THERMO FISHER SCIENTIFIC INC.

Form 10-O August 02, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Quarter Ended June 29, 2013

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 0

Commission File Number 1-8002

THERMO FISHER SCIENTIFIC INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

04-2209186 Delaware (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State of incorporation or organization)

81 Wyman Street

Waltham, Massachusetts 02451 (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (781) 622-1000

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Common Stock, \$1.00 par value Outstanding at June 29, 2013 360,515,888

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 29, 2013

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 29, 2013	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,408.9	\$851.0
Short-term investments, at quoted market value (cost of \$4.6 and \$4.8)	4.2	4.3
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$54.1 and \$55.5	1,901.5	1,804.9
Inventories	1,487.1	1,443.3
Deferred tax assets	180.3	182.0
Other current assets	659.5	549.3
	5,641.5	4,834.8
Property, Plant and Equipment, at Cost, Net	1,688.8	1,726.4
Acquisition-related Intangible Assets, Net	7,330.2	7,804.5
Other Assets	578.8	604.4
Goodwill	12,390.2	12,474.5
	\$27,629.5	\$27,444.6
3		

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued) (Unaudited)

(In millions except share amounts)	June 29, 2013	*
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Short-term obligations and current maturities of long-term obligations	\$393.3	\$93.1
Accounts payable	648.9	641.4
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	317.1	388.0
Deferred revenue	215.2	196.5
Other accrued expenses	788.4	774.3
	2,362.9	2,093.3
Deferred Income Taxes	1,945.8	2,047.2
Other Long-term Liabilities	796.9	808.2
Long-term Obligations	6,721.1	7,031.2
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$100 par value, 50,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, \$1 par value, 1,200,000,000 shares authorized; 418,108,447		
and 413,491,691 shares issued	418.1	413.5
Capital in excess of par value	10,744.0	10,501.1
Retained earnings	8,202.6	7,697.3
Treasury stock at cost, 57,592,559 and 56,047,926 shares	(3,105.9) (2,996.8)
Accumulated other comprehensive items	(456.0) (150.4)
	15,802.8	15,464.7
	\$27,629.5	\$27,444.6

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	June 29	•	0, June 2	
(In millions except per share amounts)	201	3 201	.2 20:	13 2012
Revenues				
Product revenues	\$2,786.8	\$2,678.7	\$5,510.3	\$5,307.5
Service revenues	453.3	429.4	921.3	857.4
	3,240.1	3,108.1	6,431.6	6,164.9
Costs and Onewating Evenenges				
Costs and Operating Expenses:	1,572.5	1 407 0	2 105 6	2 000 0
Cost of product revenues Cost of service revenues	304.4	1,497.9 288.9	3,105.6 626.5	2,999.9 554.0
Selling, general and administrative expenses	869.6	835.0	1,699.1	1,659.3
Research and development expenses	96.7	94.2	1,099.1	185.9
Restructuring and other costs, net	21.5	24.3	43.0	36.5
Restructuring and other costs, net	21.3	24.3	43.0	30.3
	2,864.7	2,740.3	5,669.1	5,435.6
	2,001.7	2,7 10.5	3,007.1	3,133.0
Operating Income	375.4	367.8	762.5	729.3
Other Expense, Net	(95.4) (49.4) (139.6) (99.8
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Income from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes	280.0	318.4	622.9	629.5
Provision for Income Taxes	(2.4) (26.0) (4.5) (56.3
	Ì	,	, ,	,
Income from Continuing Operations	277.6	292.4	618.4	573.2
Loss from Discontinued Operations (net of income				
tax benefit of \$0.1, \$4.9, \$0.3 and \$7.2)	(0.2) (7.5) (0.6) (11.3
Loss on Disposal of Discontinued Operations, Net (net of				
income tax benefit of \$0.0, \$23.3,				
\$2.8 and \$23.1)		(51.1) (4.2) (50.8
Net Income	\$277.4	\$233.8	\$613.6	\$511.1
Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations				
Basic	\$.77	\$.80	\$1.72	\$1.56
Diluted	\$.76	\$.79	\$1.71	\$1.55
Faminas non Chan				
Earnings per Share	\$.77	\$.64	\$1.71	\$1.39
Basic	\$.77 \$.76	\$.63	\$1.71	
Diluted	Φ./Ο	φ.03	\$1.09	\$1.38
Waishtad Assauras Chausa				

Weighted Average Shares

Basic	360.0	367.0	359.0	367.1
Diluted	363.5	369.2	362.6	369.6
Cash Dividends Declared per Common Share	\$.15	\$.13	\$.30	\$.26

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three M June 2 20	*	30, June 2	*	
Comprehensive Income (Loss)					
Net Income	\$277.4	\$233.8	\$613.6	\$511.1	
Other Comprehensive Items:					
Currency translation adjustment	(135.7) (310.6) (315.0) (62.1)
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale investments:					
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising					
during the period (net of tax provision					
(benefit) of \$(0.1), \$0.1, \$0.3 and \$0.1)	(0.1) 0.1	1.1	0.1	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included					
in net income (net of tax provision of \$0.0,					
\$0.0, \$2.5 and \$0.0)	_		(8.0)) —	
Unrealized gains and losses on hedging					
instruments:					
Unrealized gains on hedging instruments (net					
of tax provision of \$4.1, \$0.0, \$4.1 and \$0.0)	6.7		6.7		
Reclassification adjustment for losses included					
in net income (net of tax benefit of \$0.5,					
\$0.5, \$1.0 and \$1.0)	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.6	
Pension and other postretirement benefit liability					
adjustment:					
Pension and other postretirement benefit					
liability adjustments arising during the					
period (net of tax provision (benefit) of					
\$(0.1), \$0.6, \$1.5 and \$(0.1))	(0.3) 1.8	4.2	_	
Amortization of net loss and prior service					
benefit included in net periodic pension					
cost (net of tax benefit of \$0.9, \$0.6, \$1.8					
and \$1.2)	1.9	1.1	3.8	2.2	
	(126.7) (306.8) (305.6) (58.2)
	\$150.7	\$(73.0)\$308.0	\$452.9	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Mo June 2 20	•	
Operating Activities			
Net Income	\$613.6	\$511.1	
Loss from discontinued operations	0.6	11.3	
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	4.2	50.8	
·			
Income from continuing operations	618.4	573.2	
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash			
provided by operating activities:	200		
Depreciation and amortization	500.2	484.1	
Change in deferred income taxes	(65.0) (115.2)
Non-cash stock-based compensation	43.7	37.5	
Non-cash charges for sale of inventories revalued at the date of acquisition	23.9	37.9	
Tax benefits from stock-based compensation awards	(30.6) (8.2)
Other non-cash expenses, net	13.4	19.9	
Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding the effects of acquisitions and dispositions:			
Accounts receivable	(139.0) (11.7)
Inventories	(97.6) (103.3)
Other assets	(107.1) (61.2)
Accounts payable	33.3	47.9	
Other liabilities	7.4	19.4	
Contributions to retirement plans	(22.6) (11.6)
Net cash provided by continuing operations	778.4	908.7	
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(1.7) (9.2)
Net cash provided by operating activities	776.7	899.5	
Investing Activities			
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(4.7) (178.7)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(131.6) (134.7)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	3.6	7.7	
Other investing activities, net	0.3	1.0	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(132.4)\$(304.7)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Mo June 2 201	,	,
Financing Activities			
Decrease in commercial paper, net	\$ —	\$(499.5)
Purchases of company common stock	(89.8) (400.0)
Dividends paid	(107.9) (47.7)
Net proceeds from issuance of company common stock	172.3	63.8	
Tax benefits from stock-based compensation awards	30.6	8.2	
(Decrease) increase in short-term notes payable	(1.6) 15.2	
Other financing activities, net	(1.5) (9.0)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2.1	(869.0)
Exchange Rate Effect on Cash	(88.5) (9.8)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	557.9	(284.0)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	851.0	1,016.3	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$1,408.9	\$732.3	

See Note 12 for supplemental cash flow information.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Comm Shares	on Stock Amount	Capital in Excess of Par Value			-	Accumulate Othe Comprehensiv Iten	er ze Sl	Total hareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2011	406.4	\$406.4	\$10,152.0	\$6,716.3	35.0	\$(1,837.1)	\$ (399.5)\$	15,038.1
Issuance of shares under employees' and directors' stock		2.2	65.0		0.2	(0.1			50.2
plans Stock-based	2.3	2.3	65.0	_	0.2	(9.1)	_		58.2
compensation			37.5				_		37.5
Tax benefit related to employees' and directors' stock									
plans	—	_	6.0	—	_	_			6.0
Purchases of company common									
stock				<u> </u>	8.0	(400.0)	<u>—</u>		(400.0)
Dividends declared	_	_	_)—	_			(95.8)
Net income	_	_	_	511.1	_	_			511.1
Other comprehensive							(50. 2	`	(50.0
items	_	_	— (2.5	_	_	_	(58.2)	(58.2)
Other		_	(2.5)	<u> </u>		_	<u>—</u>		(2.5)
Balance at June 30, 2012	408.7	\$408.7	\$10,258.0	\$7,131.6	43.2	\$(2,246.2)	\$ (457.7)\$	15,094.4
Balance at December 31, 2012	413.5	\$413.5	\$10,501.1	\$7,697.3	56.0	\$(2,996.8)	\$ (150.4)\$	15,464.7
Issuance of shares under employees' and directors' stock									
plans	4.6	4.6	171.6	_	0.3	(19.3)	<u>—</u>		156.9
Stock-based									
compensation	_	_	43.7		_	_	_		43.7
Tax benefit related to employees' and directors' stock									
plans	_	_	28.4		_	_	_		28.4

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Purchases of company	7									
common										
stock	_	_	<u> </u>	_	1.3	(89.8)	_		(89.8))
Dividends declared	_			(108.3)—				(108.3)
Net income	_		_	613.6		_			613.6	
Other comprehensive										
items							(305.6)	(305.6)
Other	_		(0.8) —		_			(0.8))
Balance at June 29,										
2013	418.1	\$418.1	\$10,744.0	\$8,202.6	57.6	\$(3,105.9)\$	(456.0)\$	15,802.8	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. (the company) enables customers to make the world healthier, cleaner and safer by providing analytical instruments, equipment, reagents and consumables, software and services for research, manufacturing, analysis, discovery and diagnostics. Markets served include pharmaceutical and biotech companies, hospitals and clinical diagnostic labs, universities, research institutions and government agencies, as well as environmental and industrial process control settings.

Interim Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements presented herein have been prepared by Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. (the company or Thermo Fisher), are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair statement of the financial position at June 29, 2013, the results of operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 29, 2013, and June 30, 2012, and the cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 29, 2013, and June 30, 2012. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The consolidated balance sheet presented as of December 31, 2012, has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as of that date. The consolidated financial statements and notes are presented as permitted by Form 10-Q and do not contain all of the information that is included in the annual financial statements and notes of the company. The consolidated financial statements and notes included in this report should be read in conjunction with the 2012 financial statements and notes included in the company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 3, 2013.

Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for 2012 describes the significant accounting estimates and policies used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. There have been no material changes in the company's significant accounting policies during the six months ended June 29, 2013.

Presentation

Certain reclassifications of prior year amounts have been made to conform to the current year presentation.

Warranty Obligations

Product warranties are included in other accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheet. The changes in the carrying amount of warranty obligations are as follows:

	Six Month	s Ended
	June 29,	June 30,
(In millions)	2013	2012

Beginning Balance \$48.7 \$42.2

Provision charged to income	34.8	29.6	
Usage	(37.1) (28.4)
Adjustments to previously provided warranties, net	0.3		
Other, net	(0.5) (0.9)
Ending Balance	\$46.2	\$42.5	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Inventories

The components of inventories are as follows:

(In millions)	June 29, 2013	•
Raw Materials	\$365.4	\$362.0
Work in Process	169.5	149.7
Finished Goods	952.2	931.6
	\$1,487.1	\$1,443.3

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

(In millions)	June 29 201	
Land	\$211.7	\$216.6
Buildings and Improvements	798.5	805.5
Machinery, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements	1,888.2	1,829.9
	2,898.4	2,852.0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	1,209.6	1,125.6
	\$1,688.8	\$1,726.4

Acquisition-related Intangible Assets

Acquisition-related intangible assets are as follows:

(In millions)	Gross	June 29, 2013 Accumulated Amortization	l		Accumulated Amortization	d
Definite Lives	\$10,256.2	\$ (4,266.6)\$5,989.6	\$10,403.1	\$ (3,939.2)\$6,463.9
Indefinite Lives	1,340.6		1,340.6	1,340.6		1,340.6
	\$11,596.8	\$ (4,266.6)\$7,330.2	\$11,743.7	\$ (3,939.2)\$7,804.5

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. In addition, significant estimates were made in estimating future cash flows to assess potential impairment of assets, and in determining the ultimate loss from selling discontinued operations and abandoning leases at facilities being exited (Note 13). Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the FASB issued new guidance which requires disclosure of information about significant reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income in a single note or on the face of the financial statements. This guidance became effective for the company in 2013. Adoption of this standard, which is related to disclosure only, did not have an impact on the company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In July 2012, the FASB modified existing rules to allow entities to use a qualitative approach to test indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. The revised standard allows an entity the option to first assess qualitatively whether it is more likely than not (that is, a likelihood of more than 50 percent) that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. An entity is not required to calculate the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative impairment test unless the entity determines that it is more likely than not that the asset is impaired. This guidance became effective for the company in 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2011, the FASB issued new guidance which requires enhanced disclosures on offsetting amounts within the balance sheet, including disclosing gross and net information about instruments and transactions eligible for offset or subject to a master netting or similar agreement. This guidance became effective for the company in 2013. Adoption of this standard, which is related to disclosure only, did not have an impact on the company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 2. Acquisitions and Dispositions

On April 14, 2013, the company entered into an agreement to acquire Life Technologies Corporation for \$76.00 in cash per fully diluted common share, or approximately \$13.6 billion, plus the assumption of net debt at close (\$2.1 billion as of March 31, 2013) (the "Life Technologies Acquisition"). The transaction, which is expected to close in early 2014, is subject to a vote by Life Technologies shareholders on August 21, 2013 and satisfaction of certain other customary closing conditions, including the receipt of certain regulatory approvals. In connection with the planned acquisition of Life Technologies, the company entered into a bridge credit agreement and a term loan agreement (Note 8). The bridge credit agreement is a 364-day unsecured committed bridge facility in the principal amount of \$3.56 billion as of August 2, 2013. The term loan agreement is a 3-year unsecured \$5 billion term loan facility. The company currently expects to fund the \$13.6 billion cash purchase price with up to \$3.25 billion of equity financing, including \$2.5 billion of its common stock sold in June 2013 under equity forward agreements (Note 10) and up to a

maximum of \$750 million of equity or equity-linked securities, with the remaining purchase price to be financed with the term loan facility, new debt and cash on hand. Life Technologies provides innovative products and services to customers conducting scientific research and genetic analysis, as well as those in applied markets, such as forensics and food safety testing. Life Technologies' revenues totaled \$3.8 billion in 2012.

During the first six months of 2013, the company made contingent purchase price and post closing adjustment payments totaling \$5 million for acquisitions completed prior to 2013. The contingent purchase price payments were contractually due to the sellers upon achievement of certain performance criteria at the acquired businesses.

The company's acquisitions have historically been made at prices above the fair value of the acquired identifiable assets, resulting in goodwill, due to expectations of the synergies that will be realized by combining the businesses. These synergies include the elimination of redundant facilities, functions and staffing; use of the company's existing commercial infrastructure to expand sales of the acquired businesses' products; and use of the commercial infrastructure of the acquired businesses to cost-effectively expand sales of company products.

Acquisitions have been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, and the acquired companies' results have been included in the accompanying financial statements from their respective dates of acquisition. Acquisition transaction costs are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses. The net assets acquired have been recorded based on estimates of fair value and, for acquisitions completed within the past year, are subject to adjustment upon finalization of the valuation process. The company is not aware of any information that indicates the final valuations will differ materially from preliminary estimates.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Unaudited Pro Forma Information

The company acquired One Lambda in September 2012. Had the acquisition of One Lambda been completed as of the beginning of 2011, the company's pro forma results for 2012 would have been as follows:

	Three	
	Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
(In millions except per share amounts)	2012	2012
Revenues	\$3,153.8	\$6,261.2
Income from Continuing Operations	\$306.4	\$601.8
Net Income	\$247.7	\$539.6
Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations:		
Basic	\$0.83	\$1.64
Diluted	\$0.83	\$1.63
Earnings per Share:		
Basic	\$0.67	\$1.47
Diluted	\$0.67	\$1.46

The company's results would not have been materially different from its pro forma results had the company's other 2012 acquisitions occurred at the beginning of 2011.

Dispositions

On October 22, 2012, the company sold its laboratory workstations business (See Note 14).

Note 3. Business Segment and Geographical Information

The company's continuing operations fall into three business segments as follows:

Analytical Technologies: provides a broad offering of instruments, reagents, consumables, software and services that are used for a range of applications in the laboratory, on the production line and in the field. These products and services are used by customers in pharmaceutical, biotechnology, academic, government, environmental and other research and industrial markets, as well as the clinical laboratory.

Specialty Diagnostics: provides a wide range of diagnostic test kits, reagents, culture media, instruments and associated products used to increase the speed and accuracy of diagnoses. These products are used primarily by

customers in healthcare, clinical, pharmaceutical, industrial and food safety laboratories.

Laboratory Products and Services: provides virtually everything needed for the laboratory, including a combination of self-manufactured and sourced products and an extensive service offering. These products and services are used by customers in pharmaceutical, biotechnology, academic, government and other research and industrial markets, as well as the clinical laboratory.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

In February 2013, in connection with a change in management responsibility for two product lines, the company transferred its water analysis and research serum and media product lines to the Laboratory Products and Services segment from the Analytical Technologies segment. The company has historically moved a product line between segments when a shift in strategic focus of either the product line or a segment more closely aligns the product line with a segment different than that in which it had previously been reported. Prior period segment information has been reclassified to reflect these transfers.

The company's management evaluates segment operating performance based on operating income before certain charges/credits to cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses, principally associated with acquisition accounting; restructuring and other costs/income including costs arising from facility consolidations such as severance and abandoned lease expense and gains and losses from the sale of real estate and product lines; and amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets. The company uses this measure because it helps management understand and evaluate the segments' core operating results and facilitates comparison of performance for determining compensation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Business Segment Information

	Three M	onths Ended	Six Mo	onths Ended
	June 29	9, June 3	0, June 2	9, June 30,
(In millions)	201	.3 20:	12 201	13 2012
Revenues				
Analytical Technologies	\$1,006.5	\$972.4	\$1,984.3	\$1,952.4
Specialty Diagnostics	793.6	731.9	1,599.2	1,463.8
Laboratory Products and Services	1,583.2	1,535.0	3,127.5	3,010.8
Eliminations	(143.2) (131.2) (279.4) (262.1)
Consolidated revenues	3,240.1	3,108.1	6,431.6	6,164.9
Segment Income				
Analytical Technologies (a)	177.9	169.0	354.0	347.8
Specialty Diagnostics (a)	216.9	199.3	438.6	386.2
Laboratory Products and Services (a)	229.0	221.8	446.3	432.6
Subtotal reportable segments (a)	623.8	590.1	1,238.9	1,166.6
1 0				
Cost of revenues charges	(13.1) (12.8) (26.3) (39.4
Selling, general and administrative (charges) income,				
net	(22.6) (1.8) (23.9) 5.9
Restructuring and other costs, net	(21.5) (24.3) (43.0) (36.5
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	(191.2) (183.4) (383.2) (367.3)
Consolidated operating income	375.4	367.8	762.5	729.3
Other expense, net (b)	(95.4) (49.4) (139.6) (99.8)
In a second control of the second control of				
Income from continuing operations before income	\$280.0	\$318.4	\$622.9	\$629.5
taxes	\$200.0	Ф 310.4	\$022.9	\$029.3
Depreciation				
Analytical Technologies	\$15.0	\$15.8	\$30.3	\$32.2
Specialty Diagnostics	18.0	17.9	36.5	35.6
Laboratory Products and Services	25.0	24.5	50.2	49.0
Consolidated depreciation	\$58.0	\$58.2	\$117.0	\$116.8
r	,		, .,	

⁽a) Represents operating income before certain charges to cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses; restructuring and other costs, net; and amortization of acquisition-related intangibles.

(b) The company does not allocate other expense, net to its segments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 4. Other Expense, Net

The components of other expense, net, in the accompanying statement of income are as follows:

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 29, June 30, 2013 2012		50, June 2	•	
Interest Income	\$7.1	\$6.7	\$14.3	\$13.1	
Interest Expense	(64.4) (57.4) (128.8) (115.1)
Other Items, Net	(38.1) 1.3	(25.1) 2.2	
	\$(95.4)\$(49.4)\$(139.6)\$(99.8)

Other Items, Net

In the second quarter and first six months of 2013, other items, net includes \$41 million of charges related to amortization of fees paid to obtain bridge financing commitments related to the Life Technologies Acquisition, offset in part by a \$2 million gain from additional proceeds from the 2012 sale of an equity investment.

In the first quarter of 2013, the company irrevocably contributed appreciated available-for-sale investments that had a fair value of \$27 million to two of its U.K. defined benefit plans, resulting in realization of a previously unrecognized gain of \$11 million.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Stock-based Compensation Expense

The components of pre-tax stock-based compensation expense for the company's continuing operations are as follows:

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Months	Ended
	June 29,	June 30,	June 29,	June 30,
(In millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Stock Option Awards	\$10.6	\$10.1	\$20.2	\$20.2
Restricted Share/Unit Awards	12.7	10.2	23.5	17.3
Total Stock-based Compensation Expense	\$23.3	\$20.3	\$43.7	\$37.5

Stock-based compensation expense is included in the accompanying statement of income as follows:

(In millions)	Three Mo June 29, 2013	,	June 29,	*
Cost of Revenues	\$1.9	\$1.4	\$3.4	\$2.6
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	20.5	18.5	38.7	34.0
Research and Development Expenses	0.9	0.4	1.6	0.9
Total Stock-based Compensation Expense	\$23.3	\$20.3	\$43.7	\$37.5

As of June 29, 2013, there was \$86 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options granted. The cost is expected to be recognized through 2017 with a weighted average amortization period of 2.5 years.

As of June 29, 2013, there was \$91 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock unit awards. The cost is expected to be recognized through 2016 with a weighted average amortization period of 2.3 years.

During the first six months of 2013, the company made equity compensation grants to employees consisting of 0.8 million service- and performance-based restricted stock units and options to purchase 1.8 million shares.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 6. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

Employees of a number of the company's non-U.S. and certain U.S. subsidiaries participate in defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all full-time employees at those subsidiaries. Some of the plans are unfunded, as permitted under the plans and applicable laws. The company also maintains postretirement healthcare programs at several acquired businesses where certain employees are eligible to participate. The costs of the postretirement healthcare programs are funded on a self-insured and insured-premium basis.

Net periodic benefit costs for the company's defined benefit pension plans include the following components:

	Three June	Months Ended 29, June 3		Ionths Ended 29, June	
(In millions)	20	013 20	12 20	013 20	012
Service Cost - Benefits Earned	\$5.8	\$2.9	\$9.4	\$6.0	
Interest Cost on Benefit Obligation	11.9	12.7	23.9	25.5	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(13.2) (13.8) (26.4) (27.6)
Amortization of Net Loss	2.9	1.7	5.7	3.4	
Amortization of Prior Service Benefit	(0.1) —	(0.2) —	
Settlement/Curtailment Loss	_	(0.1) —	(0.1)
Special Termination Benefits	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$7.7	\$3.7	\$12.9	\$7.7	

Net periodic benefit costs for the company's other postretirement benefit plans include the following components:

(In millions)	Three Mo June 29, 2013		June 29	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Service Cost - Benefits Earned	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.4
Interest Cost on Benefit Obligation	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.0
Amortization of Net Loss	_	_	0.1	_
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$0.6	\$0.7	\$1.3	\$1.4

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Note 7. Earnings per Share

	Three M June 29	onths Ended June 3		onths Ended	30,
(In millions except per share amounts)	201	3 201	20	13 20	12
Income from Continuing Operations	\$277.6	\$292.4	\$618.4	\$573.2	
Loss from Discontinued Operations	(0.2) (7.5) (0.6) (11.3)
Loss on Disposal of Discontinued Operations, Net	_	(51.1) (4.2) (50.8)
Net Income	\$277.4	\$233.8	\$613.6	\$511.1	
	260.0	2650	2.50.0	0.68.4	
Basic Weighted Average Shares	360.0	367.0	359.0	367.1	
Plus Effect of:	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.5	
Stock options and restricted units	3.5	2.2	3.6	2.5	
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	363.5	369.2	362.6	369.6	
Diluted Weighted Average Shares	303.3	307.2	302.0	307.0	
Basic Earnings per Share:					
Continuing operations	\$.77	\$.80	\$1.72	\$1.56	
Discontinued operations	_	(.16) (.01) (.17)
	\$.77	\$.64	\$1.71	\$1.39	
Du . 15					
Diluted Earnings per Share:		+ = o	*	*	
Continuing operations	\$.76	\$.79	\$1.71	\$1.55	
Discontinued operations	<u>—</u>	(.16) (.01) (.17)
	¢ 76	¢ 62	¢1.60	¢1 20	
	\$.76	\$.63	\$1.69	\$1.38	

Options to purchase 1.8 million, 10.0 million, 1.8 million and 9.6 million shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the second quarter of 2013 and 2012 and the first six months of 2013 and 2012, respectively, because their effect would have been antidilutive. Dilution from the equity forward agreements (Note 10) was not material in any period presented.

Note 8. Debt and Other Financing Arrangements

Credit Facilities

The company had a revolving credit facility with a bank group that provided for up to \$1.5 billion of unsecured multi-currency revolving credit consisting of a \$1 billion 5-year credit agreement, with the ability to request an additional \$500 million. The facility was due to expire in April 2017, however, the company negotiated a new revolving credit facility in July 2013 which replaced the previously existing credit facility (Note 15). As of June 29,

2013, no borrowings were outstanding under the then existing facility, although available capacity was reduced by approximately \$49 million as a result of outstanding letters of credit.

In connection with the planned acquisition of Life Technologies, the company entered into a bridge credit agreement and a term loan agreement. The bridge credit agreement is a 364-day unsecured committed bridge facility in the principal amount of \$3.56 billion as of August 2, 2013. The term loan agreement is a 3-year unsecured \$5 billion term loan facility. Borrowing under both agreements is conditioned on, among other things, the consummation of the Life Technologies Acquisition. The agreements call for interest at either a LIBOR-based rate or a rate based on the prime lending rate of the agent bank, at the company's option. The agreements contain affirmative, negative and financial covenants, and events of default customary for financings of this type. The financial covenants require the company to maintain a Consolidated Leverage Ratio of debt to EBITDA (as defined in the agreements) below 5.5 to 1.0 during the first six months after the borrowing date and decreasing, based on the passage of time, to 3.5 to 1.0, beginning 18 months after the borrowing date. The company must also maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio of 3.0 to 1.0. The company expects to issue long-term debt to replace the bridge facility.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Cash Flow Hedge Arrangements

During the second quarter of 2013, the company entered into forward starting pay fixed interest rate swap agreements to mitigate the risk of interest rates rising prior to completion of a debt offering. Based on the company's conclusion that a debt offering is probable as a result of debt maturing in 2014 and that such debt would carry semi-annual interest payments over a 10-year term, the swaps hedge the cash flow risk for each of the semi-annual fixed-rate interest payments on \$200 million of principal amount of the planned 10-year fixed-rate debt issue. The increase in the fair value of the hedges, \$7 million, net of tax, as of June 29, 2013, was classified as an increase to accumulated other comprehensive items within shareholder's equity. As of August 1, 2013, the company had entered such agreements for an aggregate of \$375 million of principal amount.

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

There are various lawsuits and claims pending against the company involving product liability, contract, commercial and other issues. In view of the company's financial condition and the accruals established for these matters, management does not believe that the ultimate liability, if any, related to these matters will have a material adverse effect on the company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The company establishes a liability that is an estimate of amounts needed to pay damages in the future for events that have already occurred. The accrued liabilities are based on management's judgment as to the probability of losses for asserted and unasserted claims and, where applicable, actuarially determined estimates. The reserve estimates are adjusted as additional information becomes known or payments are made.

For product liability, workers compensation and other personal injury matters, the company accrues the most likely amount or at least the minimum of the range of probable loss when a range of probable loss can be estimated. The company records estimated amounts due from insurers as an asset. Although the company believes that the amounts reserved and estimated recoveries are probable and appropriate based on available information, including actuarial studies of loss estimates, the process of estimating losses and insurance recoveries involves a considerable degree of judgment by management and the ultimate amounts could vary materially. Insurance contracts do not relieve the company of its primary obligation with respect to any losses incurred. The collectability of amounts due from its insurers is subject to the solvency and willingness of the insurer to pay, as well as the legal sufficiency of the insurance claims. Management monitors the financial condition and ratings of its insurers on an ongoing basis.

The company is currently involved in various stages of investigation and remediation related to environmental matters. The company cannot predict all potential costs related to environmental remediation matters and the possible impact on future operations given the uncertainties regarding the extent of the required cleanup, the complexity and interpretation of applicable laws and regulations, the varying costs of alternative cleanup methods and the extent of the company's responsibility. Expenses for environmental remediation matters related to the costs of permit requirements and installing, operating and maintaining groundwater-treatment systems and other remedial activities related to historical environmental contamination at the company's domestic and international facilities were not material in any period presented. The company records accruals for environmental remediation liabilities, based on current interpretations of environmental laws and regulations, when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of such liability can be reasonably estimated. The company calculates estimates based upon several

factors, including reports prepared by environmental specialists and management's knowledge of and experience with these environmental matters. The company includes in these estimates potential costs for investigation, remediation and operation and maintenance of cleanup sites.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Management believes that its reserves for environmental matters are adequate for the remediation costs the company expects to incur. As a result, the company believes that the ultimate liability with respect to environmental remediation matters will not have a material adverse effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, the company may be subject to additional remedial or compliance costs due to future events, such as changes in existing laws and regulations, changes in agency direction or enforcement policies, developments in remediation technologies or changes in the conduct of the company's operations, which could have a material adverse effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Although these environmental remediation liabilities do not include third-party recoveries, the company may be able to bring indemnification claims against third parties for liabilities relating to certain sites.

Note 10. Comprehensive Income and Shareholders' Equity

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income combines net income and other comprehensive items. Other comprehensive items represent certain amounts that are reported as components of shareholders' equity in the accompanying balance sheet.

Changes in each component of accumulated other comprehensive items, net of tax are as follows:

			Unrealized			Pension and	d	
			Gains	Unrealized	l	Othe	r	
			(Losses) on	Gains	P	ostretiremen	ıt	
	Currence	y A	vailable-for-	(Losses) on	l	Benefi	t	
	Translatio	n	Sale	Hedging	,	Liability	y	
(In millions)	Adjustme	nt	Investments	Instruments	;	Adjustmen	t To	tal
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$87.4	\$	7.7	\$(32.9)\$	(212.6)\$(150.4)
Other comprehensive income (loss)								
before reclassifications	(315.0)	1.1	6.7		4.2	(303.0)
Amounts reclassified from								
accumulated other								
comprehensive items	_		(8.0)) 1.6		3.8	(2.6)
Net other comprehensive items	(315.0)	(6.9) 8.3		8.0	(305.6)
Balance at June 29, 2013	\$(227.6)\$	0.8	\$(24.6)\$	(204.6)\$(456.0)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

The amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive items are as follows:

				Six Months Ended		
		Affected Line Item in the Statement of Income		June 29,		June 30,
(In millions)				2013		2012
Amounts Reclassified Fro Comprehensive Items	m Accumulated Other					
-	ns and losses on available-for-sale					
	Realized (gain) loss on sale or transfer of					
	available-for-sale investments	Other Expense, Net Provision for	\$	(10.5)	\$	-
	Tax provision (benefit)	Income Taxes		2.5		_
			\$	(8.0)	\$	
Unrealized gai instruments	ns and losses on hedging					
	Realized loss on interest rate					
	swaps and locks	Other Expense, Net	\$	2.6	\$	2.6
	Tax provision (benefit)	Provision for Income Taxes		(1.0)		(1.0)
			\$	1.6	\$	1.6
Pension and ot adjustment	her postretirement benefit liability					
		Net Periodic Benefit				
	Amortization of actuarial losses	Cost -	\$	5.8	\$	3.4
	Amortization of prior service benefit	see Note 6 for details		(0.2)		_
	Total before tax	5		5.6		3.4
	Tax provision (benefit)	Provision for Income Taxes		(1.8)		(1.2)
			\$	3.8	\$	2.2
	Total reclassifications		\$	(2.6)	\$	3.8

Shareholders' Equity

In June 2013, in anticipation of the planned acquisition of Life Technologies, the company entered into equity forward agreements in connection with a public offering of 29.6 million shares of its common stock. The use of the equity forward agreements substantially eliminates future equity market price risk by fixing a common equity offering sales price under the then existing market conditions, while mitigating share dilution from the offering by postponing the actual issuance of common stock until the funds are needed for the Life Technologies Acquisition.

Under the terms of the agreements, the counterparties borrowed shares of the company's common stock and sold them for \$85.50 per share. Upon settlement of the agreements, to the extent that the agreements are physically settled, the company would be required to issue and deliver shares of its common stock at the then applicable forward sale price. The forward price was initially \$83.2770 per share, net of underwriting fees, and is subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the agreements including fixed reductions related to cash dividends. The forward price was \$83.1031 per share on June 29, 2013. The equity forward agreements must be settled fully within 14 months of the date of the agreements. Although the company expects to physically settle the forward sale agreements by delivering shares of its common stock in exchange for cash proceeds, it may elect cash or net share settlement for all or a portion of its obligations under the forward agreements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The equity forward agreements had no initial fair value as they were entered into at the then market price of the common stock. The company will not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock until the equity forward agreements are settled, and at that time it will record the proceeds, if any, in equity.

At June 29, 2013, the equity forward agreements could have been settled with physical delivery of the shares to the forward counterparties in exchange for cash of \$2.46 billion. At June 29, 2013, the equity forward agreements could also have been cash settled, with delivery of cash of approximately \$45.2 million to the forward counterparties, or net share settled with delivery of approximately 0.5 million shares of common stock to the forward counterparties.

Prior to their settlement, to the extent that the equity forward agreements are dilutive, they will be reflected in the company's diluted earnings per share calculations using the treasury stock method.

Note 11. Fair Value Measurements and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value Measurements

The company uses the market approach technique to value its financial instruments and there were no changes in valuation techniques during 2013. The company's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are primarily comprised of investments in money market funds; derivative contracts, insurance contracts, mutual funds holding publicly traded securities and other investments in unit trusts held as assets to satisfy outstanding deferred compensation and retirement liabilities; and acquisition-related contingent consideration.

The fair value accounting guidance requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the company has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data such as quoted prices, interest rates and yield curves.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable data points that are not corroborated by market data.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following table presents information about the company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 29, 2013:

(In millions)	June 29, 2013		Other	Significant Unobservable Inputs
Assets				
Cash equivalents	\$667.2	\$667.2	\$	\$ —
Investments in mutual funds, unit trusts and other				
similar instruments	9.4	9.4	_	_
Insurance contracts	67.4		67.4	_
Auction rate securities	4.2		_	4.2
Derivative contracts	13.1		13.1	_
Total Assets	\$761.3	\$676.6	\$80.5	\$ 4.2
Liabilities				
Derivative contracts	\$0.5	\$ —	\$0.5	\$ —
Contingent consideration	33.7			33.7
Total Liabilities	\$34.2	\$ —	\$0.5	\$ 33.7

The following table presents information about the company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012:

(In millions)	December 31. 2012	, Markets	Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
Assets				
Cash equivalents	\$73.6	\$73.6	\$ —	\$ —
Investments in mutual funds, unit trusts and other				
similar instruments	36.6	36.6	_	_
Insurance contracts	62.5	_	62.5	
Auction rate securities	4.3	_	_	4.3
Derivative contracts	1.6		1.6	
Total Assets	\$178.6	\$110.2	\$64.1	\$ 4.3

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\$0.8	\$ —	\$0.8	\$ —	
20.1			20.1	
\$20.9	\$	\$0.8	\$ 20.1	
	20.1	20.1 —	20.1 — —	20.1 — — 20.1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

The company determines the fair value of its insurance contracts by obtaining the cash surrender value of the contracts from the issuer. The fair value of derivative contracts is the estimated amount that the company would receive/pay upon liquidation of the contracts, taking into account the change in interest rates and currency exchange rates. The company determines the fair value of the auction rate securities by obtaining indications of value from brokers/dealers. The company determines the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration based on assessment of the probability that the company would be required to make such future payment. Changes to the fair value of contingent consideration are recorded in selling, general and administrative expense. The following tables provide a rollforward of the fair value, as determined by Level 3 inputs, of the auction rate securities and contingent consideration.

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended
	June 29	, June 30,	June 29,	June 30,
(In millions)	2013	3 2012	2013	2012
Auction Rate Securities				
Beginning Balance	\$4.2	\$4.3	\$4.3	\$4.3
Sale of securities	_	<u> </u>	(0.1)	<u> </u>
Ending Balance	\$4.2	\$4.3	\$4.2	\$4.3

The company has the ability and intent to hold the auction rate securities to maturity unless they are redeemed earlier by the issuer.

(In millions)	Three M June 2	*	30, June 2	,	
Contingent Consideration					
Beginning Balance	\$20.0	\$1.4	\$20.1	\$1.7	
Additions	_	2.9	_	2.9	
Payments				(0.3)
Change in fair value included in earnings	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	
Currency translation	0.1			_	
Ending Balance	\$33.7	\$4.6	\$33.7	\$4.6	

The notional amounts of derivative contracts outstanding, consisting of currency exchange contracts and interest rate locks, totaled \$1.13 billion and \$719 million at June 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

While certain derivatives are subject to netting arrangements with counterparties, the company does not offset derivative assets and liabilities within the consolidated balance sheet. The following tables present the fair value of derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheet and statement of income.

(In millions)	Fair Va June 29, 2013	December 31, 2012	Fair Valu June 29, 2013	December 31, 2012
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Interest rate forward swaps (a)	\$10.8	\$ —	\$ —	\$—
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments				
Currency exchange contracts (b)	2.3	1.6	0.5	0.8

⁽a) The fair value of the interest rate forward swaps is included in the consolidated balance sheet under the caption other current assets.

⁽b) The fair value of the currency exchange contracts is included in the consolidated balance sheet under the captions other current assets or other accrued expenses.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

	Gain (Loss) Recognized					
	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 29	9, Jur	ie 30,	June 29,	June 30,	
(In millions)	201	.3	2012	2013	2012	
Derivatives Not Designated as Fair Value Hedges						
Currency exchange contracts						
Included in cost of revenues	\$(0.5)\$0.1	\$	\$0.5	\$1.4	
Included in other expense, net	(1.9) 7.1		14.8	6.6	

Gains and losses recognized on currency exchange contracts are included in the consolidated statement of income together with the corresponding, offsetting losses and gains on the underlying hedged transactions.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The carrying value and fair value of the company's notes receivable and debt obligations are as follows:

	June 2 Carrying	29, 2013 g Fair		er 31, 2012 Fair
(In millions)	Value	•	, ,	
Notes Receivable	\$3.8	\$3.8	\$4.7	\$4.7
Debt Obligations:				
Senior notes	\$7,012.0	\$7,031.2	\$7,019.5	\$7,455.2
Commercial paper	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Other	52.4	52.4	54.8	54.8
	\$7,114.4	\$7,133.6	\$7,124.3	\$7,560.0

The fair value of debt obligations was determined based on quoted market prices and on borrowing rates available to the company at the respective period ends which represent level 2 measurements.

Note 12. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Six Mo	onths Ended
	June 2	- , ,
(In millions)	201	2012
Non-cash Activities		
Fair value of assets of acquired businesses and product lines	\$ —	\$205.0
Cash paid for acquired businesses and product lines	_	(176.3)

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Liabilities assumed of acquired businesses and product lines	\$—	\$28.7
Fair value of available-for-sale investments contributed to defined benefit plans	\$27.1	\$ —
Declared but unpaid dividends	\$55.2	\$48.0
Issuance of stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	\$53.5	\$27.5

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 13. Restructuring and Other Costs, Net

Restructuring and other costs in the first six months of 2013 primarily included continuing charges for headcount reductions and facility consolidations in an effort to streamline operations, including the closure and consolidation of operations within several facilities in the U.S. and Europe.

As of August 2, 2013, the company has identified restructuring actions that will result in additional charges of approximately \$60 million, primarily in the remainder of 2013.

During the second quarter of 2013, the company recorded net restructuring and other costs by segment as follows:

			Laboratory		
	A 1 .: 1	C : 1,	Products		
	Analytical		and		
(In millions)	Technologies	Diagnostics	Services	Corporate	Total
Cost of Revenues	\$ 0.7	\$12.0	\$0.4	\$ —	\$13.1
Selling, General and Administrative					
Expenses	9.0	13.6			22.6
Restructuring and Other Costs, Net	4.1	3.0	13.0	1.4	21.5
	\$ 13.8	\$28.6	\$13.4	\$1.4	\$57.2

The components of net restructuring and other costs by segment are as follows:

Analytical Technologies

The Analytical Technologies segment recorded \$13.8 million of net restructuring and other charges in the second quarter of 2013. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$0.7 million for accelerated depreciation at facilities closing due to real estate consolidation; charges to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$9.0 million for transaction costs related to the pending acquisition of Life Technologies (Note 2); and \$4.1 million of other restructuring costs, \$4.0 million of which were cash costs. These costs, which were associated with headcount reductions and facility consolidations including the consolidation and closure of several facilities in the U.S. and Europe, consisted of \$1.5 million of severance for approximately 80 employees; \$1.5 million of abandoned facility costs; and \$1.0 million of other cash costs, primarily for moving and other expenses associated with facility consolidations. The segment also recorded \$0.1 million of non-cash expense for a writedown of real estate held for sale.

Specialty Diagnostics

The Specialty Diagnostics segment recorded \$28.6 million of net restructuring and other charges in the second quarter of 2013. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$12.0 million primarily for the sale of inventories revalued at the date of acquisition; charges to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$13.6 million for

revisions of estimated contingent consideration for a recent acquisition; and \$3.0 million of other restructuring costs, which were primarily cash costs principally associated with headcount reductions. The cash costs consisted of \$2.3 million of severance for approximately 110 employees and \$0.7 million of other cash costs, primarily moving expenses associated with facility consolidations and outplacement costs for severed employees.

Laboratory Products and Services

The Laboratory Products and Services segment recorded \$13.4 million of net restructuring and other charges in the second quarter of 2013. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$0.4 million for accelerated depreciation at facilities closing due to real estate consolidation and \$13.0 million of other restructuring costs, \$12.5 million of which were cash costs. The cash costs, which consisted of headcount reductions and facility consolidations to streamline operations, included \$9.0 million of severance for approximately 150 employees; \$1.6 million of abandoned facility costs; and \$1.9 million of other cash costs, primarily moving expenses associated with facility consolidations and outplacement costs for severed employees. The segment also recorded \$0.5 million of non-cash expense primarily for pension benefits for severed employees.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Corporate

During the second quarter of 2013, the company recorded \$1.4 million of net restructuring and other charges, all of which were cash costs primarily for severance at its corporate operations.

First Six Months of 2013

During the first six months of 2013, the company recorded net restructuring and other costs as follows:

			Laboratory		
			Products		
	Analytical	Specialty	and		
(In millions)	Technologies	Diagnostics	Services	Corporate	Total
Cost of Revenues	\$ 1.5	\$ 24.2	\$0.6	\$—	\$26.3
Selling, General and Administrative					
Expenses	10.3	13.6	_		23.9
Restructuring and Other Costs, Net	13.6	9.7	17.8	1.9	43.0
	\$ 25.4	\$47.5	\$18.4	\$1.9	\$93.2

The components of net restructuring and other costs by segment are as follows:

Analytical Technologies

In the first six months of 2013, the Analytical Technologies segment recorded \$25.4 million of net restructuring and other charges. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$1.5 million for accelerated depreciation at facilities closing due to real estate consolidation; charges to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$10.3 million for transaction costs related to the pending acquisition of Life Technologies (Note 2); and \$13.6 million of other restructuring costs, \$13.2 million of which were cash costs. The cash costs, which were associated with headcount reductions and facility consolidations including the consolidation and closure of several facilities in the U.S. and Europe, consisted of \$9.4 million of severance for approximately 250 employees; \$2.2 million of abandoned facility costs; and \$1.6 million of other cash costs, primarily for moving and other expenses associated with facility consolidations. The segment also recorded \$0.4 million of non-cash expense for writedowns of real estate held for sale.

Specialty Diagnostics

In the first six months of 2013, the Specialty Diagnostics segment recorded \$47.5 million of net restructuring and other charges. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$24.2 million primarily for the sale of inventories revalued at the date of acquisition; charges to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$13.6 million for revisions of estimated contingent consideration for a recent acquisition; and \$9.7 million of other restructuring costs,

net, which were primarily cash costs. The cash costs consisted of \$8.8 million of severance for approximately 185 employees and \$0.9 million of other cash costs primarily for moving expenses associated with facility consolidations and outplacement costs for severed employees.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Laboratory Products and Services

In the first six months of 2013, the Laboratory Products and Services segment recorded \$18.4 million of net restructuring and other charges. The segment recorded charges to cost of revenues of \$0.6 million for accelerated depreciation at facilities closing due to real estate consolidation and \$17.8 million of other restructuring costs, \$17.5 million of which were cash costs. The cash costs, which consisted of headcount reductions and facility consolidations to streamline operations, included \$12.8 million of severance for approximately 220 employees; \$2.1 million of abandoned facility costs; and \$2.6 million of other cash costs, primarily retention, relocation and moving expenses associated with facility consolidations as well as outplacement costs for severed employees. The segment also recorded \$0.3 million of non-cash expense, net, primarily for pension benefits for severed employees.

Corporate

In the first six months of 2013, the company recorded \$1.9 million of net restructuring and other charges, all of which were cash costs primarily for severance at its corporate operations and abandoned facility costs for a corporate facility.

The following table summarizes the cash components of the company's restructuring plans. The non-cash components and other amounts reported as restructuring and other costs, net, in the accompanying statement of income have been summarized in the notes to the tables. Accrued restructuring costs are included in other accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheet.

	Abandonment of Excess							
(In millions)	Severa			(a) '	Total			
Pre-2012 Restructuring Plans								
Balance At December 31, 2012	\$4.2	\$ 5.9	\$0.4	\$10.5				
Costs incurred in 2013 (b)	0.3	0.6	_	0.9				
Reserves reversed	(0.1) —		(0.1)			
Payments	(3.4) (1.9) (0.1) (5.4)			
Currency translation		(0.2) —	(0.2)			
Balance At June 29, 2013	\$1.0	\$ 4.4	\$0.3	\$5.7				
2012 Restructuring Plans								
Balance At December 31, 2012	\$15.8	\$ 2.4	\$2.4	\$20.6				
Costs incurred in 2013 (b)	2.9	2.2	2.2	7.3				
Reserves reversed	(1.5) —	(0.2) (1.7)			
Payments	(9.2) (3.0) (4.3) (16.5)			
Currency translation	(0.2) (0.1) (0.1) (0.4)			
Balance At June 29, 2013	\$7.8	\$ 1.5	\$ —	\$9.3				

2013 Restructuring Plans					
Costs incurred in 2013 (b)	\$30.9	\$ 1.9	\$3.1	\$35.9	
Payments	(15.9) (0.7) (2.3) (18.9)
Currency translation	(1.9) —		(1.9)
Balance At June 29, 2013	\$13.1	\$ 1.2	\$0.8	\$15.1	

- (a) Other includes employee retention costs which are accrued ratably over the period through which employees must work to qualify for a payment.
- (b) Excludes an aggregate of \$0.7 million of non-cash charges, net, which are detailed by segment above.

The company expects to pay accrued restructuring costs as follows: severance, employee-retention obligations and other costs, primarily through 2013; and abandoned-facility payments, over lease terms expiring through 2018.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 14. Discontinued Operations

In June 2012, in an effort to exit a non-core business, the company's senior management made a decision to pursue a sale of its laboratory workstations business, part of the Laboratory Products and Services segment. The company completed the sale in October 2012 for nominal proceeds. The results of the laboratory workstations business have been classified and presented as discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements. Prior period results have been adjusted to conform to this presentation.

Operating results of the laboratory workstations business were as follows:

	Three	
	Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
(In millions)	2012	2012
Revenues	\$46.4	\$94.3
Pre-tax Income (Loss)	(12.4) (18.5)

In the first quarter of 2013, the company recorded an after-tax charge of \$4.2 million for the estimated cost to raze certain abandoned facilities of the discontinued operations prior to the planned sale of the related land.

Note 15. Subsequent Event

Credit Facility

On July 25, 2013, the company terminated its prior revolving credit agreement and entered into a new revolving credit facility with a bank group that provides for up to \$1.5 billion of unsecured multi-currency revolving credit. The facility expires in July 2018. The agreement calls for interest at either a LIBOR-based rate or a rate based on the prime lending rate of the agent bank, at the company's option. The agreement contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants, and events of default customary for financings of this type. The financial covenant requires the company to maintain a Consolidated Leverage Ratio of debt to EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) below 3.5 to 1.0 prior to the closing date of the Life Technologies Acquisition, below 5.5 to 1.0 during the first six months after the closing date of the Life Technologies Acquisition and decreasing, based on the passage of time, to 3.5 to 1.0, after 18 months and an Interest Coverage Ratio of EBITDA (as defined in the agreement) to interest expense below 3.0 to 1.0. The credit agreement permits the company to use the facility for working capital; acquisitions; repurchases of common stock, debentures and other securities; the refinancing of debt; and general corporate purposes. The credit agreement allows for the issuance of letters of credit, which reduces the amount available for borrowing. If the company borrows under this facility, it intends to leave undrawn an amount equivalent to outstanding commercial paper (\$50 million at June 29, 2013) to provide a source of funds in the event that commercial paper markets are not available.

Bridge Credit Agreement

On August 2, 2013, the company reduced available borrowings under the bridge facility for the pending Life Technologies Acquisition by \$1.5 billion to a maximum of \$3.56 billion.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are made throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "seeks," "estimates," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements also include without limitation statements relating to our recently announced agreement to acquire Life Technologies Corporation ("Life Technologies"), the satisfaction of conditions precedent to, and the consummation of, our acquisition of Life Technologies, and our ability to secure regulatory approvals and Life Technologies' ability to obtain the approval of its shareholders, in each case including the timing thereof. While the company may elect to update forward-looking statements in the future, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so, even if the company's estimates change, and readers should not rely on those forward-looking statements as representing the company's views as of any date subsequent to the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report.

A number of important factors could cause the results of the company to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including those detailed under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of this report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

The company develops, manufactures and sells a broad range of products that are sold worldwide. The company expands the product lines and services it offers by developing and commercializing its own technologies and by making strategic acquisitions of complementary businesses. The company's continuing operations fall into three business segments (see Note 3): Analytical Technologies, Specialty Diagnostics and Laboratory Products and Services.

Recent and Pending Acquisitions

The company's strategy is to augment internal growth at existing businesses with complementary acquisitions such as those completed in 2012 and its pending acquisition of Life Technologies. The company's principal 2012 acquisitions are described below.

- One Lambda, a provider of transplant diagnostics, was acquired in September 2012 to enhance the company's presence in specialty in vitro diagnostics and to increase access to the transplant diagnostics market.
- Doe & Ingalls, a channel for specialty production chemicals and provider of customized supply-chain services to the life sciences and microelectronics industries, was acquired in May 2012 to expand the company's products and services that address the production market.

In addition, on April 14, 2013, the company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Life Technologies providing for, subject to the satisfaction or waiver of specified conditions, the acquisition of Life Technologies by the company (the "Life Technologies Acquisition") at a price of approximately \$13.6 billion in cash (\$76.00 per share), plus the assumption of certain Life Technologies indebtedness (Note 2). Life Technologies provides innovative products and services to customers conducting scientific research and genetic analysis, as well as those in applied markets, such as forensics and food safety testing. Life Technologies' revenues totaled \$3.8 billion in

2012.

If the Life Technologies Acquisition does not close by January 14, 2014, by reason of the failure to obtain certain required antitrust approvals, the cash price per share will increase by \$0.0062466 per day during the period commencing on, and including, January 14, 2014, and ending on, and including, the closing date.

The Merger Agreement contains customary representations and warranties from both Life Technologies and the company, and also contains customary covenants. The Merger Agreement contains certain termination rights and provides that, upon termination of the Merger Agreement under specified circumstances, including, but not limited to, a change in the recommendation of the board of directors of Life Technologies or a termination of the Merger Agreement by Life Technologies to enter into an agreement for a "superior proposal", Life Technologies will pay the company a cash termination fee of \$485 million.

The completion of the Life Technologies Acquisition is subject to certain customary conditions, including Life Technologies stockholder approval and the receipt of certain required antitrust approvals. Each of the company's and Life Technologies' obligation to complete the Life Technologies Acquisition is also subject to certain additional customary conditions, including (i) the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the other party, subject to certain materiality qualifiers (ii) performance in all material respects by the other party of its obligations under the Merger Agreement, and (iii), in the case of the company's obligations to complete the Life Technologies Acquisition, there not having been any effect, change, event, circumstance, or occurrence that has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect (as such term is defined in the Merger Agreement) on Life Technologies. The Life Technologies Acquisition is not conditioned upon the company's receipt of financing.

The company entered into a bridge credit agreement (the "Bridge Facility") and a term loan agreement (the "Term Credit Facility") to fund the Life Technologies Acquisition (see Note 8). The Bridge Facility is a 364-day unsecured committed bridge facility in the principal amount of \$3.56 billion as of August 2, 2013. The Term Credit Facility is a 3-year unsecured \$5 billion term loan facility. The company ultimately expects to finance the purchase price with up to \$3.25 billion of equity financing, including \$2.5 billion of its common stock sold in June 2013 under equity forward agreements (Note 10) and up to a maximum of \$750 million of equity or equity-linked securities, with the remaining purchase price to be financed with the Term Credit Facility, new debt and cash on hand. The company will not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock until the equity forward agreements are settled, which it expects would occur near to the date of the acquisition, and at that time it will record the proceeds, if any, in equity.

Overview of Results of Operations and Liquidity

In February 2013, in connection with a change in management responsibility for two product lines with aggregate annual revenues of approximately \$100 million, the company transferred its water analysis and research serum and media product lines to the Laboratory Products and Services segment from the Analytical Technologies segment. The company has historically moved a product line between segments when a shift in strategic focus of either the product line or a segment more closely aligns the product line with a segment different than that in which it had previously been reported. Prior period segment information has been reclassified to reflect these transfers.

	Three	Months Ended	Six Months Ended					
	June 29,	June 30,	June 29,	June 30,				
(Dollars in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012				
D								
Revenues								
Analytical								
Technologies	\$1,006.5 31.1	% \$972.4 31.3	% \$1,984.3 30.9	% \$1,952.4 31.7 %				
Specialty Diagnostics	793.6 24.5	% 731.9 23.5	% 1,599.2 24.9	% 1,463.8 23.7 %				
Laboratory Products								
and								
Services	1,583.2 48.9	% 1,535.0 49.4	% 3,127.5 48.6	% 3,010.8 48.8 %				
Eliminations	(143.2)(4.5))% (131.2)(4.2)% (279.4)(4.4)% (262.1)(4.2)%				
	\$3,240.1 100	% \$3,108.1 100	% \$6,431.6 100	% \$6,164.9 100 %				

Sales in the second quarter of 2013 were \$3.24 billion, an increase of \$132 million from the second quarter of 2012. Aside from the effects of acquisitions and currency translation (discussed in total and by segment below), revenues in

2013 increased \$75 million (2%) over 2012 revenues primarily due to increased demand. Demand from pharmaceutical and biotech customers remained strong. Sales to customers in academic and government markets grew modestly while sales growth from customers in industrial markets declined slightly in the second quarter of 2013. The company expects weakness in academic and government markets will continue in the near term due in part to uncertainty in government funding expectations in the U.S. The company expects softness in industrial markets will continue in the near term due in part to macro economic conditions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview of Results of Operations and Liquidity (continued)

In the second quarter of 2013, total company operating income and operating income margin were \$375 million and 11.6%, respectively, compared with \$368 million and 11.8%, respectively, in 2012. The increase in operating income was primarily due to productivity improvements, net of inflationary cost increases, and, to a lesser extent, profit on incremental sales from acquisitions. The increase was offset in part by commercial investments, \$21 million of higher acquisition-related charges in 2013, unfavorable foreign currency exchange, an increase in amortization expense of \$8 million in 2013, primarily related to the acquisitions of One Lambda and Doe & Ingalls, and imposition of a medical device excise tax in 2013. The company's references throughout this discussion to productivity improvements generally refer to improved cost efficiencies from its Practical Process Improvement (PPI) business system, reduced costs resulting from global sourcing initiatives and a lower cost structure following restructuring actions including headcount reductions and consolidation of facilities.

The company's effective tax rates were 0.9% and 8.2% in the second quarter of 2013, and 2012, respectively. Due primarily to the non-deductibility of intangible asset amortization for tax purposes, the company's cash payments for income taxes for its continuing operations are higher than its income tax expense for financial reporting purposes and are expected to total \$200 to \$250 million in 2013. The decrease in the effective tax rate was due to increased earnings in lower tax jurisdictions and financing costs associated with the pending acquisition of Life Technologies. In addition, the company recorded a discrete benefit of \$5.2 million or 1.9 percentage points in the second quarter of 2013 that arose from tax planning at a non-U.S. subsidiary and corresponding U.S. foreign tax credits that primarily relate to income taxed in prior periods. The tax provision in the 2013 period was also favorably affected by \$1.3 million, or 0.5 percentage points, as a result of adjustments to deferred tax balances due to changes in tax rates. The tax provision in the 2012 period was unfavorably affected by \$2.1 million, or 0.7 percentage points, as a result of adjustments to deferred tax balances due to changes in tax rates. The company expects its effective tax rate in 2013 will be between 3% and 5% based on currently forecasted rates of profitability in the countries in which the company conducts business.

Income from continuing operations decreased to \$278 million in the second quarter of 2013, from \$292 million in the second quarter of 2012, primarily due to \$41 million of amortization of fees paid to obtain bridge financing commitments related to the pending acquisition of Life Technologies and higher interest expense associated with debt to fund acquisitions, offset in part by increased operating income and lower income taxes.

During the first six months of 2013, the company's cash flow from operations totaled \$777 million (after deducting \$2 million used by discontinued operations), compared with \$900 million (after deducting \$9 million used by discontinued operations) for the first six months of 2012. The decrease resulted in part from fees paid to obtain bridge financing commitments and other transaction costs, totaling \$58 million, related to the pending acquisition of Life Technologies. In addition, higher increases in working capital items than in 2012 were offset in part by higher income before amortization and depreciation in 2013 compared to 2012.

As of June 29, 2013, the company's short-term debt totaled \$393 million, including \$50 million of commercial paper obligations and \$302 million of senior notes, due February 2014. As of July 25, 2013, the company has a revolving credit facility with a bank group that provides up to \$1.5 billion of unsecured multi-currency revolving credit. If the company borrows under this facility, it intends to leave undrawn an amount equivalent to outstanding commercial

paper to provide a source of funds in the event that commercial paper markets are not available. As of June 29, 2013, no borrowings were outstanding under the company's previous revolving credit facility, although available capacity was reduced by approximately \$49 million as a result of outstanding letters of credit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview of Results of Operations and Liquidity (continued)

The company believes that its existing cash and short-term investments of \$1.41 billion as of June 29, 2013, and the company's future cash flow from operations together with available borrowing capacity under its revolving credit agreement are sufficient to meet the cash requirements of its existing businesses for the foreseeable future, including at least the next 24 months. As described in detail above, in connection with the Life Technologies Acquisition, the company expects to incur significant additional indebtedness and to issue additional equity or equity-linked securities.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations is based upon its financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent liabilities. Management believes the most complex and sensitive judgments, because of their significance to the consolidated financial statements, result primarily from the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Management's Discussion and Analysis and Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the company's Form 10-K for 2012, describe the significant accounting estimates and policies used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results in these areas may differ from management's estimates under different assumptions or conditions. There have been no significant changes in the company's critical accounting policies during the first six months of 2013.

Results of Operations

Second Quarter 2013 Compared With Second Quarter 2012

Continuing Operations

Three Months Ended														
		June 29),		June 30),	Tot	al	Curren	су Ас	quisition	s/		
(In millions)		201	3		201	2	Chang	ge '	Translati	on D	ivestitur	es	Operations	
Revenues														
Analytical Technologies	\$	1,006.5		\$	972.4	\$	34.1	\$	(5.0)\$	2.2	\$	36.9	
Specialty Diagnostics		793.6			731.9		61.7		(2.9)	53.1		11.5	
Laboratory Products														
and Services		1,583.2			1,535.0		48.2		(2.0)	11.1		39.1	
Eliminations		(143.2)		(131.2)	(12.0)	0.1		_		(12.1))
Consolidated Revenues	\$	3,240.1		\$	3,108.1	\$	132.0	\$	(9.8)\$	66.4	\$	75.4	

Sales in the second quarter of 2013 were \$3.24 billion, an increase of \$132 million from the second quarter of 2012. Sales increased \$66 million due to acquisitions. The unfavorable effects of currency translation resulted in a decrease

in revenues of \$10 million in 2013. Aside from the effects of acquisitions and currency translation, revenues increased \$75 million (2%) primarily due to increased demand, offset in part by modestly lower sales to customers in industrial markets. Demand from pharmaceutical and biotech customers remained strong. Sales to customers in academic and government markets grew modestly. Sales growth was strong in Asia, moderate in Europe and declined slightly in North America. The company expects weakness in academic and government markets will continue in the near term due in part to uncertainty in government funding expectations in the U.S. The company expects softness in industrial markets will continue in the near term due in part to macro economic conditions.

In the second quarter of 2013, total company operating income and operating income margin were \$375 million and 11.6%, respectively, compared with \$368 million and 11.8%, respectively, in 2012. The increase in operating income was primarily due to productivity improvements, net of inflationary cost increases, and, to a lesser extent, profit on incremental sales from acquisitions. The increase was offset in part by commercial investments, \$21 million of higher acquisition-related charges in 2013, unfavorable foreign currency exchange, an increase in amortization expense of \$8 million in 2013, primarily related to the acquisitions of One Lambda and Doe & Ingalls, and imposition of a medical device excise tax in 2013. The company's references throughout this discussion to productivity improvements generally refer to improved cost efficiencies from its Practical Process Improvement (PPI) business system, reduced costs resulting from global sourcing initiatives and a lower cost structure following restructuring actions including headcount reductions and consolidation of facilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations (continued)

In the second quarter of 2013, the company recorded restructuring and other costs, net, of \$57 million, including \$13 million of charges to cost of revenues primarily related to the sale of inventories revalued at the date of acquisition and, to a lesser extent, accelerated depreciation on manufacturing assets to be abandoned due to facility consolidations and \$23 million of charges to selling, general and administrative expenses for revisions of estimated contingent consideration for a recent acquisition and transaction costs related to the pending acquisition of Life Technologies. The company incurred \$21 million of cash restructuring costs primarily for continued headcount reductions and facility consolidations in an effort to streamline operations, including severance to reduce headcount at several businesses and abandoned facility expenses at businesses that have been or are being consolidated, including the consolidation of operations within several facilities in the U.S. and Europe (see Note 13).

In the second quarter of 2012, the company recorded restructuring and other costs, net, of \$39 million, including \$13 million of charges to cost of revenues primarily related to the sale of inventories revalued at the date of acquisition and, to a lesser extent, accelerated depreciation on manufacturing assets to be abandoned due to facility consolidations and \$2 million of charges to selling, general and administrative expenses primarily for transaction costs related to the acquisition of One Lambda. The company incurred \$21 million of cash restructuring costs primarily for continued headcount reductions and facility consolidations in an effort to streamline operations, including severance to reduce headcount at several businesses and abandoned facility expenses at businesses that were being consolidated, such as the consolidation of several facilities in the U.S. and Europe. The company also recorded \$4 million of non-cash expense, net, primarily for fixed asset writedowns related to facility consolidations.

As of August 2, 2013, the company has identified restructuring actions that will result in additional charges of approximately \$60 million primarily in 2013 and expects to identify additional actions during the remainder of 2013. The restructuring actions for which charges were incurred in the first six months of 2013 are expected to result in annual cost savings of approximately \$50 million.

Beginning in 2013, the company is subject to an excise tax imposed on the sale of medical devices. The tax applies to the sale in the U.S. of certain medical devices by a manufacturer, producer or importer of the device and is in the amount of 2.3% of the sale price. The medical devices excise tax increased cost of product revenues by \$5 million in the second quarter of 2013. The company currently expects that imposition of the tax will result in an increase in cost of product revenues of approximately \$20 million for all of 2013.

Segment Results

The company's management evaluates segment operating performance using operating income before certain charges/credits to cost of revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses, principally associated with acquisition-related activities; restructuring and other costs/income including costs arising from facility consolidations such as severance and abandoned lease expense and gains and losses from the sale of real estate and product lines; and amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets. The company also refers to this measure as adjusted operating income. The company uses this measure because it helps management understand and evaluate the segments' core operating results and facilitate comparison of performance for determining compensation (Note 3). Accordingly, the following segment data is reported on this basis.

THERMO FISHER SCIENTIFIC INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations (continued)

Three Months Ended June 29, June 30,

(Dollars in millions) 2013 2012 Change

Revenues
Analytical Technologies \$1,006.5 \$972.4