RENASANT CORP Form 10-Q May 10, 2016 Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

24.10

(Mark One)

ý Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

Or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-13253

RENASANT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Mississippi 64-0676974

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

209 Troy Street, Tupelo, Mississippi 38804-4827 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(662) 680-1001

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer y Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting companyo Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

As of April 30, 2016, 42,063,419 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$5.00 par value per share, were outstanding. The registrant has no other classes of securities outstanding.

### Table of Contents

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Form 10-Q For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2016 CONTENTS

		Page
PART I	Financial Information	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>1</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Income	2
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	1 2 3 4 5
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	4
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5
		_
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>48</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>72</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>72</u>
PART II	Other Information	
	Risk Factors	<u>73</u>
100111 171	- Misk Tuctors	<u>13</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>73</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>73</u>
SIGNAT	TURES	<u>75</u>
51011711		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
<u>EXHIBI</u>	T INDEX	<u>76</u>

### **Table of Contents**

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets	<b>**</b>	<b>4.55</b> 005
Cash and due from banks	\$146,219	\$ 177,007
Interest-bearing balances with banks	72,264	34,564
Cash and cash equivalents	218,483	211,571
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$466,060 and \$473,753, respectively)	448,376	458,400
Securities available for sale, at fair value	653,444	646,805
Mortgage loans held for sale, at fair value	298,365	225,254
Loans, net of unearned income:	44.000	00.110
Acquired and covered by FDIC loss-share agreements ("acquired covered loans")	44,989	93,142
Acquired and not covered by FDIC loss-share agreements ("acquired non-covered loans")		1,489,886
Not acquired	4,074,413	3,830,434
Total loans, net of unearned income	5,572,730	5,413,462
Allowance for loan losses		(42,437 )
Loans, net	5,529,871	5,371,025
Premises and equipment, net	168,942	169,128
Other real estate owned:		
Acquired and covered by FDIC loss-share agreements ("acquired covered loans")	1,373	2,818
Acquired and not covered by FDIC loss-share agreements ("acquired non-covered loans")		19,597
Not acquired	12,810	12,987
Total other real estate owned, net	33,234	35,402
Goodwill	449,425	445,871
Other intangible assets, net	27,114	28,811
FDIC loss-share indemnification asset	6,118	7,149
Other assets	312,857	327,080
Total assets	\$8,146,229	\$7,926,496
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$1,384,503	\$1,278,337
Interest-bearing	5,046,874	4,940,265
Total deposits	6,431,377	6,218,602
Short-term borrowings	414,255	422,279
Long-term debt	147,416	148,217
Other liabilities	100,003	100,580
Total liabilities	7,093,051	6,889,678
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value – 5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and	_	_
outstanding	206.460	206.460
	206,460	206,460

Common stock, \$5.00 par value – 75,000,000 shares authorized, 41,292,045 and 41,292,045 shares issued, respectively; 40,373,753 and 40,293,291 shares outstanding, respectively

Treasury stock, at cost	(21,062 ) (22,385 )
Additional paid-in capital	584,757 585,938
Retained earnings	290,665 276,340
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes	(7,642 ) (9,535 )
Total shareholders' equity	1,053,178 1,036,818
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$8,146,229 \$7,926,496

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Table of Contents

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share Data)

	Three Mo Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Interest income		
Loans	\$69,237	\$47,437
Securities		
Taxable	4,462	4,415
Tax-exempt	2,488	2,254
Other	72	60
Total interest income	76,259	54,166
Interest expense		
Deposits	3,960	3,499
Borrowings	2,245	1,886
Total interest expense	6,205	5,385
Net interest income	70,054	48,781
Provision for loan losses	1,800	1,075
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	68,254	47,706
Noninterest income		
Service charges on deposit accounts	7,991	6,335
Fees and commissions	4,331	3,695
Insurance commissions	1,962	1,967
Wealth management revenue	2,891	2,156
Net loss on sales of securities	(71)	
BOLI income	954	849
Mortgage banking income	11,915	5,429
Other	3,329	1,439
Total noninterest income	33,302	21,870
Noninterest expense		
Salaries and employee benefits	42,393	28,260
Data processing	4,158	3,230
Net occupancy and equipment	8,224	5,559
Other real estate owned	957	532
Professional fees	1,214	824
Advertising and public relations	1,637	1,303
Intangible amortization	1,697	1,275
Communications	2,171	1,433
Merger and conversion related expenses	948	478
Other	6,415	4,425
Total noninterest expense	69,814	47,319
Income before income taxes	31,742	22,257
Income taxes	10,526	7,017
Net income	\$21,216	\$15,240
Basic earnings per share	\$0.53	\$0.48
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.52	\$0.48
~ ·		

Cash dividends per common share

\$0.17 \$0.17

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Share Data)

	Three Mo	onths	
	Ended		
	March 31	٠,	
	2016	2015	
Net income	\$21,216	\$15,240	)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:			
Securities available for sale:			
Unrealized holding gains on securities	3,107	2,624	
Amortization of unrealized holding gains on securities transferred to the held to maturity category	(20)	(32	)
Total securities	3,087	2,592	
Derivative instruments:			
Unrealized holding losses on derivative instruments	(1,266)	(669	)
Totals derivative instruments	(1,266)	(669	)
Defined benefit pension and post-retirement benefit plans:			
Amortization of net actuarial gain recognized in net periodic pension cost	72	57	
Total defined benefit pension and post-retirement benefit plans	72	57	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	1,893	1,980	
Comprehensive income	\$23,109	\$17,220	)

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Table of Contents

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (In Thousands)

	Three Mor March 31,	nths Ended
	2016	2015
Operating activities	2010	2013
Net income	\$21,216	\$15,240
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ψ21,210	Ψ12,210
Provision for loan losses	1,800	1,075
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	739	3,772
Deferred income tax expense	2,832	6,408
Funding of mortgage loans held for sale	•	(185,595)
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans held for sale	391,552	113,076
Gains on sales of mortgage loans held for sale	•	(4,633)
Loss on sales of securities	71	_
Losses on sales of premises and equipment	5	4
Stock-based compensation	859	864
Decrease in FDIC loss-share indemnification asset, net of accretion	1,067	2,213
Decrease (increase) in other assets	11,827	
Decrease in other liabilities		(14,432)
Net cash used in operating activities	(40,677)	
Investing activities	(10,077)	(02,1)1
Purchases of securities available for sale	(32,396)	(13,651)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	4	— (10,001 )
Proceeds from call/maturities of securities available for sale	29,803	24,814
Purchases of securities held to maturity		(54,824)
Proceeds from call/maturities of securities held to maturity	15,193	
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(157,198)	•
Purchases of premises and equipment	(2,656)	
Proceeds from sales of other assets	3,611	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(149,424)	
Financing activities	,	
Net increase in noninterest-bearing deposits	106,166	39,479
Net increase in interest-bearing deposits	106,105	64,872
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(8,024)	(25,671)
Repayment of long-term debt	(938)	(978)
Cash paid for dividends	(6,892)	(5,398)
Cash received on exercise of stock-based compensation	382	28
Excess tax benefit (expense) from stock-based compensation	214	(71)
Net cash provided by financing activities	197,013	72,261
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,912	12,796
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	211,571	161,583
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$218,483	\$174,379
Supplemental disclosures		
Cash paid for interest	\$6,297	\$5,663
Cash paid for income taxes	\$5,460	\$1,368
Noncash transactions:		
Transfers of loans to other real estate owned	\$1,954	\$5,559

Financed sales of other real estate owned	\$92	\$480
Transfers of loans held for sale to loan portfolio	\$6,610	\$
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements		

#### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations: Renasant Corporation (referred to herein as the "Company") owns and operates Renasant Bank ("Renasant Bank" or the "Bank") and Renasant Insurance, Inc. The Company offers a diversified range of financial, fiduciary and insurance services to its retail and commercial customers through its subsidiaries and full service offices located throughout north and central Mississippi, Tennessee, Georgia, north and central Alabama and north Florida. Basis of Presentation: The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. For further information regarding the Company's significant accounting policies, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 29, 2016.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events: The Company has evaluated, for consideration of recognition or disclosure, subsequent events that have occurred through the date of issuance of its financial statements. On April 1, 2016, the Company completed its previously-announced acquisition of KeyWorth Bank ("KeyWorth"), a Georgia state bank headquartered in Atlanta, Georgia. The terms of the merger with KeyWorth are disclosed in Note M, "Mergers and Acquisitions". On April 26, 2016, shareholders of the Company approved a proposal to amend the Company's Articles of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock, par value \$5.00 per share, from 75,000,000 shares to 150,000,000 shares. The increase in authorized shares of common stock does not impact the Company's financials as of March 31, 2016.

The Company has determined that other than the foregoing items, no significant events occurred after March 31, 2016 but prior to the issuance of these financial statements that would have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Impact of Recently-Issued Accounting Standards and Pronouncements:

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share -Based Payment Accounting; ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 is intended to reduce complexity in accounting standards by simplifying several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including (1) accounting for income taxes; (2) classification of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flow; (3) forfeitures; (4) minimum statutory tax withholding requirements; (5) classification of employee taxes paid on the statement of cash flows when an employer withholds shares for tax withholding purposes. The amendments of ASU 2016-09 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Management is currently evaluating the impact this ASU will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-07, Investments - Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting; ("ASU 2016-07"). ASU 2016-07 requires an investor to initially apply the equity method of accounting from the date it qualifies for that method, i.e., the date the investor obtains significant influence over the operating and financial policies of an investee. The ASU eliminates the previous

requirement to retroactively adjust the investment and record a cumulative catch up for the periods that the investment had been held but did not qualify for the equity method of accounting. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2016-07 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increases in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-07 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 amends the accounting model and disclosure requirements for leases. The current accounting model for leases distinguishes between capital leases, which are recognized on-balance sheet, and operating leases, which are not. Under the new standard, the lease classifications are defined

#### **Table of Contents**

as finance leases, which are similar to capital leases under current U.S. GAAP, and operating leases. Further, a lessee will recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for all leases with a term greater than 12 months on its balance sheet regardless of the lease's classification, which may significantly increase reported assets and liabilities. The accounting model and disclosure requirements for lessors remains substantially unchanged from current U.S. GAAP. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is evaluating the impact ASU 2016-02 will have on its financial position, results of operations, and other financial disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10); Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). ASU 2016-01 revises the accounting for the classification and measurement of investments in equity securities and revises the presentation of certain fair value changes for financial liabilities measured at fair value. For equity securities, the guidance in ASU 2016-01 requires equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. For financial liabilities that are measured at fair value in accordance with the fair value option, the guidance requires presenting, in other comprehensive income, the change in fair value that relates to a change in instrument-specific credit risk. ASU 2016-01 also eliminates the disclosure assumptions used to estimate fair value for financial instruments measured at amortized cost and requires disclosure of an exit price notion in determining the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost. ASU 2016-01 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is evaluating the impact, if any, that ASU 2016-01 will have on its financial position, results of operations, and its financial statement disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement Period Adjustments ("ASU 2015-16"). The update simplifies the accounting for adjustments made to provisional amounts recognized in a business combination by eliminating the requirement to retrospectively account for those adjustments. For public companies, this update became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and is to be applied prospectively. ASU 2015-16 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in ASU 2015-03. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15 to clarify the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") staff's position on presenting and measuring debt issue costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or its financial statement disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, "Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis," which amends the consolidation requirements of ASU 810 by changing the consolidation analysis required under GAAP. The revised guidance amends the consolidation analysis based on certain fee arrangements or relationships to the reporting entity and, for limited partnerships, requires entities to consider the limited partner's rights relative to the general partner. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2015-02 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or its financial statement disclosures.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-16, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity, a

consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("ASU 2014-16"). This ASU clarifies how current U.S. GAAP should be interpreted in subjectively evaluating the economic characteristics and risks of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. ASU 2014-16 is effective for public business entities for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2014-16 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("ASU 2014-12"). ASU 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. ASU 2014-12 is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. An entity may apply the standards (i) prospectively to all share-based payment awards that are granted or modified on or after the effective date, or (ii) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. Earlier application is permitted. ASU 2014-12

#### **Table of Contents**

became effective for the Company on January 1, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Proposed Accounting Pronouncements - In December 2012, the FASB announced a project related to the impairment of financial instruments in an effort to provide new guidance that would significantly change how entities measure and recognize credit impairment for certain financial assets. While completion of the project and related guidance is still pending, it is anticipated that new guidance will replace the current incurred loss model that is utilized in estimating the allowance for loan and lease losses with a model that requires management to estimate all contractual cash flows that are not expected to be collected over the life of the loan. The FASB describes this revised model as the current expected credit loss ("CECL") model and believes the CECL model will result in more timely recognition of credit losses since the CECL model incorporates expected credit losses versus incurred credit losses. The proposed scope of FASB's CECL model would include loans, held-to-maturity debt instruments, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantees that are not accounted for at fair value. The final issuance date and the implementation date of the CECL guidance is currently pending, and the Company will continue to monitor FASB's progress on this topic.

#### Note B – Securities

(In Thousands, Except Number of Securities)

The amortized cost and fair value of securities held to maturity were as follows as of the dates presented:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
March 31, 2016				
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	\$93,498	\$ 58	\$ (505)	\$93,051
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	354,878	18,150	(19)	373,009
	\$448,376	\$ 18,208	\$ (524)	\$466,060
December 31, 2015				
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	\$101,155	\$ 26	\$ (1,214 )	\$99,967
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	357,245	16,636	(95)	373,786
	\$458,400	\$ 16,662	\$ (1,309)	\$473,753

### Table of Contents

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The amortized cost and fair value of securities available for sale were as follows as of the dates presented:

March 21, 2016	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed	Fair Value
March 31, 2016  Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	\$6,087	\$ 140	\$ (10	`	\$6,217
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities:	\$ 0,007	\$ 140	\$ (10	,	\$0,217
Government agency mortgage backed securities	357,942	5,703	(573	)	363,072
Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	179,764	2,205	(1,061	-	180,908
Commercial mortgage backed securities:	177,704	2,203	(1,001	,	100,700
Government agency mortgage backed securities	55,574	1,596	(35	)	57,135
Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	4,839	209			5,048
Trust preferred securities	24,732		(5,785	)	18,947
Other debt securities	17,873	575	(22	)	18,426
Other equity securities	2,426	1,265	_		3,691
	\$649,237	\$ 11,693	\$ (7,486	)	\$653,444
		Gross	Cross		
D 1 21 2015	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed	Fair Value
December 31, 2015	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealize Losses		Value
December 31, 2015 Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities:	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealize		
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealize Losses	)	Value
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities:	Cost \$6,093	Unrealized Gains \$ 126	Unrealize Losses \$ (19	)	Value \$6,200
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities	Cost \$6,093 362,669	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649	Unrealize Losses \$ (19 (1,778	)	Value \$6,200 364,540
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	Cost \$6,093 362,669	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649	Unrealize Losses \$ (19 (1,778	) )	Value \$6,200 364,540
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities:	Cost \$6,093 362,669 168,916	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649 1,449	Unrealize Losses \$ (19 (1,778 (2,305	) ) )	Value \$6,200 364,540 168,060
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities	\$6,093 362,669 168,916 58,864	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649 1,449 1,002	Unrealize Losses \$ (19 (1,778 (2,305 (107	) ) )	Value \$6,200 364,540 168,060 59,759
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	\$6,093 362,669 168,916 58,864 4,947	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649 1,449 1,002 158	Unrealize Losses \$ (19	) )) )))	Value \$6,200 364,540 168,060 59,759 5,104
Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed securities Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Trust preferred securities	Cost \$6,093 362,669 168,916 58,864 4,947 24,770	Unrealized Gains \$ 126 3,649 1,449 1,002 158 —	Unrealize Losses \$ (19 (1,778 (2,305 (107 (1 (5,301	) )) )))	Value \$6,200 364,540 168,060 59,759 5,104 19,469

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company sold an "other equity security" with a carrying value of \$75 at the time of sale for net proceeds of \$4 resulting in a loss of \$71. During the same period in 2015, there were no securities sold.

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Gross realized gains on sales of securities available for sale for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

Three
Months
Ended
March 31,
2016 2015
\$— \$ —
(71 ) —
\$(71) \$ —

Gross gains on sales of securities available for sale Gross losses on sales of securities available for sale Loss on sales of securities available for sale, net

At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, securities with a carrying value of \$703,158 and \$679,492, respectively, were pledged to secure government, public and trust deposits. Securities with a carrying value of \$40,755 and \$39,275 were pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings and derivative instruments at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at March 31, 2016 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Held to M	aturity	Available for Sale		
	Amortized	dFair	Amortized	dFair	
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	
Due within one year	\$19,610	\$19,780	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	
Due after one year through five years	106,455	109,612	6,087	6,217	
Due after five years through ten years	199,168	206,350	_		
Due after ten years	123,143	130,318	24,732	18,947	
Residential mortgage backed securities:					
Government agency mortgage backed securities	_	_	357,942	363,072	
Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	_	_	179,764	180,908	
Commercial mortgage backed securities:					
Government agency mortgage backed securities			55,574	57,135	
Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	_	_	4,839	5,048	
Other debt securities	_	_	17,873	18,426	
Other equity securities			2,426	3,691	
	\$448,376	\$466,060	\$649,237	\$653,444	

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents the age of gross unrealized losses and fair value by investment category as of the dates presented:

	Le #	ss than 12 Fair Value	Months Unrealize Losses	ed ;	12 #	Months or Fair Value	More Unrealize Losses	ed	Tota	al Fair Value	Unrealiz Losses	ed
Held to Maturity:												
March 31, 2016 Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	10	\$40,832	\$ (264	) :	5	\$24,745	\$ (241	)	15	\$65,577	\$ (505	)
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	9	8,604	(17	) :	2	822	(2	)	11	9,426	(19	)
Total	19	\$49,436	\$ (281	) ′	7	\$25,567	\$ (243	)	26	75,003	\$ (524	)
December 31, 2015 Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	10	\$31,567	\$ (414	) :	8	\$38,688	\$ (800	)	18	\$70,255	\$ (1,214	)
Obligations of states and political	6	4,815	(53	) ′	7	4,921	(42	`	13	9,736	(95	)
subdivisions			•	_			•	ĺ				)
Total Available for Sale:	16	\$36,382	\$ (467	)	13	\$43,609	\$ (842	)	31	\$79,991	\$ (1,309	)
March 31, 2016												
Obligations of other U.S. Government	1	\$3,990	\$(10	) (	0	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>-</i>		1	\$3,990	\$ (10	)
agencies and corporations Residential mortgage backed securities												
Government agency mortgage backed securities		31,374	(136	) ′	7	19,176	(437	)	17	50,550	(573	)
Government agency collateralized	11	34,635	(115	)	13	39,797	(946	)	24	74,432	(1,061	)
mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities:												
Government agency mortgage backed securities	4	6,874	(33	)	1	808	(2	)	5	7,682	(35	)
Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations	0		_	(	0	_	_		0		_	
Trust preferred securities	0	_			3	18,946	(5,785	)	3	18,946	(5,785	)
Other debt securities	2	3,637	(13	)		1,398	(9	-	3	5,035	(22	)
Total	28	\$80,510	\$ (307	) :	25	\$80,125	\$ (7,179	)	53	\$160,635	\$ (7,486	)
December 31, 2015 Obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations	1	\$3,981	\$(19	) (	0	\$—	\$		1	\$3,981	\$ (19	)
Residential mortgage backed securities Government agency mortgage backed		130,306	(937	) !	9	27,431	(841	)	43	157,737	(1,778	)
securities												

Government agency collateralized mortgage obligations Commercial mortgage backed securities: Government agency mortgage backed 16,782 (104 ) 1 814 17,596 (107 (3 ) 9 securities Government agency collateralized 1,882 (1 ) 0 — 1 1,882 (1 mortgage obligations Trust preferred securities 19,469 (5,301)(5,301 0 3 ) 3 19,469 1,316 Other debt securities (3 ) 2 3,866 (31 ) 3 5,182 (34

0

70 \$206,395 \$(1,411 ) 31 \$103,154 \$(8,134 ) 101 \$309,549 \$(9,545 )

0

10

Total

Other equity securities

)

)

)

)

**Table of Contents** 

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company evaluates its investment portfolio for other-than-temporary-impairment ("OTTI") on a quarterly basis. Impairment is assessed at the individual security level. The Company considers an investment security impaired if the fair value of the security is less than its cost or amortized cost basis. Impairment is considered to be other-than-temporary if the Company intends to sell the investment security or if the Company does not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security before the Company is required to sell the security or before the security's maturity.

The Company does not intend to sell any of the securities in an unrealized loss position, and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell any such security prior to the recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity. Furthermore, even though a number of these securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for a period greater than twelve months, the Company has experienced an overall improvement in the fair value of its investment portfolio and, with the exception of one of its pooled trust preferred securities (discussed below), is collecting principal and interest payments from the respective issuers as scheduled. As such, the Company did not record any OTTI for the three months ended March 31, 2016 or 2015.

The Company holds investments in pooled trust preferred securities that had an amortized cost basis of \$24,732 and \$24,770 and a fair value of \$18,947 and \$19,469 at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. At March 31, 2016, the investments in pooled trust preferred securities consisted of three securities representing interests in various tranches of trusts collateralized by debt issued by over 250 financial institutions. Management's determination of the fair value of each of its holdings in pooled trust preferred securities is based on the current credit ratings, the known deferrals and defaults by the underlying issuing financial institutions and the degree to which future deferrals and defaults would be required to occur before the cash flow for the Company's tranches is negatively impacted. In addition, management continually monitors key credit quality and capital ratios of the issuing institutions. This determination is further supported by quarterly valuations, which are performed by third parties, of each security obtained by the Company. The Company does not intend to sell the investments before recovery of the investments' amortized cost, and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of the investments' amortized cost, which may be at maturity. At March 31, 2016, management did not, and does not currently, believe such securities will be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of the investment, but the Company previously concluded that it was probable that there had been an adverse change in estimated cash flows for all three trust preferred securities and recognized credit related impairment losses on these securities in 2010 and 2011. No additional impairment was recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

The Company's analysis of the pooled trust preferred securities during the second quarter of 2015 supported a return to accrual status for one of the three securities (XXVI). During the second quarter of 2014, the Company's analysis supported a return to accrual status for one of the other securities (XXIII). An observed history of principal and interest payments combined with improved qualitative and quantitative factors described above justified the accrual of interest on these securities. However, the remaining security (XXIV) is still in "payment in kind" status where interest payments are not expected until a future date and, therefore, the qualitative and quantitative factors described above do not justify a return to accrual status at this time. As a result, pooled trust preferred security XXIV remains classified as a nonaccruing asset at March 31, 2016, and investment interest is recorded on the cash-basis method until qualifying for return to accrual status.

The following table provides information regarding the Company's investments in pooled trust preferred securities at March 31, 2016:

Name Single/ Class/ Amortized Fair Unrealized Lowest Issuers
Pooled Tranche Cost Value Loss Credit Currently in

						Rating	Deferr Defau	
XXIII Pooled	B-2	\$ 8,434	\$5,743	\$ (2,691	)	Baa3	19	%
XXIV Pooled	B-2	12,077	10,193	(1,884	)	Caa2	28	%
XXVIPooled	B-2	4,221	3,011	(1,210	)	Ba3	25	%
		\$ 24,732	\$18,947	\$ (5,785	)			

#### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table provides a summary of the cumulative credit related losses recognized in earnings for which a portion of OTTI has been recognized in other comprehensive income:

2015

	2016	2015
Balance at January 1	\$(3,337)	\$(3,337)
Additions related to credit losses for which OTTI was not previously recognized	_	
Increases in credit loss for which OTTI was previously recognized		_
Balance at March 31	\$(3,337)	\$(3,337)

Note C – Loans and the Allowance for Loan Losses

(In Thousands, Except Number of Loans)

The following is a summary of loans as of the dates presented:

Commercial, financial, agricultural	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015 \$636,837
Lease financing	43,605	35,978
Real estate – construction	377,574	357,665
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	1,777,495	1,735,323
Real estate – commercial mortgage	2,607,510	2,533,729
Installment loans to individuals	113,280	115,093
Gross loans	5,574,398	5,414,625
Unearned income	(1,668)	(1,163)
Loans, net of unearned income	5,572,730	5,413,462
Allowance for loan losses	(42,859)	(42,437)
Net loans	\$5,529,871	\$5,371,025

#### Past Due and Nonaccrual Loans

Loans are considered past due if the required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were due. Generally, the recognition of interest on mortgage and commercial loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days past due unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Consumer and other retail loans are typically charged-off no later than the time the loan is 120 days past due. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful. Loans may be placed on nonaccrual regardless of whether or not such loans are considered past due. All interest accrued for the current year, but not collected, for loans that are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual status. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

#### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table provides an aging of past due and nonaccrual loans, segregated by class, as of the dates presented:

	Accruing Loans			Nonaccruing Loans 90					
	30-89 Da Past Due	a90 Days or More Past Due	Current Loans	Total Loans	30-89 I Past Due		Current Loans	Total Loans	Total Loans
March 31, 2016									
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$1,297	\$1,404	\$651,749	\$654,450	<b>\$</b> —	\$236	\$248	\$484	\$654,934
Lease financing	_	_	43,605	43,605			_		43,605
Real estate – construction	898	242	376,434	377,574			_	_	377,574
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage		6,783	1,751,451	1,767,019	254	2,256	7,966	10,476	1,777,495
Real estate – commerci mortgage	al 6,962	9,057	2,575,720	2,591,739	10	1,318	14,443	15,771	2,607,510
Installment loans to individuals	406	157	112,682	113,245	_	28	7	35	113,280
Unearned income Total	<del>-</del> \$18,348	 \$17,643		(1,668 ) \$5,545,964	<del></del>	<del>-</del> \$3,838	<del></del>	<del>-</del> \$26,766	(1,668 ) \$5,572,730
December 31, 2015									
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$1,296	\$1,077	\$634,037	\$636,410	\$30	\$133	\$264	\$427	\$636,837
Lease financing	_		35,978	35,978			_	_	35,978
Real estate – construction	69	176	357,420	357,665	_		_	_	357,665
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage		6,457	1,707,230	1,722,883	528	3,663	8,249	12,440	1,735,323
Real estate – commerci mortgage	al 4,849	8,581	2,504,192	2,517,622	568	2,263	13,276	16,107	2,533,729
Installment loans to individuals	260	102	114,671	115,033		53	7	60	115,093
Unearned income Total Impaired Loans	<del></del> \$15,670	<del></del>		(1,163 ) \$5,384,428	 \$1,126	<del>-</del> \$6,112	<del></del>	<del></del>	(1,163 ) \$5,413,462

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial, consumer and construction loans above a minimum dollar amount threshold by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are evaluated collectively for impairment. When the ultimate collectability of an impaired loan's principal is in doubt, wholly or partially, all cash receipts are applied to principal. Once the recorded balance has been reduced to zero, future cash receipts are applied to interest income, to

the extent any interest has been foregone, and then they are recorded as recoveries of any amounts previously charged-off. For impaired loans, a specific reserve is established to adjust the carrying value of the loan to its estimated net realizable value.

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Loans accounted for under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic ("ASC") 310-20 "Nonrefundable Fees and Other Cost" ("ASC 310-20") and are impaired loans recognized in conformity with ASC 310, "Receivables" ("ASC 310"), segregated by class, were as follows as of the dates presented:

	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Investment With	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance
March 31, 2016					
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$ 328	\$ 321	\$ —	\$ 321	\$ 6
Lease financing					
Real estate – construction					
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	16,052	14,786		14,786	4,311
Real estate – commercial mortgage	20,067	16,450		16,450	3,082
Installment loans to individuals	67	67		67	_
Total	\$ 36,514	\$ 31,624	\$ —	\$ 31,624	\$ 7,399
December 31, 2015					
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$ 1,308	\$ 358	\$ 12	\$ 370	\$ 6
Lease financing					
Real estate – construction	2,710	2,698		2,698	20
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	18,193	16,650		16,650	4,475
Real estate – commercial mortgage	20,169	16,819		16,819	3,099
Installment loans to individuals	90	90	_	90	
Totals	\$ 42,470	\$ 36,615	\$ 12	\$ 36,627	\$ 7,600

The following table presents the average recorded investment and interest income recognized on loans accounted for under ASC 310-20 and are impaired loans for the periods presented:

	Three M	onths Ended	Three M	onths Ended	
	March 3	1, 2016	March 31, 2015		
	Average	Interest	Average Interest		
	Recorded	dIncome	RecordedIncome		
	Investme	Recognized	Investme	enRecognized	
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$326	\$ 2	\$950	\$ 7	
Lease financing	_	_	_	_	
Real estate – construction	_	_	104	_	
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	15,252	90	13,886	67	
Real estate – commercial mortgage	16,547	132	25,618	177	
Installment loans to individuals	67	1	_		
Total	\$32,192	\$ 225	\$40,558	\$ 251	

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 "Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality" ("ASC 310-30") and are impaired loans recognized in conformity with ASC 310, segregated by class, were as follows as of the dates presented:

	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With Allowance	Investment With No	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance
March 31, 2016	Ф 24 222	Φ 4 007	Φ 0 . 6 4 0	<b>0.1.4.470</b>	Φ 422
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$ 24,323	\$ 4,807	\$ 9,643	\$ 14,450	\$ 422
Lease financing	<del></del>	_	_	_	
Real estate – construction	2,635		2,504	2,504	
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	107,167	16,573	72,391	88,964	335
Real estate – commercial mortgage	279,548	56,555	160,034	216,589	1,264
Installment loans to individuals	3,239	393	2,109	2,502	1
Total	\$416,912	\$ 78,328	\$ 246,681	\$ 325,009	\$ 2,022
December 31, 2015					
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$ 27,049	\$ 5,197	\$11,292	\$ 16,489	\$ 353
Lease financing					
Real estate – construction	2,916		2,749	2,749	
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	109,293	15,702	75,947	91,649	256
Real estate – commercial mortgage	287,821	53,762	168,848	222,610	1,096
Installment loans to individuals	3,432	400	2,268	2,668	1
Totals	\$ 430,511	\$ 75,061	\$ 261,104	\$ 336,165	\$ 1,706

The following table presents the average recorded investment and interest income recognized on loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 and are impaired loans for the periods presented:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Three Months Ended		
	March 31,	2016	March 31, 2015		
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	
	Investmen	Recognized	Investmen	Recognized	
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$18,024	\$ 327	\$25,978	\$ 233	
Lease financing	_		_		
Real estate – construction	2,608	25	_		
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	101,089	953	86,713	1,043	
Real estate - commercial mortgage	250,041	2,831	242,712	2,871	
Installment loans to individuals	2,954	29	4,215	46	
Total	\$374,716	\$ 4,165	\$359,618	\$ 4,193	

### Restructured Loans

Restructured loans are those for which concessions have been granted to the borrower due to a deterioration of the borrower's financial condition and which are performing in accordance with the new terms. Such concessions may include reduction in interest rates or deferral of interest or principal payments. In evaluating whether to restructure a loan, management analyzes the long-term financial condition of the borrower, including guarantor and collateral support, to determine whether the proposed concessions will increase the likelihood of repayment of principal and

### interest.

The following tables illustrate the impact of modifications classified as restructured loans and are segregated by class for the periods presented:

#### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

		Pre-	Post-
	Number of 1	Modification	Modification
		Outstanding	Outstanding
	Loans	Recorded	Recorded
		Investment	Investment
March 31, 2016			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	_	\$ —	\$ —
Real estate – construction	_		_
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	10	780	662
Real estate – commercial mortgage	2	612	605
Installment loans to individuals			_
Total	12	\$ 1,392	\$ 1,267
March 31, 2015			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	_	\$ —	\$ —
Real estate – construction	_		_
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	17	1,198	1,037
Real estate – commercial mortgage	8	6,899	6,463
Installment loans to individuals			_
Total	25	\$ 8,097	\$ 7,500

Restructured loans that are not performing in accordance with their restructured terms that are either contractually 90 days or more past due or placed on nonaccrual status are reported as nonperforming loans. There were two restructured loans totaling \$136 that were contractually 90 days past due or more and still accruing at March 31, 2016 and two restructured loans totaling \$314 that were contractually 90 days past due or more and still accruing at December 31, 2015. The outstanding balance of restructured loans on nonaccrual status was \$12,531 and \$13,517 at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Changes in the Company's restructured loans are set forth in the table below:

	Numbe Loans	r of	Recorded Investme	
Totals at January 1, 2016	86		\$ 13,453	
Additional loans with concessions	12		1,267	
Reductions due to:				
Reclassified as nonperforming	(2	)	(134	)
Paid in full	(4	)	(398	)
Charge-offs				
Transfer to other real estate owned				
Principal paydowns			(142	)
Lapse of concession period				
Reclassified as performing				
Totals at March 31, 2016	92		\$ 14,046	

The allocated allowance for loan losses attributable to restructured loans was \$1,010 and \$979 at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company had no remaining availability under commitments to lend additional funds on these restructured loans at March 31, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

### **Credit Quality**

For loans originated for commercial purposes, internal risk-rating grades are assigned by lending, credit administration or loan review personnel, based on an analysis of the financial and collateral strength and other credit attributes underlying each loan. Management analyzes the resulting ratings, as well as other external statistics and factors such as delinquency, to track the migration performance of the portfolio balances of these loans. Loan grades range between 1 and 9, with 1 being loans with the least credit

### Table of Contents

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

risk. Loans that migrate toward the "Pass" grade (those with a risk rating between 1 and 4) or within the "Pass" grade generally have a lower risk of loss and therefore a lower risk factor applied to the loan balances. The "Watch" grade (those with a risk rating of 5) is utilized on a temporary basis for "Pass" grade loans where a significant adverse risk-modifying action is anticipated in the near term. Loans that migrate toward the "Substandard" grade (those with a risk rating between 6 and 9) generally have a higher risk of loss and therefore a higher risk factor applied to the related loan balances. The following table presents the Company's loan portfolio by risk-rating grades as of the dates presented:

	Pass	Watch	Substandard	Total
March 31, 2016				
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$463,922	\$9,302	\$ 1,988	\$475,212
Lease financing				
Real estate – construction	289,169	679		289,848
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	287,219	8,102	12,112	307,433
Real estate – commercial mortgage	2,029,759	21,322	22,509	2,073,590
Installment loans to individuals	75	_	116	191
Total	\$3,070,144	\$39,405	\$ 36,725	\$3,146,274
December 31, 2015				
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$465,185	\$8,498	\$ 1,734	\$475,417
Lease financing				
Real estate – construction	273,398	483		273,881
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	275,269	9,712	15,460	300,441
Real estate – commercial mortgage	1,968,352	27,175	20,683	2,016,210
Installment loans to individuals	51		5	56
Total	\$2,982,255	\$45,868	\$ 37,882	\$3,066,005

For portfolio balances of consumer, consumer mortgage and certain other loans originated for other than commercial purposes, allowance factors are determined based on historical loss ratios by portfolio for the preceding eight quarters and may be adjusted by other qualitative criteria. The following table presents the performing status of the Company's loan portfolio not subject to risk rating as of the dates presented:

	Performing	Non-	Total
	Terrorining	Performing	Total
March 31, 2016			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$165,137	\$ 135	\$165,272
Lease financing	41,937		41,937
Real estate – construction	85,153	69	85,222
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	1,377,078	4,020	1,381,098
Real estate – commercial mortgage	316,594	737	317,331
Installment loans to individuals	110,467	120	110,587
Total	\$2,096,366	\$ 5,081	\$2,101,447
December 31, 2015			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$144,838	\$ 93	\$144,931
Lease financing	34,815		34,815
Real estate – construction	81,035		81,035
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	1,340,356	2,877	1,343,233

Real estate – commercial mortgage	294,042	867	294,909
Installment loans to individuals	112,275	94	112,369
Total	\$2,007,361	\$ 3,931	\$2,011,292

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Loans Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality

Loans acquired in business combinations that exhibited, at the date of acquisition, evidence of deterioration of the credit quality since origination, such that it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected, were as follows as of the dates presented:

	Covered Loans	Not Covered Loans	Total
March 31, 2016			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$232	\$14,218	\$14,450
Lease financing		_	_
Real estate – construction	85	2,419	2,504
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	26,612	62,352	88,964
Real estate – commercial mortgage	3,679	212,910	216,589
Installment loans to individuals	36	2,466	2,502
Total	\$30,644	\$294,365	\$325,009
December 31, 2015			
Commercial, financial, agricultural	\$1,759	\$14,730	\$16,489
Lease financing	_	_	_
Real estate – construction	91	2,658	2,749
Real estate – 1-4 family mortgage	31,354	60,295	91,649
Real estate – commercial mortgage	33,726	188,884	222,610
Installment loans to individuals	43	2,625	2,668
Total	\$66,973	\$269,192	\$336,165

The references in the table above and elsewhere in these Notes to "covered loans" and "not covered loans" (as well as to "covered OREO" and "not covered OREO") refer to loans (or OREO, as applicable) covered and not covered, respectively, by loss-share agreements with the FDIC. See Note E, "FDIC Loss-Share Indemnification Asset," below for more information.

The following table presents the fair value of loans determined to be impaired at the time of acquisition and determined not to be impaired at the time of acquisition at March 31, 2016:

	Covered	Not		
		Covered	Total	
	Loans	Loans		
Contractually-required principal and interest	\$38,534	\$415,174	\$453,708	
Nonaccretable difference <sup>(1)</sup>	(5,121)	(77,697)	(82,818)	
Cash flows expected to be collected	33,413	337,477	370,890	
Accretable yield <sup>(2)</sup>	(2,769)	(43,112)	(45,881)	
Fair value	\$30,644	\$294,365	\$325,009	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents contractual principal and interest cash flows of \$82,618 and \$201, respectively, not expected to be collected.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents contractual interest payments of \$2,278 expected to be collected and purchase discount of \$43,603.

Changes in the accretable yield of loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality were as follows:

#### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	Covered Loans	Not Covered Loans	Total
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$(3,700)	\$(44,592)	\$(48,292)
Additions due to acquisition	725	(725)	_
Reclasses from nonaccretable difference	(213)	(1,134)	(1,347)
Accretion	391	3,339	3,730
Charge-offs	28	_	28
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$(2,769)	\$(43,112)	\$(45,881)

The following table presents the fair value of loans acquired from Heritage Financial Group, Inc. ("Heritage") as of the July 1, 2015 acquisition date.

At acquisition date:	July 1,
At acquisition date.	2015
Contractually-required principal and interest	\$1,212,372
Nonaccretable difference	14,260
Cash flows expected to be collected	1,198,112
Accretable yield	69,465
Fair value	\$1,128,647

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate by management based on its ongoing analysis of the loan portfolio to absorb probable credit losses inherent in the entire loan portfolio, including collective impairment as recognized under ASC 450, "Contingencies". Collective impairment is calculated based on loans grouped by grade. Another component of the allowance is losses on loans assessed as impaired under ASC 310. The balance of these loans and their related allowance is included in management's estimation and analysis of the allowance for loan losses. Management and the internal loan review staff evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses quarterly. The allowance for loan losses is evaluated based on a continuing assessment of problem loans, the types of loans, historical loss experience, new lending products, emerging credit trends, changes in the size and character of loan categories and other factors, including its risk rating system, regulatory guidance and economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings resulting from measurements of inherent credit risk in the loan portfolio and estimates of probable losses or impairments of individual loans. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The following table provides a roll forward of the allowance for loan losses and a breakdown of the ending balance of the allowance based on the Company's impairment methodology for the periods presented:

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Commercia		Real Estate 1-4 Family nMortgage	Real Estate - Commercia Mortgage	Installment and Other <sup>(1)</sup>	t Total
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements	\$ 4,186 (657 ) 53 (604 ) 601 (15 )	\$ 1,852 	395 279 365	92 (909 530	30	\$42,437 (1,954 ) 576 (1,378 ) 1,779 (170 )
Recoveries payable to FDIC	3	_	27	161	_	191
Provision for loan losses charged to operations	589	85	355	573	198	1,800
Ending balance	\$ 4,171	\$ 1,943	\$ 14,542	\$ 20,775	\$ 1,428	\$42,859
Period-End Amount Allocated to:	<b>.</b>	•	<b>*</b> 4.244	<b>4.2.002</b>		<b>4.7.2</b> 00
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 6 3,743	\$ — 1,943	\$ 4,311 9,896	\$ 3,082 16,429	\$ — 1,427	\$7,399 33,438
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	422		335	1,264	1,427	2,022
Ending balance	\$ 4,171	\$ 1,943	\$ 14,542	\$ 20,775	\$ 1,428	\$42,859
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	Commercia		Real Estate 1-4 Family 1 Mortgage	Real Estate - Commercia Mortgage	Installment and Other <sup>(1)</sup>	t Total
Allowance for loan losses:		1- Construction	1-4 Family 1Mortgage	Commercia Mortgage	l and Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance	\$ 3,305	l- Construction \$ 1,415	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549	Commercia Mortgage	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261	Total \$42,289
Allowance for loan losses:		l- Construction \$ 1,415	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 )	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261	Total
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs	\$ 3,305 (235 )	1- Construction \$ 1,415	1-4 Family n Mortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261 (50 )	Total \$42,289 (1,403 )
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35	1- Construction \$ 1,415  6	1-4 Family n Mortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 )	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261 (50 )	Total \$42,289 (1,403 ) 341
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 )	1- Construction \$ 1,415  6 6	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 )	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 )	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 )	Total \$42,289 (1,403 ) 341 (1,062 )
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 )	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 )	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 )	\$42,289 (1,403 ) 341 (1,062 ) 732
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements Recoveries payable to FDIC Provision for loan losses charged to	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027 (25 )	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 ) 618	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 ) (101 )	1 and Other <sup>(1)</sup> \$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 )	\$42,289 (1,403 ) 341 (1,062 ) 732 (126 )
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements Recoveries payable to FDIC	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027 (25 )	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family nMortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 ) 618 —	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 ) (101 )	\$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 ) 37 —	\$42,289 (1,403 ) 341 (1,062 ) 732 (126 ) 469
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements Recoveries payable to FDIC Provision for loan losses charged to operations Ending balance Period-End Amount Allocated to:	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027 (25 ) 2 1,004 \$ 4,109	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family a Mortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 ) 618 — 208 826 \$ 14,045	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 ) (101 ) 258 (730 ) \$ 21,508	\$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 ) 37 — 37 \$ 1,281	\$42,289 (1,403) 341 (1,062) 732 (126) 469 1,075 \$42,302
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements Recoveries payable to FDIC Provision for loan losses charged to operations Ending balance Period-End Amount Allocated to: Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027 (25 ) 2 1,004 \$ 4,109 \$ —	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family a Mortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 ) 618 — 208 826 \$ 14,045 \$ 4,227	Commercia Mortgage  \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 ) (101 ) 258 (730 ) \$ 21,508	\$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 ) 37 — 37 \$ 1,281 \$ —	\$42,289 (1,403) 341 (1,062) 732 (126) 469 1,075 \$42,302 \$6,520
Allowance for loan losses: Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for loan losses Benefit attributable to FDIC loss-share agreements Recoveries payable to FDIC Provision for loan losses charged to operations Ending balance Period-End Amount Allocated to:	\$ 3,305 (235 ) 35 (200 ) 1,027 (25 ) 2 1,004 \$ 4,109	\$ 1,415 	1-4 Family a Mortgage \$ 13,549 (485 ) 155 (330 ) 618 — 208 826 \$ 14,045	Commercia Mortgage \$ 22,759 (633 ) 112 (521 ) (887 ) (101 ) 258 (730 ) \$ 21,508	\$ 1,261 (50 ) 33 (17 ) 37 — 37 \$ 1,281	\$42,289 (1,403) 341 (1,062) 732 (126) 469 1,075 \$42,302

Ending balance \$ 4,109 \$ 1,359 \$ 14,045 \$ 21,508 \$ 1,281 \$ 42,302

(1) Includes lease financing receivables.

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table provides the recorded investment in loans, net of unearned income, based on the Company's impairment methodology as of the dates presented:

	Commercial	Real Estate - Construction	Real Estate - 1-4 Family Mortgage	Real Estate - Commercial Mortgage	Installment and Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
March 31, 2016						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 321	\$ —	\$14,786	\$16,450	\$ 67	\$31,624
Collectively evaluated for impairment	640,163	375,070	1,673,745	2,374,471	152,648	5,216,097
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	14,450	2,504	88,964	216,589	2,502	325,009
Ending balance	\$ 654,934	\$ 377,574	\$1,777,495	\$2,607,510	\$ 155,217	\$5,572,730
December 31, 2015						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 370	\$ 2,698	\$16,650	\$16,819	\$ 90	\$36,627
Collectively evaluated for impairment	619,978	352,218	1,627,024	2,294,300	147,150	5,040,670
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	16,489	2,749	91,649	222,610	2,668	336,165
Ending balance	\$ 636,837	\$ 357,665	\$1,735,323	\$2,533,729	\$ 149,908	\$5,413,462

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes lease financing receivables.

#### Note D - Other Real Estate Owned

(In Thousands)

The following table provides details of the Company's other real estate owned ("OREO") covered and not covered under a loss-share agreement, net of valuation allowances and direct write-downs, as of the dates presented:

	Covered	Not Covered	Total
	OREO	OREO	OREO
March 31, 2016			
Residential real estate	\$ 563	\$ 4,409	\$4,972
Commercial real estate	86	11,261	11,347
Residential land development	1	4,469	4,470
Commercial land development	723	11,722	12,445
Total	\$ 1,373	\$ 31,861	\$33,234
December 31, 2015			
Residential real estate	\$ 529	\$ 4,265	\$4,794
Commercial real estate	346	11,041	11,387
Residential land development	1	4,595	4,596
Commercial land development	1,942	12,683	14,625
Total	\$ 2,818	\$ 32,584	\$35,402

### **Table of Contents**

Renasant Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Changes in the Company's OREO covered and not covered under a loss-share agreement were as follows:

	Covered	Not Covered	Total
	OREO	OREO	OREO
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$2,818	\$ 32,584	\$35,402
Transfer of balance to non-covered OREO <sup>(1)</sup>	(1,341)	1,341	