HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q May 09, 2011 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[x] QU	UARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the o	quarterly period ended March 31, 2011
	OR
[] TF	RANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the t	transition period from to
	•
	Commission file number 1-10890

HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 37-0911756
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
1 Horace Mann Plaza, Springfield, Illinois 62715-0001

(Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code: 217-789-2500

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ____ No ___

Indicate by check mark the registrant s filer status, as such terms are defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	X
Non-accelerated filer Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company as defined	Smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Act. Yes	
As of April 30, 2011, 39,884,081 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.0 stock.	001 per share, were outstanding,	net of 21,873,322 shares of treasury

HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2011

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

Horace Mann Educators Corporation:

We have reviewed the consolidated balance sheet of Horace Mann Educators Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of March 31, 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders—equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company—s management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholders—equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 28, 2011, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it was derived.

Note 1 of the Company s audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2010, and for the year then ended, discloses that the Company changed its method of accounting for other-than-temporary impairments of debt securities due to the adoption of FASB Staff Position No. FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2, Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments (included in FASB ASC Topic 320, *Investments-Debt and Equity Securities*), as of April 1, 2009. Our auditors report on those consolidated financial statements dated February 28, 2011, includes an explanatory paragraph referring to the matters in Note 1 of those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois

May 9, 2011

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

ASSETS	March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010
Investments		
Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost 2011, \$4,758,064; 2010,		
\$4,533,233)	\$ 4,934,241	\$ 4,715,537
Equity securities, available for sale, at fair value (cost 2011, \$20,765; 2010, \$20,765)	24,607	24,056
Short-term and other investments	211,627	334,030
Total investments	5,170,475	5,073,623
Cash	37,135	5,928
Accrued investment income and premiums receivable	126,285	117,441
Deferred policy acquisition costs	274,353	272,825
Goodwill	47,396	47,396
Other assets	98,905	112,672
Separate Account (variable annuity) assets	1,419,452	1,375,656
Total assets	\$ 7,174,001	\$ 7,005,541
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Policy liabilities		
Fixed annuity contract liabilities	\$ 2,676,214	\$ 2,614,380
Interest-sensitive life contract liabilities	730,623	725,286
Unpaid claims and claim expenses	319,062	315,436
Future policy benefits	203,507	202,341
Unearned premiums	202,510	211,290
Total policy liabilities	4,131,916	4,068,733
Other policyholder funds	110,019	112,739
Other liabilities	374,718	330,727
Short-term debt	38,000	38,000
Long-term debt	199,696	199,679
Separate Account (variable annuity) liabilities	1,419,452	1,375,656
Total liabilities	6,273,801	6,125,534
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, authorized 1,000,000 shares; none issued	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, authorized 75,000,000 shares; issued, 2011, 61,597,625; 2010,		
61,469,148	62	61
Additional paid-in capital	370,003	367,448
Retained earnings	844,966	823,579
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) net of taxes:		
Net unrealized gains and losses on fixed maturities and equity securities	105,987	109,737
Net funded status of pension and other postretirement benefit obligations	(13,155)	(13,155)
Treasury stock, at cost, 21,813,196 shares	(407,663)	(407,663)

Total shareholders equity	900,200	880,007
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 7,174,001	\$ 7,005,541

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Marc	Three Months Ended March 31,	
Revenues	2011	2010	
Insurance premiums and contract charges earned	\$ 166,686	\$ 166,353	
Net investment income	70,469	65,918	
Net realized investment gains	5,757	4,867	
Other income	1,561	1,535	
Total revenues	244,473	238,673	
Benefits, losses and expenses			
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses	110,601	112,917	
Interest credited	37,426	35,558	
Policy acquisition expenses amortized	21,021	20,065	
Operating expenses	34,931	34,796	
Interest expense	3,477	3,472	
Total benefits, losses and expenses	207,456	206,808	
Income before income taxes	37,017	31,865	
Income tax expense	11,076	9,262	
Net income	\$ 25,941	\$ 22,603	
Net income per share			
Basic	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.58	
Diluted	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.55	
Weighted every an armhor of shores and equivalent shores (in the even do)			
Weighted average number of shares and equivalent shares (in thousands)	20.740	39,206	
Basic Diluted	39,749 41,699	40,900	
	41,099	40,900	
Net realized investment gains (losses)	_		
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities	\$ -	\$ (745)	
Portion of losses recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-	
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities recognized in earnings	-	(745)	

Realized gains	5,757	5,612
Total	\$ 5,757	\$ 4,867

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Comprehensive income		
Net income	\$ 25,941	\$ 22,603
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes:		
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on fixed maturities and equity securities	(3,750)	38,569
Change in net funded status of pension and other postretirement benefit obligations	-	-
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,750)	38,569
Total	\$ 22,191	\$61,172

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		nths Ended ch 31, 2010
Common stock, \$0.001 par value		
Beginning balance	\$ 61	\$ 61
Options exercised, 2011, 105,944 shares; 2010, 0 shares	1	-
Conversion of common stock units, 2011, 15,715 shares; 2010, 27,774 shares	-	-
Conversion of restricted stock units, 2011, 6,818 shares; 2010, 7,432 shares	-	-
Ending balance	62	61
Additional paid-in capital		
Beginning balance	367,448	358,081
Options exercised and conversion of common stock units and restricted stock units	2,145	448
Share-based compensation expense	410	328
Ending balance	370,003	358,857
Retained earnings Beginning balance	823,579	758,343
Net income	25,941	22,603
Cash dividends, 2011, \$0.11 per share; 2010, \$0.08 per share	(4,554)	(3,257)
Ending balance	844,966	777,689
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes		
Beginning balance	96,582	10,723
Change in net unrealized gains and losses on fixed maturities and equity securities	(3,750)	38,569
Change in net funded status of pension and other postretirement benefit obligations	-	-
Ending balance	92,832	49,292
Treasury stock, at cost		
Beginning and ending balance, 2011 and 2010, 21,813,196 shares	(407,663)	(407,663)
Shareholders equity at end of period	\$ 900,200	\$ 778,236

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

$(Dollars\ in\ thousands)$

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Cash flows - operating activities		
Premiums collected	\$ 156,641	\$ 160,788
Policyholder benefits paid	(114,157)	(107,488)
Policy acquisition and other operating expenses paid	(62,929)	(66,711)
Federal income taxes paid	-	(960)
Investment income collected	62,577	58,067
Interest expense paid	(116)	(110)
Other	660	(62)
Net cash provided by operating activities	42,676	43,524
Cash flows - investing activities		
Fixed maturities	(200, 200)	(2.5.2.00=)
Purchases	(389,308)	(353,807)
Sales	131,266	89,802
Maturities, paydowns, calls and redemptions	90,447	82,215
Net cash provided by short-term and other investments	122,359	127,961
Net cash used in investing activities	(45,236)	(53,829)
Cash flows - financing activities		
Dividends paid to shareholders	(4,554)	(3,257)
Exercise of stock options	1,739	-
Annuity contracts, variable and fixed		
Deposits	92,499	84,186
Benefits, withdrawals and net transfers to		
Separate Account (variable annuity) assets	(57,058)	(62,964)
Life policy accounts		
Deposits	356	477
Withdrawals and surrenders	(1,113)	(1,185)
Change in bank overdrafts	1,898	3,570
Net cash provided by financing activities	33,767	20,827
Net increase in cash	31,207	10,522
A TOUR MANAGEMENT AND	31,207	10,522
Cash at beginning of period	5,928	7,848

Cash at end of period \$ 37,135 \$ 18,370

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

March 31, 2011 and 2010

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Horace Mann Educators Corporation (HMEC; and together with its subsidiaries, the Company or Horace Mann) have been prepared in accordance with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), specifically Regulation S-X and the instructions to Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures which are normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP but are not required for interim reporting purposes have been omitted. The Company believes that these consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present fairly the Company s consolidated financial position as of March 31, 2011 and the consolidated results of operations, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders equity and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (1) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (2) disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and (3) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The subsidiaries of HMEC market and underwrite tax-qualified retirement annuities and private passenger automobile, homeowners, and life insurance products, primarily to K-12 teachers, administrators and other employees of public schools and their families. HMEC s principal operating subsidiaries are Horace Mann Life Insurance Company, Horace Mann Insurance Company, Teachers Insurance Company, Horace Mann Property & Casualty Insurance Company and Horace Mann Lloyds.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date these consolidated financial statements were issued.

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes to consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The Company has reclassified the presentation of certain prior period information to conform with the 2011 presentation.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation-(Continued)

Adopted Accounting Standards

Investments Held Through Separate Accounts

Effective January 1, 2011, the Company adopted accounting guidance to address how investments held through the separate accounts of an insurance entity affect the consolidation analysis. The guidance clarifies that an insurance entity should not consider any separate account interests in an investment held for the benefit of policyholders to be the insurer s interest and those interests should not be combined with an insurer s general account interests when making a consolidation assessment. The adoption of this accounting guidance did not have an effect on the results of operations or financial position of the Company.

Note 2 - Investments

Maturities/Sales of Fixed Maturity Securities

The following table presents the distribution of the Company s fixed maturity securities (fixed maturities) portfolio by estimated expected maturity. Estimated expected maturities differ from contractual maturities, reflecting assumptions regarding borrowers utilization of the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. For structured securities, including mortgage-backed securities and other asset-backed securities, estimated expected maturities consider broker dealer survey prepayment assumptions and are verified for consistency with the interest rate and economic environments.

	Percent of T	Percent of Total Fair Value		March 31, 2011	
	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	
Due in 1 year or less	3.4%	3.3%	\$ 166,463	\$ 160,520	
Due after 1 year through 5 years	19.6	20.5	965,120	930,660	
Due after 5 years through 10 years	31.3	29.5	1,547,972	1,492,702	
Due after 10 years through 20 years	23.5	22.7	1,157,977	1,116,631	
Due after 20 years	22.2	24.0	1,096,709	1,057,551	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	\$ 4,934,241	\$ 4,758,064	

The average option-adjusted duration for the Company s fixed maturity securities was 6.8 years at March 31, 2011 and 6.9 years at December 31, 2010.

Note 2 - Investments-(Continued)

Proceeds received from sales of fixed maturities, determined using the specific identification method, and gross gains and gross losses realized as a result of those sales for each period were:

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended	
	Marc	March 31,	
	2011	2010	
Proceeds received	\$ 131,266	\$ 89,802	
Gross gains realized	4,543	3,563	
Gross losses realized	(83)	(6)	

Unrealized Gains and Losses on Fixed Maturities and Equity Securities

The amortized cost or cost, unrealized investment gains and losses, fair values and other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) of all fixed maturities and equity securities in the portfolio as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows:

	Amortized Cost/Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	OTTI in AOCI (2)
March 31, 2011					
Fixed maturity securities					
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency					
obligations (1)					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 426,225	\$ 26,920	\$ 1,184	\$ 451,961	\$ -
Other	583,869	5,569	25,776	563,662	-
Municipal bonds	1,134,466	26,905	21,364	1,140,007	-
Foreign government bonds	42,972	2,675	-	45,647	-
Corporate bonds	1,888,148	148,339	9,063	2,027,424	-
Other mortgage-backed securities	682,384	34,793	11,637	705,540	1,410
Totals	\$ 4,758,064	\$ 245,201	\$ 69,024	\$ 4,934,241	\$ 1,410
Equity securities	\$ 20,765	\$ 4,173	\$ 331	\$ 24,607	\$ -
December 31, 2010					
Fixed maturity securities					
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency obligations (1)					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 442,969	\$ 26,255	\$ 1,180	\$ 468,044	\$ -
Other	512,692	6,227	21,465	497,454	-
Municipal bonds	1,080,324	27,782	19,399	1,088,707	-
Foreign government bonds	42,982	2,554	-	45,536	_
Corporate bonds	1,790,159	152,866	10,437	1,932,588	_
Other mortgage-backed securities	664,107	34,746	15,645	683,208	1,401

Totals	\$ 4,533,233	\$ 250,430	\$ 68,126	\$ 4,715,537	\$ 1,401
Equity securities	\$ 20,765	\$ 3,747	\$ 456	\$ 24.056	\$ -

- (1) Fair value includes securities issued by Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) of \$486,967 and \$431,635; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (FHLMA) of \$317,621 and \$310,751; and Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) of \$39,004 and \$45,454 as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.
- (2) Represents the amount of other-than-temporary impairment losses in AOCI which, beginning April 1, 2009, was not included in earnings under current accounting guidance. Amounts also include unrealized gains and losses on impaired securities relating to changes in the fair value of such securities subsequent to the impairment measurement date.

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Note 2 - Investments-(Continued)

Net unrealized gains and losses are computed as the difference between fair value and amortized cost for fixed maturities or cost for equity securities. The following table reconciles the net unrealized investment gains and losses, net of tax, included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), before the impact of deferred policy acquisition costs:

	Three Months Ended		
	March	1 31,	
	2011	2010	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses) on fixed maturity securities, net of tax			
Beginning of period	\$ 118,498	\$ 24,599	
Change in unrealized investment gains and losses	(7,725)	38,025	
Reclassification of net realized investment (gains) losses to net income	3,742	1,812	
End of period	\$ 114,515	\$ 64,436	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses) on equity securities, net of tax			
Beginning of period	\$ 2,139	\$ (1,189)	
Change in unrealized investment gains and losses	358	2,642	
Reclassification of net realized investment (gains) losses to net income	-	214	
End of period	\$ 2,497	\$ 1,667	

Credit Losses

The following table summarizes the cumulative amounts related to the Company s credit loss component of the other-than-temporary impairment losses on fixed maturity securities held as of March 31, 2011 and 2010 that the Company did not intend to sell as of those dates, and it was not more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the securities before the anticipated recovery of the amortized cost bases, for which the non-credit portions of the other-than-temporary impairment losses were recognized in other comprehensive income:

	Three Mor Marc	nths Ended ch 31,
	2011	2010
Cumulative credit loss (1)		
Beginning of period	\$ 4,518	\$ 2,875
New credit losses	-	-
Losses related to securities sold or paid down during the period	561	-
End of period	\$ 3,957	\$ 2,875

(1)

The cumulative credit loss amounts exclude other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities held as of the periods indicated that the Company intended to sell or it was more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the security before the recovery of the amortized cost basis. The current definition, reporting and disclosure of credit loss was effective as of April 1, 2009.

Note 2 - Investments-(Continued)

Fixed Maturities and Equity Securities

At March 31, 2011, the gross unrealized loss in the fixed maturity and equity securities portfolio was \$69,355 (367 positions, the fair value of which represented 28.3% of total fixed maturity and equity securities fair value). The following table presents the fair value and gross unrealized losses of fixed maturity securities and equity securities in an unrealized loss position at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The Company views the decrease in value of all of the securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2011 -- which was driven largely by spread widening and changes in interest rates from the date of acquisition -- as temporary. For fixed maturity securities, management does not have the intent to sell the securities and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the securities before the anticipated recovery of the amortized cost bases. In addition, management expects to recover the entire cost basis of the fixed maturity securities. For equity securities, the Company has the ability and intent to hold the securities for the recovery of cost. Therefore, no impairment of these securities was recorded at March 31, 2011.

	12 Months or Less		More than 12 Months			Total						
			Gr	oss			(Fross			(Fross
			Unre	alized			Uni	ealized			Uni	realized
	Fa	ir Value	Los	sses	Fai	ir Value	L	osses	Fa	ir Value	L	osses
March 31, 2011												
Fixed maturity securities												
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency												
obligations												
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	25,321	\$ 1	,175	\$	1,794	\$	9	\$	27,115	\$	1,184
Other		372,491	25	,776		-		-		372,491		25,776
Municipal bonds		478,994	16	,579		34,996		4,785		513,990		21,364
Foreign government bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Corporate bonds		254,584	4	,647		48,572		4,416		303,156		9,063
Other mortgage-backed securities		119,677	2	,933		59,207		8,704		178,884		11,637
Totals	\$ 1	1,251,067	\$ 51	,110	\$ 1	144,569	\$	17,914	\$ 1	,395,636	\$	69,024
		, ,				,		,		, ,		,
Equity securities (1)	\$	2,710	\$	55	\$	4,916	\$	276	\$	7,626	\$	331
D 4 4040												
December 31, 2010												
Fixed maturity securities												
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency												
obligations		~=		4=0	_	4.00=	.	_	4			4.400
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	27,111	\$ 1	′	\$	1,907	\$	1	\$	29,018		1,180
Other		312,750		,465		-		-		312,750		21,465
Municipal bonds		416,216	14	,520		34,825		4,879		451,041		19,399
Foreign government bonds		-		-		-		-		_		-
Corporate bonds		179,339		,587		45,789		5,850		225,128		10,437
Other mortgage-backed securities		117,602	2	,932		68,921		12,713		186,523		15,645
Totals	\$ 1	1,053,018	\$ 44	,683	\$ 1	151,442	\$ 1	23,443	\$ 1	,204,460	\$	68,126

Equity securities (1) \$ 938 \$ 49 \$ 5,822 \$ 407 \$ 6,760 \$ 456

(1) Includes primarily nonredeemable (perpetual) preferred stocks and also common stocks.

The Company s investment portfolio includes no free-standing derivative financial instruments (futures, forwards, swaps, option contracts or other financial instruments with similar characteristics).

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Note 3 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following table presents the Company s fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. At March 31, 2011, Level 3 invested assets comprised approximately 0.7% of the Company s total investment portfolio fair value.

	Carrying	Fair	Repo	alue Measurem orting Date Usin		
	Amount	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
March 31, 2011						
Financial Assets						
Investments						
Fixed maturities						
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency obligations	A 451.061	Φ 451.061	Ф	Φ 451.061	Φ.	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 451,961	\$ 451,961	\$ -	\$ 451,961	\$ -	
Other	563,662	563,662	113,383	450,279	-	
Municipal bonds	1,140,007	1,140,007	-	1,140,007	-	
Foreign government bonds	45,647	45,647	-	45,647	-	
Corporate bonds	2,027,424	2,027,424	30,728	1,963,139	33,557	
Other mortgage-backed securities	705,540	705,540	-	704,663	877	
Totals	4,934,241	4,934,241	144,111	4,755,696	34,434	
Equity securities	24,607	24,607	10,028	14,183	396	
Short-term investments	88,753	88,753	85,442	3,311	-	
Other investments (2)	122,874	126,764	-	-	-	
m . 11	5 150 455	5 151 265	220 501	4.552.100	24.020	
Total investments	5,170,475	5,174,365	239,581	4,773,190	34,830	
Separate Account (variable annuity) assets	1,419,452	1,419,452	-	1,419,452	-	
Financial Liabilities						
Fixed annuity contract liabilities	2,676,214	2,402,481				
Policyholder account balances on interest-sensitive life contracts	79,652	74,956				
Other policyholder funds	110,019	110,019				
Short-term debt	38,000	38,000				
Long-term debt	199,696	218,950				
December 31, 2010						
Financial Assets						
Investments						
Fixed maturities						
U.S. government and federally sponsored agency obligations						
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 468,044	\$ 468,044	\$ -	\$ 468,044	\$ -	
Other	497,454	497,454	114,931	382,523	-	
Municipal bonds	1,088,707	1,088,707	-	1,088,707	-	
Foreign government bonds	45,536	45,536	-	45,536	-	
Corporate bonds	1,932,588	1,932,588	32,087	1,855,257	45,244	
Other mortgage-backed securities	683,208	683,208	-	682,263	945	
Totals	4,715,537	4,715,537	147,018	4,522,330	46,189	
Equity securities	24,056	24,056	9,866	13,794	396	
Short-term investments	211,998	211,998	204,950	7,048	_	
Other investments (2)	122,032	125,790	-	-	-	
T-4-1 :	5.072.622	5 077 201	261.024	4.542.172	16.505	
Total investments	5,073,623	5,077,381	361,834	4,543,172	46,585	
Separate Account (variable annuity) assets	1,375,656	1,375,656	-	1,375,656		

Financial Liabilities			
Fixed annuity contract liabilities	2,614,380	2,346,971	
Policyholder account balances on interest-sensitive life contracts	79,710	75,011	
Other policyholder funds	112,739	112,739	
Short-term debt	38,000	38,000	
Long-term debt	199,679	214,971	

- (1) This information is not required for financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities not recognized at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (2) Fair value of Other investments includes investments, primarily policy loans, for which inputs to fair value measurements are not required. Inputs to fair value measurements are provided only for those investments carried at fair value.

Note 3 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments-(Continued)

The Company did not have any transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during the three months ended March 31, 2011. The following table presents reconciliations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 for all Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

	Corporate Bonds	Other Mortgage- Backed Securities	Total Fixed Maturities	Equity Securities	Total
Financial Assets					
Beginning balance, January 1, 2011	\$ 45,244	\$ 945	\$ 46,189	\$ 396	\$ 46,585
Transfers in (out) of Level 3 (1)	(11,390)	-	(11,390)	-	(11,390)
Total gains or losses					
Net realized gains (losses) included in net income	-	-	-	-	-
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	(122)	8	(114)	-	(114)
Purchases	-	-	-	-	-
Issuances	-	-	-	-	-
Sales	-	-	-	-	-
Settlements	-	-	-	-	-
Paydowns and maturities	(175)	(76)	(251)	-	(251)
Ending balance, March 31, 2011	\$ 33,557	\$ 877	\$ 34,434	\$ 396	\$ 34,830
Beginning balance, January 1, 2010	\$ 2,439	\$ 7,860	\$ 10,299	\$ 539	\$ 10,838
Transfers in (out) of Level 3 (1)	1,307	(390)	917	-	917
Total gains or losses					
Net realized gains (losses) included in net income	-	-	-	-	-
Net unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income	239	147	386	-	386
Purchases	-	-	-	-	-
Issuances	-	-	-	-	-
Sales	-	-	-	-	_
Settlements	-	-	-	-	-
Paydowns and maturities	(3)	(161)	(164)	-	(164)
Ending balance, March 31, 2010	\$ 3,982	\$ 7,456	\$ 11,438	\$ 539	\$ 11,977

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⁽¹⁾ Transfers into and out of Level 3 during the periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were attributable to changes in the availability of observable market information for individual fixed maturity securities. The Company s policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out as of the ending date of the reporting period.

At March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were no realized gains or losses, due to the change in unrealized gains or losses, included in earnings that were attributable to Level 3 assets still held.

Note 4 - Debt

Indebtedness outstanding was as follows:

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Short-term debt:		
Bank Credit Facility	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000
Long-term debt:		
6.05% Senior Notes, due June 15, 2015. Aggregate principal amount of \$75,000 less unaccrued discount		
of \$111 and \$118 (6.1% imputed rate)	74,889	74,882
6.85% Senior Notes, due April 15, 2016. Aggregate principal amount of \$125,000 less unaccrued		
discount of \$193 and \$203 (6.9% imputed rate)	124,807	124,797
Total	\$ 237,696	\$ 237,679

The Bank Credit Facility, 6.05% Senior Notes due 2015 (Senior Notes due 2015) and 6.85% Senior Notes due 2016 (Senior Notes due 2016) are described in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 5 -- Debt of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Note 5 - Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits

The Company has the following retirement plans: a defined contribution plan; a 401(k) plan; a defined benefit plan for employees hired on or before December 31, 1998; and certain employees participate in a supplemental defined contribution plan or a supplemental defined benefit plan or both.

Defined Benefit Plan and Supplemental Defined Benefit Plans

The following tables summarize the components of net periodic pension cost recognized for the defined benefit plan and the supplemental defined benefit plans for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

	Defined Be	enefit Plan	Supplemental Defined Benefit Plans Three Months Ended March 31,		
	Three Mon Marc	h 31,			
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Components of net periodic pension (income) expense:					
Service cost:					
Benefit accrual	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other expenses	68	63	-	_	
Interest cost	456	472	189	281	
Expected return on plan assets	(654)	(597)	-	-	
Settlement loss	-	392	-	-	
Amortization of:					
Prior service cost	-	-	30	31	
Actuarial loss	480	275	156	61	
Net periodic pension expense	\$ 350	\$ 605	\$ 375	\$ 373	

Note 5 - Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits-(Continued)

There is a minimum funding requirement of approximately \$900 for the Company s defined benefit plan in 2011. Consistent with disclosure in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 9 -- Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, for the full year the Company expects to contribute approximately \$5,200 to the defined benefit plan and approximately \$1,300 to the supplemental retirement plans in 2011. The Company contributed \$63 to the defined benefit plan and \$288 to the supplemental retirement plans during the three months ended March 31, 2011. Also, consistent with disclosure in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 9 -- Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company expects amortization of net losses of \$1,775 and \$658 for the defined benefit plan and the supplemental retirement plans, respectively, and expects amortization of prior service cost of \$124 for the supplemental retirement plans to be included in net periodic pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Company also provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to eligible employees. Effective January 1, 2007, the Company eliminated the previous group health insurance benefits for retirees 65 years of age and over, including elimination of pharmacy benefits for Medicare eligible retirees, and established a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) for each eligible participant. Funding of HRA accounts was \$65 and \$106 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The following table summarizes the components of the net periodic benefit for postretirement benefits other than pensions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

	Three Mon Marc	
	2011	2010
Components of net periodic benefit:		
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -
Interest cost	24	43
Amortization of prior service cost	-	-
Amortization of prior gains	(114)	(130)
Net periodic benefit	\$ (90)	\$ (87)

Consistent with disclosure in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 9 -- Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, for the full year the Company expects to contribute approximately \$600 to the postretirement benefit plans other than pensions in 2011, of which \$141 was contributed during the three months ended March 31, 2011. In addition, the Company expects amortization of prior gains of \$550 to be included in the net periodic benefit for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Note 6 - Reinsurance

The Company recognizes the cost of reinsurance premiums over the contract periods for such premiums in proportion to the insurance protection provided. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers for unpaid claims and claim settlement expenses, including estimated amounts for unsettled claims, claims incurred but not yet reported and policy benefits, are estimated in a manner consistent with the insurance liability associated with the policy. The effects of reinsurance on premiums written and contract deposits; premiums and contract charges earned; and benefits, claims and settlement expenses were as follows:

	Gross Amount	Ceded to Other Companies	Assumed from Other Companies	Net Amount
Three months ended March 31, 2011				
Premiums written and contract deposits	\$ 251,651	\$ 7,986	\$ 437	\$ 244,102
Premiums and contract charges earned	174,702	8,585	569	166,686
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses	112,924	2,841	518	110,601
Three months ended March 31, 2010				
Premiums written and contract deposits	\$ 245,953	\$ 8,555	\$ 1,308	\$ 238,706
Premiums and contract charges earned	174,163	9,149	1,339	166,353
Benefits, claims and settlement expenses	115,470	3,638	1,085	112,917

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Note 7 - Segment Information

The Company conducts and manages its business through four segments. The three operating segments, representing the major lines of insurance business, are: property and casualty insurance, principally personal lines automobile and homeowners products; annuity products, principally tax-qualified fixed and variable deposits; and life insurance. The Company does not allocate the impact of corporate level transactions to the insurance segments, consistent with the basis for management sevaluation of the results of those segments, but classifies those items in the fourth segment, corporate and other. In addition to ongoing transactions such as debt service, realized investment gains and losses and certain public company expenses, within the past five years such items also have included debt retirement costs/gains. Summarized financial information for these segments is as follows:

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2011		2010
Insurance premiums and contract charges earned				
Property and casualty	\$		\$	137,743
Annuity		4,756		4,252
Life		24,565		24,358
Total	\$	166,686	\$	166,353
Net investment income				
Property and casualty	\$	9,214	\$	8,846
Annuity		44,234		40,413
Life		17,276		16,924
Corporate and other		-		(4)
Intersegment eliminations		(255)		(261)
Total	\$	70,469	\$	65,918
Net income (loss)				
Property and casualty	\$	12,334	\$	11,012
Annuity		8,684		7,335
Life		4,148		4,565
Corporate and other		775		(309)
Total	\$	25,941	\$	22,603
	N	Iarch 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	
Assets				
Property and casualty	\$	960,596	\$	954,201
Annuity		4,688,124	4	4,556,317
Life		1,416,324		1,393,169
Corporate and other		133,457		130,191
Intersegment eliminations		(24,500)		(28,337)
Total	\$	7,174,001	\$ '	7,005,541

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)

Forward-looking Information

Statements made in the following discussion that are not historical in nature are forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Horace Mann is not under any obligation to (and expressly disclaims any such obligation to) update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. It is important to note that the Company s actual results could differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements due to, among other risks and uncertainties inherent in the Company s business, the following important factors:

The impact that a prolonged economic recession may have on the Company s investment portfolio; volume of new business for automobile, homeowners, annuity and life products; policy renewal rates; and additional annuity contract deposit receipts.

Changes in the composition of the Company s assets and liabilities which may result from occurrences such as acquisitions, divestitures, impairment in asset values or changes in estimates of insurance reserves.

Fluctuations in the fair value of securities in the Company s investment portfolio and the related after-tax effect on the Company s shareholders equity and total capital through either realized or unrealized investment losses, as well as the potential impact on the ability of the Company s insurance subsidiaries to distribute cash to the holding company and/or need for the holding company to make capital contributions to the insurance subsidiaries. In addition, the impact of fluctuations in the financial market on the Company s defined benefit pension plan assets and the related after-tax effect on the Company s operating expenses, shareholders equity and total capital.

Prevailing interest rate levels, including the impact of interest rates on (1) unrealized gains and losses in the Company s investment portfolio and the related after-tax effect on the Company s shareholders equity and total capital, (2) the book yield of the Company s investment portfolio, (3) the Company s ability to maintain appropriate interest rate spreads over the fixed rates guaranteed in the Company s life and annuity products and (4) amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs.

The impact of fluctuations in the financial market on the Company s variable annuity fee revenues, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs, and the level of guaranteed minimum death benefit reserves.

Defaults on interest or dividend payments in the Company s investment portfolio due to credit issues and the resulting impact on investment income.

The frequency and severity of catastrophes such as hurricanes, earthquakes, storms and wildfires and the ability of the Company to provide accurate estimates of ultimate catastrophe costs in its consolidated financial statements in light of such factors as: the proximity of the catastrophe occurrence date to the date of the consolidated financial statements; potential inflation of property repair costs in the affected area; the occurrence of multiple catastrophes in a geographic area over a relatively short period of time; the outcome of litigation which may be filed against the Company by policyholders, state attorneys general and other parties relative to loss coverage disputes and loss settlement payments; and the ability of state insurance facilities to assess participating insurers when financial deficits occur.

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The Company s risk exposure to catastrophe-prone areas. Based on full year 2010 property and casualty direct earned premiums, the Company s ten largest states represented 58% of the segment total. Included in this top ten group are certain states which are considered more prone to catastrophe occurrences: California, Florida, North Carolina, Texas, Louisiana, South Carolina and Georgia.

The potential near-term, adverse impact of underwriting actions to mitigate the Company s risk exposure to catastrophe-prone areas on premium, policy and earnings growth.

The ability of the Company to maintain a favorable catastrophe reinsurance program considering both availability and cost; and the collectibility of reinsurance receivables.

Adverse development of property and casualty loss and loss adjustment expense reserve experience and its impact on estimated claims and claim expenses for losses occurring in prior years.

Climate change, to the extent it produces rising temperatures and changes in weather patterns, which could impact the frequency and/or severity of weather events and wildfires, the affordability and availability of catastrophe reinsurance coverage, and the Company s ability to make homeowners insurance available to its customers.

Adverse changes in market appreciation, interest spreads, business persistency and policyholder mortality and morbidity rates and the resulting impact on both estimated reserves and the amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs.

Adverse results from the assessment of the Company s goodwill asset requiring write off of the impaired portion. The Company s ability to maintain favorable claims-paying ability ratings.

The Company s ability to maintain favorable financial strength and debt ratings.

The impact of fluctuations in the capital markets on the Company s ability to refinance outstanding indebtedness or repurchase shares of the Company s common stock.

The Company s ability to (1) develop and expand its marketing operations, including agents and other points of distribution, and (2) maintain and obtain sponsorships by and/or marketing agreements with local, state and national education associations, as well as various school administrator, principal and business official associations.

The competitive impact of Section 403(b) tax-qualified annuity regulations, including (1) their potential to lead plan sponsors to further restrict the number of providers and (2) the possible increased competition within the 403(b) market from larger companies experienced in 401(k) plans.

The effects of economic forces and other issues affecting the educator market including, but not limited to, federal, state and local budget deficits and cut-backs and adverse changes in state and local tax revenues. The effects of these forces include, among others, teacher layoffs and early retirements, as well as individual concerns regarding employment and economic uncertainty.

The Company s ability to profitably expand its property and casualty business in highly competitive environments.

Changes in insurance regulations, including (1) those affecting the ability of the Company s insurance subsidiaries to distribute cash to the holding company and (2) those impacting the Company s ability to profitably write property and casualty insurance policies in one or more states.

Changes in federal and state tax laws, including changes in elements of taxation or rates of taxation which could be in response to budget pressures related to general economic conditions or other factors, and changes resulting from tax audits affecting corporate tax rates.

Changes in federal and state laws and regulations, which affect the relative tax and other advantages of the Company s life and annuity products to customers, including, but not limited to, changes in IRS regulations governing Section 403(b) plans.

Changes in federal and state laws and regulations, which affect the relative tax advantage of certain investments or which affect the ability of debt issuers to declare bankruptcy or restructure debt.

The cyclicality of the insurance industry and the related effects of changes in price competition and industry-wide underwriting results.

The resolution of legal proceedings and related matters including the potential adverse impact on the Company s reputation and charges against the Company s earnings resulting from legal defense costs, a settlement agreement and/or an adverse finding or findings against the Company from the proceedings.

The Company s dated and complex information systems, which are difficult to upgrade and more prone to error than advanced technology systems.

Disruptions of the general business climate, investments, capital markets and consumer attitudes caused by pandemics or geopolitical acts such as terrorism, war or other similar events.

Executive Summary

Horace Mann Educators Corporation (HMEC; and together with its subsidiaries, the Company or Horace Mann) is an insurance holding company. Through its subsidiaries, HMEC markets and underwrites personal lines of property and casualty insurance, retirement annuities and life insurance in the U.S. The Company markets its products primarily to K-12 teachers, administrators and other employees of public schools and their families.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company s net income of \$25.9 million represented an increase of \$3.3 million, or 15%, compared to the prior year primarily due to net income growth in the annuity and property and casualty segments. After-tax net realized investment gains increased by \$0.6 million between periods. Annuity segment net income increased 19%, or \$1.4 million, compared to the first three months of 2010, largely reflecting improvements in the interest margin and contract charges and fees. For the property and casualty segment, net income increased 12%, or \$1.3 million, compared to the first quarter of 2010, as favorable current accident year underwriting results in the voluntary automobile line more than offset the increase in catastrophe costs in the property line. Catastrophe costs increased \$0.8 million after tax compared to the first quarter of 2010. In addition, favorable prior years property and casualty reserve development was recorded in the current period; however, the level was \$1.1 million after tax lower than the same period a year ago. While reflecting improvement compared to the last two quarters of 2010, current period incurred sinkhole claims in Florida were approximately \$0.8 million after tax higher than the first quarter of 2010. Excluding catastrophe and sinkhole losses, current accident year results for the property line improved compared to a year earlier. Including all factors, the property and casualty combined ratio was 95.0% for the first quarter of 2011 compared to 96.4% for the same period in 2010. Life segment net income decreased 11%, or \$0.5 million, compared to a year earlier, primarily due to an increase in mortality costs, which more than offset the growth in investment income.

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Premiums written and contract deposits of \$244.1 million increased 2% compared to the first three months of 2010, driven by the increase in annuity deposit receipts. Building on increased levels of receipts in 2010, annuity deposits received increased 10% compared to the first three months of 2010, reflecting a 33% increase in single deposit and rollover receipts in the current year. Property and casualty segment premiums written decreased 2% compared to the prior year. Total new automobile sales units and true new auto sales units for the current quarter were 6% and 14% less, respectively, than in the prior period. Increases in average premium per policy for both homeowners and automobile in the current year were offset by the reduced level of automobile and homeowners policies in force. Life segment insurance premiums and contract deposits decreased 2% compared to the first quarter of the prior year.

The Company s book value per share was \$22.63 at March 31, 2011, an increase of 14% compared to 12 months earlier, reflecting net income for the trailing 12 months and the improvement in unrealized investment gains and losses due to the combination of a decline in interest rates and, to a lesser degree, a narrowing of credit spreads.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires the Company s management to make estimates and assumptions based on information available at the time the consolidated financial statements are prepared. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of the Company s consolidated assets, liabilities, shareholders equity and net income. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the Company s consolidated financial statements and because of the possibility that subsequent events and available information may differ markedly from management s judgments at the time the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Management has discussed with the Audit Committee the quality, not just the acceptability, of the Company s accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting. The discussions generally included such matters as the consistency of the Company s accounting policies and their application, and the clarity and completeness of the Company s consolidated financial statements, which include related disclosures. For the Company, the areas most subject to significant management judgments include: fair value measurements, other-than-temporary impairment of investments, goodwill, deferred policy acquisition costs for annuity and interest-sensitive life products, liabilities for property and casualty claims and claim expenses, liabilities for future policy benefits, deferred taxes and valuation of assets and liabilities related to the defined benefit pension plan.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of a financial instrument is the estimated amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in an orderly transaction between knowledgeable, unrelated and willing parties. The valuation of fixed maturity securities and equity securities is more subjective when markets are less liquid due to the lack of market based inputs, which may increase the potential that the estimated fair value of an investment is not reflective of the price at which an actual transaction would occur.

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Valuation of Fixed Maturity and Equity Securities

For fixed maturity securities, each month the Company receives prices from its investment managers and custodian bank. Fair values for the Company s fixed maturity securities are based primarily on prices provided by its investment managers and sometimes by its custodian bank. The prices from the custodian bank are compared to prices from the investment managers. Differences in prices between the sources that the Company considers significant are researched and the Company utilizes the price that it considers most representative of an exit price. Both the investment managers and the custodian bank use a variety of independent, nationally recognized pricing sources to determine market valuations. Each designate specific pricing services or indexes for each sector of the market based upon the provider s expertise. Typical inputs used by these pricing sources include, but are not limited to, reported trades, benchmark yield curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, matrix pricing, issuer spreads, bids, offers, and/or estimated cash flows and prepayment speeds.

When the pricing sources cannot provide fair value determinations, the Company obtains non-binding price quotes from broker-dealers. The broker-dealers valuation methodology is sometimes matrix-based, using indicative evaluation measures and adjustments for specific security characteristics and market sentiment. The market inputs utilized in the evaluation measures and adjustments include: benchmark yield curves, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, reference data, and industry and economic events. The extent of the use of each market input depends on the market sector and the market conditions. Depending on the security, the priority of the use of inputs may change or some market inputs may not be relevant. For some securities, additional inputs may be necessary.

The Company analyzes price and market valuations received to verify reasonableness, to understand the key assumptions used and their sources, to conclude the prices obtained are appropriate, and to determine an appropriate fair value hierarchy level based upon trading activity and the observability of market inputs. Based on this evaluation and investment class analysis, each security is classified into Level 1, 2 or 3. The Company has in place certain control processes to determine the reasonableness of the financial asset fair values. These processes are designed to ensure the values received are accurately recorded and that the data inputs and valuation techniques utilized are appropriate, consistently applied, and that the assumptions are reasonable and consistent with the objective of determining fair value. For example, on a continuing basis, the Company assesses the reasonableness of individual security values received from pricing sources that vary from certain thresholds. Historically, the control processes have not resulted in adjustments to the valuations provided by pricing sources. The Company s fixed maturity securities portfolio is primarily publicly traded, which allows for a high percentage of the portfolio to be priced through pricing services. Approximately 90% of the portfolio, based on fair value, was priced through pricing services or index priced as of March 31, 2011. The remainder of the portfolio was priced by broker-dealers or pricing models. When non-binding broker-dealer quotes could be corroborated by comparison to other vendor quotes, pricing models or analysis, the securities were generally classified as Level 2. There were no significant changes to the valuation process during the first three months of 2011.

Fair values of equity securities have been determined by the Company from observable market quotations, when available. When a public quotation is not available, equity securities are valued by using non-binding broker quotes or through the use of pricing models or analysis that is based on market information regarding interest rates, credit spreads and liquidity. The underlying source data for calculating the matrix of credit spreads relative to the U.S. Treasury curve are nationally recognized indices. These inputs are based on assumptions deemed appropriate given the circumstances and are believed to be consistent with what other market participants would use when pricing such securities. There were no significant changes to the valuation process in the first three months of 2011.

At March 31, 2011, Level 3 invested assets comprised approximately 0.7% of the Company s total investment portfolio fair value. Invested assets are classified as Level 3 when fair value is determined based on unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and those inputs are significant to the fair value. For additional detail, see Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 3 -- Fair Value of Financial Instruments .

Other-than-temporary Impairment of Investments

The Company s methodology of assessing other-than-temporary impairments is based on security-specific facts and circumstances as of the date of the reporting period. Based on these facts, if the Company has the intent to sell the fixed maturity security, or if it is more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the fixed maturity security before the anticipated recovery of the amortized cost basis or if management does not expect to recover the entire cost basis of the fixed maturity security, an other-than-temporary impairment is considered to have occurred. For equity securities, if the Company does not have the ability and intent to hold the security for the recovery of cost or if recovery of cost is not expected within a reasonable period of time, an other-than-temporary impairment is considered to have occurred. Additionally, if events become known that call into question whether the security issuer has the ability to honor its contractual commitments, such security holding will be evaluated to determine whether or not such security has suffered an other-than-temporary decline in value.

The Company reviews the fair value of all investments in its portfolio on a monthly basis to assess whether an other-than-temporary decline in value has occurred. These reviews, in conjunction with the Company's investment managers monthly credit reports and relevant factors such as (1) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (2) the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than amortized cost for fixed maturity securities or cost for equity securities, (3) for fixed maturity securities, the Company's intent to sell a security or whether it is more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the security before the anticipated recovery in the amortized cost basis; and for equity securities, the Company's ability and intent to hold the security for the recovery of cost or if recovery of cost is not expected within a reasonable period of time, (4) the stock price trend of the issuer, (5) the market leadership position of the issuer, (6) the debt ratings of the issuer, and (7) the cash flows and liquidity of the issuer or the underlying cash flows for asset-backed securities, are all considered in the impairment assessment. A write-down of an investment is recorded when a decline in the fair value of that investment is deemed to be other-than-temporary, with a realized investment loss charged to income for the period for all equity securities and for the credit-related loss portion associated with impaired fixed maturity securities. The amount of the total other-than-temporary impairment related to non-credit factors for fixed maturity securities is recognized in other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes, unless the

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Company has the intent to sell the security or if it is more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the security before the anticipated recovery of the amortized cost basis.

With respect to fixed income securities involving securitized financial assets -- primarily asset-backed and commercial mortgage-backed securities in the Company s portfolio -- a significant portion of the fair values is determined by observable inputs. In addition, the securitized financial asset securities underlying collateral cash flows are stress tested to determine if there has been any adverse change in the expected cash flows.

A decline in fair value below amortized cost is not assumed to be other-than-temporary for fixed maturity investments with unrealized losses due to spread widening, market illiquidity or changes in interest rates where there exists a reasonable expectation based on the Company s consideration of all objective information available that the Company will recover the entire cost basis of the security and the Company does not have the intent to sell the investment before maturity or a market recovery is realized and it is more likely than not the Company will not be required to sell the investment. An other-than-temporary impairment loss will be recognized based upon all relevant facts and circumstances for each investment, as appropriate.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the amounts paid to acquire a business over the fair value of its net assets at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment at least annually or more frequently if events occur or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. A reporting unit is defined as an operating segment or one level below an operating segment. The Company s reporting units, for which goodwill has been allocated, are equivalent to the Company s operating segments.

The goodwill impairment test, as defined in the accounting guidance, follows a two-step process. In the first step, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the impairment test is performed for purposes of confirming and measuring the impairment. In the second step, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of the reporting unit to determine an implied goodwill value. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit goodwill exceeds the implied goodwill value, an impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to that excess, and the charge could have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations and financial position.

The Company completed its annual goodwill assessment for the individual reporting units as of December 31, 2010. The first step of the Company s analysis indicated that fair value exceeded carrying value for each reporting unit. Management s determination of the fair value of each reporting unit incorporated multiple inputs including discounted cash flow calculations, the level of the Company s own share price and assumptions that market participants would make in valuing each reporting unit. Fair value estimates were based primarily on an in-depth analysis of historical experience, projected future cash flows and relevant discount rates, which considered market participant inputs and the relative risk associated with the projected cash flows. Other assumptions included levels of economic capital, future business growth, earnings projections and assets under management for each reporting unit. Estimates of fair value are subject to assumptions that are sensitive to change

and represent the Company s reasonable expectations regarding future developments. The Company also considered other valuation techniques such as peer company price-to-earnings and price-to-book multiples.

As part of the Company s December 31, 2010 goodwill analysis, the Company compared the fair value of the aggregated reporting units to the market capitalization of the Company. The difference between the aggregated fair value of the reporting units and the market capitalization of the Company was attributed to transaction premium. The amount of the transaction premium was determined to be reasonable based on insurance industry and Company-specific facts and circumstances.

Subsequent goodwill assessments could result in impairment due to the impact of a volatile financial market on earnings, discount rate assumptions, liquidity and market capitalization. There were no events or material changes in circumstances during the three months ended March 31, 2011 that indicated that a material change in the fair value of the Company s reporting units had occurred.

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs for Annuity and Interest-sensitive Life Products

Policy acquisition costs, consisting of commissions, policy issuance and other costs, which vary with and are primarily related to the production of business, are capitalized and amortized on a basis consistent with the type of insurance coverage. For all investment (annuity) contracts, acquisition costs are amortized over 20 years in proportion to estimated gross profits. Capitalized acquisition costs for interest-sensitive life contracts are also amortized over 20 years in proportion to estimated gross profits.

The most significant assumptions that are involved in the estimation of annuity gross profits include interest rate spreads, future financial market performance, business surrender/lapse rates, expenses and the impact of realized investment gains and losses. For the variable deposit portion of the annuity segment, the Company amortizes policy acquisition costs utilizing a future financial market performance assumption of a 10% reversion to the mean approach with a 200 basis point corridor around the mean during the reversion period, representing a cap and a floor on the Company s long-term assumption. The Company s practice with regard to returns on Separate Accounts assumes that long-term appreciation in the financial market is not changed by short-term market fluctuations, but is only changed when sustained interim deviations are experienced. The Company monitors these changes and only changes the assumption when its long-term expectation changes. The effect of an increase/(decrease) by 100 basis points in the assumed future rate of return is reasonably likely to result in a decrease/(increase) in the deferred policy acquisition costs amortization expense of approximately \$1 million. At March 31, 2011, the ratio of capitalized annuity policy acquisition costs to the total annuity accumulated cash value was approximately 4%.

In the event actual experience differs significantly from assumptions or assumptions are significantly revised, the Company may be required to record a material charge or credit to amortization expense for the period in which the adjustment is made. As noted above, there are key assumptions involved in the evaluation of capitalized policy acquisition costs. In terms of the sensitivity of this amortization to two of the more significant assumptions, assuming all other assumptions are met, (1) a 10 basis point deviation in the annual targeted interest rate spread assumption would currently impact amortization between \$0.15 million and \$0.25 million and (2) a 1% deviation from the targeted financial market performance for the

underlying mutual funds of the Company s variable annuities would currently impact amortization between \$0.20 million and \$0.30 million. These results may change depending on the magnitude and direction of the deviations but represent a range of reasonably likely experience for the noted assumptions. Detailed discussion of the impact of adjustments to the amortization of capitalized acquisition costs is included in Results of Operations -- Policy Acquisition Expenses Amortized .

Liabilities for Property and Casualty Claims and Claim Expenses

Underwriting results of the property and casualty segment are significantly influenced by estimates of the Company s ultimate liability for insured events. There is a high degree of uncertainty inherent in the estimates of ultimate losses underlying the liability for unpaid claims and claim settlement expenses. This inherent uncertainty is particularly significant for liability-related exposures due to the extended period, often many years, that transpires between a loss event, receipt of related claims data from policyholders and ultimate settlement of the claim. Reserves for property and casualty claims include provisions for payments to be made on reported claims (case reserves), claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) and associated settlement expenses (together, loss reserves). The process by which these reserves are established requires reliance upon estimates based on known facts and on interpretations of circumstances, including the Company s experience with similar cases and historical trends involving claim payments and related patterns, pending levels of unpaid claims and product mix, as well as other factors including court decisions, economic conditions and public attitudes. The Company calculates and records a single best estimate of the reserve (which is equal to the actuarial point estimate) as of each balance sheet date.

Reserves are reestimated quarterly. Changes to reserves are recorded in the period in which development factor changes result in reserve reestimates. Detailed discussion of the process utilized to estimate loss reserves, risk factors considered and the impact of adjustments recorded during recent years is included in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 4 -- Property and Casualty Unpaid Claims and Claim Expenses of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Due to the nature of the Company s personal lines business, the Company has no exposure to claims for toxic waste cleanup, other environmental remediation or asbestos-related illnesses other than claims under homeowners insurance policies for environmentally related items such as mold.

Based on the Company s products and coverages, historical experience, and modeling of various actuarial methodologies used to develop reserve estimates, the Company estimates that the potential variability of the property and casualty loss reserves within a reasonable probability of other possible outcomes may be approximately plus or minus 6%, which equates to plus or minus approximately \$11 million of net income based on reserves as of March 31, 2011. Although this evaluation reflects the most likely outcomes, it is possible the final outcome may fall below or above these estimates.

There are a number of assumptions involved in the determination of the Company s property and casualty loss reserves. Among the key factors affecting recorded loss reserves for both long-tail and short-tail related coverages, claim severity and claim frequency are of particular significance. Management estimates that a 2% change in claim severity or claim frequency for the most recent 36-month period is a reasonably likely scenario based on recent experience and would result in a change in the estimated loss reserves of between \$6.0 million and \$10.0 million for long-tail liability related exposures (automobile liability coverages) and

between \$3.0 million and \$4.0 million for short-tail liability related exposures (homeowners and automobile physical damage coverages). Actual results may differ, depending on the magnitude and direction of the deviation.

The Company s loss and loss adjustment expense actuarial analysis is discussed with management. As part of this discussion, the indicated point estimate of the IBNR loss reserve by line of business (coverage) is reviewed. The Company actuaries also discuss any indicated changes to the underlying assumptions used to calculate the indicated point estimate. Review of the variance between the indicated reserves from these changes in assumptions and the previously carried reserves takes place. After discussion of these analyses and all relevant risk factors, management determines whether the reserve balances require adjustment. The Company s best estimate of loss reserves may change depending on a revision in the underlying assumptions.

The Company s liabilities for unpaid claims and claim expenses for the property and casualty segment were as follows:

	March 31, 2011			December 31, 2010		
	Case Reserves	IBNR Reserves	Total (1)	Case Reserves	IBNR Reserves	Total (1)
Automobile liability	\$ 69.6	\$ 129.3	\$ 198.9	\$ 71.4	\$ 129.0	\$ 200.4
Automobile other	3.9	1.9	5.8	5.4	2.1	7.5
Homeowners	10.9	66.8	77.7	9.2	62.5	71.7
All other	3.9	17.9	21.8	4.0	18.0	22.0
Total	\$ 88.3	\$ 215.9	\$ 304.2	\$ 90.0	\$ 211.6	\$ 301.6

(1) These amounts are gross, before reduction for ceded reinsurance reserves.

The facts and circumstances leading to the Company s reestimate of reserves relate to revisions of the development factors used to predict how losses are likely to develop from the end of a reporting period until all claims have been paid. Reestimates occur because actual loss amounts are different than those predicted by the estimated development factors used in prior reserve estimates. At March 31, 2011, the impact of a reserve reestimation resulting in a 1% increase in net reserves would be a decrease of approximately \$2 million in net income. A reserve reestimation resulting in a 1% decrease in net reserves would increase net income by approximately \$2 million.

Favorable prior years—reserve reestimates increased net income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 by approximately \$1.8 million, primarily the result of favorable frequency and severity trends in voluntary automobile loss and loss adjustment expense emergence for accident years 2009 and prior. The lower than expected claims and expense emergence and resultant lower expected loss ratios caused the Company to lower its reserve estimate at March 31, 2011.

Information regarding the Company s property and casualty claims and claims expense reserve development table as of December 31, 2010 is located in Business -- Property and Casualty Segment -- Property and Casualty Reserves of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Information regarding property and casualty reserve reestimates for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2010 is located in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Results of Operations for the Three Years Ended December 31, 2010 -- Benefits, Claims and Settlement Expenses of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Liabilities for Future Policy Benefits

Liabilities for future benefits on life and annuity policies are established in amounts adequate to meet the estimated future obligations on policies in force. Liabilities for future policy benefits on certain life insurance policies are computed using the net level premium method and are based on assumptions as to future investment yield, mortality and withdrawals. Mortality and withdrawal assumptions for all policies have been based on actuarial tables which are consistent with the Company s own experience. In the event actual experience is worse than the assumptions, additional reserves may be required. This would result in a charge to income for the period in which the increase in reserves occurred. Liabilities for future benefits on annuity contracts and certain long-duration life insurance contracts are carried at accumulated policyholder values without reduction for potential surrender or withdrawal charges.

Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the tax effect of the differences between the financial statement carrying value of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. The Company evaluates deferred tax assets periodically to determine if they are realizable. Factors in the determination include the performance of the business including the ability to generate capital gains from a variety of sources and tax planning strategies. If, based on available information, it is more likely than not that the deferred income tax asset will not be realized, then a valuation allowance must be established with a corresponding charge to net income. Charges to establish a valuation allowance could have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations and financial position.

Valuation of Assets and Liabilities Related to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Effective April 1, 2002, participants stopped accruing benefits under the defined benefit pension plan but continue to retain the benefits they had accrued to that date.

The Company s cost estimates for its defined benefit pension plan are determined annually based on assumptions which include the discount rate, expected return on plan assets, anticipated retirement rate and estimated lump sum distributions. A discount rate of 4.58% was used by the Company for estimating accumulated benefits under the plan at December 31, 2010, which was based on the average yield for long-term, high grade securities having maturities generally consistent with the defined benefit pension payout period. To set its discount rate, the Company looks to leading indicators, including the Citigroup Pension Discount Curve. The expected annual return on plan assets assumed by the Company at December 31, 2010 was 7.5%. The assumption for the long-term rate of return on plan assets

was determined by considering actual investment experience during the lifetime of the plan, balanced with reasonable expectations of future growth considering the various classes of assets and percentage allocation for each asset class. Management believes that it has adopted reasonable assumptions for investment returns, discount rates and other key factors used in the estimation of pension costs and asset values.

To the extent that actual experience differs from the Company's assumptions, subsequent adjustments may be required, with the effects of those adjustments charged or credited to income and/or shareholders equity for the period in which the adjustments are made. Generally, a change of 50 basis points in the discount rate would inversely impact pension expense and accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) by approximately \$0.1 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. In addition, for every \$1 million increase (decrease) in the value of pension plan assets, there is a comparable pretax increase (decrease) in AOCI.

Results of Operations

Insurance Premiums and Contract Charges

Insurance Premiums Written and Contract Deposits

(Includes annuity and life contract deposits)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		Change From Prior Year	
	2011	2010	Percent	Amount	
Property & casualty					
Automobile and property (voluntary)	\$ 128.4	\$ 129.9	-1.2%	\$ (1.5)	
Involuntary and other property & casualty	0.4	1.3	-69.2%	(0.9)	
Total property & casualty	128.8	131.2	-1.8%	(2.4)	
Annuity deposits	92.5	84.2	9.9%	8.3	
Life	22.8	23.3	-2.1%	(0.5)	
				, ,	
Total	\$ 244.1	\$ 238.7	2.3%	\$ 5.4	

Insurance Premiums and Contract Charges Earned

(Excludes annuity and life contract deposits)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		U	Change From Prior Year	
	2011	2010	Percent	Amount	
Property & casualty					
Automobile and property (voluntary)	\$ 137.3	\$ 136.8	0.4%	\$ 0.5	
Involuntary and other property & casualty	0.1	0.9	-88.8%	(0.8)	
Total property & casualty	137.4	137.7	-0.2%	(0.3)	
Annuity	4.7	4.3	9.3%	0.4	
Life	24.6	24.4	0.8%	0.2	

Total \$ 166.7 \$ 166.4 0.2% \$ 0.3

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For the first three months of 2011, the Company s premiums written and contract deposits increased \$5.4 million, or 2.3%, compared to the prior year, driven by the increase in annuity single premium and rollover deposit receipts. The Company s premiums and contract charges earned increased \$0.3 million, or 0.2%, primarily reflecting the increasing favorable impact on earned premium of the automobile and property rate actions taken in 2010. Voluntary property and casualty business represents policies sold through the Company s marketing organization and issued under the Company s underwriting guidelines. Involuntary property and casualty business consists of allocations of business from state mandatory insurance facilities and assigned risk business.

Total voluntary automobile and homeowners premium written decreased 1.2%, or \$1.5 million, in the first three months of 2011. Automobile and homeowners average written premium per policy each increased compared to the prior year, with the impact more than offset by a reduced level of policies in force in the current period. For the Company s automobile and homeowners business, rate changes effective during the first three months of 2011 averaged 2% and 12%, respectively, compared to 4% and 7%, respectively, during the same period in 2010. At March 31, 2011, there were 500,000 voluntary automobile and 248,000 homeowners policies in force, for a total of 748,000 policies, compared to a total of 760,000 policies at December 31, 2010 and 786,000 policies at March 31, 2010. Management believes that the Company s rate and risk mitigation actions have had a negative impact, in some locations, on its policy retention rates and its sales levels.

Based on policies in force, the voluntary automobile 6-month retention rate for new and renewal policies was 90.1% at March 31, 2011 compared to 91.0% at March 31, 2010. The property 12-month new and renewal policy retention rate was 85.9% at March 31, 2011 compared to 88.9% at March 31, 2010, with the change including the impact of the Company s risk mitigation actions described below.

Voluntary automobile premium written decreased 1.4% (\$1.3 million) compared to the first quarter of 2010. In the first quarter of 2011, the average written and earned premium per policy increased 3% and 2%, respectively, more than offset by the decline in policies in force. Voluntary automobile policies in force at March 31, 2011 decreased 8,000 compared to December 31, 2010 and 25,000 compared to March 31, 2010. Both educator and non-educator policies decreased in each of these comparisons. The number of educator policies represented approximately 82% and 81% of the voluntary automobile policies in force at March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Voluntary homeowners premium written decreased 0.5% (\$0.2 million) compared to the first quarter of 2010, net of catastrophe reinsurance premiums ceded that were less than the prior year. The average written and earned premium per policy each increased 6% in the first quarter of 2011 compared to a year earlier. Homeowners policies in force at March 31, 2011 decreased 4,000 compared to December 31, 2010 and 13,000 compared to March 31, 2010. The number of educator policies represented approximately 76% and 75% of the homeowners policies in force at March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Growth in the number of educator policies that had been consistent sequentially for several years was offset somewhat beginning in the third quarter of 2010 by expected reductions due to the Company s risk mitigation programs, including actions in catastrophe-prone coastal areas, involving policies of both educators and non-educators. The Company continues to evaluate and implement actions to further mitigate its risk exposure in hurricane-prone areas, as well as other areas of the country. Such actions could include, but are not limited to, non-renewal of homeowners

policies, restricted agent geographic placement, limitations on agent new business sales, further tightening of underwriting standards and increased utilization of third-party vendor products.

As an example, in early 2010 the Company began a program to address homeowners profitability and hurricane exposure issues in Florida. On January 1, 2010, the Company ceased writing new homeowner (including home, condo, renters and dwelling fire) policies in that state and initiated a program to non-renew about 9,600 policies, over half of the Company s Florida book of property business, starting with August 2010 policy effective dates. As of March 31, 2011, approximately 6,600 of the policies in the non-renewal program had been terminated, with approximately 3,200 of those policies terminated at the customers request -- a favorable result that is ahead of management s expected timing. In total, the Company s March 31, 2011 policy count for Florida homeowners business decreased by approximately 7,700 compared to December 31, 2009. The Company s agents will continue to work closely with customers to find coverage with third-party companies that underwrite property risks in Florida. While this program likely will continue to impact the overall policy in force count and premiums in the short-term, it is expected to reduce risk exposure concentration, reduce overall catastrophe reinsurance costs and improve homeowners underwriting results.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, total annuity deposits received increased 9.9% driven by the 33.1% increase in single premium and rollover deposit receipts. In the first three months of 2011, new deposits to variable accounts decreased 1.8%, or \$0.5 million, and new deposits to fixed accounts increased 15.5%, or \$8.8 million, compared to the prior year. In addition to external contractholder deposits, annuity new deposits include contributions and transfers by the Company s employees in the Company s 401(k) group annuity contract.

Total annuity accumulated cash value of \$4.2 billion at March 31, 2011 increased 10.4% compared to a year earlier, as the increase from new deposits received and favorable retention were accompanied by favorable financial market performance over the 12 months. Cash value retentions for variable and fixed annuity options were 92.3% and 94.4%, respectively, for the 12 month period ended March 31, 2011. At March 31, 2011, the number of annuity contracts outstanding of 181,000 increased 0.6%, or 1,000 contracts, compared to December 31, 2010 and increased 1.7%, or 3,000 contracts, compared to March 31, 2010.

Variable annuity accumulated balances at March 31, 2011 reflected growth of 10.8% compared to March 31, 2010, including the positive impact of financial market performance over the 12 months. Annuity segment contract charges earned increased 9.3%, or \$0.4 million, compared to the first three months of 2010, primarily reflecting the growth in variable annuity account values.

Life segment premiums and contract deposits decreased \$0.5 million, or 2.1%, compared to the first three months of 2010. The ordinary life insurance in force lapse ratio was 4.8% for the 12 months ended March 31, 2011 compared to 5.2% for the 12 months ended March 31, 2010.

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Sales

For the Company, as well as other personal lines property and casualty companies, new business levels have been adversely impacted by the economy and the overall lower level of automobile and home sales compared to a few years ago. For the first three months of 2011, total new automobile sales units were 6.2% less than the same period in the prior year, while true new automobile sales were 13.5% less than in the prior year. New homeowners sales units decreased 12.3% compared to the first quarter of 2010. Management believes that automobile and homeowners sales levels also have been negatively impacted by the Company s rate actions. In addition, the sales decreases in both lines of business were exacerbated by the Company s underwriting actions in Florida which were initiated in 2010.

Driven by increases in single premium and rollover deposits, total annuity sales increased 22.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Single premium and rollover deposits for Horace Mann annuity products increased 33.1% compared to the same period in 2010. In addition, the Company s new scheduled deposit business (measured on an annualized basis at the time of sale, compared to the reporting of new contract deposits which are recorded when cash is received) increased 2.3% compared to the first quarter of 2010. In the first three months of 2011, sales of third-party vendor annuity products, a relatively minor component of total annuity sales, decreased 38.1% compared to the first quarter of 2010. Sales of Horace Mann products by the Independent Agent distribution channel, included in the information above, increased 32.1% compared to the prior year, a comparison also impacted by current period growth in single premium and rollover deposits. The Company s annuity sales levels in recent years have been impacted both positively and negatively as K-12 educators respond to uncertainties regarding employment prospects during the economic recession. In situations where educator retirements increase, opportunities arise for single premium and rollover deposit business. For employed educators, uncertainty about their futures creates challenges for new sales of scheduled deposit business.

New sales of life insurance products have been adversely impacted by current economic conditions industry wide. The Company s introduction of new educator-focused portfolios of term and whole life products in the third quarters of 2009 and 2010 have helped to moderate the impact on the sales of proprietary life products. The current period increase in total life sales of 37.1% included a 73.4% increase in sales of third-party vendor products and a 6.4% increase in sales of proprietary life products.

Combining all lines of business, the Company s total new business sales increased 15.8% compared to the first three months of 2010. Total sales for Horace Mann s Exclusive Agencies and Employee Agents for the first quarter of 2011 increased 12.9% compared to the prior year.

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Distribution System

At March 31, 2011, there was a combined total of 747 Exclusive Agencies and Employee Agents, compared to 741 at December 31, 2010 and 684 at March 31, 2010. At March 31, 2011, there were 485 Horace Mann Exclusive Agencies -- more than half of which were formed by new appointments -- increasing 180 compared to March 31, 2010. The Company s Exclusive Agent opportunity was launched on January 1, 2009. At March 31, 2011, in addition to the Exclusive Agencies, there were 262 Employee Agents. See additional description in Business -- Corporate Strategy and Marketing -- Dedicated Agency Force of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10- K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

As mentioned above, the Company utilizes a nationwide network of Independent Agents who comprise a supplemental distribution channel for the Company s 403(b) tax-qualified annuity products. The Independent Agent distribution channel included 857 authorized agents at March 31, 2011. During the first three months of 2011, this channel generated \$13.8 million in annualized new annuity sales for the Company compared to \$10.5 million for the first quarter of 2010, primarily reflecting increases in single and rollover deposit business.

Net Investment Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, pretax investment income of \$70.5 million increased 7.0%, or \$4.6 million, (6.5%, or \$2.9 million, after tax) compared to the prior year. The increase primarily reflected growth in the size of the average investment portfolio on an amortized cost basis. Average invested assets increased 7.4% over the 12 months ended March 31, 2011. The average pretax yield on the investment portfolio was 5.71% (3.86% after tax) for the first three months of 2011, compared to a pretax yield of 5.73% (3.89% after tax) a year earlier.

Net Realized Investment Gains and Losses

For the first three months of 2011, net realized investment gains (pretax) were \$5.8 million compared to net realized investment gains of \$4.9 million in the prior year s first quarter. The net gains and losses in all periods were realized from ongoing investment portfolio management activity and, when determined, the recording of impairment write-down charges.

In the first quarter of 2011, the Company s net realized investment gains of \$5.8 million included \$6.0 million of gross gains realized on security sales and calls partially offset by \$0.2 million of realized losses on securities that were disposed of during the quarter. There were no other-than-temporary impairment write-downs on securities in the current period. Gains realized on security disposals during the first quarter of 2011 included \$0.1 million related to securities on which the Company had previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment write-downs.

In the first quarter of 2010, pretax net realized investment gains of \$4.9 million included (1) a \$0.7 million credit-related impairment write-down related to one issuer and (2) \$1.8 million of realized gains on previously impaired securities that were disposed of during the quarter.

The Company, from time to time, sells securities subsequent to the balance sheet date that were considered temporarily impaired at the balance sheet date. Such sales are generally due to events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date that result in a change in the Company s intent to sell an invested asset.

Fixed Maturity Securities and Equity Securities Portfolios

The table below presents the Company s fixed maturity securities and equity securities portfolios as of March 31, 2011 by major asset class, including the ten largest sectors of the Company s corporate bond holdings (based on fair value) and the sectors of the equity securities holdings. Compared to March 31, 2010, interest rates declined and credit spreads improved across virtually all asset classes, with the Company s commercial mortgage-backed securities and investment grade corporate bond portfolios showing the most significant improvement in net unrealized gains.

Fixed Maturity Securities	Number of Issuers	Fair Value	Amortized Cost or Cost	Pretax Unrealized Gain(Loss)
Corporate bonds				
Banking and Finance	55	\$ 368.6	\$ 349.8	\$ 18.8
Utilities	44	289.5	266.1	23.4
Energy	49	223.4	205.8	17.6
Insurance	23	126.6	113.4	13.2
Health Care	31	95.8	90.1	5.7
Metal and Mining	15	93.2	88.0	5.2
Broadcasting and Media	18	93.0	86.2	6.8
Transportation	17	79.2	75.7	3.5
Telecommunications	24	79.1	72.1	7.0
Real Estate	15	71.7	68.6	3.1
All Other Corporates (1)	153	507.2	472.2	35.0
Total corporate bonds	444	2,027.3	1,888.0	139.3
Mortgage-backed securities				
U.S. government and federally sponsored agencies	330	452.0	426.3	25.7
Commercial	98	291.6	289.6	2.0
Other	14	15.4	14.5	0.9
Municipal bonds	363	1,140.0	1,134.5	5.5
Government bonds				
U.S.	8	563.7	583.9	(20.2)
Foreign	7	45.6	42.9	2.7
Collateralized debt obligations (2)	18	36.1	34.8	1.3
Asset-backed securities	96	362.5	343.5	19.0
Total fixed maturity securities	1,378	\$ 4,934.2	\$ 4,758.0	\$ 176.2
Equity Securities				
Non-redeemable preferred stocks				
Banking and Finance	5	\$ 9.7	\$ 7.3	\$ 2.4
Real Estate	2	5.6	5.0	0.6
Utilities	4	5.1	5.0	0.1
Insurance	4	3.6	3.5	0.1
U.S. federally sponsored agencies	2	0.2	*	0.2
Common stocks				
Technology	1	0.4	-	0.4
Cable and other	3	*	*	*
Total equity securities	21	\$ 24.6	\$ 20.8	\$ 3.8
Total	1,399	\$ 4,958.8	\$ 4,778.8	\$ 180.0

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- Less than \$0.1 million.
- (1) The All Other Corporates category contains 19 additional industry classifications. Natural gas, technology, automobiles, miscellaneous, retail, and food and beverage represented \$296.2 million of fair value at March 31, 2011, with the remaining 13 classifications each representing less than \$38 million.
- (2) Based on fair value, 69.4% of the collateralized debt obligation securities were rated investment grade by Standard and Poor s Corporation (S&P) and/or Moody s Investors Service, Inc. (Moody s) at March 31, 2011.

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At March 31, 2011, the Company s diversified fixed maturity securities portfolio consisted of 1,634 investment positions, issued by 1,378 entities, and totaled approximately \$4.9 billion in fair value. This portfolio was 94.7% investment grade, based on fair value, with an average quality rating of A+. The Company s investment guidelines generally limit single corporate issuer concentrations to 0.5% of invested assets for AA or AAA rated securities, 0.35% of invested assets for non-investment grade securities.

The following table presents the composition and value of the Company s fixed maturity securities and equity securities portfolios by rating category. At March 31, 2011, 94.6% of these combined portfolios were investment grade, with an overall average quality rating of A+. The Company has classified the entire fixed maturity securities and equity securities portfolios as available for sale, which are carried at fair value.

Rating of Fixed Maturity Securities and Equity Securities(1)

(Dollars in millions)

	Percent of Portfolio Fair Value		March 31, 2011		
	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	Fair Value	Amortized Cost or Cost	
Fixed maturity securities					
AAA	28.2%	27.5%	\$ 1,358.8	\$ 1,340.9	
AA	17.9	17.3	851.8	830.2	
A	23.2	23.6	1,164.4	1,104.6	
BBB	25.4	26.3	1,300.2	1,228.5	
BB	2.9	3.0	146.5	146.2	
В	2.3	2.2	106.6	101.8	
CCC or lower	0.1	0.1	5.8	5.7	
Not rated (2)	-	-	0.1	0.1	
Total fixed maturity securities	100.0%	100.0%	\$ 4,934.2	\$ 4,758.0	
Equity securities					
AAA	-	-	-	-	
AA	-	-	-	-	
A	17.0%	17.5%	\$ 4.3	\$ 4.5	
BBB	55.6	50.4	12.4	11.3	
BB	24.9	29.7	7.3	4.9	
В	-	-	-	-	
CCC or lower	0.4	0.8	0.2	*	
Not rated (3)	2.1	1.6	0.4	0.1	
Total equity securities	100.0%	100.0%	\$ 24.6	\$ 20.8	
Total			\$ 4,958.8	\$ 4,778.8	

(1)

^{*} Less than \$0.1 million.

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Ratings are as assigned primarily by S&P when available, with remaining ratings as assigned on an equivalent basis by Moody s. Ratings for publicly traded securities are determined when the securities are acquired and are updated monthly to reflect any changes in ratings.

- (2) Included in this category is \$0.1 million fair value of private placement securities not rated by either S&P or Moody s.
- (3) This category represents common stocks that are not rated by either S&P or Moody s.

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At March 31, 2011, the Company had \$291.6 million fair value in commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), primarily in the annuity and life portfolios, with gross unrealized losses of \$9.6 million and a net unrealized gain of \$2.0 million. Compared to the net unrealized loss at March 31, 2010, this net unrealized gain improved significantly, resulting in an overall fair value to amortized cost ratio of 100.7% at March 31, 2011, compared to 84.7% at March 31, 2010. As a result of risk reduction actions during 2010, and to a lesser extent in the first quarter of 2011, the Company reduced its holdings of conduit/fusion CMBS securities by \$110 million of amortized cost, or 58%, compared to December 31, 2009. The CMBS disposals over the last 15 months resulted in a net realized gain of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and a net realized loss of \$18.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. While CMBS spreads have continued to improve, the spreads remained wide for lower-rated CMBS securities at March 31, 2011. The concern over current economic weakness and its impact on commercial real estate values and rising commercial mortgage loan delinquencies has resulted in ratings downgrades within the CMBS portfolio. At March 31, 2011, the Company s CMBS portfolio was 91% investment grade, with an overall credit rating of AA-, and well diversified by property type, geography and sponsor.

To evaluate the CMBS portfolio, the Company uses an estimate of future cash flows expected to be collected. The determination of cash flow estimates is inherently subjective and methodologies may vary depending on facts and circumstances specific to the security. All reasonably available information relevant to the collectability of the security, including past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable assumptions and forecasts, are considered when developing the estimate of cash flows expected to be collected. Information includes, but is not limited to, debt-servicing, missed refinancing opportunities and geography. Loan level characteristics such as issuer, payment terms, property type, and economic outlook are also utilized in financial models, along with historical performance, to estimate or measure the loan s propensity to default. Additionally, financial models take into account loan age, lease rollovers, rent volatilities, vacancy rates and exposure to refinancing as additional drivers of default. For transactions where loan level data is not available, financial models use a proxy based on the collateral characteristics. Loss severity is a function of multiple factors including, but not limited to, the unpaid balance, interest rate, assessed property value at origination, change in property valuation and loan-to-value ratio at origination. Cost of capital rates and debt service ratios are also considered. The cash flows generated by the collateral securing these securities are estimated using these default and loss severity assumptions. These collateral cash flows are then utilized, along with consideration for the issue s position in the overall structure, to estimate the cash flows associated with the commercial mortgage-backed security held by the Company.

The table below presents rating, vintage year and property type information for the Company s CMBS portfolio.

		March 31, 20	11		December 31, 2	010
			Pretax			Pretax
	Number		Unrealized	Number		Unrealized
	of		Gain	of		Gain
	Positions	Fair Value	(Loss)	Positions	Fair Value	(Loss)
Rating	1 051110115	1 411 , 4140	(1000)	1 051110115	- H11	(1000)
AAA	34	\$ 95.6	\$ 3.7	35	\$ 93.1	\$ 5.6
AA	28	77.0	1.4	30	79.8	2.0
A	21	76.7	1.7	20	64.3	0.4
BBB	8	16.0	(0.1)	8	19.2	(1.3)
BB and below	7	26.3	(4.7)	8	25.6	(7.3)
Total	98	\$ 291.6	\$ 2.0	101	\$ 282.0	\$ (0.6)
X70 /						
Vintage	0	Ф 10.7	\$ *	0	Ф 10.0	Φ 0.1
2003 and prior	8	\$ 12.7	Ψ	8	\$ 12.8	\$ 0.1
2004	10	15.9	0.4	10	15.3	(0.1)
2005	15	58.1	(5.5)	17	56.3	(9.5)
2006 2007	20 18	43.6 50.4	2.5 2.7	20 19	38.7 51.9	2.4 3.1
2007	11	30.4	1.3	19	32.3	2.1
2008	7	38.1	1.5		38.6	2.1
2009		36.2		7	36.1	
	8		(0.9)	8		(1.0)
2011	1	6.0	*	-	-	-
Total	98	\$ 291.6	\$ 2.0	101	\$ 282.0	\$ (0.6)
Property type						
Military housing	26	\$ 90.4	\$ (0.2)	26	\$ 86.1	\$ 0.2
Conduit/Fusion	35	79.2	(0.7)	37	81.6	(5.3)
GNMA project loans	24	62.8	1.2	26	66.2	3.0
Cell tower	5	20.4	1.3	5	20.1	0.9
Timber	5	14.4	0.7	4	8.3	0.6
Single borrower	2	12.5	(0.2)	2	7.7	*
Credit tenant lease	1	11.9	(0.1)	1	12.0	*
Total	98	\$ 291.6	\$ 2.0	101	\$ 282.0	\$ (0.6)

At March 31, 2011, the Company had \$378.3 million fair value in financial institution bonds and preferred stocks with a net unrealized gain of \$21.2 million. The Company s holdings in this sector are primarily large, well recognized institutions, which were broadly supported by government intervention and credit enhancement programs during the recent recession.

^{*} Less than \$0.1 million.

At March 31, 2011, the Company had \$1,140.0 million fair value invested in municipal bonds with a net unrealized gain of \$5.5 million. Of the geographically diversified municipal bond holdings, approximately 53% are tax-exempt and 72% are revenue bonds tied to essential services, such as mass transit, water and sewer. The overall credit quality of these securities was AA-, with approximately 35% of the value insured at March 31, 2011. This represents approximately 8% of the Company s total investment portfolio that is guaranteed by the mono-line credit insurers. When selecting securities, the Company focuses primarily on the quality of the underlying security and does not place significant reliance on the additional insurance benefit. Excluding the effect of insurance, the credit quality of the underlying municipal bond portfolio also was AA- at March 31, 2011.

At March 31, 2011, the fixed maturity securities and equity securities portfolios had a combined \$69.3 million pretax of gross unrealized losses on \$1,403.3 million fair value related to 367 positions. Of this amount, pretax gross unrealized losses of \$47.2 million were on \$1,226.2 million fair value for 302 positions that had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for 6 months or less; including \$22.8 million of pretax gross unrealized losses on \$357.4 million fair value of securities issued by the U.S. government and federally sponsored agencies (22 positions).

Of the investment positions (fixed maturity securities and equity securities) with unrealized losses, 5 were trading below 80% of book value at March 31, 2011 and were not considered other-than-temporarily impaired. These positions included structured securities and corporate securities. The 5 securities with fair values below 80% of book value at March 31, 2011 had fair value of \$1.7 million, representing less than 0.1% of the Company s total investment portfolio at fair value, and had a gross unrealized loss of \$1.1 million.

While the credit markets and credit spreads continued to improve across virtually all asset classes in the first three months of 2011, contributing to the improvement in the Company s gross unrealized loss position compared to the prior year, the persisting uncertainty and concern over prolonged economic weakness continue to have an adverse effect on the liquidity and fair value of certain investments. With respect to fixed income securities involving securitized financial assets, the underlying collateral cash flows were stress tested to determine there was no adverse change in the expected cash flows at March 31, 2011.

The Company views the decrease in value of all of the securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2011 as temporary. For fixed maturity securities, management does not have the intent to sell the securities and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the securities before the anticipated recovery of the amortized cost bases. In addition, management expects to recover the entire cost basis of the fixed maturity securities. For equity securities, the Company has the ability and intent to hold the securities for the recovery of cost. Therefore, no impairment of these securities was recorded at March 31, 2011. Future changes in circumstances related to these and other securities could require subsequent recognition of other-than-temporary impairment losses.

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Benefits, Claims and Settlement Expenses

		Three Months Ended March 31,		Change From Prior Year	
	2011	2010	Percent	Amount	
Property and casualty	\$ 95.3	\$ 98.4	-3.2%	\$ (3.1)	
Annuity	0.2	0.3	-33.3%	(0.1)	
Life	15.1	14.2	6.3%	0.9	
Total	\$ 110.6	\$ 112.9	-2.0%	\$ (2.3)	
Property and casualty catastrophe losses, included above	\$ 8.0	\$ 6.8	17.6%	\$ 1.2	

Property and Casualty Claims and Claim Expenses (losses)

		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010	
Incurred claims and claim expenses:			
Claims occurring in the current year	\$ 98.0	\$ 102.9	
Decrease in estimated reserves for claims occurring in prior years	(2.7)	(4.5)	
Total claims and claim expenses incurred	\$ 95.3	\$ 98.4	
Property and casualty loss ratio:			
Total	69.3%	71.5%	
Effect of catastrophe costs, included above	5.8%	5.0%	

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company s benefits, claims and settlement expenses decreased \$2.3 million, or 2.0%, compared to the prior year, primarily reflecting improved current accident year loss experience excluding catastrophes in both the automobile and property lines of business partially offset by increases in property and casualty catastrophe losses and Florida sinkhole losses, an increase in life mortality costs, and a reduced level of favorable property loss experience for prior accident years.

The current period favorable development of prior years property and casualty reserves of \$2.7 million was the result of actual and remaining projected losses for prior years being below the level anticipated in the December 31, 2010 loss reserve estimate, primarily the result of favorable frequency and severity trends in voluntary automobile loss and loss adjustment expense emergence for accident years 2009 and prior.

In the first three months of 2010, favorable development of prior years property and casualty reserves of \$4.5 million was the result of actual and remaining projected losses for prior years being below the level anticipated in the December 31, 2009 loss reserve estimate, primarily the result of favorable frequency and severity trends in voluntary automobile loss and loss adjustment expense emergence for accident years 2009 and prior.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the voluntary automobile loss ratio of 65.6% decreased by 4.7 percentage points compared to the same period a year earlier, including favorable development of prior years—reserves that had a comparable impact in both periods. The impact of catastrophe losses for this line of business was also comparable. The homeowners loss ratio of 76.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased 2.9 percentage points compared to a year earlier, including a 2.1 percentage point increase due to the higher level of catastrophe costs. Catastrophe costs represented 17.4 percentage points of the homeowners loss ratio for the current period compared to 15.3 percentage points for the prior year. The homeowners loss ratio also reflected an increase of 4.1 percentage points in the first quarter of 2011 attributable to favorable development of prior years—reserves in the first three months of 2010 which did not reoccur in the current period. Excluding claim settlement expenses, Florida sinkhole losses incurred for the first three months of 2011 of \$4.7 million decreased compared to the amounts in each of the last two quarters of 2010; however, they were \$1.2 million higher than the Company—s experience in the first quarter of 2010.

For the annuity segment, benefits in the current quarter were comparable to the same period in the prior year. The Company s guaranteed minimum death benefit (GMDB) reserve was \$0.3 million at March 31, 2011, compared to \$0.3 million at December 31, 2010 and \$0.4 million at March 31, 2010. The changes in this reserve in both the current period and 2010 reflected the impact of financial market performance.

For the life segment, benefits in the current quarter increased \$0.9 million compared to a year earlier, primarily reflecting an increase in mortality costs in the current period.

Interest Credited to Policyholders

		Three Months Ended March 31,		Change From Prior Year	
	2011	2010	Percent	Amount	
Annuity	\$ 27.2	\$ 25.6	6.2%	\$ 1.6	
Life	10.2	10.0	2.0%	0.2	
Total	\$ 37.4	\$ 35.6	5.1%	\$ 1.8	

Compared to the first three months of 2010, the current year increase in annuity segment interest credited reflected a 10.0% increase in average accumulated fixed deposits, partially offset by a 14 basis point decline in the average annual interest rate credited to 4.08%. Life insurance interest credited increased slightly as a result of the growth in interest-sensitive life insurance reserves.

The net interest spread on fixed annuity account value on deposit measures the difference between the rate of income earned on the underlying invested assets and the rate of interest which policyholders are credited on their account values. The net interest spreads for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were 202 basis points and 190 basis points, respectively. The annuity net interest spread increased 12 basis points compared to the first three months of 2010, primarily reflecting crediting rate actions. The Company s investment portfolio yield continued to reflect the positive impact of the reduced average level of short-term investments in the portfolio.

As of March 31, 2011, fixed annuity account values totaled \$2.8 billion, including \$2.5 billion of deferred annuities. Of the deferred annuity account values, 29% had minimum guaranteed interest rates of 3% or lower while 62% had minimum guaranteed rates of 4.5% or greater. For \$2.0 billion of the deferred annuity account values, the credited interest rate was equal to the minimum guaranteed rate.

Policy Acquisition Expenses Amortized

Amortized policy acquisition expenses were \$21.0 million for the first three months of 2011 compared to \$20.1 million for the same period in 2010. At March 31, 2011, the evaluation of annuity deferred policy acquisition costs resulted in a decrease in amortization of \$1.0 million, primarily reflecting the impact of favorable financial market performance. This compares to a decrease in amortization of \$1.2 million from a similar evaluation at March 31, 2010, which also primarily reflected the impact of favorable financial market performance. For the life segment, the March 31, 2011 evaluation of deferred policy acquisition costs resulted in a \$0.2 million increase in amortization, comparable to the \$0.1 million increase recorded as a result of the March 31, 2010 evaluation.

Operating Expenses

For the first three months of 2011, operating expenses of \$35.1 million increased 1.2%, or \$0.4 million, compared to the same period in the prior year. The property and casualty expense ratio of 25.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased 0.8 percentage point compared to the prior year expense ratio of 24.9%, consistent with management s expectations for the current period.

Income Tax Expense

The effective income tax rate on the Company s pretax income, including net realized investment gains and losses, was 30.0% and 29.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Income from investments in tax-advantaged securities reduced the effective income tax rate 6.4 and 7.2 percentage points for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. While the amount of income from tax-advantaged securities increased slightly in the current period, the lower level of taxable income in 2010 resulted in this having a greater impact on the effective income tax rate for that period.

The Company records liabilities for uncertain tax filing positions where it is more-likely-than-not that the position will not be sustainable upon audit by taxing authorities. These liabilities are reevaluated routinely and are adjusted appropriately based upon changes in facts or law. The Company has no unrecorded liabilities from uncertain tax filing positions.

At March 31, 2011, the Company had federal income tax returns for the 2006 through 2010 tax years still open and subject to adjustment upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company is currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service for tax years 2006 through 2009. The Company has recorded \$0.2 million of uncertain tax position liabilities including interest related to all open tax years as of March 31, 2011.

Net Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company s net income of \$25.9 million represented an increase of \$3.3 million, or 15%, compared to the prior year primarily due to net income growth in the annuity and property and casualty segments. After-tax net realized investment gains increased by \$0.6 million between periods. Annuity segment net income increased 19%, or \$1.4 million, compared to the first three months of 2010, largely reflecting improvements in the interest margin and contract charges and fees. For the property and casualty segment, net income increased 12%, or \$1.3 million, compared to the first quarter of 2010, as favorable current accident year underwriting results in the voluntary automobile line more than offset the increase in catastrophe costs in the property line. Catastrophe costs increased \$0.8 million after tax compared to the first quarter of 2010. In addition, favorable prior years property and casualty reserve development was recorded in the current period; however, the level was \$1.1 million after tax lower than it was for the same period a year ago. While reflecting improvement compared to the last two quarters of 2010, current period incurred sinkhole claims in Florida were approximately \$0.8 million after tax higher than the first quarter of 2010. Excluding catastrophe and sinkhole losses, current accident year results for the property line improved compared to a year earlier. Including all factors, the property and casualty combined ratio was 95.0% for the first quarter of 2011 compared to 96.4% for the same period in 2010. Life segment net income decreased 11%, or \$0.5 million, compared to a year earlier, primarily due to an increase in mortality costs, which more than offset the growth in investment income.

Net income (loss) by segment and net income per share were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change From Prior Year	
	2011	2010	Percent	Amount
Analysis of net income (loss) by segment:				
Property and casualty	\$ 12.3	\$ 11.0	11.8%	\$ 1.3
Annuity	8.7	7.3	19.2%	1.4
Life	4.1	4.6	-10.9%	(0.5)
Corporate and other (1)	0.8	(0.3)	N.M.	1.1
Net income	\$ 25.9	\$ 22.6	14.6%	\$ 3.3
Effect of catastrophe costs, after tax, included above	\$ (5.2)	\$ (4.4)	18.2%	\$ (0.8)
Effect of realized investment gains, after tax, included above	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.1	19.4%	\$ 0.6
Diluted:				
Net income per share	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.55	12.7%	\$ 0.07
Weighted average number of shares and equivalent shares (in millions)	41.7	40.9	2.0%	0.8
Property and casualty combined ratio:				
Total	95.0%	96.4%	N.M.	-1.4%
Effect of catastrophe costs, included above	5.8%	5.0%	N.M.	0.8%

N.M. Not meaningful.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the changes in net income for the property and casualty, annuity and life segments are described above.

For the corporate and other segment, net income in the current period compared to the net loss in the first quarter of 2010 reflected the increase in net realized investment gains in the current period.

Return on average shareholders equity based on net income was 10% and 13% for the trailing 12 months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The accounting guidance adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2011 is described in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation -- Adopted Accounting Standards . The adoption did not have an effect on the results of operations or financial position of the Company.

⁽¹⁾ The corporate and other segment includes interest expense on debt, realized investment gains and losses, certain public company expenses and other corporate level items. The Company does not allocate the impact of corporate level transactions to the insurance segments, consistent with the basis for management s evaluation of the results of those segments.

Outlook for 2011

At the time of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, management estimates that 2011 full year net income before realized investment gains and losses will be within a range of \$1.75 to \$1.95 per diluted share. This projection builds on the Company s solid results in 2010 and anticipates an improvement of approximately 3 points in the property and casualty combined ratio driven by the property line, with catastrophe losses returning to historical levels, approximately 6% to 7% of total property and casualty premiums, and a significant reduction in Florida sinkhole losses for the full year, partially offset by a reduced amount of favorable development of prior years automobile reserves. Management expects that combined annuity and life earnings will be comparable to the strong levels delivered in 2010, including the assumption of an 8 to 10 percent increase in the S&P 500 Index. As described in Critical Accounting Policies, certain of the Company s significant accounting measurements require the use of estimates and assumptions. As additional information becomes available, adjustments may be required. Those adjustments are charged or credited to income for the period in which the adjustments are made and may impact actual results compared to management s current estimate. Additionally, see Forward-looking Information concerning other important factors that could impact actual results. Management believes that a projection of net income including realized investment gains and losses is not appropriate on a forward-looking basis because it is not possible to provide a valid forecast of realized investment gains and losses, which can vary substantially from one period to another and may have a significant impact on net income.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or for other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, the Company is not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if the Company had engaged in such relationships.

Investments

Information regarding the Company s investment portfolio, which is comprised primarily of investment grade, fixed income securities, is located in Results of Operations -- Net Realized Investment Gains and Losses and in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 2 -- Investments .

Cash Flow

The short-term liquidity requirements of the Company, within a 12-month operating cycle, are for the timely payment of claims and benefits to policyholders, operating expenses, interest payments and federal income taxes. Cash flow generated from operations has been, and is expected to be, adequate to meet the Company s operating cash needs in the next 12 months. Cash flow in excess of operational needs has been used to fund business growth, retire short-term debt, pay dividends to shareholders and repurchase shares of the Company s common stock. Long-term liquidity requirements, beyond one year, are principally for the payment of future insurance policy claims and benefits and retirement of long-term debt.

Operating Activities

As a holding company, HMEC conducts its principal operations in the personal lines segment of the property and casualty and life insurance industries through its subsidiaries. HMEC s insurance subsidiaries generate cash flow from premium and investment income, generally well in excess of their immediate needs for policy obligations, operating expenses and other cash requirements. Cash provided by operating activities primarily reflects net cash generated by the insurance subsidiaries. For the first three months of 2011, net cash provided by operating activities decreased slightly compared to the same period in 2010.

Payment of principal and interest on debt, dividends to shareholders and parent company operating expenses are dependent upon the ability of the insurance subsidiaries to pay cash dividends or make other cash payments to HMEC, including tax payments pursuant to tax sharing agreements. Payments for share repurchase programs also have this dependency. The insurance subsidiaries are subject to various regulatory restrictions which limit the amount of annual dividends or other distributions, including loans or cash advances, available to HMEC without prior approval of the insurance regulatory authorities. The aggregate amount of dividends that may be paid in 2011 from all of HMEC s insurance subsidiaries without prior regulatory approval is approximately \$78 million, of which \$10.0 million was paid during the three months ended March 31, 2011. Although regulatory restrictions exist, dividend availability from subsidiaries has been, and is expected to be, adequate for HMEC s capital needs.

Investing Activities

HMEC s insurance subsidiaries maintain significant investments in fixed maturity securities to meet future contractual obligations to policyholders. In conjunction with its management of liquidity and other asset/liability management objectives, the Company, from time to time, will sell fixed maturity securities prior to maturity and reinvest the proceeds in other investments with different interest rates, maturities or credit characteristics. Accordingly, the Company has classified the entire fixed maturity securities and equity securities portfolios as available for sale.

Financing Activities

Financing activities include primarily payment of dividends, the receipt and withdrawal of funds by annuity contractholders, repurchases of the Company s common stock, fluctuations in bank overdraft balances, and borrowings, repayments and repurchases related to its debt facilities.

The Company s annuity business produced net positive cash flows in the first three months of 2011. For the three months ended March 31, 2011, receipts from annuity contracts increased \$8.3 million, or 9.9%, compared to the same period in the prior year, as described in Results of Operations -- Insurance Premiums and Contract Charges . In total, annuity contract benefits, withdrawals and net transfers to variable annuity accumulated cash values decreased modestly compared to the prior year.

Capital Resources

The Company has determined the amount of capital which is needed to adequately fund and support business growth, primarily based on risk-based capital formulas including those developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). Historically, the Company s insurance subsidiaries have generated capital in excess of such needed capital. These excess amounts have been paid to HMEC through dividends. HMEC has then utilized these dividends and its access to the capital markets to service and retire long-term debt, pay dividends to its shareholders, fund growth initiatives, repurchase shares of its common stock and for other corporate purposes. Management anticipates that the Company s sources of capital will continue to generate sufficient capital to meet the needs for business growth, debt interest payments and shareholder dividends.

The total capital of the Company was \$1,137.9 million at March 31, 2011, including \$199.7 million of long-term debt and \$38.0 million of short-term debt outstanding. Total debt represented 23.0% of total capital excluding unrealized investment gains and losses (20.9% including unrealized investment gains and losses) at March 31, 2011, which was within a range consistent with the Company s long-term target of 25% and with the Company s debt ratings assigned as of March 31, 2011.

Shareholders equity was \$900.2 million at March 31, 2011, including a net unrealized gain in the Company s investment portfolio of \$106.0 million after taxes and the related impact of deferred policy acquisition costs associated with annuity and interest-sensitive life policies. The market value of the Company s common stock and the market value per share were \$668.4 million and \$16.80, respectively, at March 31, 2011. Book value per share was \$22.63 at March 31, 2011 (\$19.97 excluding investment fair value adjustments).

Additional information regarding the net unrealized gain in the Company s investment portfolio at March 31, 2011 is included in Results of Operations -- Net Realized Investment Gains and Losses .

Total shareholder dividends were \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. In March 2011, the Board of Directors announced regular quarterly dividends of \$0.11 per share.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding \$75.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.05% Senior Notes (Senior Notes due 2015), which will mature on June 15, 2015, issued at a discount resulting in an effective yield of 6.1%. Interest on the Senior Notes due 2015 is payable semi-annually at a rate of 6.05%. Detailed information regarding the redemption terms of the Senior Notes due 2015 is contained in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 5 -- Debt of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Senior Notes due 2015 are traded in the open market (HMN 6.05).

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As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding \$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.85% Senior Notes (Senior Notes due 2016), which will mature on April 15, 2016, issued at a discount resulting in an effective yield of 6.893%. Interest on the Senior Notes due 2016 is payable semi-annually at a rate of 6.85%. Detailed information regarding the redemption terms of the Senior Notes due 2016 is contained in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements -- Note 5 -- Debt of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Senior Notes due 2016 are traded in the open market (HMN 6.85).

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had \$38.0 million outstanding under its Bank Credit Facility. The Bank Credit Facility provides for unsecured borrowings of up to \$125.0 million and expires on December 19, 2011. Interest accrues at varying spreads relative to corporate or Eurodollar base rates and is payable monthly or quarterly depending on the applicable base rate (London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 0.6%, which totaled 0.9%, at March 31, 2011). The unused portion of the Bank Credit Facility is subject to a variable commitment fee, which was 0.125% on an annual basis at March 31, 2011. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, there was no change in the amount outstanding under the Company s Bank Credit Facility.

To provide additional capital management flexibility, the Company filed a universal shelf registration on Form S-3 with the SEC in November 2008. The registration statement, which registers the offer and sale by the Company from time to time of up to \$300 million of various securities, which may include debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, depositary shares, warrants and/or delayed delivery contracts, was declared effective on January 7, 2009. Unless fully utilized or withdrawn by the Company earlier, this registration statement will remain effective through January 7, 2012. No securities associated with the registration statement have been issued as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Financial Ratings

HMEC s principal insurance subsidiaries are rated by S&P, Moody s and A.M. Best. These rating agencies have also assigned ratings to the Company s long-term debt securities. The ratings that are assigned by these agencies can impact, among other things, the Company s access to sources of capital, cost of capital, compliance with debt covenants and competitive position.

With the exception of the ratings by A.M. Best, assigned ratings as of April 30, 2011 were unchanged from the disclosure in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. In April 2011, A.M. Best upgraded (1) the insurance financial strength rating of the Company s primary life insurance subsidiary to A (Excellent) from A-(Excellent) and (2) HMEC s debt rating to bbb from bbb-.

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Assigned ratings as of April 30, 2011 were as follows (unless otherwise indicated, the insurance financial strength ratings for the Company s property and casualty insurance subsidiaries and the Company s principal life insurance subsidiary are the same):

	Insurance Financial Strength Ratings (Outlook)	Debt Ratings (Outlook)
April 30, 2011		
S&P (1)	A (stable)	BBB (stable)
Moody s (1)	A3 (stable)	Baa3 (stable)
A.M. Best		
Horace Mann Life Insurance Company	A (stable)	N.A.
HMEC s property and casualty subsidiaries	A- (stable)	N.A.
HMEC	N.A.	bbb (stable)

N.A. Not applicable.

(1) This agency has not yet rated Horace Mann Lloyds.

Reinsurance Programs

Information regarding the reinsurance program for the Company's property and casualty segment is located in Business -- Property and Casualty Segment -- Property and Casualty Reinsurance of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. All components of the Company's property and casualty reinsurance program remain consistent with the Form 10-K disclosure, with the exception of the Florida Hurricane and Catastrophe Fund (FHCF) coverage. Subsequent to the February 28, 2011 SEC filing of the Company's recent Form 10-K, information received from the FHCF indicated that the Company's maximum for the 2010-2011 contract period had been revised to \$51.2 million from \$49.8 million, based on the FHCF's financial resources, with no change in the retention, for the Company's predominant insurance subsidiary for property and casualty business written in Florida. The FHCF contract is a one-year contract. The FHCF limits described above continue through June 1, 2011, at which time a new annual contract may begin.

Information regarding the reinsurance program for the Company s life segment is located in Business -- Life Segment of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Market Value Risk

Market value risk, the Company s primary market risk exposure, is the risk that the Company s invested assets will decrease in value. This decrease in value may be due to (1) a change in the yields realized on the Company s assets and prevailing market yields for similar assets, (2) an unfavorable change in the liquidity of the investment, (3) an unfavorable change in the financial prospects of the issuer of the investment, or (4) a downgrade in the credit rating of the issuer of the investment. See also Results of Operations -- Net Realized Investment Gains and Losses .

Significant changes in interest rates expose the Company to the risk of experiencing losses or earning a reduced level of income based on the difference between the interest rates earned on the Company s investments and the credited interest rates on the Company s insurance liabilities. See also Results of Operations -- Interest Credited to Policyholders .

The Company seeks to manage its market value risk by coordinating the projected cash inflows of assets with the projected cash outflows of liabilities. For all its assets and liabilities, the Company seeks to maintain reasonable durations, consistent with the maximization of income without sacrificing investment quality, while providing for liquidity and diversification. The investment risk associated with variable annuity deposits and the underlying mutual funds is assumed by those contractholders, and not by the Company. Certain fees that the Company earns from variable annuity deposits are based on the market value of the funds deposited.

More detailed descriptions of the Company s exposure to market value risks and the management of those risks is presented in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Market Value Risk of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Recent Accounting Changes

Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts

In October 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued accounting guidance to address diversity in practice regarding the interpretation of which costs relating to the acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts qualify for deferral. The guidance will allow an insurance entity to capitalize only incremental and certain direct costs related to the successful acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts. The guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2011 and will be applied prospectively upon adoption. Management is currently assessing the impact that the adoption of this accounting guidance will have on the results of operations and financial position of the Company.

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Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The information required by Item 305 of Regulation S-K is contained in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Market Value Risk contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Management s Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the Exchange Act), as of March 31, 2011 pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiaries) that is required to be included in the Company s periodic Securities and Exchange Commission filings. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were identified in the evaluation and therefore, no corrective actions were taken. There were no significant changes in the Company s internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company s last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A: Risk Factors

At the time of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, management believes there are no material changes from the risk factors as previously disclosed in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 5: Other Information

The Company is not aware of any information required to be disclosed in a report on Form 8-K during the three months ended March 31, 2011 which has not been filed with the SEC.

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Item 6: Exhibits

The following items are filed as Exhibits. Management contracts and compensatory plans are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- (3) Articles of incorporation and bylaws:
 - 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of HMEC, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on June 24, 2003, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on August 14, 2003.
 - Form of Certificate for shares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of HMEC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to HMEC s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 33-53118) filed with the SEC on October 9, 1992.
 - 3.3 Bylaws of HMEC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2003.
- (4) Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures:
 - 4.1 Indenture, dated as of June 9, 2005, between HMEC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (formerly JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. was trustee), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 6, 2005, filed with the SEC on June 9, 2005.
 - 4.1(a) First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 9, 2005, between HMEC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (formerly JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. was trustee), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 6, 2005, filed with the SEC on June 9, 2005.
 - 4.1(b) Form of HMEC 6.05% Senior Notes Due 2015 (included in Exhibit 4.1(a)).
 - 4.1(c) Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 21, 2006, between HMEC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (formerly JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. was trustee), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 18, 2006, filed with the SEC on April 21, 2006.
 - 4.1(d) Form of HMEC 6.85% Senior Notes due April 15, 2016 (included in Exhibit 4.1(c)).

Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

4.2 Certificate of Designations for HMEC Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.

(10) Material contracts:

- Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 19, 2006 among HMEC, certain financial institutions named therein and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the SEC on March 1, 2007.
- 10.2* Amended and Restated Horace Mann Educators Corporation Deferred Equity Compensation Plan for Directors, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.3* Amended and Restated Horace Mann Educators Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Employees, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.4* Amended and Restated Horace Mann Educators Corporation 1991 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2000.
- 10.4(a)* Amendment to Amended and Restated Horace Mann Educators Corporation 1991 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1(a) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2000, filed with the SEC on August 11, 2000.
- 10.4(b)* Specimen Employee Stock Option Agreement under the Horace Mann Educators Corporation 1991 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5(a) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2000.
- 10.4(c)* Specimen Director Stock Option Agreement under the Horace Mann Educators Corporation 1991 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5(b) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2000.
- 10.5* Horace Mann Educators Corporation 2001 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2002.

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Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- 10.5(a)* Specimen Employee Stock Option Agreement under the Horace Mann Educators Corporation 2001 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(a) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2002.
- 10.5(b)* Specimen Director Stock Option Agreement under the Horace Mann Educators Corporation 2001 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(b) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2002.
- Horace Mann Educators Corporation Amended and Restated 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan (2002 Incentive Compensation Plan), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2005.
- 10.6(a)* Specimen Employee Stock Option Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2(a) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2002.
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- 10.6(d)* Specimen Director Stock Option Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2(c) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, filed with the SEC on August 14, 2002.
- 10.6(e)* Specimen Employee Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(d) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.
- 10.6(f)* Revised Specimen Employee Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(f) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.

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Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- 10.6(g)* Specimen Non-employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(e) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.
- 10.6(h)* Revised Specimen Non-employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(h) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.6(i)* Specimen Restricted Stock Unit Deferral Election Form under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(f) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.
- 10.6(j)* Revised Specimen Restricted Stock Unit Deferral Election Forms under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(j) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.6(k)* Specimen Modification to Stock Options outstanding as of June 30, 2004, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2(d) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2004.
- 10.7* HMEC 2010 Comprehensive Executive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 (beginning on page E-1) to HMEC s Proxy Statement, filed with the SEC on April 9, 2010.
- 10.7(a)* Specimen Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the HMEC 2010 Comprehensive Executive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17(a) to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 27, 2010, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2010.
- 10.8* Horace Mann Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan, 2002 Restatement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, filed with the SEC on May 15, 2002.
- 10.9* Horace Mann Executive Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan, 2002 Restatement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, filed with the SEC on May 15, 2002.

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Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- 10.10* Amended and Restated Horace Mann Nonqualified Supplemental Money Purchase Pension Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.11* Summary of HMEC Non-Employee Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 27, 2010, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2010.
- 10.12* Summary of HMEC Named Executive Officer Annualized Salaries.
- 10.13* Form of Severance Agreement between HMEC, Horace Mann Service Corporation (HMSC) and certain officers of HMEC and/or HMSC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.13(a)* Revised Schedule to Severance Agreements between HMEC, HMSC and certain officers of HMEC and/or HMSC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13(a) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2011.
- 10.14* Form of Change in Control Agreement between HMEC, HMSC and certain officers of HMEC and/or HMSC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.14(a)* Revised Schedule to Change in Control Agreement between HMEC, HMSC and certain officers of HMEC and/or HMSC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13(a) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on May 8, 2009.
- 10.15* Employment Agreement between HMSC and Stephen P. Cardinal as of November 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009.
- 10.16* Letter of Employment between HMSC and Brent H. Hamann effective February 9, 2009, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on May 8, 2009.

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Exhibit

No. Description

- (11) Statement regarding computation of per share earnings.
- (15) KPMG LLP letter regarding unaudited interim financial information.
- (31) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 31.1 Certification by Peter H. Heckman, Chief Executive Officer of HMEC.
 - 31.2 Certification by Dwayne D. Hallman, Chief Financial Officer of HMEC.
- (32) Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.1 Certification by Peter H. Heckman, Chief Executive Officer of HMEC.
 - 32.2 Certification by Dwayne D. Hallman, Chief Financial Officer of HMEC.
- (99) Additional exhibits
 - 99.1 Glossary of Selected Terms.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date May 9, 2011 /s/ Peter H. Heckman

Peter H. Heckman
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date May 9, 2011 /s/ Dwayne D. Hallman

Dwayne D. Hallman Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date May 9, 2011 /s/ Bret A. Conklin

Bret A. Conklin Senior Vice President and Controller

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HORACE MANN EDUCATORS CORPORATION EXHIBITS

To

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2011

VOLUME 1 OF 1

The following items are filed as Exhibits to Horace Mann Educators Corporation s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011. Management contracts and compensatory plans are indicated by an asterisk (*).

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit

No. Description

- (3) Articles of incorporation and bylaws:
 - 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of HMEC, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on June 24, 2003, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on August 14, 2003.
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1

Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- 4.1(d) Form of HMEC 6.85% Senior Notes due April 15, 2016 (included in Exhibit 4.1(c)).
- 4.2 Certificate of Designations for HMEC Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.

(10) Material contracts:

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2

Exhibit

No.

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year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006.

Exhibit

No.

Description 10.6(f)*Revised Specimen Employee Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(f) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009. 10.6(g)*Specimen Non-employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(e) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006. 10.6(h)* Revised Specimen Non-employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(h) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009. 10.6(i)*Specimen Restricted Stock Unit Deferral Election Form under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(f) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2006. 10.6(j)*Revised Specimen Restricted Stock Unit Deferral Election Forms under the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(j) to HMEC s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009. 10.6(k)*Specimen Modification to Stock Options outstanding as of June 30, 2004, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2(d) to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2004. 10.7* HMEC 2010 Comprehensive Executive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 (beginning on page E-1) to HMEC s Proxy Statement, filed with the SEC on April 9, 2010. 10.7(a)* Specimen Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the HMEC 2010 Comprehensive Executive Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17(a) to HMEC s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 27, 2010, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2010. 10.8* Horace Mann Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan, 2002 Restatement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March

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Exhibit

No. <u>Description</u>

- 10.16* Letter of Employment between HMSC and Brent H. Hamann effective February 9, 2009, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to HMEC s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on May 8, 2009.
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- (15) KPMG LLP letter regarding unaudited interim financial information.
- (31) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 31.1 Certification by Peter H. Heckman, Chief Executive Officer of HMEC.
 - 31.2 Certification by Dwayne D. Hallman, Chief Financial Officer of HMEC.
- (32) Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.1 Certification by Peter H. Heckman, Chief Executive Officer of HMEC.
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- (99) Additional exhibits
 - 99.1 Glossary of Selected Terms.

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