIONS</u>	132
<u>Plan Asset Considerations</u>	132
<u>Other Prohibited Transactions</u>	134
<u>Annual Valuation</u>	134
<u>DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES</u>	136
<u>Common Stock</u>	136
<u>Preferred Stock</u>	136
<u>Meetings, Special Voting Requirements and Access to Records</u>	136
<u>Restriction on Ownership of Common Stock</u>	137
<u>Distributions</u>	139
<u>Distribution Reinvestment Plan</u>	140
<u>Share Redemption Program</u>	141
<u>Market Information</u>	143
<u>Securities Authorized for Issuance under Our Compensation Plans</u>	144
<u>Business Combinations</u>	144
<u>Control Share Acquisitions</u>	145
<u>THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT</u>	146
<u>General</u>	146
<u>Capital Contributions</u>	146
<u>Operations</u>	146
<u>Redemption Rights</u>	147
<u>Transferability of Interests</u>	147
<u>PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION</u>	149
<u>Supplemental Sales Material</u>	152
<u>LEGAL OPINIONS</u>	153
<u>EXPERTS</u>	153
<u>WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</u>	153
<u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>	F-1
<u>APPENDIX A SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT</u>	A-1
<u>APPENDIX B AMENDED AND RESTATED DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN</u>	B-1

Table of Contents

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We make statements in this prospectus that are considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are usually identified by the use of words such as will, anticipates, believes, estimates, expects, projects, plans, intends, should or similar expressions. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995 and are including this statement for purposes of complying with those safe harbor provisions. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. We have discussed in this prospectus some important risks, uncertainties and contingencies which could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the forward-looking statements we make in these documents.

We assume no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In evaluating forward-looking statements, you should consider these risks and uncertainties, together with the other risks described from time to time in our reports and documents filed with the SEC, and you should not place undue reliance on those statements.

Table of Contents

SUITABILITY STANDARDS

The shares we are offering are suitable only as a long-term investment for persons of adequate financial means. Initially, we do not expect to have a public market for the common stock, which means that it may be difficult for you to sell your shares. You should not buy these shares if you need to sell them immediately or will need to sell them quickly in the future.

Dividend Capital Advisors LLC (the Advisor or our advisor) and those selling shares on our behalf shall make every reasonable effort to determine that the purchase of common stock is a suitable and appropriate investment for each investor based on information obtained by those selling shares on our behalf concerning the investor's financial situation and investment objectives. In consideration of these factors, we have established suitability standards for initial shareholders and subsequent transferees. Those selling shares on our behalf will determine that each purchaser of common stock satisfy these standards. These suitability standards require that a purchaser of common stock have either:

A net worth of at least \$150,000; or

A gross annual income of at least \$45,000 and a net worth of at least \$45,000.

For purposes of determining suitability, net worth shall exclude the value of an investor's home, furnishings and automobiles. The minimum purchase is \$2,000 except in certain states as described below. In order to satisfy the minimum purchase requirements for retirement plans, unless otherwise prohibited by state law, a husband and wife may jointly contribute funds from their separate IRAs, provided that each such contribution is made in increments of \$100. You should note that an investment in common stock of Dividend Capital Trust will not, in itself, create a retirement plan and that, in order to create a retirement plan, you must comply with all applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code).

The minimum purchase for Maine, Minnesota, New York and North Carolina residents is \$2,500, except for IRAs and other qualified retirement plans which must purchase a minimum of \$2,000.

Purchases of common stock pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan may be in amounts less than set forth above.

Several states have established suitability standards different from those we have outlined. Shares will be sold only to investors in these states who meet the special suitability standards set forth below.

Arizona, California, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon and Tennessee Investors must have either (1) a net worth of at least \$225,000 or (2) gross annual income of \$60,000 and a net worth of at least \$60,000.

Maine Investors must have either (1) a net worth of at least \$200,000 or (2) gross annual income of \$50,000 and a net worth of at least \$50,000.

Ohio Investors must have either (1) a net worth of at least \$250,000 or (2) gross annual income of \$70,000 and a net worth of at least \$70,000.

Kansas In addition to our suitability requirements, it is recommended that investors should invest not more than 10% of their liquid net worth in our stock and securities of other REITs. Liquid net worth means the portion of net worth (total assets minus total liabilities) that is comprised of cash, cash equivalents and readily marketable securities.

Table of Contents

Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania In addition to our suitability requirements, investors must have a net worth of at least ten times their investment in Dividend Capital Trust.

In the case of sales to fiduciary accounts, these suitability standards must be met by the fiduciary account, by the person who directly or indirectly supplied the funds for the purchase of the common stock or by the beneficiary of the account. These suitability standards are intended to help ensure that, given the long-term nature of an investment in our common stock, our investment objectives and the relative illiquidity of our common stock, shares of Dividend Capital Trust are an appropriate investment for each shareholder. Each participating broker-dealer must make every reasonable effort to determine that the purchase of shares is a suitable and appropriate investment for each shareholder based on information provided by the shareholder in the Subscription Agreement. Each participating broker-dealer is required to maintain for six years records of the information used to determine that an investment in the shares is suitable and appropriate for a shareholder.

Table of Contents

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This prospectus summary summarizes information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the Risk Factors section.

Dividend Capital Trust Inc.

Dividend Capital Trust Inc. is organized as a real estate investment trust that owns, operates and develops real estate properties, consisting primarily of high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. Dividend Capital Trust was formed as a Maryland corporation on April 12, 2002. We are structured as an umbrella partnership real estate investment trust (UPREIT) under which substantially all of our current and future business is and will be conducted through our controlling interest in Dividend Capital Operating Partnership, LP (the Partnership or our operating partnership). Our office is located at 518 17th Street, Suite 1700, Denver, Colorado 80202 and our telephone number is (303) 228-2200.

The Advisor is responsible for managing our affairs on a day-to-day basis and for identifying and making investments on our behalf. Our board of directors, or our investment committee comprised of board members, must approve each property acquisition or development proposed by the Advisor, as well as certain other matters set forth in our articles of incorporation. We have seven members on our board of directors. Four of our directors are independent of the Advisor and have responsibility for reviewing the performance of the Advisor. Our directors are elected annually by the shareholders.

Recent Developments

Sale of Common Stock

Since December 2002, we have conducted four successive public offerings of our common stock on a continuous basis and raised approximately \$1.4 billion of net proceeds. On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of our fourth public offering, but we will continue to offer shares pursuant our distribution reinvestment plan.

As of March 31, 2006, approximately 149.2 million shares of common stock were issued and outstanding. The net proceeds from the sale of these securities were transferred to our operating partnership on a one-for-one basis for limited partnership units. Our operating partnership has used these proceeds to fund the acquisition or development of our properties.

Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement

Since November 26, 2003 through March 31, 2006, we have raised approximately \$228.0 million in gross proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement of tenancy-in-common interests in industrial properties, of which approximately \$50.0 million has been raised subsequent to December 31, 2005. Our operating partnership's private placement is discussed in greater detail in the Investment Objectives and Criteria Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement section of this prospectus.

Investment in Real Estate

Consistent with our investment strategy to invest in high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties, since March 31, 2006 through June 15, 2006, we have completed nine property transactions with a total estimated investment of approximately \$777.7 million and representing 103 industrial properties, including Cal TIA discussed below. As of June 15, 2006, the total estimated investment in our properties was approximately \$2.7 billion comprised of 372 industrial buildings located in 22 of our 26 target markets. (See the Recent Developments, Investment Objectives and Criteria and Real Estate Investments sections of this prospectus).

Table of Contents

Cal TIA Acquisition

On May 10, 2006, we entered into a purchase agreement to acquire a portfolio of 79 bulk distribution, light industrial and service center buildings comprising approximately 7.9 million square feet located in the following eight markets: Atlanta, Baltimore, Charlotte, Cincinnati, Dallas, Miami, Orlando and San Francisco (collectively, Cal TIA). Pursuant to the purchase agreement, on June 9, 2006, we acquired a fee interest in 78 of the 79 buildings in Cal TIA, as well as a land parcel comprising 9.2 acres located in the Orlando market, for a total estimated cost of approximately \$500.7 million (which includes an acquisition fee of \$4.9 million that is payable to our advisor), which was funded using our existing cash balances, net proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement and debt proceeds of approximately \$387.0 million. These debt proceeds consisted of borrowings from our senior unsecured revolving credit facility in the amount of \$112.0 million and the issuance of \$275.0 million of unsecured debt.

Proposed Internalization Transaction

On April 13, 2006, a special committee of our board of directors comprised of all of our independent directors was formed to review, consider, evaluate and negotiate any proposals that may be made with respect to a possible business combination transaction with our advisor in order to facilitate any future listing or quotation of our common stock. The special committee and members of the advisor's management have since been negotiating a proposed contribution agreement pursuant to which, the entire outstanding membership interest, and all economic interests, in our advisor would be contributed by Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC, our advisor's parent company, to our operating partnership.

As of the date of this prospectus, no agreement has been entered into with respect to the acquisition and there can be no guarantee that an agreement will in fact be agreed to by the parties. Even if an agreement is signed, it is currently contemplated that the closing of the advisor acquisition would be subject to a number of conditions, including the approval of the transaction by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the shares at a duly constituted meeting of our shareholders, and there could be no guarantee that an acquisition would be consummated.

Our REIT Status

We operate in a manner to qualify as a real estate investment trust (REIT) for federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ending December 31, 2003. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on taxable income that we distribute to our shareholders. Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), REITs are subject to numerous organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that they distribute at least 90% of their taxable income. If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any year, our income will be taxed at regular corporate rates, we will not be allowed a deduction for distributions to our shareholders in computing our taxable income and we may be precluded from qualifying for treatment as a REIT for the four-year period following the year of our failure to qualify. Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we may still be subject to state and local taxes on our income and property and to federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed income.

Summary Risk Factors

Following are the most significant risks relating to your investment:

We have a limited history of operations which you are able to evaluate in making a decision to purchase our common stock.

There is no current public market for the common stock and we have no obligation or immediate plans to apply for quotation or listing in any public securities market. Although we continue to evaluate and consider opportunities and transactions to establish a public market for our common stock, including internalizing our advisor to facilitate the future quotation or listing of our common stock, there can be no assurance that a public market will ever exist. It will therefore be very difficult for you to sell your shares promptly or at all.

Table of Contents

We must rely on the Advisor for the day-to-day management of our business and the identification of real estate properties which we may acquire.

The timing and availability of cash distributions to our shareholders is uncertain.

To ensure that we continue to qualify as a REIT, our articles of incorporation prohibit any person or entity from owning directly or indirectly more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of any class or series of our stock. This may discourage or prevent a third party from acquiring Dividend Capital Trust on terms that might be favorable to our shareholders.

If for any reason we fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we would be subject to tax on our income at corporate rates. That would reduce the amount of funds available for investment or distribution to our shareholders because of the additional tax liability for the years involved.

You will not have preemptive rights as a shareholder, so any common stock we issue in the future may dilute your interest in Dividend Capital Trust.

We will pay significant fees to the Advisor and its affiliates.

Real estate investments are subject to cyclical trends, which are beyond our control.

We may enter into certain transactions that could potentially impair our ability to dispose of or otherwise turn our investments into cash and could potentially subject us to additional liabilities.

Loans we have and will obtain are and may be secured by some of our properties, which will put those properties at risk of forfeiture if we are unable to repay those loans.

To the extent we invest in vacant land to be developed, such investment may create risks relating to the builder's ability to control construction costs, failure to perform or failure to build in conformity with plans, specifications and timetables.

If we have not listed our common stock on a national securities exchange or an over-the-counter market, completed a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with a combination of cash and/or securities of a publicly traded company or sold substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration by February 2013, our articles of incorporation require us to begin selling our properties and other assets and to distribute the net proceeds to our shareholders.

The Advisor will face various conflicts of interest resulting from its activities with affiliated entities. Before you invest in Dividend Capital Trust, you should read the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus.

Description of Properties

We invest in commercial real estate properties consisting primarily of high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. These facilities will generally be located in the top 26 distribution and logistics markets in the United States. Such properties include properties which are under development or construction, newly constructed or

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have been constructed and have operating histories. In addition, we have acquired, and may continue to acquire, properties with some level of vacancy at the time of closing. Please see the Real Estate Investments section of this prospectus for a more complete description of the properties we have acquired.

Estimated Use of Proceeds of Offering

Our management team intends to invest approximately 91.2% of the gross offering proceeds, assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public and 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, to acquire properties as described above. The remainder of the gross offering proceeds will be used to pay fees and expenses of this offering, which shall include sales commissions, dealer manager fees, distribution reinvestment

Table of Contents

plan servicing fees, the reimbursement of offering expenses and acquisition fees. In the aggregate, these fees total an amount of up to approximately 8.8% of gross offering proceeds, assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public and 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan.

Investment Objectives

Our investment objectives are:

To pay consistent quarterly cash distributions to our shareholders and to increase the amount of such distributions over time;

To manage risk in order to preserve, protect and return our shareholders' capital contributions; and

To ultimately list our common stock on a national securities exchange or an over-the counter market or complete a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with securities of a publicly traded company or sell substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration and to realize capital appreciation for our shareholders; if we do not complete such a transaction or obtain such listing of our common stock by February 2013, our articles of incorporation require us to begin selling our properties and other assets and distribute the net proceeds to our shareholders.

We may only change these investment objectives upon a majority vote of our shareholders. See the "Investment Objectives and Criteria" section of this prospectus for a more complete description of our business and objectives.

Conflicts of Interest

The Advisor will experience conflicts of interest in connection with the management of our business affairs, including but not limited to the following:

The managers of the Advisor will have to allocate their time between Dividend Capital Trust and other real estate projects and business activities in which they are involved;

The Advisor must determine whether any related entities should enter into joint ventures with Dividend Capital Trust for the acquisition and operation of specific properties. The terms of any joint ventures proposed by the Advisor may not be the result of arm's-length negotiations;

The Advisor will present to Dividend Capital Trust all investment opportunities which the Advisor determines are suitable for Dividend Capital Trust given our investment objectives and certain other considerations. Opportunities which the Advisor determines are not suitable for us may be pursued by affiliates of the Advisor. As a result, the Advisor may be subject to certain conflicts of interest in evaluating the suitability of investment opportunities and making recommendations to our board of directors;

The Advisor and its affiliates will receive distributions with respect to their limited partnership interests in the Partnership and fees in connection with transactions involving the purchase, management and sale of our properties regardless of the quality of the property acquired or the services provided to us; and

Dividend Capital Property Management LLC (the "Property Manager" or our property manager) may perform certain property management and leasing services with respect to the properties which we acquire and Dividend Capital Securities LLC (the "Dealer Manager" or our dealer manager) will serve as the dealer manager of any offering. The Property Manager is presently managed and

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directed by John Blumberg, James Mulvihill, Thomas Wattles and Evan Zucker, each of whom is a manager of the Advisor and each of whom, with the exception of Mr. Blumberg, is a director of Dividend Capital Trust. The Dealer Manager is owned by Dividend Capital Securities Group LLLP, in which Mark Quam and Messrs. Blumberg, Florence, Mulvihill, Wattles and Zucker and/or their affiliates indirectly own limited

Table of Contents

partnership interests and which is controlled by Mr. Quam and Charles Murray. As a result, conflicts of interest may exist with respect to certain transactions between Dividend Capital Trust and the Property Manager and the Dealer Manager. See the Management and Conflicts of Interest sections of this prospectus for a more detailed discussion of these relationships and certain conflicts of interest. The following chart shows the ownership structure of certain Dividend Capital entities that are affiliated with the Advisor. Dividend Capital Securities Group LLLP, Dividend Capital Management Group LLC, Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC and Dividend Capital Exchange Facilitators LLC (the Facilitator or our facilitator) are presently each indirectly majority owned by one or more of the following: John Blumberg, Thomas Florence, James Mulvihill, Mark Quam, Thomas Wattles, Evan Zucker and/or their affiliates. Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC has issued and may further issue, and Dividend Capital Management Group LLC has not issued as of the date of this prospectus but may in the future issue, equity interests or derivatives thereof to certain of their employees or other unaffiliated individuals, consultants or other parties. However, none of such transactions are expected to result in a change in control of these entities.

Table of Contents

The Advisor initially invested \$200,000 in the Partnership in exchange for a regular limited partner interest. Dividend Capital Trust, which serves as the general partner of the Partnership, contributed \$2,000 in exchange for 200 general partnership units of the Partnership. Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC, the parent of the Advisor, has invested \$1,000 in the Partnership and has been issued limited partnership units of the Partnership which constitute the Special Units (as defined below). Currently, except as described above, the Advisor, the Dealer Manager and the Property Manager do not have any ownership interests in Dividend Capital Trust or the Partnership.

In January 2005, in connection with our third public offering, members of our board of directors, managers of our advisor, our advisor's senior management team and/or each of their respective affiliates collectively purchased in excess of \$1.0 million of our common stock.

Prior Offering Summary

Certain managers of the Advisor, directly or indirectly through affiliated entities, have sponsored three public REITs, (i) American Real Estate Investment Corp. (known as Keystone Property Trust, NYSE:KTR) which raised approximately \$93,230,000 of equity capital (including \$10,750,000 in its initial public offering and \$82,480,000 in connection with the acquisition of real estate) from more than 130 investors and was acquired by ProLogis (NYSE:PLD) in August 2004, (ii) Dividend Capital Trust Inc., which as of March 31, 2006, had raised net proceeds of approximately \$1,400,000,000 from more than 30,000 investors and (iii) Dividend Capital Total Realty Trust Inc., which, on April 3, 2006, satisfied its minimum offering requirements of selling \$2,000,000 in shares to at least 100 independent subscribers in its initial public offering and commenced formal business operations. In addition, as of March 31, 2006, certain of these managers have sponsored 53 private real estate programs which had raised approximately \$817,000,000 of equity capital from over 650 investors. Collectively, as March 31, 2006, the public and private programs sponsored by certain managers of the Advisor, as described above, purchased interests in various real estate projects having combined acquisition and development costs of approximately \$3.2 billion. In addition, our Chairman, in his capacity as either or both Co-Chairman and Chief Investment Officer of ProLogis, participated in overseeing the growth in its asset base from its inception in 1992 to approximately \$2.5 billion in March 1997.

The Offering

We are offering up to \$1,000,000,000 in shares of our common stock. We are offering up to 72,770,273 shares to the public at \$10.50 per share, and we are also offering up to 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan through which participants will be able to acquire shares at a discounted price equal to 95% of the current offering price of our common stock, or \$9.975 per share. We reserve the right to reallocate the shares of common stock we are offering between our primary offering and our distribution reinvestment plan.

Our board of directors determined the price of our shares pursuant to this offering considering a number of factors including, but not limited to: our historic, current and anticipated dividend yields; yields provided by similar and other real estate investments; our current and anticipated operating results; the quality, size, diversity and location of properties in our portfolio; the quality and diversity of our tenant base; our existing and anticipated debt structure; and our progress in executing our investment and operating strategy. In addition, after the commencement of this offering, our board of directors may from time to time change the offering price of our common stock, and therefore the amount of shares being offered in this offering, through one or more supplements or amendments to this prospectus or post-effective amendments to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Terms of the Offering

This offering will continue until June 9, 2007 (two years after the SEC's effective date of this offering) or until all shares under this offering are sold, whichever is sooner. However, our board of directors may also

Table of Contents

terminate this offering at any time prior to such termination dates. On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of this offering. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence the primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. We will file one or more supplements or amendments to this prospectus or post-effective amendments to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part in the event that we recommence our primary offering. In addition, we will continue to offer shares of common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan. To the extent we are conducting the primary offering, we generally intend to admit shareholders to Dividend Capital Trust on a daily basis. The offering proceeds will be available for the acquisition of properties or the payment of fees and expenses as soon as we accept your Subscription Agreement.

Compensation to the Advisor

The Advisor and its affiliates will receive compensation and fees for services relating to any offering and the investment and management of our assets. In addition, Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC, the parent of the Advisor, has been issued partnership units in the Partnership constituting a separate series of limited partnership interests with special distribution rights (the Special Units). The most significant items of compensation and the terms of the Special Units are as follows:

Organizational and Offering Stage

Sales Commissions:	Up to 6.0% of gross offering proceeds (all or substantially all of which we expect will be re-allowed to participating broker-dealers).
Dealer Manager Fee:	Up to 2.0% of gross offering proceeds (up to 1% of which the Dealer Manager may re-allow to participating broker-dealers as a marketing expense reimbursement based on such factors as the volume of shares sold by such participating broker-dealers, marketing support and bona fide conference fees incurred).
Distribution Reinvestment Plan Servicing Fee:	Up to 1% of the undiscounted selling price of shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan (all or substantially all of which we expect will be re-allowed to participating broker-dealers).
Organizational and Offering Expense Reimbursement:	Up to 2.0% of aggregate gross offering proceeds. Of the approximately \$15.3 million maximum organizational and offering expense reimbursement (assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public), approximately \$12.7 million of the expenses are anticipated to be used for wholesaling activities and are therefore deemed to be additional underwriting compensation within the meaning established by the National Association of Securities Dealers. To the extent that the remaining approximately \$2.6 million of organizational and offering expenses are insufficient to cover our cost of administering this offering, such shortfall would serve to reduce the organizational and offering expenses available to provide underwriting compensation.

Acquisition and Development Stage

Acquisition and Advisory Fees: Up to 1% of the aggregate purchase price of all properties we acquire.

Operational Stage

Asset Management Fees: Up to 0.75% annually of the cost of properties acquired (before non-cash reserves and depreciation).

Table of Contents

Property Management Fees:	Up to the lesser of 3% of the gross revenues of our properties managed by the Property Manager or 0.6% of the net asset value of our properties managed by the Property Manager.
Initial Lease-Up Fee for Newly Constructed Property:	Competitive fee for geographic location of property based on a survey of brokers and agents.
Real Estate Commissions:	Up to the lesser of (1) 50% of the reasonable, customary and competitive commission paid for the sale of a comparable property or (2) 3% of the contract price of each property sold. Payment of any Real Estate Commissions is deferred until partners of the Partnership have received a return of capital plus a 7% cumulative non-compounded annual pre-tax return on their net capital contributions.
Special Units:	<p>In general, the holder of the Special Units will be entitled to receive 15% of specified distributions made after other partners of the Partnership have received, in the aggregate, cumulative distributions equal to their capital contributions plus a 7% cumulative non-compounded annual pre-tax return on their net contributions.</p> <p>More specifically, while the Special Units are outstanding, and after other partners of the Partnership have received, in the aggregate, cumulative distributions from all sources equal to their net capital contributions plus a 7% cumulative non-compounded annual pre-tax return on their contributions, the holder will receive 15% of net sales proceeds received by the Partnership on dispositions of the Partnership's assets. Special Units will be redeemed upon the earlier of the listing of our common stock or a sale or merger that results in a termination or non-renewal of the Advisory Agreement for the amount that would have been distributed with respect to the Special Units in accordance with the preceding sentence if the Partnership sold all of its assets for their then fair market values, paid all of its liabilities and distributed any remaining amounts to partners in liquidation of the Partnership.</p> <p>Except as described above, the Special Units shall not be entitled to receive any redemption or similar payment from Dividend Capital Trust or the Partnership.</p> <p>There are many conditions to and restrictions on the amount of compensation the Advisor and its affiliates may receive. There are also some smaller items of expense reimbursements that the Advisor may receive. For a more detailed explanation of these fees and expenses payable to the Advisor and its affiliates, and for a more detailed discussion of the Special Units described above, please see the Management Management Compensation section of this prospectus.</p>

Distribution Policy

Dividend Capital Trust operates in a manner to qualify as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ending December 31, 2003. In order to qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute 90% of our annual taxable income to our shareholders. We accrue and pay distributions on a quarterly basis and we will calculate our distributions based upon daily record and distribution declaration dates so investors will be entitled to earn distributions immediately upon purchasing common stock.

Table of Contents**Liquidity Event**

We presently intend to list our common stock on a national securities exchange or an over-the-counter market or complete a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with securities of a publicly traded company. We continue to evaluate and consider various transactions designed to effect such liquidity, including internalizing our advisor to facilitate the future quotation or listing of our common stock, and the optimal timing of such transactions. In the event we do not list our common stock, complete a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with a combination of cash and/or securities of a publicly-traded company or sell substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration prior to February 2013, our articles of incorporation require us to begin selling our properties and other assets and to distribute the net proceeds to our shareholders.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

You may participate in our distribution reinvestment plan pursuant to which you may have the cash distributions you receive reinvested in common stock of Dividend Capital Trust at a discount purchase price equal to the current or most recent offering price of our common stock less 5%. If you participate, you will be taxed on an amount equal to the fair market value, on the relevant distribution date, of the shares of our common stock purchased with reinvested distributions even though you will not receive the cash from those distributions. As a result, you may incur a tax liability without receiving cash to pay such liability. Our board of directors may terminate the distribution reinvestment plan in our discretion at any time upon 10 days notice to our shareholders. Following any termination of the distribution reinvestment plan, all subsequent distributions to shareholders would be made in cash. Any such termination may limit our ability to fund the share redemptions discussed below. (See Description of Securities Distribution Reinvestment Plan).

Share Redemption Program

As long as our common stock is not listed on a national securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market, shareholders of Dividend Capital Trust who have held their shares for at least one year may be able to redeem all or any portion of their shares in accordance with the procedures outlined in the prospectus relating to the shares they purchased. At that time, we may, subject to the conditions and limitations described below, redeem the shares presented for redemption for cash to the extent that we have sufficient funds available to us to fund such redemption.

The amount received from the redemption of shares issued pursuant to this prospectus will be equal to a percentage of the price actually paid for the shares, which percentage is dependent upon the number of years the shares are held, as described in the following table:

Share Purchase Anniversary	Redemption Price as a Percentage of Purchase Price*
0-1	No Redemption Allowed
1	92.5%
2	95.0%
3	97.5%
4	100.0%

* Subject to change and in no event will the redemption price exceed the then current offering price of our common shares (excluding sales from our distribution reinvestment plan).

We currently expect that our distribution reinvestment plan will be the primary source of funds used to redeem common stock. Our board of directors reserves the right to use other sources of funds to redeem common stock, to reject any request for redemption of common stock for any reason or no reason or to amend or terminate

Table of Contents

the share redemption program at any time. You will have no right to request the redemption of your shares after the common stock is listed on a national securities exchange or an over-the-counter market. (See Description of Securities Share Redemption Program).

Dividend Capital Operating Partnership

We intend to own all of our real estate properties through Dividend Capital Operating Partnership LP or its subsidiaries. We are the sole general partner of the Partnership. At March 31, 2006, we owned approximately 98% of the limited partnership units in the Partnership and the remaining limited partnership units were owned by third-party investors and our advisor. In addition, the parent of our advisor was the sole owner of the Special Units. Our ownership of properties in the Partnership allows us to acquire real estate properties in exchange for limited partnership units in the Partnership. This structure will also allow sellers of properties to transfer their properties to the Partnership in exchange for limited partnership units of the Partnership and defer recognition of taxable gain that would have been recognized if the properties had instead been sold to us. The holders of limited partnership units in the Partnership may have their units redeemed under certain circumstances. (See The Partnership Agreement).

ERISA Considerations

The section of this prospectus entitled ERISA Considerations describes the effect the purchase of common stock will have on individual retirement accounts (IRAs) and retirement plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), and/or the Code. ERISA is a federal law that regulates the operation of certain tax-advantaged retirement plans. Any retirement plan trustee or individual considering purchasing common stock for a retirement plan or an IRA should read this section of the prospectus very carefully.

Description of Securities

General

Your investment will be recorded on our books only. We will not issue stock certificates. If you wish to transfer your shares, you will be required to send an executed transfer form to us. We will provide the required form to you upon request.

Shareholder Voting Rights and Limitations

We will hold annual meetings of our shareholders for the purpose of electing our directors and conducting other business matters that may be presented at such meetings. We may also call a special meeting of shareholders from time to time for the purpose of conducting certain matters. You are entitled to one vote for each share you own at any of these meetings.

Restriction on Share Ownership

Our articles of incorporation contain a restriction on ownership of the common stock that prevents any person or entity from owning directly or indirectly more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of any class or series of our stock. (See Description of Securities Restriction on Ownership of Common Stock). These restrictions, as well as other share ownership and transfer restrictions contained in our articles of incorporation, are designed to enable us to comply with share accumulation and other restrictions imposed on REITs by the Code. For a more complete description of the common stock, including restrictions on the ownership of common stock, please see the Description of Securities section of this prospectus.

Table of Contents

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THIS OFFERING

Set forth below are some of the more frequently asked questions and answers relating to an offering of this type. Please see the Prospectus Summary and the remainder of this prospectus for more detailed information about this offering.

Q: What is a real estate investment trust?

A: In general, a real estate investment trust, or REIT, is a company that:

Offers the benefit of a diversified real estate portfolio under professional management;

Pays distributions to its shareholders of at least 90% of its taxable income for each year;

Prevents the federal double taxation treatment of income that generally results from investments in a corporation because a REIT is not generally subject to federal corporate income taxes on its taxable income, provided certain income tax requirements are satisfied; and

Combines the capital of many investors to acquire or provide financing for real estate properties.

Q: What is Dividend Capital Trust Inc.?

A: Dividend Capital Trust was formed in April 2002 as a Maryland corporation to invest in commercial real estate properties consisting primarily of high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. Our management team targets for acquisitions or development facilities generally located in what we believe are the top 26 distribution and logistics markets in the United States.

Q: Who will choose which real estate properties to invest in?

A: Dividend Capital Advisors LLC is our advisor and it makes recommendations on all property acquisitions, developments and joint ventures to our board of directors. Our board of directors may delegate to its investment committee, which is comprised of three directors, two of whom are independent directors, the ability to approve acquisitions or developments of up to \$25 million. Acquisitions or developments in excess of \$25 million must be approved by our full board of directors, including a majority of the independent directors.

Q: What is Dividend Capital Advisors?

A: The Advisor was formed as a Colorado limited liability company in April 2002 in order to provide management and advisory services to us. Certain managers of the Advisor, directly or indirectly through affiliated entities, have sponsored three public REITs, American Real Estate Investment Corp. (known as Keystone Property Trust, NYSE:KTR) which raised approximately \$93.2 million of equity capital (including \$10.8 million in its initial public offering and \$82.5 million in connection with the acquisition of real estate) from more than 130 investors and was acquired by ProLogis in August 2004, Dividend Capital Trust Inc., which as of March 31, 2006, has raised net proceeds of approximately \$1.4 billion from more than 35,000 investors and Dividend Capital Total Realty Trust Inc., which, on April 3,

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2006, satisfied its minimum offering requirements of selling \$2.0 million in shares to at least 100 independent subscribers in its initial public offering and commenced formal business operations. In addition, as of March 31, 2006, certain of these managers have sponsored 53 private real estate programs which had raised approximately \$817.0 million of equity capital from over 650 investors. Collectively, as of March 31, 2006, the public and private programs sponsored by certain managers of the Advisor, as described above, purchased interests in various real estate projects having combined acquisition and development costs of approximately \$3.2 billion. In addition, our Chairman, in his capacity as either or both Co-Chairman and Chief Investment

Table of Contents

Officer of ProLogis (NYSE:PLD), participated in overseeing the growth in its asset base from its inception in 1992 to approximately \$2.5 billion in March 1997.

Q: What is the ownership structure of Dividend Capital Trust and its affiliates?

A: The following chart shows the ownership structure of certain Dividend Capital entities that are affiliated with the Advisor. Dividend Capital Securities Group LLLP, Dividend Capital Management Group LLC and Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC are presently each indirectly majority owned by one or more of the following: John Blumberg, Thomas Florence, James Mulvihill, Mark Quam, Thomas Wattles, Evan Zucker and/or their affiliates. Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC has issued and may further issue, and Dividend Capital Management Group LLC has not issued as of the date of this prospectus but may in the future issue, equity interests or derivatives thereof to certain of their employees or other unaffiliated individuals, consultants or other parties. However, none of such transactions are expected to result in a change in control of these entities.

Table of Contents

Q: What are some of the risks and conflicts to investing in this offering?

A: We have summarized certain risks in the Risk Factors section of this prospectus, which you should review carefully. We have also described certain conflicts in the Conflicts of Interest section of this prospectus. These risks and conflicts include, but are not limited to:

We have a limited operating history;

There is no current public market for your shares and no such public market may ever develop; it may be difficult for you to sell your shares and should you choose to sell your shares it will likely be at a price which is less than your purchase price;

We rely on the Advisor and our board of directors for the selection of properties and the application of offering proceeds;

The timing and availability of cash distributions to our shareholders is uncertain;

We will be subject to the risks which are inherent in the ownership of real estate;

Failure to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes could adversely affect our operations and our ability to make distributions to shareholders;

The Advisor will be subject to conflicts of interest in the allocation of both management time and real estate opportunities among Dividend Capital Trust and other entities affiliated with the Advisor; and

We will pay the Advisor and its affiliates significant fees. Certain fees, such as those relating to property acquisitions and asset management services, will be paid regardless of the quality of the properties acquired or the services provided.

Q: What fees will Dividend Capital Trust incur?

A: We will incur various fees and expenses in our organization and offering stage, our acquisition and development stage and our operating stage. In most cases, these fees will be paid to the Advisor or its affiliates, including the Dealer Manager and our property manager. These fees, which are discussed in detail in the Management Management Compensation section of this prospectus, consist of:

- (i) Dealer manager fee payable to our dealer manager of up to 2% of gross offering proceeds;
- (ii) Sales commissions payable to our dealer manager (all or substantially all of which we expect will be re-allowed to participating broker-dealers) of up to 6% of gross offering proceeds;
- (iii) One-time servicing fee payable to our dealer manager (all or substantially all of which we expect will be re-allowed to participating broker-dealers) of up to 1% of the undiscounted selling price of the shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan;

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- (iv) Reimbursement to the Advisor or its affiliates for organization and offering expenses of up to 2% of aggregate gross offering proceeds;
- (v) Acquisition fees payable to the Advisor or its affiliates which may represent up to 1% of the aggregate purchase price of properties we acquire;
- (vi) Asset management fee payable to the Advisor of up to 0.75% annually of the cost of properties acquired (before non-cash reserves and depreciation);
- (vii) Property management and leasing fees payable to our property manager which may equal up to 3% of the gross revenues of each property per annum;
- (viii) Initial lease-up fees for newly constructed properties;
- (ix) Real estate commissions payable to the Advisor or its affiliates on property sales of up to 50% of the brokerage commission paid, provided that 50% of such commission shall not exceed 3% of the contract price of the property sold; and

Table of Contents

- (x) Distributions made to an affiliate of the Advisor with respect to the Special Units (as defined in the Prospectus Summary section of this prospectus). In general, the holder of the Special Units will be entitled to receive 15% of specified distributions after other partners have received, in the aggregate, cumulative distributions equal to their capital contributions plus a 7% cumulative non-compounded annual pre-tax return on their net contributions.

Q: Will our advisor use any specific criteria when selecting a potential property acquisition?

A: Yes. The Advisor will generally seek to invest in properties that satisfy four primary objectives: (1) providing consistent quarterly distributions to our shareholders with the potential to increase the amount of the distribution over time; (2) protecting our shareholders capital contributions; (3) exhibiting potential to realize capital appreciation upon the ultimate sale of our properties or the occurrence of a liquidity event; and (4) having a high degree of liquidity, relative to other real estate assets, due to their attractiveness to the institutional market.

The Advisor's management team plans to accomplish these objectives by acquiring primarily high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. These facilities will generally be located in the top 26 distribution and logistics markets in the United States. Such properties may include properties which are under development or construction, newly constructed or have been constructed and have operating histories. The Advisor's management team will on a limited basis also develop properties directly or in joint ventures with third party developers. In general, national, regional and local companies utilize the space in these building types to store and ship product to their customers. In some cases, the buildings can be used for light manufacturing or assembly. The Advisor intends to generally focus on properties that have been leased or pre-leased on a net basis to one or more creditworthy corporate customers, although some of the properties we purchase may have some vacancy to be filled after closing.

Q: Why do you plan on focusing your investments on industrial properties?

A: We believe that ownership of industrial properties may have certain potential advantages relative to ownership of other classes of real estate. We believe that industrial customers tend to be more stable than customers of residential or office properties, resulting in greater revenue stability. Because industrial properties are typically leased on a net basis, the owner has limited management responsibilities. We believe that the costs of capital improvements are also generally lower for industrial properties. We also believe that many industrial properties have a shorter development period than other real estate classes, allowing owners to respond more quickly to changes in demand.

Although our management team also believes that there may be certain advantages to investing in industrial properties, by focusing on industrial properties we will not have the advantage of a portfolio of properties that is diversified across different property types. As a result, we will be exposed to risks or trends that have a greater impact on the market for industrial properties. These risks or trends may include the movement of manufacturing facilities to foreign markets which have lower labor or production costs, transportation or distribution trends which may change user demand for distribution space on a national or regional basis, including our target markets and other economic trends or events which would cause industrial properties to under-perform other property types.

Q: Why may you acquire certain properties in joint ventures?

A: We may acquire some of our properties in joint ventures, some of which may be entered into with affiliates of the Advisor. Joint ventures may allow us to acquire an interest in a property without requiring that we fund the entire purchase price. In addition, certain properties may be available to us only through joint ventures. As a result, joint ventures may allow us to diversify our portfolio of properties in terms of geographic region, property type and industry group of our customers. We may also enter into joint ventures

Table of Contents

with developers to construct new properties or into ventures that include acquisition rights on current or future properties to be built or leased or both. Depending upon the circumstance, the joint ventures may have a debt and/or an equity component.

Q: What steps do you intend to take to make sure you purchase environmentally compliant property?

A: We intend to obtain a new Phase I environmental assessment of each property purchased which, in addition to our internal review, is also reviewed by our environmental legal counsel. In addition, we generally intend to obtain a representation from the seller that, to its knowledge, the property is not contaminated with hazardous materials. Although these steps may reduce certain environmental risks, Dividend Capital Trust may nevertheless be liable for the costs related to removal or redemption of hazardous materials found on any properties we acquire.

Q: What are the proposed terms of the leases you expect to enter into?

A: The Advisor's management team will seek primarily to enter into net leases, the majority of which we expect will have five to seven year original lease terms, and many of which will have renewal options for additional periods. Net means that the customer is responsible for repairs, maintenance, property taxes, utilities, insurance and other operating costs. We expect that the majority of our leases will provide that we, as landlord, have responsibility for certain capital repairs or replacement of specific structural components of a property such as the roof of the building, the truck court and parking areas, as well as the interior floor or slab of the building.

Q: How will Dividend Capital Trust own its real estate properties?

A: We expect to own all of our real estate properties through an operating partnership called Dividend Capital Operating Partnership LP or subsidiaries of our operating partnership. Our operating partnership has been organized to own and lease real properties on our behalf. Dividend Capital Trust is the sole general partner of our operating partnership and, at March 31, 2006, we owned approximately 98% of the limited partnership units in our operating partnership and the remaining limited partnership units were owned by third-party investors and our advisor. In addition, the parent of our advisor was the sole owner of the Special Units. Dividend Capital Trust has and will continue to contribute net offering proceeds to our operating partnership in return for limited partnership interests. Our operating partnership will use these proceeds to acquire real estate properties. In addition, fractional interests in certain of our properties are held in a taxable REIT subsidiary, and may continue to be held in one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries that are wholly owned by our operating partnership. We intend to utilize the taxable REIT subsidiary, or additional taxable REIT subsidiaries, in certain transactions to potentially facilitate the sale of interests in our limited partnership.

Q: What is an UPREIT ?

A: UPREIT stands for Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust . An UPREIT is a REIT that holds all or substantially all of its properties through a partnership in which the REIT holds an interest. We use this structure because a sale of property directly to the REIT is generally a taxable transaction to the selling property owner. In an UPREIT structure, a seller of a property who desires to defer taxable gain on the sale of his property may transfer the property to the partnership in exchange for limited partnership units in the operating partnership and defer taxation of gain until the seller later sells the partnership units or redeems his partnership units normally on a one-for-one basis for REIT common stock. If the REIT common stock is publicly traded, the former property owner will achieve liquidity for his investment. Using an UPREIT structure gives us an advantage in acquiring desired properties from persons who may not otherwise sell their properties because of unfavorable tax results.

Table of Contents

Q: If I buy common stock, will I receive distributions and how often?

A: We intend to pay distributions on a quarterly basis to our shareholders. The amount of each distribution is determined by the board of directors and typically depends on the amount of distributable funds, current and projected cash requirements, tax considerations and other factors. Certain portions of distributions paid to our shareholders have previously included amounts in excess of our earnings and profits. It is likely that certain portions of future distributions, if any, that may be paid to our shareholders will include amounts in excess of our earnings and profits. Any such amounts would likely be paid out of cash flow from operations and, if necessary, borrowed funds. In order to qualify as a REIT, we must make distributions of at least 90% of our taxable income for each year. Please see the question in this section entitled "Will the distributions I receive be taxable as ordinary income?"

Q: How do you calculate the payment of distributions to shareholders?

A: We will calculate our quarterly distribution using daily record and declaration dates so your distributions will begin to accrue immediately upon becoming a shareholder.

Q: May I reinvest the distributions I may receive in common stock of Dividend Capital Trust?

A: Yes. You may participate in our distribution reinvestment plan by checking the appropriate box on the Subscription Agreement (see Appendix A of this prospectus) or by filling out an enrollment form we will provide to you upon your request. The \$1,000,000,000 maximum gross offering proceeds of this offering include up to 23,650,339 shares of common stock which will be sold under the distribution reinvestment plan at a discounted price equal to the current offering price per share less a 5% discount on the applicable distribution date. (See "Description of Securities" "Distribution Reinvestment Plan").

Q: Will the distributions I receive be taxable as ordinary income?

A: Yes and No. Generally, distributions that you receive, including distributions that are reinvested pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, will be taxed as ordinary income at the recipient's individual tax rate to the extent they are from current or accumulated earnings and profits. Although recently enacted tax legislation generally reduces the maximum tax rate for distributions payable by corporations to individuals to 15% through 2010, distributions payable by REITs generally continue to be taxed at the normal ordinary income rates applicable to the individual recipient, rather than the 15% preferential rate. We expect that some portion of your distributions may not be subject to tax in the year received due to the fact that depreciation expenses reduce earnings and profits but do not reduce cash available for distribution. Amounts distributed to you in excess of our earnings and profits will reduce the tax basis of your investment and distributions in excess of tax basis will be taxable as an amount realized from a deemed sale of your shares of our common stock. This, in effect, would defer a portion of your taxes until your investment is sold or our assets are liquidated and the net proceeds are distributed to our shareholders, at which time you may be taxed at capital gains rates. However, because each shareholder's tax considerations are different, you are urged to consult with your tax advisor. You should also review the section of this prospectus entitled "Federal Income Tax Considerations."

Q: What will you do with the capital raised in this offering?

A: Our management team will use the net offering proceeds to invest in commercial real estate consisting primarily of high quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties that are net leased to creditworthy corporate customers. Our management team intends to invest approximately 91.2% of the gross offering proceeds, assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public and 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, to acquire such properties. The remainder of the gross offering proceeds will be used to pay fees and expenses of this offering, which shall include sales commissions, dealer manager

Table of Contents

fees, distribution reinvestment plan servicing fees, reimbursement of offering expenses and acquisition fees in an aggregate amount of up to approximately 8.8% of gross offering proceeds, assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public and 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan.

Q: How will the payment of fees and expenses affect my invested capital?

A: The payment of fees and expenses will reduce the funds available for investment in real estate. The payment of fees and expenses will also reduce the book value of your shares. Until we invest the proceeds of any offering in real estate, we may invest in short-term, highly liquid investments including but not limited to government obligations, bank certificates of deposit, short-term debt obligations, interest bearing accounts and preferred securities of other REITs. These short-term investments may earn a lower return than we expect to earn on our real estate investments, and we cannot guarantee how long it will take to fully invest the proceeds in real estate.

Q: What kind of offering is this?

A: We are offering up to \$1,000,000,000 in shares of our common stock. We are offering up to 72,770,273 shares to the public at \$10.50 per share and the Dealer Manager will act as an underwriter and dealer manager of this offering on a best efforts basis. We are also offering up to 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan through which participants will be able to acquire shares at a discounted price equal to 95% of the current offering price of our common stock, or \$9.975 per share. We reserve the right to reallocate the shares of common stock we are offering between our primary offering and our distribution reinvestment plan.

Q: How does a best efforts offering work?

A: When common stock is offered to the public on a best efforts basis, the broker-dealers participating in the offering are only required to use their best efforts to sell the common stock. Broker-dealers do not have a firm commitment or obligation to purchase any common stock.

Q: How long will this offering last?

A: This offering will continue until June 9, 2007 (two years after the SEC's effective date of this offering or until we sell all shares under this offering, whichever is sooner). However, our board of directors may also terminate this offering at any time prior to such termination dates. On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of this offering. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence the primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. We will file one or more supplements or amendments to this prospectus or post-effective amendments to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part in the event that we recommence our primary offering. In addition, we will continue to offer shares of common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan.

Q: Who can buy our common stock?

A: You can buy our common stock pursuant to this prospectus provided that you have either (1) a net worth of at least \$45,000 and an annual gross income of at least \$45,000, or (2) a net worth of at least \$150,000. For this purpose, net worth does not include your home, home furnishings and personal automobiles. These minimum levels may be higher in certain states, so you should carefully read the more detailed description in the Suitability Standards section of this prospectus.

Q: May persons affiliated with Dividend Capital Trust purchase common stock in this offering?

A: Yes. Our officers and directors and their immediate families, as well as officers and employees of the Advisor or other affiliated entities and their immediate families, may purchase common stock at a price of \$9.66 per share (based on an offering price of \$10.50 per share). The reduced offering price reflects the

Table of Contents

elimination of the sales commission and the dealer manager fee that would otherwise be paid on each share. Notwithstanding this reduced sale price, the net proceeds received by Dividend Capital Trust will be the same on all common stock sold in the offering. In January 2005, in connection with our third public offering, members of our board of directors, managers of our advisor, our advisor's senior management team and/or each of their respective affiliates collectively purchased in excess of \$1.0 million of our common stock.

Q: Is there any minimum investment required?

A: Yes. Generally, you must invest at least \$2,000. This minimum investment level may be higher in certain states, so you should carefully read the more detailed description of the minimum investment requirements appearing in the "Suitability Standards" section of this prospectus.

Q: How do I subscribe for common stock?

A: If you choose to purchase common stock in this offering, you will need to complete a Subscription Agreement in the form attached to this prospectus as Appendix A for a specific number of shares. You must pay for the common stock at the time you subscribe. Offering proceeds will be released to us on an ongoing basis at the time we accept each Subscription Agreement.

Q: If I buy common stock in this offering, how may I later sell it?

A: At the time you purchase common stock, it will not be listed for trading on any national securities exchange or over-the-counter market. We may never list our common stock. However, we continue to evaluate and consider various transactions designed to effect such liquidity, including internalizing our advisor to facilitate the future quotation or listing of our common stock, and the optimal timing of such transactions based on a number of factors, such as the public market for REITs generally, the amount of capital we have been able to raise and the economic performance of the properties we have acquired.

As discussed in the following paragraph, the absence of a public market may continue for an extended period of time after the date of this prospectus. As a result, you may find it difficult to find a buyer for your shares and realize a return on your investment. Subject to certain resale restrictions, you may sell your shares to any buyer unless such sale would cause any person or entity to directly or indirectly own more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of any class or series of our stock or would violate the other restrictions imposed by our articles of incorporation on ownership and transfers of our common stock. (See "Description of Securities" "Restriction on Ownership of Common Stock").

In addition, after you have held your shares for at least one year, you may be able to redeem all or a portion of your shares pursuant to our share redemption program as outlined in the prospectus (See "Description of Securities" "Share Redemption Program"). If we have not listed the common stock on a national securities exchange or an over-the-counter market, completed a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with a combination of cash and/or securities of a publicly traded company or sold substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration by February 2013, our articles of incorporation require us to begin selling our properties and other assets and to distribute the net proceeds to our shareholders.

Q: What is the experience of your officers and directors?

A: The key members of our management team are James R. Mulvihill, Thomas G. Wattles and Evan H. Zucker, each of whom is a director of Dividend Capital Trust as well as a manager of the Advisor. From 1989 through March 31, 2006, Messrs. Mulvihill and Zucker have, along with other affiliates, overseen directly, or indirectly through affiliated entities, the acquisition, development, financing and sale of approximately various real estate projects with an aggregate value in excess of approximately \$3.2 billion.

Table of Contents

See the Management Directors and Executive Officers section of this prospectus for a more detailed description of the background and experience of each of our officers and directors. In addition, Mr. Wattles, in his capacity as either or both Co-Chairman and Chief Investment Officer of ProLogis, participated in overseeing the growth in its asset base from its inception in 1992 to approximately \$2.5 billion in 1997.

Q: Will I be notified of how my investment is doing?

A: Each year we will provide our shareholders with an annual report providing financial information about us. In addition, we will provide periodic updates on our performance in conjunction with our filings with the SEC including three quarterly filings and an annual filing. Additionally, we will provide periodic press releases describing significant developments, current period performance and current period earnings. We will provide these reports and press releases on our website at <http://65.38.191.77/dividendcapital/trust/>. (See Where You Can Find Additional Information).

Q: When will I get my detailed tax information?

A: We intend to mail your Form 1099 tax information by January 31st of each year.

Q: Who can help answer my questions?

A: If you have more questions about the offering or if you would like additional copies of this prospectus, you should contact your registered representative or contact:

Charles Murray, President

Dividend Capital Securities LLC

518 17th Street, 12th Floor

Denver, Colorado 80202

Telephone: (303) 228-2200

Fax: (303) 228-2201

Table of Contents

RISK FACTORS

Your purchase of common stock involves a number of risks. In addition to other risks discussed in this prospectus, you should specifically consider the following:

INVESTMENT RISKS

We have a limited operating history.

Dividend Capital Trust was formed as a Maryland corporation on April 12, 2002 in order to own, operate and develop industrial real estate properties. We have a limited history of operations which you are able to evaluate in making a decision to purchase our common stock.

There is no current public trading market for your shares.

There is no current public market for the common stock and we have no obligation or immediate plans to apply for quotation or listing in any public securities market. Although we continue to evaluate and consider opportunities and transactions to establish a public market for our common stock, including internalizing our advisor to facilitate the future quotation or listing of our common stock, there can be no assurance that a public market will ever exist. It will therefore be very difficult for you to sell your shares promptly or at all. Even if you are able to sell your shares, the absence of a public market may cause the price received for any common stock sold to be less than the proportionate value of the real estate we own or less than the price you paid. Therefore, you should purchase the common stock only as a long-term investment. (See the Description of Securities Share Redemption Program section of this prospectus).

We currently do not have research analysts reviewing the performance of our company.

We do not have research analysts reviewing the performance of our company or our securities on an ongoing basis. Therefore, we do not have an independent review of our performance and value of our common stock relative to publicly traded companies.

We currently utilize the Advisor for selection of properties and we rely on our board of directors for ultimate approval of the investment of offering proceeds.

Our ability to pay distributions and achieve our other investment objectives is partially dependent upon the performance of the Advisor in the acquisition of real estate properties, the operation of such properties and the determination of any financing arrangements. Our board of directors, which must approve all property acquisitions, will have broad discretion to monitor the performance of the Advisor as well as to determine the manner in which the net offering proceeds are invested. Our board of directors may delegate to our investment committee, which is comprised of three directors, two of whom are independent directors, the authority to approve individual property acquisitions or developments of up to \$25 million. All acquisitions or developments in excess of \$25 million must be approved by our board of directors, including a majority of the independent directors. As a result, you must rely on the Advisor to identify properties and propose transactions and on the board of directors to oversee and approve such transactions. (See Management).

Distributions payable by REITs do not qualify for the reduced tax rates that apply to other corporate distributions.

Tax legislation enacted in 2003 generally reduces the maximum tax rate for distributions payable by corporations to individuals to 15% through 2010. Distributions payable by REITs, however, generally continue to be taxed at the normal rate applicable to the individual recipient, rather than the 15% preferential rate. Although this legislation does not adversely affect the taxation of REITs or distributions paid by REITs, the more favorable

Table of Contents

rates applicable to regular corporate distributions could cause investors who are individuals to perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less attractive than investments in the stocks of non-REIT corporations that pay distributions, which could adversely affect the value of the stock of REITs, including our common stock. (See [Federal Income Tax Considerations](#) [Taxation of Taxable U.S. Shareholders](#) [Distributions Generally](#)).

We depend on key personnel.

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of certain key personnel, including but not limited to John A. Blumberg, James D. Cochran, Thomas I. Florence, Daryl H. Mechem, James R. Mulvihill, Matthew T. Murphy, Thomas G. Wattles, and Evan H. Zucker, each of whom would be difficult to replace. We do not have employment agreements with any of our key personnel, and we currently do not have key man life insurance on any person. If any of our key personnel were to cease employment with us, our operating results could suffer. We also believe that our future success depends, in large part, upon our ability to hire and retain highly skilled managerial, operational and marketing personnel. Competition for such personnel is intense, and we cannot assure you that we will be successful in attracting and retaining such skilled personnel. (See [Management](#)).

The Advisor will face conflicts of interest relating to time management.

The Advisor is currently pursuing other business opportunities with third parties. Managers of the Advisor are currently engaged in other real estate activities, including acquisition and development of commercial and residential real estate in the United States and Mexico. We are not able to estimate the amount of time that the managers of the Advisor will devote to our business. As a result, the managers of the Advisor may have conflicts of interest in allocating their time between our business and these other activities. During times of intense activity in other programs and ventures, the time they devote to our business may decline and be less than we would require. We expect that as our real estate activities expand, the Advisor may attempt to hire additional employees who would devote substantially all of their time to the business of Dividend Capital Trust and its affiliates. However, there can be no assurance that the Advisor will devote adequate time to our business activities. (See [Conflicts of Interest](#)).

The Advisor may face conflicts of interest relating to the purchase and leasing of properties.

We may buy properties at the same time as other entities that are affiliated with the Advisor are buying properties. There is a risk that the Advisor will choose a property that provides lower returns to us than a property purchased by another entity affiliated with the Advisor. We may acquire properties in geographic areas where other affiliates of the Advisor own properties. If one of the entities affiliated with the Advisor attracts a customer that we are competing for, we could suffer a loss of revenue due to delays in locating another suitable customer. (See [Conflicts of Interest](#) [Competition](#)).

The Advisor will face conflicts of interest relating to joint ventures with affiliates.

We may enter into joint ventures with third parties, including entities that are affiliated with the Advisor, such as Dividend Capital Total Realty Trust Inc. and a related fund comprised generally of high net worth investors with similar investment objectives, for the acquisition, development and improvement of properties. We may also purchase and develop properties directly or in joint ventures or partnerships, co-tenancies or other co-ownership arrangements with the sellers of the properties, affiliates of the sellers, developers or other persons. Such investments may involve risks not otherwise present with a direct investment in real estate, including, for example:

The possibility that our venture partner, co-tenant or partner in an investment might become bankrupt;

That such venture partner, co-tenant or partner may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are or which become inconsistent with our business interests or goals; or

That such venture partner, co-tenant or partner may be in a position to take action contrary to our instructions or requests or contrary to our policies or objectives.

Table of Contents

Actions by such a venture partner or co-tenant might have the result of subjecting the property to liabilities in excess of those contemplated and may have the effect of reducing your returns.

Under certain joint venture arrangements, neither venture partner may have the power to control the venture, and an impasse could be reached, which might have a negative influence on the joint venture and decrease potential returns to you. In the event that a venture partner has a right of first refusal to buy out the other partner, it may be unable to finance such buy-out at that time. It may also be difficult for us to sell our interest in any such joint venture or partnership or as a co-tenant in property. In addition, to the extent that our venture partner or co-tenant is an affiliate of the Advisor, certain conflicts of interest will exist. (See [Conflicts of Interest](#) [Joint Ventures with Affiliates of the Advisor](#)).

The Dealer Manager has participated in a limited number of securities offerings.

The Dealer Manager was formed in December 2001 and has participated in a limited number of securities offerings which include our public offerings as well as the public offerings of affiliates of Dividend Capital Trust, including Dividend Capital Realty Income Fund, Dividend Capital Realty Income Allocation Fund and Dividend Capital Total Realty Trust Inc. The Dealer Manager has entered into agreements with broker-dealers pursuant to which those firms will sell our common stock in this offering. Should the Dealer Manager be unable to maintain agreements with a significant group of broker-dealers, then we may be unable to sell a significant number of shares. If we do not sell a significant number of shares then we will likely acquire a limited number of properties and will not achieve significant diversification of our property holdings. Because the Dealer Manager has limited experience in prior offerings, it may be difficult to evaluate its ability to manage this offering.

A limit on the number of shares a person may own may discourage a takeover or business combination.

Our articles of incorporation restrict direct or indirect ownership by one person or entity to no more than 9.8% of the outstanding shares of any class or series of our stock. This restriction may discourage a change of control of Dividend Capital Trust and may deter individuals or entities from making tender offers for common stock on terms that might be financially attractive to shareholders or which may cause a change in our management. This ownership restriction may also prohibit business combinations that would have otherwise been approved by our board of directors and shareholders. (See [Description of Securities](#) [Restriction on Ownership of Common Stock](#)).

You are limited in your ability to sell your shares pursuant to our share redemption program.

Our share redemption program may provide you with a limited opportunity to redeem your shares after you have held them for a period of one year. However, our board of directors reserves the right to suspend or terminate the share redemption program at any time. In addition, our share redemption program contains certain restrictions and limitations. Common stock may be redeemed quarterly on a pro rata basis. Subject to funds being available, the number of shares redeemed during any calendar year will be limited to the lesser of (1) three percent (3%) of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year, and (2) the number of shares we can redeem with the proceeds we receive from the sale of common stock under our distribution reinvestment plan. Therefore, in making a decision to purchase our common stock, you should not assume that you will be able to sell any of your shares back to us pursuant to our share redemption program. (See [Description of Securities](#) [Share Redemption Program](#)).

We did not establish the offering price of our common stock based on an appraised value of our properties.

We have not obtained an appraisal of our properties in connection with this offering. Our board of directors determined the selling price of the common stock; however, such price may bear no relationship to property appraisals or to any established criteria for valuing our issued or outstanding common stock. Our board of directors determined the price of our shares pursuant to this offering considering a number of factors including,

Table of Contents

but not limited to: our historic, current and anticipated dividend yields; yields provided by similar and other real estate investments; our current and anticipated operating results; the quality, size, diversity and location of properties in our portfolio; the quality and diversity of our tenant base; our existing and anticipated debt structure; and our progress in executing our investment and operating strategy.

If we have not listed our stock for public trading or created an alternative liquidity event for our shareholders by February 2013, then we will take steps to liquidate our assets.

If we have not listed our common stock on a national securities exchange or an over-the-counter market, completed a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with a combination of cash and/or securities of a publicly traded company or sold substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration by February 2013, our articles of incorporation require us to begin selling our properties and other assets and to distribute the net proceeds to our shareholders. Various economic and political conditions existing at the time we liquidate our assets may adversely affect our ability to sell assets at favorable prices. As a result, there can be no assurance that we would be able to sell our assets at prices which are consistent with our estimate of the fair market value of our properties or that would provide our stockholders with any particular return. (See Questions and Answers About this Offering If I buy common stock in this offering, how may I later sell it?).

Your interest in Dividend Capital Trust may be diluted if we issue additional common stock.

Our shareholders do not have preemptive rights to any common stock issued by Dividend Capital Trust in the future. Therefore, in the event that we (1) sell common stock in the future, including those issued pursuant to the distribution reinvestment plan, (2) sell securities that are convertible into common stock, (3) issue common stock in a private offering to institutional investors, (4) issue shares of common stock upon the exercise of the options granted to our independent directors or employees of the Advisor and our property manager or warrants issued or that may be issued to our dealer manager or to participating broker-dealers, or (5) issue common stock to sellers of properties acquired by us in connection with an exchange of limited partnership interests in our operating partnership or one of its subsidiaries, existing shareholders and investors purchasing shares in this offering will experience dilution of their percentage ownership in Dividend Capital Trust. Depending on the terms of such transactions, most notably the offer price per share, which may be less than the price paid per share in this offering, and the value of our properties, existing shareholders might also experience a dilution in the book value per share of their investment in Dividend Capital Trust. (See Description of Securities).

Payment of fees to the Advisor and its affiliates will reduce cash available for investment and distribution.

The Advisor and its affiliates will perform services for us in connection with the offer and sale of the common stock, the selection, acquisition and disposition of our properties, and the management and leasing of our properties. They will be paid substantial fees for these services, which will reduce the amount of cash available for investment in properties and distribution to shareholders. We estimate that approximately 8.8% of gross offering proceeds, assuming we sell 72,770,273 shares to the public and 23,650,339 shares pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, will be paid to the Advisor, its affiliates and third parties for up-front fees and expenses associated with the offer and sale of our common stock. (See Management Management Compensation).

The availability and timing of cash distributions is uncertain.

We expect to pay quarterly distributions to our shareholders. However, we bear all expenses incurred by our operations, which are deducted from cash funds generated by operations prior to computing the amount of cash distributions to be distributed to our shareholders. In addition, our board of directors, in its discretion, may retain any portion of such funds for working capital. We cannot assure you that sufficient cash will be available to pay distributions to you.

Table of Contents

We are uncertain of our sources for funding our future capital needs.

Substantially all of the gross offering proceeds will be used for investment in properties and for payment of various fees and expenses. (See the Estimated Use of Proceeds section of this prospectus). In addition, we do not anticipate that we will maintain any permanent working capital reserves. Accordingly, in the event that we develop a need for additional capital in the future for the improvement of our properties or for any other reason, we cannot assure you that such funding will be available to us.

Our properties are concentrated predominantly in the industrial real estate sector.

Our properties are concentrated predominantly in the industrial real estate sector. As a result of this concentration, we may be adversely affected by changes to the following factors within the industrial real estate sector: (i) economic climate; (ii) local conditions, such as oversupply or a reduction in the demand for industrial space; (iii) competition from other properties; (iv) increased operating costs; and (v) our ability to provide adequate maintenance and insurance.

If we are unable to find suitable investments, we may not be able to achieve our investment objectives or pay distributions.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives, including the payment of distributions, depends upon the performance of the Advisor in the acquisition of our investments and the determination of any financing arrangements and upon the performance of our operating professionals and to maintain our customer base, maintain strong occupancies and negotiate favorable leasing arrangements. Except for the investments described in our previous filings, you will have no opportunity to evaluate the terms of transactions or other economic or financial data concerning our investments. You must rely entirely on the management abilities of the Advisor, the property managers the Advisor selects and the oversight by our board of directors. We cannot be sure that the Advisor will be successful in obtaining suitable investments on financially attractive terms or that, if the Advisor makes investments on our behalf, our objectives will be achieved. The more capital we raise in this offering or any future offerings, the greater will be our challenge to invest all of the net offering proceeds on attractive terms. Therefore, the large size of this offering increases the risk that we may pay too much for real estate acquisitions. If we, through the Advisor, are unable to find suitable investments promptly, we will hold the proceeds from any offering in an interest-bearing account or invest the proceeds in short-term, investment-grade investments (which are not likely to earn as high a return as we expect to earn on our real estate investments) and may, ultimately, liquidate. In such an event, our ability to pay distributions to our shareholders would be adversely affected. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Acquisition and Investment Policies).

We may have difficulty funding our distributions with funds provided by our operations.

As a growing company, to date we have funded our quarterly distributions to investors with funds from operations and, to a lesser extent, with borrowings under our credit facility and other borrowings. Our long-term corporate strategy is to fund the payment of quarterly distributions to our shareholders entirely from funds from our operations. However, if we are unsuccessful in deploying the offering proceeds we raise on an effective and efficient basis, we may continue to fund our quarterly distributions to investors from a combination of funds from operations and financing proceeds. In the event we are unable to consistently fund future quarterly distributions to investors entirely from our funds from operations, the value of your shares upon the possible listing of our stock, the sale of our assets or any other liquidity event may be negatively impacted.

Our articles of incorporation permit our board of directors to issue stock with terms that may subordinate the rights of our common stockholders or discourage a third party from acquiring us in a manner that could result in a premium price to our shareholders.

Our board of directors may classify or reclassify any unissued common stock or preferred stock and establish the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to cash

Table of Contents

distributions and other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption of any such stock. Thus, our board of directors could authorize the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions that could have priority as to distributions and amounts payable upon liquidation over the rights of the holders of our common stock. Such preferred stock could also have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might otherwise provide a premium price to holders of our common stock. (See Description of Securities Preferred Stock).

Our board of directors has broad control over our operations and you will have limited control over changes in our policies and operations.

Our board of directors determines our major policies, including our policies regarding financing, growth, debt capitalization, REIT qualification, distributions, acquisitions of properties and acquisitions of businesses (including the business of our advisor or property manager). Our board of directors may amend or revise these and other policies without a vote of the shareholders. Under the Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation, our shareholders have a right to vote only on limited matters. Our board's broad discretion in setting policies and our shareholders' inability to exert control over those policies increases the uncertainty and risks you face as a shareholder. (See Management General).

Adverse economic and geopolitical conditions could negatively affect our returns and profitability.

Among others, the following market and economic challenges may adversely affect our operating results:

poor economic times may result in customer defaults under our leases and reduced demand for industrial space;

overbuilding industrial space may increase vacancies;

maintaining occupancy levels may require increased concessions, tenant improvement expenditures or reduced rental rates; and

increased insurance premiums may reduce funds available for distribution or, to the extent we can pass such increases through to customers, may lead to customer defaults. Increased insurance premiums also may make it difficult to increase rents to customers on turnover, which may adversely affect our ability to increase our returns.

Our operations could be negatively affected to the extent that an economic downturn is prolonged or becomes more severe.

Actions of our joint venture partners could negatively impact our performance.

We are likely to enter into additional joint ventures with third parties to acquire, develop or improve properties. We may also purchase and develop properties directly or in joint ventures or through partnerships, co-tenancies or other co-ownership arrangements. Such investments may involve risks not otherwise present with other methods of investment in real estate, including, but not limited to:

the possibility that our co-venturer, co-tenant or partner in an investment might become bankrupt;

that such co-venturer, co-tenant or partner may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are or which become inconsistent with our business interests or goals; or

that such co-venturer, co-tenant or partner may be in a position to take action contrary to our instructions or requests or contrary to our policies or objectives.

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Any of the above might subject a property to liabilities in excess of those contemplated and thus reduce your returns. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Joint Venture Investments).

Table of Contents

Increases in interest rates could increase the amount of our debt payments and adversely affect our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

We have incurred indebtedness and expect that we will incur additional indebtedness in the future. Interest we pay reduces our cash available for distributions. Additionally, since we have incurred and may continue to incur variable rate debt, increases in interest rates would increase our interest costs, which reduces our cash flows and our ability to make distributions to you. In addition, if we need to repay existing debt during periods of rising interest rates, we could be required to liquidate one or more of our investments in properties at times which may not permit realization of the maximum return on such investments. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Borrowing Policies and Related Indebtedness).

Our hedging strategies may not be successful in mitigating our risks associated with interest rates.

We use various derivative financial instruments to provide a level of protection against interest rate risks, but no hedging strategy can protect us completely. We cannot assure you that our use of derivatives will offset the risks related to changes in interest rates. In addition, the nature and timing of hedging transactions may influence the effectiveness of our hedging strategies. Poorly designed strategies or improperly executed transactions could actually increase our risk and losses. In addition, hedging strategies involve transaction and other costs. We cannot assure you that our hedging strategy and the derivatives that we use will adequately offset the risk of interest rate volatility or that our hedging transactions will not result in losses.

Our derivative financial instruments used to hedge against interest rate fluctuations could reduce the overall returns on your investment.

We have and may continue to use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates on loans secured by our properties. These instruments involve risk, such as the risk that counterparties may fail to perform under the terms of the derivative contract or that such arrangements may not be effective in reducing our exposure to interest rate changes. In addition, the possible use of such instruments may reduce the overall return on our investments. These instruments may also generate income that may not be treated as qualifying REIT income for purposes of the 75% or 95% REIT income tests.

The Advisor may have conflicting fiduciary obligations if we acquire properties with its affiliates.

The Advisor may cause us to acquire an interest in a property through a joint venture with its affiliates. In these circumstances, the Advisor will have a fiduciary duty to both us and its affiliates participating in the joint venture. The resolution of this conflict of interest may cause the Advisor to sacrifice our best interest in favor of the seller of the property and therefore, we may enter into a transaction that is not in our best interest. The resolution of this conflict of interest may negatively impact our financial performance. (See Conflicts of Interest).

The fees we pay in connection with this offering were not determined on an arm's-length basis and therefore may not be on the same terms we could achieve from a third-party.

The compensation paid to the Advisor, Dealer Manager and other affiliates for services they provide us was not determined on an arm's-length basis. All agreements, contracts or arrangements with our affiliates were not negotiated at arm's length. Such agreements include, but are not limited to, the Advisory Agreement, the Dealer Manager Agreement and the Property Management and Leasing Agreement. These agreements may contain terms that are not in our best interest and may not otherwise be applicable if we entered into arm's-length agreements. See Conflicts of Interest for a discussion of various conflicts of interest. (See Management Management Compensation).

We cannot predict the amounts of compensation to be paid to the Advisor and our other affiliates.

Because the fees that we will pay to the Advisor and our other affiliates are based in part on the level of our business activity, it is not possible to predict the amounts of compensation that we will be required to pay these

Table of Contents

entities. In addition, because key employees of our affiliates are given broad discretion to determine when to consummate a transaction, we rely on these key persons to dictate the level of our business activity. Furthermore, the fees paid to our affiliates will reduce funds available for distribution, and therefore we cannot predict precisely how such fees will impact our distributions. (See Management Management Compensation).

Our dealer manager, which is affiliated with us, has not made an independent review of us or the prospectus.

The Dealer Manager is one of our affiliates and will not make an independent review of us or this offering. Accordingly, you do not have the benefit of an independent review of the terms of this offering. Further, the due diligence investigation of us by the Dealer Manager cannot be considered to be an independent review and, therefore, may not be as meaningful as a review conducted by an unaffiliated broker-dealer or investment banker. In addition, a substantial portion of the proceeds of any offering will be paid to the Dealer Manager for managing the offering, including selling commissions, a dealer manager fee and marketing and due diligence expense reimbursements.

If we invest in a limited partnership as a general partner we could be responsible for all liabilities of such partnership.

In some joint ventures or other investments we may make, if the entity in which we invest is a limited partnership, we may acquire all or a portion of our interest in such partnership as a general partner. As a general partner, we could be liable for all the liabilities of such partnership. Additionally, we may also be required to take our interests in other investments as a non-managing general partner as in the case of our initial investment. Consequently, we would be potentially liable for all such liabilities without having the same rights of management or control over the operation of the partnership as the managing general partner or partners may have. Therefore, we may be held responsible for all of the liabilities of an entity in which we do not have full management rights or control, and our liability may far exceed the amount or value of investment we initially made or then had in the partnership.

If we do not have sufficient capital resources from equity and debt financings for acquisitions of new properties or other assets because of our inability to retain earnings, our growth may be limited.

In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we are required to distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our taxable income. This requirement limits our ability to retain income or cash flow from operations to finance the acquisition of new properties. We will explore acquisition opportunities from time to time with the intention of expanding our operations and increasing our profitability. We anticipate that we may use debt and equity financing for such acquisitions. Consequently, if we cannot obtain debt or equity financing on acceptable terms, our ability to acquire new properties and expand our operations will be adversely affected.

Your investment may be subject to additional risks if we make international investments.

We may purchase properties located in Mexico and Canada. Any such investment could be affected by factors peculiar to the laws and business practices of the jurisdictions in which the properties are located. These laws may expose us to risks that are different from and in addition to those commonly found in the United States. Foreign investments could be subject to the following risks:

changing governmental rules and policies, including changes in land use and zoning laws;

enactment of laws relating to the foreign ownership of real property or mortgages and laws restricting the ability of foreign persons or companies to remove profits earned from activities within the country to the person's or company's country of origin;

variations in currency exchange rates;

adverse market conditions caused by terrorism, civil unrest and changes in national or local governmental or economic conditions;

Table of Contents

the willingness of domestic or foreign lenders to make mortgage loans in certain countries and changes in the availability, cost and terms of mortgage funds resulting from varying national economic policies;

the imposition of unique tax structures and changes in real estate and other tax rates and other operating expenses in particular countries;

general political and economic instability;

our limited experience and expertise in foreign countries relative to our experience and expertise in the United States; and

more stringent environmental laws or changes in such laws.

Our UPREIT structure may result in potential conflicts of interest.

Persons holding units in our operating partnership have the right to vote on certain amendments to the Limited Partnership Agreement, as well as on certain other matters. Persons holding such voting rights may exercise them in a manner that conflicts with the interests of our shareholders. As general partner of the operating partnership, we will be obligated to act in a manner that is in the best interest of all partners of the operating partnership. Circumstances may arise in the future when the interest of limited partners in the operating partnership may conflict with the interests of our shareholders. For example, the timing and terms of dispositions of properties held by the operating partnership may result in tax consequences to certain limited partners and not to our shareholders. (See "The Partnership Agreement").

REAL ESTATE RISKS

General Real Estate Risks

We will be subject to risks generally incident to the ownership of real estate, including:

Changes in general or local economic conditions;

Changes in supply of or demand for similar or competing properties in an area;

Bankruptcies, financial difficulties or lease defaults by our customers;

Changes in interest rates and availability of permanent mortgage funds that may render the sale of a property difficult or unattractive or otherwise reduce the returns to shareholders;

Changes in operating expenses;

Changes in governmental rules, regulations and fiscal policies, including changes in tax, real estate, environmental and zoning laws;

Changes in the cost or availability of insurance, including coverage for mold or asbestos;

Periods of high interest rates and tight money supply;

Customer turnover; and

General overbuilding or excess supply in the market area.

For these and other reasons, we cannot assure you that we will be profitable or that we will realize growth in the value of our real estate properties. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Acquisition and Investment Policies).

Competition for investments may increase costs and reduce returns.

We will compete for real property investments with pension funds and their advisors, bank and insurance company investment accounts, other real estate investment trusts, real estate limited partnerships, individuals and

Table of Contents

other entities engaged in real estate investment activities. Many other competitors have greater financial resources than us and a greater ability to borrow funds to acquire properties. Competition for investments may reduce the number of suitable investment opportunities available to us and may have the effect of increasing acquisition costs reducing the rents we can charge and, as a result, reducing your returns. We believe the current market for acquisitions to be extremely competitive.

A property that incurs a vacancy could be difficult to sell or re-lease.

A property may incur a vacancy either by the continued default of a customer under its lease or the expiration of one of our leases. In addition, certain of the properties we acquire may have some level of vacancy at the time of closing. Certain of our properties may be specifically suited to the particular needs of a customer. We may have difficulty obtaining a new customer for any vacant space we have in our properties. If the vacancy continues for a long period of time, we may suffer reduced revenues resulting in less cash available to be distributed to shareholders. In addition, the resale value of a property could be diminished because the market value of a particular property will depend principally upon the value of the leases of such property. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Acquisition and Investment Policies).

We are dependent on customers for our revenue.

Certain of our properties are occupied by a single customer. As a result, the success of those properties will depend on the financial stability of a single customer. Lease payment defaults by customers could cause us to reduce the amount of distributions to shareholders. A default by a customer on its lease payments could force us to find an alternative source of revenue to pay any mortgage loan on the property. In the event of a customer default, we may experience delays in enforcing our rights as landlord and may incur substantial costs, including litigation and related expenses, in protecting our investment and re-leasing our property. If a lease is terminated, we may be unable to lease the property for the rent previously received or sell the property without incurring a loss. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Terms of Leases and Customer Creditworthiness).

We may not have funding for future tenant improvements.

When a customer at one of our properties does not renew its lease or otherwise vacates its space in one of our buildings, it is likely that, in order to attract one or more new customers, we will be required to expend funds to construct new tenant improvements in the vacated space. Substantially all of our net offering proceeds will be invested in real estate properties and therefore, while we intend to manage our cash position or financing availability to pay for any improvements required for re-leasing, we cannot assure you that we will have adequate sources of funding available to us for such purposes in the future.

Uninsured losses relating to real property may adversely affect your returns.

The Advisor will attempt to ensure that all of our properties are adequately insured to cover casualty losses. However, changes in the cost or availability of insurance could expose us to uninsured casualty losses. In the event that any of our properties incurs a casualty loss that is not fully covered by insurance, the value of our assets will be reduced by any such uninsured loss. In addition, we may have no source of funding to repair or reconstruct the damaged property, and we cannot assure you that any such sources of funding will be available to us for such purposes in the future. (See Real Estate Investments Insurance Coverage on Properties).

Development and construction of properties may result in delays and increased costs and risks.

We may invest some of the net offering proceeds available for investment in the acquisition of raw land upon which we will develop and construct improvements at a fixed contract price. In any such projects we will be subject to risks relating to the builder's ability to control construction costs or to build in conformity with plans, specifications and timetables. The builder's failure to perform may result in legal action by us to rescind the purchase or construction contract or to enforce the builder's obligations. Performance may also be affected or

Table of Contents

delayed by conditions beyond the builder's control. Delays in completion of construction could also give customers the right to terminate preconstruction leases for space at a newly developed project. We may incur additional risks when we make periodic progress payments or other advances to such builders prior to completion of construction. Each of these factors could result in increased costs of a project or loss of our investment. In addition, we will be subject to normal lease-up risks relating to newly constructed projects if they are not fully leased prior to the commencement of construction. Furthermore, the price we agree to for the land will be based on projections of rental income and expenses and estimates of construction costs as well as the fair market value of the property upon completion of construction. If our projections are inaccurate, we may pay too much for the land and fail to achieve our forecast of returns due to the factors discussed above. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Development and Construction of Properties).

Delays in acquisitions of properties may have adverse effects on your investment.

Delays we encounter in the selection, acquisition and development of properties could adversely affect your returns. Where properties are acquired prior to the start of construction, it will typically take 8 to 18 months to complete construction and lease available space. Therefore, you could suffer delays in the payment of cash distributions attributable to those particular properties. Our articles of incorporation limits the amount we can invest in unimproved land to 10% of our total assets.

Uncertain market conditions and the broad discretion of the Advisor relating to the future disposition of properties could adversely affect the return on your investment.

We expect to hold the various real properties in which we invest until such time as the Advisor decides that a sale or other disposition is appropriate given our investment objectives. The Advisor, subject to approval of the board, may exercise its discretion as to whether and when to sell a property, and we will have no obligation to sell properties at any particular time, except in the event of a liquidation of our properties in accordance with our articles of incorporation if we do not list our common stock, complete a sale or merger of Dividend Capital Trust in a transaction which provides our shareholders with a combination of cash and/or securities of a publicly traded company or sell substantially all of our properties for cash or other consideration by February 2013. We cannot predict the various market conditions affecting real estate investments which will exist at any particular time in the future. Due to the uncertainty of market conditions which may affect the future disposition of our properties, we cannot assure you that we will be able to sell our properties at a profit in the future. Accordingly, the extent to which you will receive cash distributions and realize potential appreciation on our real estate investments will be dependent upon fluctuating market conditions. (See Management The Advisor).

Discovery of previously undetected environmentally hazardous conditions may adversely affect our operating results.

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the cost of removing or remediating hazardous or toxic substances on such property. Such laws often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous or toxic substances. Environmental laws also may impose restrictions on the manner in which property may be used or businesses may be operated. A property owner who violates environmental laws may be subject to sanctions which may be enforced by governmental agencies or, in certain circumstances, by private parties. In connection with the acquisition and ownership of our properties, we may be exposed to such costs. The cost of defending against environmental claims, of compliance with environmental regulatory requirements or of remediating any contaminated property could materially adversely affect our business, assets or results of operations and, consequently, amounts available for distribution to our shareholders.

If we fail to make our debt payments, we could lose our investment in a property.

Loans obtained to fund property acquisitions will generally be secured by first mortgages on such properties. If we are unable to make our debt service payments as required, a lender could foreclose on the

Table of Contents

property or properties securing its debt. This could cause us to lose part or all of our investment which in turn could cause the value of the common stock and the distributions payable to shareholders to be reduced. Certain of our existing and future indebtedness is and may be cross-collateralized and, consequently, a default on this indebtedness could cause us to lose part or all of our investment in multiple properties. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Borrowing Policies and Related Indebtedness).

Lenders may require us to enter into restrictive covenants relating to our operations.

In connection with obtaining certain financing, a lender may impose certain restrictions on us which affect our ability to incur additional debt and our ability to make distributions to our shareholders. Loan documents we enter into may contain negative covenants which limit our ability to further mortgage the property, replace the Advisor or impose other limitations. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Borrowing Policies and Related Indebtedness).

If we enter into financing arrangements involving balloon payment obligations, it may adversely affect our ability to make distributions.

Some of our financing arrangements require us to make a lump-sum or balloon payment at maturity. Our ability to make a balloon payment at maturity is uncertain and may depend upon our ability to obtain additional financing or our ability to sell the property. At the time the balloon payment is due, we may or may not be able to refinance the existing financing on terms as favorable as the original loan or sell the property at a price sufficient to make the balloon payment. The effect of a refinancing or sale could affect the rate of return to shareholders and the projected time of disposition of our assets. In addition, payments of principal and interest made to service our debts may leave us with insufficient cash to pay the distributions that we are required to pay to maintain our qualification as a REIT. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Borrowing Policies and Related Indebtedness).

Costs of complying with governmental laws and regulations may adversely affect our income and the cash available for any distributions.

All real property and the operations conducted on real property are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and human health and safety. Some of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on customers, owners or operators for the costs to investigate or remediate contaminated properties, regardless of fault or whether the acts causing the contamination were legal. In addition, the presence of hazardous substances, or the failure to properly remediate these substances, may adversely affect our ability to sell, rent or pledge such property as collateral for future borrowings.

Some of these laws and regulations have been amended so as to require compliance with new or more stringent standards as of future dates. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations or stricter interpretation of existing laws may require us to incur material expenditures. Future laws, ordinances or regulations may impose material environmental liability. Additionally, our customers' operations, the existing condition of land upon acquisition, operations in the vicinity of our properties, such as the presence of underground storage tanks, or activities of unrelated third parties may affect our properties. In addition, there are various local, state and federal fire, health, life-safety and similar regulations with which we may be required to comply, and which may subject us to liability in the form of fines or damages for noncompliance. Any material expenditures, fines, or damages we must pay will reduce our ability to make distributions and may reduce the value of your investment.

If we sell properties and provide financing to purchasers, defaults by the purchasers would adversely affect our cash flows.

If we decide to sell any of our properties, we presently intend to use our best efforts to sell them for cash. However, in some instances we may sell our properties by providing financing to purchasers. If we provide

Table of Contents

financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk that the purchaser may default, which could negatively impact our cash distributions to shareholders and result in litigation and related expenses. Even in the absence of a purchaser default, the distribution of the proceeds of sales to our shareholders, or their reinvestment in other assets, will be delayed until the promissory notes or other property we may accept upon a sale are actually paid, sold, refinanced or otherwise disposed of.

High mortgage rates may make it difficult for us to finance or refinance properties, which could reduce the number of properties we can acquire and the amount of cash distributions we can make.

If mortgage debt is unavailable at reasonable rates, we may not be able to finance the purchase of properties. If we place mortgage debt on properties, we run the risk of being unable to refinance such debt when the loans come due, or of being unable to refinance such debt on favorable terms. If interest rates are higher when we refinance such debt, our income could be reduced. We may be unable to refinance such debt at appropriate times, which may require us to sell properties on terms that are not advantageous to us, or could result in the foreclosure of such properties. If any of these events occur, our cash flow would be reduced. This, in turn, would reduce cash available for distribution to you and may hinder our ability to raise more capital by issuing more stock or by borrowing more money.

We may be unable to sell a property if or when we decide to do so.

The real estate market is affected by many factors, such as general economic conditions, availability of financing, interest rates and other factors, including supply and demand, that are beyond our control. We cannot predict whether we will be able to sell any property for the price or on the terms set by us, or whether any price or other terms offered by a prospective purchaser would be acceptable to us. We cannot predict the length of time needed to find a willing purchaser and to close the sale of a property.

We may be required to expend funds to correct defects or to make improvements before a property can be sold. We cannot assure you that we will have funds available to correct such defects or to make such improvements.

In acquiring a property, we may agree to restrictions that prohibit the sale of that property for a period of time or impose other restrictions, such as a limitation on the amount of debt that can be placed or repaid on that property. These provisions would restrict our ability to sell a property.

If a sale and leaseback transaction is recharacterized, our financial condition could be adversely affected.

We may enter into sale and leaseback transactions, where we would purchase a property and then lease the same property back to the person from whom we purchased it. In the event of the bankruptcy of a customer, a transaction structured as a sale and leaseback may be recharacterized as either a financing or a joint venture, either of which outcomes could adversely affect our business.

If the sale and leaseback was recharacterized as a financing, we might not be considered the owner of the property, and as a result we would have the status of a creditor in relation to the customer. In that event, we would no longer have the right to sell or encumber our ownership interest in the property. Instead, we would have a claim against the customer for the amounts owed under the lease, with the claim arguably secured by the property. The customer/debtor might have the ability to propose a plan restructuring the term, interest rate and amortization schedule of its outstanding balance. If confirmed by the bankruptcy court, we could be bound by the new terms, and prevented from foreclosing our lien on the property. These outcomes could adversely affect our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to you.

If the sale and leaseback were recharacterized as a joint venture, we and our customer could be treated as co-venturers with regard to the property. As a result, we could be held liable, under some circumstances, for debts incurred by the customer relating to the property. The imposition of liability on us could adversely affect

Table of Contents

our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to our stockholders. (See Federal Income Tax Considerations Sale-Leaseback Transactions).

If our customers are highly leveraged, they may have a higher possibility of filing for bankruptcy or insolvency.

Of our customers that experience downturns in their operating results due to adverse changes to their business or economic conditions, those that are highly leveraged may have a higher possibility of filing for bankruptcy or insolvency. In bankruptcy or insolvency, a customer may have the option of vacating a property instead of paying rent. Until such a property is released from bankruptcy, our revenues would be reduced and could cause us to reduce distributions to shareholders. We may have highly leveraged customers in the future. (See Investment Objectives and Criteria Terms of Leases and Customer Creditworthiness).

We may acquire properties with lock-out provisions which may affect our ability to dispose of the properties.

We may acquire properties through contracts that could restrict our ability to dispose of the property for a period of time. These lock-out provisions could affect our ability to turn our investments into cash and could affect cash available for distributions to you. Lock-out provisions could also impair our ability to take actions during the lock-out period that would otherwise be in the best interest of our shareholders and, therefore, may have an adverse impact on the value of our shares, relative to the value that would result if the lock-out provisions did not exist.

We have and may in the future acquire interests in corporations, partnerships and limited liability companies that could subject us to additional liabilities and additional risk.

We have acquired and may continue to acquire interests in corporations, partnerships and limited liability companies that may result in liabilities that we may or may not have been made aware of before the consummation of the acquisition. Such liabilities may include, among other things, tax liabilities, pending or threatening litigation and other risks that may be inherent in the entity being acquired.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OUR OPERATING PARTNERSHIP S PRIVATE PLACEMENT

Our operating partnership s private placement subjects us to liabilities.

Our operating partnership is currently offering undivided tenancy-in-common interests in real property to accredited investors in a private placement exempt from registration under the Securities Act. We anticipate that these tenancy-in-common interests may serve as replacement properties for investors seeking to complete like-kind exchange transactions under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. Additionally, the tenancy-in-common interests sold to investors will be 100% leased by our operating partnership, and such leases will contain purchase options whereby our operating partnership will have the right to acquire the tenancy-in-common interests from the investors at a later point in time in exchange for limited partnership units in our operating partnership under Section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code. Investors who acquire tenancy-in-common interests pursuant to our operating partnership s private placement may do so seeking certain tax benefits that depend on the interpretation of, and compliance with, extremely technical tax laws and regulations. As the general partner of our operating partnership, we may be subject to liability, from litigation or otherwise, as a result of these transactions, including in the event an investor fails to qualify for any desired tax benefits.

We have and may continue to acquire co-ownership interests in real property that are subject to certain co-ownership agreements which may affect our ability to operate or dispose of the property or our co-ownership interest.

We have and may continue to acquire co-ownership interests, especially in connection with our operating partnership s private placement, such as tenancy-in-common interests in real property, that are subject to certain

Table of Contents

co-ownership agreements. The co-ownership agreements may limit our ability to encumber, lease, or dispose of our co-ownership interest. Such agreements could affect our ability to turn our investments into cash and could affect cash available for distributions to you. The co-ownership agreements could also impair our ability to take actions that would otherwise be in the best interest of our shareholders and, therefore, may have an adverse impact on the value of our shares, relative to the value that would result if the co-ownership agreements did not exist.

Our operating partnership's private placement is discussed in greater detail in the *Investment Objectives and Criteria* and *Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement* sections of this prospectus.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX RISKS

Failure to qualify as a REIT could adversely affect our operations and our ability to make distributions.

We operate in a manner so as to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ending December 31, 2003. Although we do not intend to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service as to our REIT status, we have received the opinion dated June 2, 2005 of our special tax counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, with respect to our qualification as a REIT. Investors should be aware, however, that opinions of counsel are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or on any court. The opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP represents only the view of our counsel based on our counsel's review and analysis of existing law and on certain representations as to factual matters and covenants made by us, including representations relating to the values of our assets and the sources of our income. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP has no obligation to advise us or the holders of our common stock of any subsequent change in the matters stated, represented or assumed in its opinion or of any subsequent change in applicable law. Furthermore, both the validity of the opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP and our qualification as a REIT will depend on our satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex provisions of the Code for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control. The fact that we hold substantially all of our assets through our operating partnership and its subsidiaries further complicates the application of the REIT requirements for us. No assurance can be given that we will qualify as a REIT for any particular year. See *Federal Income Tax Considerations* *General REIT Qualification* and *Federal Income Tax Considerations* *Requirements for Qualification as a REIT*.

If we were to fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year for which a REIT election has been made, we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions paid to our shareholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at corporate rates. Moreover, unless we were to obtain relief under certain statutory provisions, we would also be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification is lost. This treatment would reduce our net earnings available for investment or distribution to our shareholders because of the additional tax liability to us for the years involved. As a result of the additional tax liability, we might need to borrow funds or liquidate certain investments on terms that may be disadvantageous to us in order to pay the applicable tax, and therefore we would not be compelled to make distributions under the Code.

To qualify as a REIT, we must meet annual distribution requirements.

To obtain the favorable tax treatment accorded to REITs, among other requirements, we normally will be required each year to distribute to our shareholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the deduction for distributions paid and by excluding net capital gains. We will be subject to federal income tax on our undistributed taxable income and net capital gain. In addition, if we fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of (a) 85% of our ordinary income for such year, (b) 95% of our capital gain net income for such year, and (c) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the required distribution over the sum of (i) the amounts actually distributed by us,

Table of Contents

plus (ii) retained amounts on which we pay income tax at the corporate level. These requirements could cause us to distribute amounts that otherwise would be spent on acquisitions or development of properties and it is possible that we might be required to borrow funds or sell assets to fund these distributions. Although we intend to make distributions sufficient to meet the annual distribution requirements and to avoid corporate income taxation on the earnings that we distribute, it is possible that we might not always be able to do so.

Legislative or regulatory action could adversely affect our shareholders.

In recent years, numerous legislative, judicial and administrative changes have been made to the federal income tax laws applicable to investments in REITs and similar entities. Additional changes to tax laws are likely to continue to occur in the future, and we cannot assure you that any such changes will not adversely affect the taxation of a shareholder. Any such changes could have an adverse effect on an investment in our common stock. You are urged to consult with your tax advisor with respect to the status of legislative, regulatory or administrative developments and proposals and their potential effect on an investment in common stock.

Recharacterization of transactions under our operating partnership's private placement may result in a 100% tax on income from prohibited transactions, which would diminish our cash distributions to our shareholders.

The Internal Revenue Service could recharacterize transactions under our operating partnership's private placement such that our operating partnership is treated as the bona fide owner, for tax purposes, of properties acquired and resold by the entity established to facilitate the transaction. Such recharacterization could result in the income realized on these transactions by our operating partnership being treated as gain on the sale of property that is held as inventory or otherwise held primarily for the sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. In such event, such gain would constitute income from a prohibited transaction and would be subject to a 100% tax. If this occurs, our ability to pay cash distributions to our shareholders will be adversely affected.

You may have current tax liability on distributions you elect to reinvest in our common stock.

If you participate in our distribution reinvestment plan, you will be deemed to have received, and for income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in common stock to the extent the amount reinvested was not a tax-free return of capital. As a result, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your tax liability on the amount reinvested.

In certain circumstances, we may be subject to federal and state income taxes as a REIT, which would reduce our cash available for distribution to you.

Even if we qualify and maintain our status as a REIT, we may be subject to federal income taxes or state taxes. For example, net income from a prohibited transaction will be subject to a 100% tax. In addition, we may not be able to make sufficient distributions to avoid excise taxes. We may also decide to retain certain gains from the sale or other disposition of our property and pay income tax directly on such gains. In that event, our stockholders would be required to include such gains in income and would receive a corresponding credit for their share of taxes paid by us. We may also be subject to state and local taxes on our income or property, either directly or at the level of our operating partnership or at the level of the other companies through which we indirectly own our assets. In addition, any net taxable income earned directly by the taxable REIT subsidiary we utilize to hold fractional tenancy-in-common interests in certain of our properties will be subject to federal and state corporate income tax. Any federal or state taxes we pay will reduce our cash available for distribution to you.

The opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP regarding our status as a REIT does not guarantee our ability to remain a REIT.

Our special tax counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, rendered its opinion dated June 2, 2005 upon commencement of this offering that, commencing with our taxable year ending December 31, 2003, we were organized in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT and our actual and proposed

Table of Contents

method of operation has enabled and will enable us to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT. This opinion is based upon our representations as to the manner in which we will be owned, invest in assets, and operate, among other things. The validity of the opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP and our qualification as a REIT will depend on our satisfaction of certain asset, income, organizational, distribution, stockholder ownership and other requirements on a continuing basis, the results of which will not be monitored by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that we will satisfy the REIT requirements in any one taxable year. Also, the opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP represents counsel's legal judgment based on the law in effect as of the date of the commencement of this offering, is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or on any court, and could be subject to modification or withdrawal based on future legislative, judicial or administrative changes to the federal income tax laws, any of which could be applied retroactively. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP has no obligation to advise us or the holders of our common stock of any subsequent change in the matters stated, represented or assumed in its opinion or of any subsequent change in applicable law.

If our operating partnership was classified as a publicly traded partnership under the Code, our status as a REIT and our ability to pay distributions to our shareholders could be adversely affected.

Our operating partnership is organized as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Even though our operating partnership will not elect to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation, it may be taxed as a corporation if it is deemed to be a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is a partnership whose interests are traded on an established securities market or are considered readily tradable on a secondary market or the substantial equivalent thereof. We believe and currently intend to take the position that our operating partnership should not be classified as a publicly traded partnership because interests in our operating partnership are not traded on an established securities market, and our operating partnership should satisfy certain safe harbors which prevent a partnership's interests from being treated as readily tradable on an established securities market or substantial equivalent thereof. No assurance can be given, however, that the Internal Revenue Service would not assert that our operating partnership constitutes a publicly traded partnership, or that facts and circumstances will not develop which could result in our operating partnership being treated as a publicly traded partnership. If the Internal Revenue Service were to assert successfully that our operating partnership is a publicly traded partnership, and substantially all of our operating partnership's gross income did not consist of the specified types of passive income, our operating partnership would be treated as an association taxable as a corporation and would be subject to corporate tax at the entity level. In such event, the character of our assets and items of gross income would change and would result in a termination of our status as a REIT. In addition, the imposition of a corporate tax on our operating partnership would reduce the amount of cash available for distribution to you. See **Federal Income Tax Considerations** **Federal Income Tax Aspects of Our Partnership**.

Foreign investors may be subject to Foreign Investment Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA) tax on sale of common shares if we are unable to qualify as a domestically controlled REIT.

A foreign person disposing of a U.S. real property interest, including shares of a U.S. corporation whose assets consist principally of U.S. real property interests, is generally subject to a tax, known as FIRPTA tax, on the gain recognized on the disposition. Such FIRPTA tax does not apply, however, to the disposition of stock in a REIT if the REIT is a domestically controlled REIT. A domestically controlled REIT is a REIT in which, at all times during a specified testing period, less than 50% in value of its shares is held directly or indirectly by non-U.S. holders. We cannot assure you that we will qualify as a domestically controlled REIT. If we were to fail to so qualify, gain realized by a foreign investor on a sale of our common stock would be subject to FIRPTA tax unless our common stock was traded on an established securities market and the foreign investor did not at any time during a specified testing period directly or indirectly own more than 5% of the value of our outstanding common stock. See **Federal Income Tax Considerations** **Special Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Shareholders** **Non-Dividend Distributions**.

Table of Contents

RETIREMENT PLAN RISKS

There are special considerations that apply to pension or profit sharing trusts or IRAs investing in common stock.

If you are investing the assets of an IRA, pension, profit sharing, 401(k), Keogh or other qualified retirement plan, you should satisfy yourself that:

You have analyzed to your satisfaction the question of whether your investment will not produce unrelated business taxable income for the plan or IRA;

Your investment is consistent with your fiduciary obligations under ERISA and the Code;

Your investment is made in accordance with the documents and instruments governing your plan or IRA, including your plan's investment policy;

Your investment satisfies the prudence and diversification requirements of Sections 404(a)(1)(B) and 404(a)(1)(C) of ERISA;

Your investment will not impair the liquidity of the plan or IRA;

Your investment will not constitute a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code; and

You will be able to value the assets of the plan annually in accordance with ERISA requirements.

For a more complete discussion of the foregoing issues and other risks associated with an investment in our common stock by retirement plans, please see the ERISA Considerations section of this prospectus.

Table of Contents**ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS**

The following table sets forth our best estimates of how we intend to use the gross proceeds from our offering assuming (i) 72,770,273 shares sold to the public and no shares sold pursuant to our Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRIP), (ii) 72,770,273 shares sold to the public and 11,825,169 shares sold pursuant to our DRIP and (iii) 72,770,273 shares sold to the public and 23,650,339 shares sold pursuant to our DRIP. As of March 31, 2006, we had sold approximately 149.2 million shares in our public offerings, which included approximately 6.2 million shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. The number of distribution reinvestment plan shares sold in the future will depend on the level of continued shareholder participation in the distribution reinvestment plan and the length of time covered by this offering.

	72,770,273 Shares Sold		84,595,442 Shares Sold (Including 11,825,169 Pursuant to DRIP)		96,420,612 Shares Sold (Including 23,650,339 Pursuant to DRIP)	
	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percent
Gross Proceeds	\$ 764,087,870	100.0%	\$ 882,043,935	100.0%	\$ 1,000,000,000	100.0%
Less Public Offering Expenses:						
Sales Commissions(1)	45,845,272	6.0%	45,845,272	5.2%	45,845,272	4.6%
Dealer Manager Fee(1)	15,281,757	2.0%	15,281,757	1.7%	15,281,757	1.5%
DRIP Servicing Fee(2)			1,241,643	0.1%	2,483,286	0.3%
Organization and Offering Expenses(3)	15,281,757	2.0%	15,281,757	1.7%	15,281,757	1.5%
Amount Available for Investment(4)	\$ 687,679,084	90.0%	\$ 804,393,506	91.2%	\$ 921,107,928	92.1%
Acquisition and Development:						
Acquisition and Advisory Fees(5)	6,876,791	0.9%	8,043,935	0.9%	9,211,079	0.9%
Initial Working Capital Reserve(6)						
Amount Invested in Properties(4)(7)	\$ 680,802,293	89.1%	\$ 796,349,571	90.3%	\$ 911,896,849	91.2%

- (1) The 72,770,273 shares sold includes selling commissions equal to 6.0% of gross offering proceeds for which commissions may be reduced under certain circumstances and a dealer manager fee equal to 2.0% of gross offering proceeds, both of which are payable to the Dealer Manager, an affiliate of the Advisor. The Dealer Manager, in its sole discretion, may re-allow selling commissions to other broker-dealers participating in this offering attributable to the shares sold by them and may re-allow out of its dealer manager fee up to 1.0% of aggregate gross offering proceeds for reimbursement of marketing expenses. Reimbursement will be contingent upon the receipt of an invoice or a similar such statement from participating broker-dealers that demonstrate the actual expenses incurred by such broker-dealers. The maximum amount of reimbursements will be based on such factors as the number of shares sold by participating broker-dealers, the assistance of such participating broker-dealers in marketing the offering and bona fide expenses incurred. The amount of selling commissions may also be reduced under certain circumstances for volume or other discounts. See the Plan of Distribution section of this prospectus for a description of such provisions. The maximum compensation payable to NASD members participating in this offering will not exceed 10% of gross offering proceeds plus a maximum of 0.5% for reimbursement of bona fide due diligence expenses.
- (2) The Dealer Manager will receive a one-time servicing fee of up to 1.0% of the undiscounted selling price of the shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. The Dealer Manager may re-allow all or a portion of this service fee to participating broker-dealers. Neither the sales commission, dealer manager fee nor the reimbursement of organization and offering expenses will be paid on shares issued pursuant to our DRIP.

Table of Contents

- (3) Organizational and offering expenses consist of reimbursement of, among other things, the cumulative cost of actual legal, accounting, printing and other accountable offering expenses, including amounts to reimburse the Advisor for marketing, salaries and direct expenses of its employees, employees of its affiliates and others while engaged in registering and marketing the shares, which shall include development of marketing materials and marketing presentations, planning and participating in due diligence and marketing meetings and coordinating generally the marketing process for all of Dividend Capital Trust's public common stock offerings. Of the approximately \$15.3 million maximum organizational and offering expense reimbursement, approximately \$12.7 million of the expenses (or 1.7% of gross offering proceeds assuming we issue no shares pursuant to our Distribution Reinvestment Plan) are anticipated to be used for wholesaling activities and are therefore deemed to be additional underwriting compensation pursuant to NASD Rule 2710. To the extent that the remaining approximately \$2.6 million of organizational and offering expenses are insufficient to cover our cost of administering this offering, such shortfall would serve to reduce the organizational and offering expenses available to provide underwriting compensation. Dividend Capital Trust will be responsible for the payment of all cumulative organizational and offering expenses not to exceed 2.0% of aggregate gross offering proceeds. The Advisor will be obligated to fund all organizational and offering expenses in excess of these limitations. As of March 31, 2006, the Advisor had funded approximately \$29.0 million of offering related costs since inception of Dividend Capital Trust and we had reimbursed the Advisor for all of the then existing un-reimbursed offering costs. However, our advisor expects to realize additional costs relating to our offerings in the future and to the extent our advisor incurs such costs, we will be required to reimburse our advisor up to 2% of the gross proceeds raised in our public offerings of our common stock.
- (4) Until substantially all of the net offering proceeds are invested in connection with the acquisition and development of properties, substantially all of the net offering proceeds and any working capital reserves of Dividend Capital Trust may be invested in short-term, highly-liquid investments including but not limited to government obligations, bank certificates of deposit, short-term debt obligations, interest-bearing accounts and preferred securities of other REITs. The number of properties we are able to acquire or develop will depend on several factors, including the amount of capital raised in this offering, the extent to which we incur debt or issue limited partnership interests in our operating partnership in order to acquire or develop properties and the purchase price of the properties we acquire or develop. We are not able to estimate the number of properties we may acquire or develop assuming the sale of any particular number of shares. However, in general we expect that the concentration risk of our portfolio of properties will be inversely related to the number of shares sold in this offering.
- (5) Acquisition and advisory fees are defined generally as fees and commissions paid by any party to any person in connection with the purchase, development or construction of properties. We will pay the Advisor acquisition and advisory fees up to a maximum amount of 1.0% of the aggregate purchase price of properties we acquire. The amount in this table is calculated assuming zero leverage. If we utilize debt to acquire our properties this amount would be greater as the acquisition and advisory fee is based upon the purchase price of our properties and not the equity used to purchase such properties.
- (6) Because most of the leases for the properties acquired and to be acquired by us provide, and will likely provide, for customer reimbursement of operating expenses, we do not anticipate that a permanent reserve for maintenance and repairs of real estate properties will be established. However, to the extent that we have insufficient funds for such purposes, we may apply an amount of up to 1.0% of gross offering proceeds for maintenance and repairs of properties. We also may, but are not required to, establish reserves from gross offering proceeds, out of cash flow generated by operating properties or out of net sale proceeds in non-liquidating sale transactions.
- (7) Includes amounts anticipated to be invested in properties, including other third-party acquisition expenses which are included in the total acquisition costs of the properties acquired. For properties that are not acquired these costs are expensed. Third-party acquisition expenses may include legal, accounting, consulting, appraisals, engineering, due diligence, title insurance, closing costs and other expenses related to potential acquisitions regardless of whether the property is actually acquired. Acquisition expenses as a percentage of a property's contract price vary. However, in no event will total acquisition fees and acquisition expenses on a property exceed 6% of the contract price of the property. Furthermore, in no event will the total of all acquisition fees and acquisition expenses paid by the us, including acquisition expenses on properties which are not acquired, exceed 6% of the aggregate contract price of all properties acquired by us.

Table of Contents

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Sale of Common Stock

Since February 10, 2003, the date of our initial issuance of common stock, through March 31, 2006 we have raised approximately \$1.4 billion in aggregate net offering proceeds from the sale of our common stock, including the sale of our common stock pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan, of which approximately \$140.1 million has been raised subsequent to December 31, 2005. These proceeds, net of commissions, fees and reimbursements, together with debt proceeds were used primarily to fund the acquisition of 378 industrial buildings.

On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of this offering. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence the primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. We will file one or more supplements or amendments to this prospectus or post-effective amendments to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part in the event that we recommence our primary offering. In addition, we will continue to offer shares of common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan.

Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement

Since November 26, 2003 through March 31, 2006, we have raised approximately \$228.0 million in gross proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement of tenancy-in-common interests in industrial properties, of which approximately \$50.0 million has been raised subsequent to December 31, 2005. Our operating partnership's private placement is discussed in greater detail in the Investment Objectives and Criteria Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement section of this prospectus.

Investment in Real Estate

Consistent with our investment strategy to invest in high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties, since March 31, 2006 through June 15, 2006, we have completed nine property transactions with a total estimated investment of approximately \$777.7 million and representing 103 industrial buildings.

OCMI Portfolio

On April 13, 2006, we acquired a portfolio of seven properties totaling approximately 1.9 million rentable square feet (collectively referred to as the OCMI portfolio). Of these seven properties, four are located in Minneapolis, Minnesota; two are located in Plainfield, Indiana; and one is located in Columbus, Ohio. Upon acquisition the OCMI portfolio was 100% leased and occupied. The OCMI portfolio was acquired from an unrelated third-party for a total investment of approximately \$95.8 million, which includes an acquisition fee of approximately \$1.0 million paid to our advisor.

PC Portfolio

On May 19, 2006, we acquired a portfolio of ten operating properties totaling approximately 2.7 million rentable square feet located in Columbus, Ohio (collectively referred to as the PC portfolio). Upon acquisition this portfolio was 82.7% leased and occupied. The PC portfolio was acquired from an unrelated third-party for a total investment of approximately \$107.8 million, which includes an acquisition fee of approximately \$1.1 million paid to our advisor.

Cal TIA Acquisition

On May 10, 2006, we entered into a purchase agreement to acquire a portfolio of 79 bulk distribution, light industrial and service center buildings comprising approximately 7.9 million square feet located in the following eight markets: Atlanta, Baltimore, Charlotte, Cincinnati, Dallas, Miami, Orlando and San Francisco (collectively Cal TIA). Pursuant to the purchase agreement, on June 9, 2006, we acquired a fee interest in 78 of the 79 buildings in Cal TIA, as well as a land parcel comprising 9.2 acres located in the Orlando market, for a total

Table of Contents

estimated cost of approximately \$500.7 million (which includes an acquisition fee of \$4.9 million that is payable to our advisor), which was funded using our existing cash balances, net proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement and debt proceeds of approximately \$387.0 million. These debt proceeds consisted of borrowings from our senior unsecured revolving credit facility in the amount of \$112.0 million and the issuance of \$275.0 million of unsecured debt, as described more fully below.

Our acquisition of the remaining building in Cal TIA, which comprises 19,100 square feet and is located in the San Francisco market, is contingent upon the election of the building's current tenant not to exercise a purchase option to acquire the building. Pursuant to this purchase option, the tenant has until September 7, 2006 to acquire the building. If the tenant elects not to exercise its purchase option, we anticipate that we will acquire this remaining building within 30 days of receiving notice from the sellers that such option has not been exercised for a purchase price of approximately \$2.4 million.

The table below provides the number of buildings, total square feet and other occupancy information by market with respect to the acquired portfolio of buildings as of June 9, 2006 (the date of acquisition).

Market	Buildings	Total Square Feet	Occupancy	Occupied Square Feet
Atlanta	9	1,146,169	97.9%	1,121,782
Baltimore	3	278,519	96.2%	268,038
Charlotte	7	1,051,144	72.0%	756,942
Cincinnati	18	796,413	93.0%	741,175
Dallas	5	1,828,183	97.5%	1,782,775
Miami	3	411,009	89.9%	369,661
Orlando	10	859,094	89.6%	769,707
San Francisco	23	1,499,524	96.2%	1,442,868
Total Portfolio	78	7,870,055	92.2%	7,252,948

The following table sets forth a schedule of expiring leases of Cal TIA by annualized rental revenue as of June 9, 2006 (in thousands):

Year	Annual Future Minimum Rents of Expiring Leases(1)	Percent of Portfolio
2006	\$ 18,356	15%
2007	28,817	23%
2008	22,733	18%
2009	17,935	15%
2010	11,525	9%
Thereafter	24,241	20%
Total	\$ 123,607	100%

(1) These amounts represent the current minimum rental amounts excluding reimbursements for certain operating expenses. The amount of revenue reporting for purposes of complying with GAAP may be different due to certain non-cash GAAP adjustments.

As of June 9, 2006, no single tenant occupied 10% or more of the rentable square footage of Cal TIA. These properties will be subject to competition from similar properties within their market areas and their economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. Our management believes that the properties are adequately covered by insurance.

Table of Contents

We acquired the portfolio of 78 buildings and the land parcel referred to above from an unrelated joint venture between TIAA-CREF and RREEF. Specifically, the purchase agreement names the following subsidiaries of the joint venture as the sellers: (i) Cabot Industrial Venture A, LLC, (ii) Cabot Industrial Venture B, LLC, (iii) CW Industrial Venture A, LLC, (iv) Cabot Industrial Venture A Texas, LP and (v) Cabot Industrial Venture B Texas, LP. The purchase price was determined through negotiations between the sellers and our advisor. The total cost of the portfolio may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We do not expect any additional costs to be material.

In connection with our acquisition of Cal TIA, on June 9, 2006, we issued to affiliates of ING Investment Management LLC \$275.0 million of unsecured debt maturing on June 9, 2008. The underlying notes bear interest at LIBOR plus 0.73% and require monthly payments of interest until maturity at which time the outstanding balance is due. Pursuant to the note purchase agreement, we have the option to prepay, at any time more than six months after the date such notes were issued, all or part of the outstanding principal balance of such notes. These notes contain various covenants (including financial covenants with respect to debt service coverage and unsecured and secured consolidated leverage) and if we breach any of these covenants, or fail to pay interest or principal on these notes when due, the holders of such notes could accelerate the due date of the entire amount borrowed.

As of June 15, 2006, our portfolio consisted of 372 industrial buildings located in 22 of our 26 target markets. The combined investment in these properties totals approximately \$2.7 billion (including acquisition fees paid to our advisor).

Proposed Internalization Transaction

On April 13, 2006, a special committee of our board of directors comprised of all of our independent directors was formed to review, consider, evaluate and negotiate any proposals that may be made with respect to a possible business combination transaction with our advisor in order to facilitate any future listing or quotation of our common stock. The special committee and members of the advisor's management have since been negotiating a proposed contribution agreement pursuant to which, the entire outstanding membership interest, and all economic interests, in our advisor would be contributed by Dividend Capital Advisors Group LLC, our advisor's parent company, to our operating partnership for consideration comprised of limited partnership units in our operating partnership. Certain of our directors and officers and their respective affiliates collectively own and/or control our advisor's parent company.

The special committee has engaged independent legal and financial advisors and expects to receive a fairness opinion from its financial advisor stating that any consideration to be paid by us in the advisor acquisition will be fair, from a financial point of view, to us. In the event that the terms of the advisor acquisition are finalized between the parties and approved by the special committee, the special committee would recommend the advisor acquisition to our board of directors for its approval and, upon such approval, it is currently contemplated that the transaction would be submitted to our shareholders for approval.

As of the date of this prospectus, no agreement has been entered into with respect to the acquisition and there can be no guarantee that an agreement will in fact be agreed to by the parties. Even if an agreement is signed, it is currently contemplated that the closing of the advisor acquisition would be subject to a number of conditions, including the approval of the transaction by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the shares at a duly constituted meeting of our shareholders, and there could be no guarantee that an acquisition would be consummated.

Were such an acquisition to be consummated, our advisor would become our wholly-owned subsidiary, we would enter into employment agreements with certain of our advisor's employees and we would become a fully-integrated, self-administered and self-advised REIT. As a result, we would no longer pay the fees to our advisor nor would we be subject to certain of the risks and conflicts of interests relating to our advisor that are described herein.

Table of Contents**SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table sets forth selected financial data relating to our historical financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 and for the periods ended December 31, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002. The table also sets forth selected financial data relating to the balance sheets as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 and December 31, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002. Certain amounts presented for the 2004, 2003 and 2002 fiscal years and for the 2005 fiscal quarter have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for the 2005 fiscal year and the 2006 fiscal quarter. Since this information is only a summary, you should refer to the Financial Statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations sections for additional information. The amounts in the table are in thousands except for per share information.

	For the Three Months			For the Year Ended		
	Ended March 31, 2006	2005	2005	December 31, 2004	2003	2002(1)
Operating Data:						
Rental revenue	\$ 46,680	\$ 19,602	\$ 122,446	\$ 34,690	\$ 2,645	\$
Institutional capital management fees	52					
Total revenue	46,732	19,602	122,446	34,690	2,645	
Real estate taxes	6,481	2,435	15,315	3,830	231	
Operating expenses	4,462	2,384	13,455	3,375	135	
Depreciation and amortization	24,492	12,350	71,023	19,273	1,195	
General and administrative expenses	730	728	3,004	2,372	412	213
Asset management fees, related party	3,518	1,179	8,901	1,525		
Total expenses	39,683	19,076	111,697	30,375	1,974	213
Equity in earning (loss) of unconsolidated joint ventures	(53)					
Gain from disposition of real estate interests	3,988		2,285			
Interest expense, including amortization	(11,681)	(3,718)	(28,712)	(5,978)	(385)	
Interest and other income	2,462	610	3,193	1,407	61	
Total Other Income (Expense)	(5,284)	(3,108)	(23,234)	(4,570)	(324)	
Net income (loss) before minority interest	1,765	(2,582)	(12,486)	(255)	347	(213)
Minority interest	(190)		(526)			(200)
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,955	\$ (2,582)	\$ (11,960)	\$ (255)	\$ 347	\$ (13)
Per Share Data:						
Basic earning (loss) per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.09	\$ (63.56)
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.09	\$ (63.56)
Common share distributions declared	\$ 22,950	\$ 11,744	\$ 62,292	\$ 24,263	\$ 2,452	\$
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	145,402	74,421	97,333	37,908	3,987	
Diluted	147,315	74,441	97,774	37,928	4,007	
	As of March 31, 2006	2005	2005	As of December 31, 2004	2003	2002
Balance Sheet Data:						
Net investment in real estate	\$ 1,913,052	\$ 820,290	\$ 1,904,411	\$ 732,202	\$ 150,633	\$
Total assets	\$ 2,275,718	\$ 1,002,935	\$ 2,057,695	\$ 784,808	\$ 156,608	\$ 751
Total liabilities	\$ 951,716	\$ 305,300	\$ 869,307	\$ 203,593	\$ 49,782	\$ 761
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 1,257,204	\$ 697,634	\$ 1,132,811	\$ 581,214	\$ 106,824	\$ (11)
Minority interest	\$ 66,798	\$ 1	\$ 55,577	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Number of common shares outstanding	149,154	81,320	133,207	67,720	12,470	2

(1) Covers the period from inception (April 12, 2002) to December 31, 2002.

Table of Contents

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, as well as the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of March 31, 2006, and for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005.

Overview

Dividend Capital Trust Inc. was formed as a Maryland corporation in April 2002 in order to invest in commercial real estate properties consisting primarily of high-quality, generic distribution warehouses and light industrial properties leased to creditworthy corporate customers. In order to provide capital for these investments, we have sold our common stock through four distinct public offerings, raised capital through our operating partnership's private placement (as more fully described below) and issued and assumed debt. As of January 23, 2006, we closed the primary component of this offering and, as a result, we have stopped raising capital through the sale of our common stock. However, we will continue to raise significant amounts of capital collectively through our operating partnership's private placement, through our distribution reinvestment plan and through the issuance of debt.

Our primary focus is to continue to build an industrial real estate operating company that owns, develops, and operates a high-quality diversified portfolio of bulk distribution and light industrial properties in the leading logistics and distribution markets in North America.

The following discussion describes certain significant transactions that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2005 and certain recent developments, and compares and contrasts our financial condition as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 as well as our results of operations for the quarters ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005 and years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003. We acquired our first property in June of 2003 and have built a portfolio of 269 properties through March 31, 2006. As a result of these acquisitions, we have experienced significant changes in our operating and financing activities during the past three years.

Significant Transactions During 2005 and Recent Developments

We have experienced a substantial increase in acquisition activity since we acquired our first property in June 2003. As a result of our investment strategy, as of June 15, 2006, we owned or controlled 372 operating properties comprising 54.3 million square feet located in 24 markets, including 22 of our target markets. We acquired 158 of these properties for a total estimated cost of approximately \$1.2 billion during 2005 using net proceeds from our public offerings, our operating partnership's private placement and debt financings including the assumption of 19 secured, non-recourse notes totaling \$434.1 million. We acquired 13 properties for a total cost of approximately \$128.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2006 using net proceeds from our public and private offerings and debt issuances.

Beginning on February 2, 2005, and ending on May 13, 2005, we acquired seven bulk distribution properties comprising approximately 3.6 million square feet for a total estimated cost of approximately \$132.8 million in connection with our purchase agreement with Panattoni Development Company LLC, an unrelated third-party. We assumed four secured, non-recourse mortgage notes totaling approximately \$30.6 million associated with the acquisition of these properties.

On April 8, 2005, in connection with our operating partnership's private placement, we issued 424,352 limited partnership units valued at approximately \$4.5 million in exchange for certain fractional tenancy-in-common interests we had previously sold in a property located in Memphis, Tennessee.

Table of Contents

On May 19, 2005, we entered into a joint venture agreement with SV Atlanta SouthCreek IV, L.P. (SouthCreek), an unrelated third-party, to acquire 37 acres of land and to develop a 556,800 square foot distribution facility located in Atlanta, Georgia. Pursuant to the joint venture agreement, SouthCreek and we will provide approximately 3% and 97%, respectively, of the required equity capital, which is estimated to be approximately \$5.6 million, to fund the development project. Both parties will receive a preferred return on their respective capital contributions. We have the right to purchase SouthCreek's interest in the venture at anytime after the later to occur of (i) stabilization of the project, and (ii) the date 18 months after completion of the project. We currently estimate that the facility will be completed in July 2006 for a total estimated cost of approximately \$16.5 million.

On July 21, 2005, we completed a merger with Cabot Industrial Value Fund, Inc. (Cabot), an unrelated third-party, whereby we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Cabot's common stock for approximately \$312.6 million. However, after certain equity contributions and distributions, as of December 31, 2005, our investment was approximately \$302.4 million. Through our ownership of Cabot, we initially acquired an approximate 87% interest in Cabot Industrial Value Fund, LP, which, as of December 31, 2005, owned a portfolio of 104 properties with a total historical cost of approximately \$654.5 million which is located in 12 markets throughout the United States and had approximately \$308.8 million of mortgage debt outstanding. As of December 31, 2005, this portfolio was 89.6% leased (see Note 3 Real Estate to the audited consolidated financial statements). On April 1, 2006, we purchased the remaining interests in the Cabot Partnership for approximately \$40.4 million.

On October 27, 2005, in connection with our operating partnership's private placement, we issued 570,950 limited partnership units valued at approximately \$6.0 million in exchange for certain fractional tenancy-in-common interests we had previously sold in a property located in Memphis, Tennessee.

On December 9, 2005, we amended our existing \$225 million senior secured revolving credit facility such that it is now a \$250 million unsecured facility that matures in December 2008.

On December 29, 2005, in connection with our operating partnership's private placement, we issued 751,751 limited partnership units valued at approximately \$7.9 million in exchange for certain fractional tenancy-in-common interests we had previously sold in a property located in Atlanta, Georgia.

On January 4, 2006, we issued \$50 million of unsecured, non-recourse debt with a fixed interest rate of 5.68% maturing in January 2014. In addition, we finalized the terms of \$100 million of additional unsecured debt to be issued by April 27, 2006. All the notes require quarterly payments of interest only.

On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of this offering. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence the primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. In addition, we will continue to offer shares of common stock through our distribution reinvestment plan.

On February 21, 2006, we entered into a joint venture with affiliates of Boubyan Bank of Kuwait (our Partner) to create an institutional fund, DCT Fund I LLC (the Fund), that owns and operates industrial properties located in the United States. We contributed six industrial properties to the Fund, aggregating approximately 2.6 million square feet after completion of a 330,000 square foot expansion project. The approximate contribution value of the six buildings upon completion of the expansion is \$122.8 million. Contemporaneously with our contribution, the Fund issued approximately \$84.4 million of secured non-recourse debt and our Partner contributed \$19.7 million of equity to the Fund. Upon receipt of these proceeds, the Fund made a special distribution to us of approximately \$102.7 million. Upon completion of the expansion, the Fund will make another special distribution to us and at such time we will recognize the sale of such expansion. The expansion project was completed in June 2006. After these transactions, our ownership of the Fund is 20% and our Partner's ownership is 80%.

Table of Contents

Pursuant to our joint venture agreement, we act as asset manager for the Fund and earn certain fees including asset management fees and leasing commissions, as well as other fees related to the properties we manage. Such fees totaled approximately \$52,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2006. In addition to these fees, after the partners are repaid their respective capital contributions plus a preferred return, we have the right to receive a promoted interest in the Fund based on performance. Although the Fund's day-to-day business affairs are managed by us, all major decisions are determined by both us and our Partner.

On March 22, 2006, in connection with our operating partnership's private placement, we issued approximately 1.3 million limited partnership units valued at approximately \$13.8 million in exchange for certain fractional tenancy-in-common interests we had previously sold in a property located in Plainfield, Indiana.

On May 10, 2006, we entered into a purchase agreement to acquire a portfolio of 79 bulk distribution, light industrial and service center buildings comprising approximately 7.9 million square feet located in the following eight markets: Atlanta, Baltimore, Charlotte, Cincinnati, Dallas, Miami, Orlando and San Francisco (collectively, "Cal TIA"). Pursuant to the purchase agreement, on June 9, 2006, we acquired a fee interest in 78 of the 79 buildings in Cal TIA, as well as a land parcel comprising 9.2 acres located in the Orlando market, for a total estimated cost of approximately \$500.7 million (which includes an acquisition fee of \$4.9 million that is payable to our advisor), which was funded using our existing cash balances, net proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement and debt proceeds of approximately \$387.0 million. Such debt proceeds consisted of borrowings from our existing senior unsecured revolving credit facility in the amount of \$112.0 million and the issuance of \$275.0 million of unsecured debt. (See "Recent Developments - Investment in Real Estate").

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

We are not aware of any material trends or uncertainties, favorable or unfavorable, other than national economic conditions affecting real estate generally, which we anticipate may have a material impact on either capital resources or the revenues or income to be derived from the operation of real estate properties. We believe that capital will continue to flow into the real estate industry and industrial real estate in particular, which will continue to foster a competitive environment for the assets we are seeking to acquire. Consequently, we, through the activities of our advisor, have assembled a team of 45 professionals with over 500 years of aggregate experience who are dedicated to the acquisition and operation of properties that meet our investment criteria. The ability of our advisor to find and acquire these properties at a pace that is consistent with the capital that has been raised through our public offerings, and that has and will continue to be raised through our operating partnership's private placement, our distribution reinvestment plan and other financing activities, will directly impact our financial performance and the metrics that management uses to evaluate our performance, including funds from operations available to pay distributions.

Management expects that our principal sources of working capital and funding for acquisitions and potential capital requirements for expansion and renovation of properties, developments, distributions to investors, redemption of common shares and debt service will include:

Current cash balances;

Borrowings under our senior unsecured credit facility;

Other forms of secured or unsecured financings;

Capital from co-investment partners;

Proceeds from our operating partnership's private placement;

Proceeds from future offerings of our common stock;

Table of Contents

Proceeds from our distribution reinvestment plan; and

Cash flow from operations.

Over the short term, we believe that our sources of capital, specifically our cash flow from operations, borrowings under our credit facilities and our ability to raise capital through our operating partnership's private placement and our distribution reinvestment plan are adequate and will continue to be adequate to meet our liquidity requirements and capital commitments. These liquidity requirements and capital commitments include the payment of debt service, regular quarterly investor distributions, funding redemptions of our shares of common stock, capital expenditures at our properties, including developments, forward purchase commitments (as more fully described below), the acquisition of 104 properties which are currently the subject of an executed letter of intent, under contract or have closed since March 31, 2006 (including Cal TIA) and future acquisitions of unidentified properties. The properties that had been identified as of June 15, 2006 total 221,840 square feet and have an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$14.9 million. We anticipate that the acquisitions that have not yet closed will close over the next several months. However, the contracts related to these acquisitions are subject to a number of contingencies and there can be no assurances that these acquisitions will transpire.

Over the longer term, in addition to the same sources of capital we rely on to meet our short term liquidity requirements, we also expect to utilize additional secured and unsecured financings and capital from co-investment partners. However, we currently intend to stop raising capital pursuant to our operating partnership's private placement in the third quarter of 2006. We may also conduct additional public offerings or recommence the primary offering component of this offering. We expect these resources will be adequate to fund our operating activities, debt service and distributions, which we presently anticipate will grow over time, and will be sufficient to fund our ongoing acquisition activities as well as providing capital for investment in future development and other joint ventures along with additional potential forward purchase commitments. In addition, we intend to seek to enter into additional joint ventures similar to the one we entered into on February 21, 2006 (as described above), and expect that our cash flow from operations over the longer term will be comprised of both rents from our properties and fees earned for asset management and other services performed on behalf of such joint ventures.

For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, our financing activities generated approximately \$217.0 million and \$190.0 million, respectively. During these periods, we generated gross proceeds of approximately \$204.8 million and \$156.6 million, respectively, through our public offerings and our operating partnership's private placement. In addition, we issued debt of approximately \$50 million and \$57 million, respectively (see Note 3 Debt to the unaudited consolidated financial statements). During the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, our cash provided by operating activities were approximately \$19.6 million and \$10.8 million, respectively. These sources of capital were utilized to fund approximately \$133.8 million and \$76.5 million of cash invested in real estate during the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, our cash generated from financing activities increased year to year and we generated approximately \$756.0 million, \$558.0 million, and \$152.3 million, respectively. During these years, we generated net proceeds of approximately \$737.2 million, \$522.2 million and \$112.0 million, respectively, through our public offerings and our operating partnership's private placement. In addition, we issued debt of approximately \$60.9 million, \$55.0 million and \$51.9 million, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, our cash provided by operating activities increased from year to year and we generated approximately \$66.3 million, \$21.5 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. These sources of capital were utilized to fund approximately \$750.3 million, \$548.5 million and \$149.6 million of cash invested in real estate during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Management anticipates that over time, debt proceeds as well as cash provided by operating activities will represent an increasing percentage of our sources of capital as will capital from co-investment partners.

Table of Contents

Public Offerings

On April 15, 2002, we filed an S-11 registration statement with the SEC covering our first public offering of our common stock. The registration statement was declared effective on July 17, 2002 and we received approval of our offering in all 50 states in December 2002. The common stock was offered at a price of \$10 per share on a 200,000 share minimum, 25,000,000 share maximum, best-efforts basis. The registration statement also covered up to 4,000,000 shares available pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan and up to 1,000,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants issued to the Dealer Manager for a price of \$.001 per share for every 25 shares sold. Until we received subscriptions covering at least 200,000 shares from at least 100 non-affiliated investors, offering proceeds were required to be held in escrow. The escrow conditions were satisfied on February 10, 2003, at which time 226,567 shares of common stock were issued to investors. In April 2004, we completed our first public offering and sold approximately 25.5 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$254.4 million, which includes shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan.

Our second offering began immediately following the completion of the initial offering. The second registration statement was filed on February 27, 2004, and was declared effective on April 16, 2004. The registration statement offered common stock at a price of \$10 per share for a maximum of 30,000,000 shares. The registration statement also covered up to 10,000,000 shares available pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan as well as up to 1,200,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants sold to the Dealer Manager for a price of \$.001 per share for every 25 shares sold. In October 2004, we completed our second public offering and sold approximately 30.4 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$302.8 million, which includes shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan.

Our third offering began immediately following the second offering. On June 28, 2004, we filed our third registration statement and this registration statement was declared effective by the SEC, and the offering commenced on October 18, 2004. The common stock was offered at a price of \$10.50 per share for a maximum of 40,000,000 shares. The registration statement also covered up to 13,000,000 shares available pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan. On June 24, 2005, we concluded our third public offering having sold approximately 40.7 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of approximately \$424.7 million, which includes shares issued pursuant to our distribution reinvestment plan.

This offering began immediately following the third offering. The fourth registration statement was filed on January 24, 2005 and was declared effective by the SEC on June 9, 2005, and we commenced the offering on June 27, 2005. This prospectus covers a maximum of \$1,000,000,000 in shares of our common stock comprised of two components: (i) an offering of up to 72,770,273 shares to the public at a price of \$10.50 per share, which we refer to as our primary offering, and (ii) an offering of up to 23,650,339 shares to participants in our distribution reinvestment plan at \$9.975 per share. On January 23, 2006, we closed the primary offering component of this offering. While we anticipate that the primary offering will be closed for the foreseeable future, we retain the right to recommence our primary offering at any time prior to June 9, 2007. In addition, we will continue to offer shares pursuant our distribution reinvestment plan. As of March 31, 2006, we had sold approximately 54.0 million shares for gross proceeds of approximately \$560.7 million in connection with this offering.

As of March 31, 2006, 149,154,163 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding. The net proceeds from the sale of these securities were transferred to our operating partnership on a one-for-one basis for limited partnership units. Although we have closed the primary offering component of this offering, we will continue to offer shares through our distribution reinvestment plan. In the future, we anticipate that our principal sources of funding for the purchase of industrial properties will include proceeds from debt financings, capital from co-investment partners, our operating partnership's private placement, our distribution reinvestment plan and cash flow from operations. We may also conduct additional public offerings or recommence the primary offering component of this offering.

Table of Contents

Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement, our advisor is obligated to advance all of our offering costs, subject to its right to be reimbursed for such costs by us in an amount up to 2% of the gross offering proceeds raised. Such offering costs include but are not limited to actual legal, accounting, printing and other expenses attributable to preparing the SEC registration statements, qualification of the shares for sale in the states and filing fees incurred by our advisor, as well as reimbursements for marketing, salaries and direct expenses of its employees while engaged in registering and marketing the shares, other than selling commissions and the dealer manager fee (see below).

During the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, our advisor incurred approximately \$893,000 and \$2.1 million, respectively, of offering costs. During the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, we reimbursed our advisor approximately \$1.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, for such costs. As described above, we closed the primary offering component of this offering on January 23, 2006, and, as of March 31, 2006, we had reimbursed our advisor for all of the then existing un-reimbursed offering costs. However, our advisor expects to realize additional costs relating to our offerings in the future and to the extent our advisor incurs such costs, we will be required to reimburse our advisor up to 2% of the gross proceeds raised in our public offerings of our common stock.

During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 as well as from the period of our inception (April 12, 2002) to December 31, 2002 our advisor incurred \$8.6 million, \$8.3 million, \$7.7 million and \$3.4 million, of offering costs, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we reimbursed our advisor approximately \$13.3 million, \$10.9 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. We did not reimburse our advisor for any such costs during 2002.

Pursuant to the dealer manager agreements, we are obligated to pay the Dealer Manager a dealer manager fee and commissions up to 2.0% and 6.0%, respectively, of gross proceeds raised from our public offerings of common stock. For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, we incurred approximately \$10.9 million and \$10.8 million, respectively, payable to the Dealer Manager for dealer manager fees and sales commissions. During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we paid the Dealer Manager approximately \$49.9 million, \$41.9 million and \$11.0 million, respectively, of which \$36.6 million, \$31.0 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, had been re-allowed to broker-dealers participating in our public offerings.

Our Operating Partnership's Private Placement

Our operating partnership is currently offering undivided tenancy-in-common interests in our properties to accredited investors in a private placement exempt from registration under the Securities Act. We anticipate that these tenancy-in-common interests may serve as replacement properties for accredited investors seeking to complete like-kind exchange transactions under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. Additionally, the tenancy-in-common interests sold to investors will be 100% leased by our operating partnership, and such leases will contain purchase options whereby our operating partnership will have the right, but not the obligation, to acquire the tenancy-in-common interests from the investors at a later point in time in exchange for limited partnership units in our operating partnership under Section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Our operating partnership pays certain up-front fees and reimburses certain related expenses to our advisor, the Dealer Manager and the Facilitator for raising capital through our operating partnership's private placement. Our advisor is obligated to pay all of the offering and marketing related costs associated with the private placement. However, our operating partnership is obligated to pay our advisor a non-accountable expense allowance which equals 2% of the gross equity proceeds raised through the private placement. In addition, our operating partnership is obligated to pay the Dealer Manager a dealer manager fee of up to 1.5% of the gross equity proceeds raised and a commission of up to 5% of the gross equity proceeds raised through the private placement. The Dealer Manager may re-allow such commissions and a portion of such dealer manager fee to participating broker dealers. Our operating partnership is also obligated to pay a transaction facilitation fee to the Facilitator, an affiliate of our advisor, of up to 1.5% of the gross equity proceeds raised through the private placement.

Table of Contents

During the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, we raised approximately \$50.0 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, from the sale of undivided tenancy-in-common interests in our properties, and, as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, we had raised a total of approximately \$228.0 million and \$50.6 million, respectively, from the sale of undivided tenancy-in-common interests in our properties pursuant to our operating partnership's private placement.

During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we raised \$145.3 million, \$29.9 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, from the sale of undivided tenancy-in-common interests in 27 buildings, which is included in financing obligations in the accompanying audited consolidated balance sheets pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, or SFAS, No. 98 *Accounting for Leases* (SFAS No. 98). We have leased the undivided tenancy-in-common interests sold to unrelated third parties, and in accordance with SFAS No. 98, a portion of the rental payments made to third parties under the lease agreements are recognized as interest expense using the interest method.

During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, we incurred approximately \$3.9 million, \$750,000 and \$15,000, respectively, of rental expense under various lease agreements with these accredited investors. A portion of such amounts were accounted for as a reduction of the principal outstanding balance of the financing obligations and a portion was accounted for as an increase to interest expense in the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements. The various lease agreements in place as of December 31, 2005, contain expiration dates ranging from November 2013 to December 2025. The following table sets forth the five-year, future minimum rental payments due to third parties under the various lease agreements (amounts are in thousands):

Year ended December 31,	Future Minimum Rental Payments
2006	\$12,148
2007	17,696
2008	19,114
2009	18,336
2010	17,629
Thereafter	113,698
Total	\$198,621

During the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, our operating partnership incurred upfront costs of approximately \$11.6 million, \$2.6 million and \$200,000 payable to our advisor and other affiliates for effecting these transactions which are accounted for as deferred loan costs. Such deferred loan costs are included on our audited consolidated balance sheets and amortized to interest expense over the life of the financing obligation. If our operating partnership elects to exercise any purchase option as described above and issue limited partnership units, the un-amortized portion of up-front fees and expense reimbursements paid to affiliates will be recorded against minority interest as a selling cost of the limited partnership units. If our operating partnership does not elect to exercise any such purchase option, we will continue to account for these transactions as a financing obligation because we will continue to sub-lease 100% of the properties and will therefore not meet the definition of active use set forth in SFAS No. 98.

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, our operating partnership exercised its purchase option to buy certain tenancy-in-common interests it had previously sold in a property located in Plainfield, Indiana. In connection with the exercise of this option, our operating partnership issued approximately 1.3 million limited partnership units worth approximately \$13.8 million to acquire such tenancy-in-common interests.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, our operating partnership exercised purchase options pursuant to three individual master lease agreements to buy certain tenancy-in-common interests it had previously sold in two properties located in Memphis, Tennessee and one property lo