REUNION INDUSTRIES INC

Form 10-Q

November 14, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-1004

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ---- EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007 $\,$

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ---- EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 01-15739

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 06-1439715

(State of Incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11 STANWIX STREET, SUITE 1400 PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(412) 281-2111

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

At November 8, 2007, 17,419,019 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, were outstanding.

Page 1 of 32 pages.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act that are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created thereby. The forward-looking statements contained in this report are enclosed in brackets [] for ease of identification. Note that all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Factors which could cause the future results and shareholder values to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the strengths of the markets which the Company serves, the Company's ability to generate liquidity and the Company's ability to service its debts and meet financial covenants. Although the Company believes that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements contained in this report are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurances that the forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference in this report will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the Company's objectives and plans will be achieved. In addition, the Company does not intend to, and is not obligated to, update these forward-looking statements after filing and distribution of this report, even if new information, future events or other circumstances have made them incorrect or misleading as of any future date.

- 2 -

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC.

INDEX

		Page No.
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
	Item 1. Financial Statements	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2007 (unaudited) and December 31, 2006	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)	7

	Notes to	Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8	
	Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	18	
	Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	25	
	Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	25	
PART II.	OTHER IN	FORMATION		
	Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	25	
	Item 3	. Defaults Upon Senior Securities		26
	Item 6	. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	27	
SIGNATURE	S		28	
CERTIFICA'	TIONS		29	

- 3 -

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND DECEMBER 31, 2006
(in thousands)

Af	September 30,	At December 31, 2006
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,811	\$ 1 , 571
Receivables (net of allowance of		
\$71 and \$98, respectively)	5 , 367	4,631
Inventories, net	2,293	2,918
Other current assets	1,286	921
Current assets of discontinued operations	17,827	13,551
Total current assets	29 , 584	23,592
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,096	1,047
Property, plant and equipment, held for sale	e 5,201	5,485
Due from related parties	1,032	963
Goodwill, net	1,491	1,491
Other assets, net	2,257	2,337
Non-current assets of discontinued operation	ns 9,503	9,503
Total assets	\$ 50,164	\$ 44,418
10041 455605	=======	======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:		-
Debt in default	\$ 41,582	\$ 39 , 957

Trade payables Accrued interest Due to related parties	1,809 14,597 511	1,932 11,113 365
Other current liabilities Notes payable	3,288	4,064
Notes payable - related parties Current liabilities of discontinued operations	500 7 , 538	500 4,079
Total current liabilities	69,825	62,892
Other liabilities Non-current liabilities of discontinued	747	784
Operations	2,859 	3 , 273
Total liabilities	73,431	66,949
Minority interests	544	498
Commitments and contingent liabilities	_	_
Stockholders' deficit	(23,811)	(23,029)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 50,164 ======	\$ 44,418 ======

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

- 4 -

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006 (in thousands, except per share information) (unaudited)

	T	hree Mon	ths	Ended	Nine Mor	nths Ended
		2007		2006	Sept.30, 2007	2006
Sales Cost of sales	\$	7,145	\$	6,739	\$ 19,742 16,203	\$ 19,061 15,309
Gross profit Selling, general & administrative Other (income), net		1,291		1,334	3,539 3,753 (2)	4,004
Operating loss		(106)		(148)	(212)	(255)
Gain on debt extinguishments Interest expense, net					5 , 979	· , , ,
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interests Provision for income taxes					(6,191) 85	
Loss from continuing operations before minority interests		(2,408)		(2,218)	(6,276)	(1,582)

882

Minority interests	159	175	371	367
Loss from continuing operations	(2,567)	(2,393)	(6,647)	(1,949)
Discontinued operations, net of tax: Income from discontinued pressure vessel operations, net of tax				
of \$-0- Gain on disposal of discontinued plastics operations, net of tax	1,871	1,820	5,836	4,659
of \$-0 Income from discontinued plastics	_	_	_	4,319
operations, net of tax of $\$-0-$	_	_	_	161
Net and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (696) =====	\$ (573) ======	\$ (811) =====	\$ 7,190 =====
Earnings (loss) applicable to common stockholders	\$ (696) =====	\$ (573) =====	\$ (811) ======	\$ 7,190 =====

- 5 -

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006 (in thousands, except per share information) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	-	-	Sept.30, 2007	-	
Basic earnings (loss) per share: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	, ,	0.11	\$ (0.38) 0.33	0.53	
Income (loss) per share - basic	\$ (0.04)		\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.42	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	17,419 =====	17 , 436	17,419 =====	17,059 =====	
Diluted income (loss) per share: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	, ,	0.11	\$ (0.38) 0.33	0.53	
Income (loss) per share - diluted	\$ (0.04) =====		\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.42	
Weighted average shares					

outstanding - diluted

17,419 17,436 17,419 ======

17,059

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

- 6 -

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006 (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Nine Mont Septem 2007	ber 30,	
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,331	\$ (5,184)	
Cash flow from investing activities: Capital expenditures Proceeds from asset sales		(493) 11 , 157	
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities		10,664	
Cash flow from financing activities: Net change in revolving credit facility Repayments of debt Proceeds from exercise of warrants China dividend paid to minority interest		(912) (4,612) - (325)	7 (325)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	418	(5,842)	
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Less: Change in cash of discontinued operations Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	(219) 1,571	1,923	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,811 ======		
Interest paid	\$ 2,349 ======	\$ 1,989 ======	
Non-cash financing activities: Debt extinguishment, including accrued interest	\$ - ======	\$ 4,945 ======	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

NOTE 1: CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of the results of operations have been included. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. When reading the financial information contained in this Quarterly Report, reference should be made to the financial statements, schedule and notes contained in Reunion's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 ("Form 10-K").

Going Concern

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2007, the Company had a deficiency in working capital of \$40.2 million, a loss from continuing operations for the first nine months of 2007 of \$6.6 million and a deficiency in assets of \$23.8 million. Additionally, at September 30,2007, the Company was in default on substantially all of its debt. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Over the past several years, the Company has taken steps to improve its liquidity and defer the principal maturities of a significant portion of its debt. During 2006, the Company sold the remaining portion of its plastics segment and recognized a gain of \$4.3 million on this sale. Additionally, during 2006, the Company effected a settlement with the holder of a \$1.017 million note payable from the Company wherein the Company recognized a gain from this debt settlement of \$925,000. The Company is currently pursuing the sale of its pressure vessel business in an effort to provide additional liquidity to pay off its debt obligations. (See NOTE 2: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS - Sale of Business.) No assurances exist that the Company will be successful in its effort and failure to accomplish this plan could have an adverse impact on the Company's liquidity, financial position and future operations.

Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements of the Company's 65% owned joint venture in China are measured using the local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of this entity are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated into U.S. dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the periods. Due to the minimal movement in the rate of exchange for such functional currency, there was no significant translation adjustment in the period.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006 the FASB issued Statement No. 157, "Fair Value

- 8 -

Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measures. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, with early adoption encouraged. The provisions of SFAS 157 are to be applied on a prospective basis, with the exception of certain financial instruments for which retrospective application is required. The adoption of SFAS 157 is not expected to materially affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In February 2007 the FASB issued Statement No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits an entity to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Most of the provisions of SFAS 159 are elective, however, the amendment of SFAS 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities", applies to all entities with available for sale or trading securities. SFAS 159 is elective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is evaluating the impact adoption may have on the financial statements.

NOTE 2: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

13% Senior Notes

The Company's tender offer for its Senior Notes was not accepted by a holder of approximately 72% of the outstanding Senior Notes. As a result, the tender offer was terminated and withdrawn on January 10, 2007. The 13% restructured Senior Notes and accumulated interest, which totaled \$30.8 million at December 31, 2006, became due and payable on January 3, 2007. The Company did not make such payment and thus continued to be in default under the Indenture under which the Senior Notes were issued. However, under an Intercreditor and Subordination Agreement entered into in December 2003 among Wachovia Bank, the holders of the Senior Notes and certain other lenders, the Senior Note holders cannot commence any action to enforce their liens on any collateral for a 180 day period beginning after the date of receipt by Wachovia, the senior secured lender, of a written notice from the Senior Note holders informing Wachovia of its demand for payment. On February 2, 2007, Wachovia received written notice of such demand for payment. The standstill period thus expired as of August 2, 2007. As of September 30, 2007, the total amount due and payable on the 13% Senior Notes, including accumulated interest, was approximately \$36.4 million.

Wachovia Loan Agreement

On January 22, 2007, the Company and Wachovia entered into a letter agreement to extend the term of the existing Loan Agreement and all other associated financing agreements from January 22, 2007 until April 23, 2007. On April 23, 2007, the Company and Wachovia entered into a letter agreement to extend the term of the existing Loan Agreement and all other associated financing agreements from April 23, 2007 until June 15, 2007. Since June 15, 2007, seven various letter/forbearance agreements extended the Loan Agreement and all associated financing agreements to October 1, 2007. Wachovia did not grant the Company any additional extension of the existing Loan Agreement until October 26, 2007 immediately subsequent to the Company's entering into an agreement for the sale of its pressure vessel business as described below. At that time, Wachovia agreed to extend the loan facility until November 5, 2007. On November 7, 2006, Wachovia again extended the loan facility until

November 30, 2007 subject to certain conditions related to the sale of the Company's pressure vessel business. As described below, the sale of this business was terminated and, as a result, the Wachovia extension of the loan facility also was terminated. The Company is currently discussing all of its options with Wachovia.

- 9 -

Sale of Business

In late January 2007, management decided that it would actively market its pressure vessel business and, as a result, has presented the assets, liabilities and operations of the pressure vessel business as a discontinued operation. (See NOTE 9.) The Company intends to provide liquidity to pay off all, or the majority, of its debt through the sale of this pressure vessel business. On August 16, 2007, an agreement to sell this business to a foreign company was terminated. Thereafter, the Company continued its active marketing of the business and, on October 25, 2007, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") with CPI Industries, Inc., an affiliate of H.I.G. Capital, LLC, to sell substantially all of the assets and operating liabilities of its pressure vessel business for consideration, subject to adjustment, of \$56 million to be paid at the time of closing and \$2 million in deferred payments. The sale was scheduled to close on December 15, 2007, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent. On November 12, 2007, CPI Industries, Inc. informed the Company that it was terminating the APA. The Company is currently discussing the sale of this business with other interested buyers.

NOTE 3: INVENTORIES

Inventories are comprised of the following (in thousands):

	At September 30, 2007	At December 31, 2006
	(unaudited)	
Raw material	\$ 523	\$ 766
Work-in-process	438	337
Finished goods	1,332	1,815
Inventories	\$ 2,293	\$ 2,918
	=======	=======

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined on the first-in, first-out method. The above amounts are net of inventory reserves of \$245 and \$153 at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

NOTE 4: DEBT

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company was in default on its Wachovia bank financing (including the junior participation portion thereof), its note payable to a private capital fund and its 13% senior notes. At September 30, 2007, the Company was also in default on a Note payable to another private capital fund that was due June 1, 2007.

	======	=======
Total debt in default	\$ 41,582	\$ 39 , 957
Note payable due June 1, 2007	882	_
13% senior notes	22,013	22,013
Note payable due December 5, 2006	3,500	3,500
revolving credit facility	6,100	6,100
Junior participation portion of the		
Wachovia revolving credit facility	\$ 9 , 087	\$ 8,344

- 10 -

December 31	At September 30,
2006	2007
	(unaudited)

Long-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

Note payable due June 1, 2007	\$ -	\$ 882
Note payable - related party	500	500
Total long-term debt	500	1,382
Classified as current	(500)	(1,382)
Long-term debt	\$ -	\$ -
	=======	=======

NOTE 5: STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following represents a reconciliation of the change in stockholders' deficit for the six month period ended September 30, 2007 (in thousands):

				Accum-	
	Par	Capital		ulated	
	Value	in		Other	
	of	Excess	Accum-	Compre-	
	Common	of Par	ulated	hensive	
	Stock	Value	Deficit	Loss	Total
At January 1, 2007	\$174	\$28,127	\$ (48,743)	\$ (2,587)	\$(23,029)
Activity (unaudited):					
Net loss	_	_	(811)	_	(811)
Stock based compensation		29			29
At September 30,					
2007 (unaudited)	\$174	\$28,156	\$ (49,554)	\$ (2,587)	\$(23,811)
	====	======			

The computations of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share, EPS (LPS), for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited):

(Loss)	Shares	(LPS)
Income		EPS
Net		

Three months ended September 30, 2007: (Loss) applicable to common stockholders,

weighted average shares outstanding and basic LPS Dilutive effect of stock options and warrants	\$	(696)	17,419	\$	(0.04)	=====
(Loss) applicable to common stockholders, shares outstanding and diluted LPS	\$		17,419 ======			
Three months ended September 30, 2006: (Loss) applicable to common stockholders, weighted average shares outstanding and basic LPS			17,436			
Dilutive effect of stock options and warrants			_			
(Loss) applicable to common stockholders, shares outstanding and diluted LPS			17,436			
	Ir (I		Shares			
Nine months ended September 30, 2007: (Loss) applicable to common stockholders, weighted average shares outstanding and basic LPS	\$		17,419			=====
Dilutive effect of stock options and warrants						
(Loss) applicable to common stockholders, shares outstanding and diluted LPS	\$	(811)	17,419	\$	(0.05)	
	===			==		
Nine months ended September 30, 2006: Income applicable to common stockholders, weighted average shares outstanding and basic EPS			17,059			
<pre>Income applicable to common stockholders, weighted average shares outstanding</pre>						

Because the Company had a loss from continuing operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2007, inclusion of options and warrants has an anti-dilutive effect. At September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company's stock options outstanding totaled 1,444,000 and 1,470,000, respectively. At September 30, 2007 and 2006, outstanding warrants to purchase the Company's common stock totaled 4,173,489 and 4,156,568, respectively.

NOTE 6: STOCK BASED COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS

The Company accounts for its stock-based employee compensation arrangements under SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), which requires companies to recognize the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments, based on the grant date fair value of those awards, in the financial statements.

At September 30, 2007, the Company had two stock option plans, stockholder approved, that permit the grants of share options and shares to

its key employees, directors and consultants. As of September 30, 2007, 280,600 options remain available for grant under these plans, 1,444,000 options have been granted and 24,667 of the granted options are unvested. The Company believes that such awards better align the interests of its key employees, directors and consultants with those of its stockholders. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market value of the Company's stock on the date of grant, generally vest over a two to three year period and have exercise terms ranging from five to ten years.

There were no stock options granted during the first nine months of 2007. The Company recognized approximately \$29,000 and \$32,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, of non-cash compensation expense for the fair value of options granted to employees in prior years for the adoption of SFAS 123R.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company is and has been involved in a number of lawsuits and administrative proceedings, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its subsidiaries. Since the Company's Annual Report filing on Form 10-K, the only significant changes are as follows:

- 12 -

EPA Claim

In July, 2007, the Company received a Request for Payment of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Costs. This request is for \$490,400.67 and relates to costs incurred by the EPA at the Gambonini Mercury Site ("Site") in Petaluma, California from May 2004 through February 2007. This Site, which was leased by Buttes Gas & Oil, a predecessor by merger to the Company, and used for mining purposes and operated as a mercury mine from 1965 to 1970 was the subject of a prior settlement agreement in 2003 between the Company and the EPA. Under that prior agreement, the Company agreed to pay \$100,000, plus interest, to settle all past environmental response costs under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act. The Company has been, and continues to be, in discussions with the EPA in an attempt to determine the validity of, and arrive at a settlement for, such costs. Management believes that it is probable that some cost contingency exists in this matter and, based on the prior settlement noted above, has provided an accrual of \$20,000 in the third quarter of 2007 for such costs.

Suit by Steel Partners

On August 21, 2007 Steel Partners II, L.P. ("Steel") sued the Company in the Supreme Court for New York County, New York to collect payment of a \$3.5 million promissory note issued by the Company. In the suit, Steel also requests that the court order the Company, in preparation for foreclosure, to marshal all of its assets in which Steel has a security interest and that the court enter a judgment of foreclosure. The court denied Steel's request for a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction to prevent the Company from selling any assets other than in the ordinary course of business. The Company has filed an Answer asserting several defenses to Steel's claims, including, among others, unconscionable and commercially unreasonable conduct by Steel and the restrictions on remedies set forth in the Intercreditor Agreement among the Company's secured lenders, including Steel. The Answer also contains counterclaims by the Company alleging fraud, breach of fiduciary duty and breach of an implied duty of good faith and fair dealing, in that Steel and certain other current or former lenders to the Company engaged in an improper conspiracy to use their position as creditors to take over ownership and control of the Company to the exclusion of the Company's existing

stockholders.

Asbestos (ORC)

Since the end of 2006, there have been no new claims presented to the Company. All previously presented actions in which the Company has been named have been tendered to and accepted by Rockwell Automation. The Company has incurred no costs in these matters and is unaware of the number of such actions settled or dismissed.

Asbestos (Alliance)

Since the end of 2006, 306 new cases have been opened, 398 cases have been dismissed and 179 cases have been settled for a net reduction of 271 cases during the first nine months of 2007. The gross cost of the 179 case settlements was \$225,000 and the gross amount of legal fees and costs incurred during the first nine months of 2007 was \$699,000. The Company's insurance carriers cover the significant majority of these costs and the Company's total share of the \$924,000 in settlement and other costs in the first nine months of 2007 was \$132,000.

Product Warranties

The Company provides for warranty claims at its cylinders segment. Amounts accrued are estimates of future claims based on historical claims experience or a management estimate related to a specifically identified issue. The Company reevaluates its product warranty reserve quarterly and adjusts it based on changes in historical experience and identification of new

 $^-$ 13 $^-$ or resolution of prior specifically identified issues. A tabular reconciliation of the product warranty reserve for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 follows (in 000's):

		Septem	ber 3	0,
Description	2	007	2	006
Beginning balance	\$	122	\$	133
Add: Provision for estimated future claims		102		90
Deduct: Cost of claims		(80)		(78)
Ending balance	\$	144	\$	145
	===	=====	===	=====

NOTE 8: OPERATING SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

The following represents the disaggregation of financial data (in thousands) (unaudited):

	Net	Sales	EBIT	TDA (1)	-	ital nding		otal ssets
Three months ended and at September 30, 2007:								0./20
Metals:							At	9/30
Cylinders Grating	\$	4,016 3,129	\$	(22) 457	\$	50 13	\$	6,645 4,555
Subtotal Corporate and other Discontinued operations		7 , 145		435 (481)		63 - 20		11,200 6,433 32,531
Totals	 \$	7,145		(46)	\$	83	 \$	50,164

	==				===	====	==	
Depreciation				(60)				
Interest expense, net				(2,266)				
•								
(Loss) from continuing operat before income taxes and	ion	ıS						
minority interests			Ś	(2,372)				
minority interests			Ÿ	(2,372)				
Three months ended September 30 at December 31, 2006:	, 2	006 and						
							At.	12/31
Metals:								
Cylinders	Ś	3.949	Ś	(67)	Ś	217	Ś	6.825
Grating				506				
Gracing		2,750						
Subtotal		6.739		439		227		11.390
Corporate and other		•		(538)				•
Discontinued operations		_				106		•
Discontinued operations								
Totals	Ś	6.739		(99)	Ś	343	Ś	44.418
100010		=====		(33)		=====		
Depreciation				(49)				
Interest expense, net				(2,029)				
inecrese expense, nee				(2,023)				
(Loss) from continuing operat before income taxes and	ion	ıs						
minority interests			Ś	(2.177)				
1 11				======				

- 14 -

	Net Sales	EBITDA(1)	Capital Spending	
Nine months ended September 30	, 2007:			
Metals:				
Cylinders	\$ 12,320	\$ 227	\$	182
Grating	7,422	1,142		22
Subtotal	19 , 742	1,369		204
Corporate and other	_	(1,426)		_
Discontinued operations	-	_		86
Totals	\$ 19,742	(57)	\$	290
	======			====
Depreciation		(155)		
Interest expense, net		(5,979)		
(Loss) from continuing opera before income taxes and	tions			
minority interests		\$ (6,191)		
		======	C	± = 1
	Net Sales	EBITDA(1)	Capi Spen	ding

Nine months ended September 30, 2006:

Metals:				
Cylinders	\$ 12 , 928	\$ 492	\$	261
Grating	6,133	1,109		52
Subtotal	19,061	1,601		313
Corporate and other	_	(1,721)		1
Discontinued operations	-	_		179
Totals	\$ 19 , 061	(120)	\$	493
	======		===	
Gain on extinguishment of debt		4,945		
Depreciation		(135)		
Interest expense, net		(6,185)		
(Loss) from continuing operat	cions			
minority interests		\$ (1,495)		
1		=======		

(1) EBITDA is presented as it is the primary measurement used by management in assessing segment performance and not as an alternative measure of operating results or cash flow from operations as determined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, but because it is a widely accepted financial indicator of a company's ability to incur and service debt.

NOTE 9: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the assets and liabilities of discontinued operations are comprised primarily of the assets and liabilities of the pressure vessel business plus the remaining assets and liabilities of the Rostone business. Such assets and liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

- 15 -

	September 30 December 31 2007 2006
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 223 \$ 4
Receivables, net	4,522 4,610
Inventories, net	11,843 8,398
Other current assets	1,239 539
Total current assets	\$ 17,827 \$ 13,551 ========
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Trade payables	\$ 1,089 \$ 1,125
Other current liabilities	6,449 2,954
Total current liabilities	\$ 7,538 \$ 4,079
OTHER ASSETS:	
Property, plant and equipment, held	
for sale	\$ 5,201 \$ 5,485
Goodwill	9,503 9,503

Total other assets	\$ 14,704	\$ 14,988
	=======	======
OTHER LIABILITIES:		
Pension and other post retirement		
benefit liabilities	\$ 2,859	\$ 3 , 272
	=======================================	======

Results of discontinued operations for the quarters ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 relate solely to the pressure vessel business while the results of discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 relate both to the pressure vessel business and Oneida. A summarization of such results is as follows (in thousands):

3-months ended September	30, 2007	3-months ended September	30, 2006
Net sales	\$ 9,518	Net sales	\$ 8,971
Income before taxes	1,871	Income before taxes	1,820
9-months ended September	30, 2007	9-months ended September	30, 2006
Net sales	\$29 , 476	Net sales	\$ 28,253
Income before taxes	5 , 836	Income before taxes	4,820

NOTE 10: COMPONENTS OF BENEFIT COSTS

The following tables present the components of net periodic benefit costs for Metals pension and Metals and Corporate Executive Payroll other postretirement plans for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (000's) (unaudited):

_	1	6	_

	Pens	ion	Postretirement3-months ended			
	3-month	s ended				
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,			
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Benefits earned during year Interest cost	\$ 32 63	\$ 53 60	\$ 22 30	\$ 28 29		
Amortization of: Prior service cost	4	4	_	_		
Unrecognized net loss (gain) Unrecognized net obligation	8 –	8 –	11 12	18 12		
Expected return on plan assets	(82)	(72) 				

Defined benefit pension and

total other postretirement benefits costs	\$ 25 =====	\$ 53 =====	•			
	Pens	ion	Postret	irement		
		s ended	9-month			
			September 30,			
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Benefits earned during year Interest cost Amortization of: Prior service cost Unrecognized net loss (gain) Unrecognized net obligation Expected return on plan assets	189 12 24 -	12 24 -	\$ 66 90 - 33 36 -	\$ 84 87 - 54 36		
Defined benefit pension and total other postretirement benefits costs	\$ 75 =====	\$ 159 =====	\$ 225 =====	\$ 261 =====		

In May 2007, the Company made a required payment of \$540,000\$ to the Metals pension plan.

The following tables present the components of net periodic benefit costs for the discontinued plastics operation pension and other postretirement plans for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (000's) (unaudited):

(000's) (unaudited):	Pens	ion	Postretirement			
	3-months en			s ended		
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,			
		2006		2006		
Benefits earned during year Interest cost Amortization of:	\$ – 57	\$ – 55	\$ - 7	\$ - 8		
Unrecognized net loss (gain) Expected return on plan assets	21 (70)	17 (65)	-			
Defined benefit pension and total other postretirement						
benefits costs	·	\$ 7 ===== - 17 -	•	\$ 8 =====		
		ension	Postretirement			
	9-month	s ended	9-months ended			
		ber 30,	September 30,			
		2006	2007			
Benefits earned during year Interest cost Amortization of:	171	\$ – 165	\$ - 21	\$ - 24		
Unrecognized net loss (gain)	63	51	_	-		

Expected return on plan assets		(210)	((195)		-		-
Defined benefit pension and total other postretirement								
benefits costs	\$	24	\$	21	\$	21	\$	24
	===	====	===		==		===	===

The Company was not required to make any contribution to the discontinued plastics operation pension plan in 2007.

NOTE 11: INCOME TAXES

The Company currently files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction as well as in Pennsylvania, Illinois and Indiana. Tax returns for the years 2004 through 2006 remain open for examination in various tax jurisdictions in which it operates or operated.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"), on January 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, the Company recognized no material adjustment in the liability for unrecognized income tax benefits. At the adoption date of January 1, 2007, and at September 30, 2007, there were no unrecognized tax benefits. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions will be recognized in income tax expense. As of September 30, 2007, no interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions had been accrued.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis is provided to assist readers in understanding financial performance during the periods presented and significant trends which may impact future performance. It should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in conjunction with our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

GENERAL

The Company owns and operates industrial manufacturing operations that design and manufacture engineered, high-quality products for specific customer requirements, such as hydraulic and pneumatic cylinders and metal bar grating. Prior to 2007, the Company's continuing operations' products also included large-diameter seamless pressure vessels. Such pressure vessel business was reclassified to discontinued operations effective January 1, 2007. (See NOTE 2: Recent Events ? Sale of Business.)

- 18 -

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

Net sales and gross margin percentages for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

	Net	Sale	S		Gross Ma	rgin	
	 	2007		2006	:	2007	2006
Cylinders Grating	\$ 4,016 3,129		3,949 2,790			11.69 23.09	11.2%
Totals	\$ 7,145		6 , 739		16.6%	17.69	-

Net sales for the third quarter of 2007 were up 6.0% from the same quarter of 2006, reflecting a slight increase in cylinder sales and a 12% increase in grating sales. The slight increase in cylinder sales reflects primarily period to period increases and decreases to existing customers due to a variety of reasons with no discernible tread. The increase in grating sales continues to reflect the improving business environment in China.

Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased by 1.0 percentage point in the third quarter of 2007 compared to the comparable quarter of 2006 as a result of a lower margin percentage in the grating segment. This decrease from the prior year in the grating segment margin results primarily from price pressures in the China marketplace, a trend that is expected to continue during the current year. The increase in gross margin percentage in the cylinder segment mainly reflects a more favorable product mix in 2007 compared to 2006.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative (SGA) expenses for the third quarter of 2007 were \$1.3 million, down \$43,000 from the expenses for the third quarter of 2006. This decrease in expense reflects a decrease in SGA expenses in the cylinder segment and at corporate offset somewhat by an increase in marketing expense in the grating business in connection with the increase in sales in that segment. The reductions in SGA expense in the cylinder business and at corporate are partially related to reductions in staff and partially related to other expense reductions. As a percentage of sales, SGA expenses decreased to 18.0% for the third quarter of 2007 from 19.8% for the third quarter of 2006. [The Company continues to look for ways to cut costs in all areas.]

Other Income/Expense

Other expense for the third quarter of 2007 was \$1,000, compared to a net zero income/expense for the third quarter of 2006. There were no significant offsetting items of other income and expense in either period.

Minority Interests

Minority interests for the third quarter in 2007 and 2006 were \$159,000 and \$175,000, respectively. These amounts represent the income during the quarter allocated to the minority ownerships of the Company's consolidated foreign grating joint venture. Minority interests are calculated based on the percentage of minority ownership.

Interest expense for the third quarter of 2007 was \$2.3 million compared to \$2.0 million for the third quarter of 2006. This increase reflects an increase of \$0.6 million in interest expense related primarily to (i) the Senior Notes resulting from the accrual of interest at the default interest rate of 15% on both the principal balance as well as on the missed interest payments and (ii) the Wachovia revolver due to a higher revolver balance in 2007 over 2006 and increased financing fees related to such facility, offset somewhat by interest expense reductions of approximately \$0.3 million, primarily resulting from the completion in December 2006 of the amortization of the deferred financing expenses originally recorded in connection with the Wachovia loan agreement in December 2003.

Income Taxes

The tax provision in 2007 and 2006 relates solely to the Company's China joint venture. The Company has net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax return reporting purposes totaling \$61.5 million at December 31, 2006, of which \$737,000 will expire by the end of 2007. Management has concluded that it is more likely than not that the Company's loss carryforwards will expire unutilized and has determined to fully reserve for the total amount of net deferred tax assets.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

Net sales and gross margin percentages for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

	Net	Sales	Gross Margir		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Cylinders Grating	12,320 7,422	12,928 6,133	13.4 25.4		
Totals	\$ 19,742	\$ 19,061	17.9)% 19.7%	

Net sales were up 3.6% during the first nine months of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006 reflecting a decrease of 4.7% in cylinder segment sales being more than offset by a 21.0% increase in grating segment sales. The decrease in cylinder sales reflects the comparative decline that occurred in the first quarter of 2007 resulting from both a general weakness in the hydraulic and double welded cylinder product lines as well as the financial weakness of several customers that caused a hold to be put on shipments to them. Second and third quarter sales in 2007 were slightly better than comparable cylinder sales in 2006. The increase in grating sales reflects an improving business environment in China somewhat reflecting the Chinese government's five year planning cycle that began last year.

Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased by 1.8 percentage points in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the comparable period of 2006 reflecting lower margin percentages in both segments. The decline in the cylinder segment margin primarily reflects the effects of manufacturing inefficiencies resulting from the large decrease in volume in the first half of 2007 compared to the comparable period of 2006 with a product mix that negatively impacted margins in 2007 compared to 2006. This decline in gross margin reversed slightly in the third quarter of 2007. The decrease in gross margin percentage in grating sales has occurred in all three quarters of 2007 compared to the same periods in 2006 and reflects the effects of price pressures in the China marketplace. This trend is expected to continue for the

remainder of the year.

- 20 -

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative (SGA) expenses for the first nine months of 2007 were \$3.7 million, down \$251,000 from the expenses for the comparable period in 2006. This decrease in expense reflects a decrease in SGA expenses in the cylinder segment and at corporate offset somewhat by an increase in marketing expense in the grating business in connection with the increase in sales in that segment. The reductions in SGA expense in the cylinder business and at corporate are partially related to reductions in staff and partially related to other expense reductions. As a percentage of sales, SGA expenses decreased to 19.0% for the first nine months of 2007 from 21.0% for the comparable period in 2006. [The Company continues to look for ways to cut costs in all areas.]

Gain on Debt Extinguishments

There were \$4.9 million of gains on debt extinguishment during the first nine months of 2006. Of this amount, \$4.0 million related to the settlement of the SFSC debt and \$0.9 million related to the settlement of a \$1.017 million note payable. There were no such settlements in the first nine months of 2007.

Other Income

Other income for the first nine months of 2007 was \$2,000, compared to other expense of \$3,000 for the comparable period in 2006. There were no significant offsetting items of other income and expense in either period.

Minority Interests

Minority interests for the first nine months of 2007 and 2006 were \$371,000 and \$367,000, respectively. These amounts represent the income during the period allocated to the minority ownerships of the Company's consolidated foreign grating joint venture. Minority interests are calculated based on the percentage of minority ownership. From a balance sheet perspective, minority interest was reduced by the minority ownership's share of the 2007 dividend that was declared in the first quarter of the year.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the first nine months of 2007 was \$6.0 million compared to \$6.2 million for the comparable period in 2006. This decrease reflects reductions of \$1.3 million, primarily resulting from decrease in amortization of deferred financing expenses originally recorded in connection with the Wachovia loan agreement whose initial term expired in December 2006 and a reduction in interest expense resulting from the payments and settlements of debt in the first half of 2006 as a result of the liquidity provided by the sale of Oneida offset somewhat by increases of \$1.2 million primarily resulting from an increase in interest expense related to the Senior Notes resulting from the accrual of interest at the default interest rate of 15% on both the principal balance as well as on the missed interest payments and higher interest expense due to a higher revolver balance in 2007 and increased financing fees.

Income Taxes

The tax provision in 2007 and 2006 relates solely to the Company's China

joint venture. The Company has net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax return reporting purposes totaling \$61.5 million at December 31, 2006, of which \$737,000 will expire by the end of 2007. Management has concluded that it is more likely than not that the Company's loss carryforwards will expire unutilized and has determined to fully reserve for the total amount of net deferred tax assets.

- 21 -

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

General

The Company manages its liquidity as a consolidated enterprise. The operating groups of the Company carry minimal cash balances. Cash generated from group operating activities is used to repay borrowings under a revolving credit arrangement that is part of the Loan Agreement with Wachovia, as well as other uses (e.g. corporate headquarters expenses, debt service, capital expenditures, etc.). Conversely, cash required for group operating activities is provided from funds available under the same revolving credit arrangement.

Recent Events

13% Senior Notes

The Company's tender offer for its Senior Notes was not accepted by a holder of approximately 72% of the outstanding Senior Notes. As a result, the tender offer was terminated and withdrawn on January 10, 2007. The 13% restructured Senior Notes and accumulated interest, which totaled \$30.8 million at December 31, 2006, became due and payable on January 3, 2007. The Company did not make such payment and thus continued to be in default under the Indenture under which the Senior Notes were issued. However, under an Intercreditor and Subordination Agreement entered into in December 2003 among Wachovia, the holders of the Senior Notes and certain other lenders, the Senior Note holders cannot commence any action to enforce their liens on any collateral for a 180 day period beginning after the date of receipt by Wachovia, the senior secured lender, of a written notice from the Senior Note holders informing Wachovia of its demand for payment. On February 2, 2007, Wachovia received written notice of such demand for payment. The standstill period thus expired as of August 2, 2007. As of September 30, 2007, the total amount due and payable on the 13% Senior Notes, including accumulated interest, was approximately \$36.4 million.

Wachovia Loan Agreement

On January 22, 2007, the Company and Wachovia entered into a letter agreement to extend the term of the existing Loan Agreement and all other associated financing agreements from January 22, 2007 until April 23, 2007. On April 23, 2007, the Company and Wachovia entered into a letter agreement to extend the term of the existing Loan Agreement and all other associated financing agreements from April 23, 2007 until June 15, 2007. Since June 15, 2007, seven various letter/forbearance agreements extended the Loan Agreement and all associated financing agreements to October 1, 2007. Wachovia did not grant the Company any additional extension of the existing Loan Agreement until October 26, 2007 immediately subsequent to the Company's entering into an agreement for the sale of its pressure vessel business as described below. At that time, Wachovia agreed to extend the loan facility until November 5, 2007. On November 7, 2007, Wachovia again extended the loan facility until November 30, 2007 subject to certain conditions related to the sale of the Company's pressure vessel business. As described below, the sale of this business was terminated and, as a result, the Wachovia extension of the loan facility also was terminated. The Company is currently discussing all of its

options with Wachovia.

Sale of Business

In late January 2007, management decided that it would actively market its pressure vessel business and, as a result, has presented the assets, liabilities and operations of the pressure vessel business as a discontinued operation. (See NOTE 9.) The Company intends to provide liquidity to pay off all, or the majority, of its debt through the sale of this pressure vessel business. On August 16, 2007, an agreement to sell this business to a foreign company was terminated. Thereafter, the Company continued its active

- 22 -

marketing of the business and, on October 25, 2007, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") with CPI Industries, Inc., an affiliate of H.I.G. Capital, LLC, to sell substantially all of the assets and operating liabilities of its pressure vessel business for consideration, subject to adjustment, of \$56 million to be paid at the time of closing and \$2 million in deferred payments. The sale was scheduled to close on December 15, 2007, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent. On November 12, 2007, CPI Industries, Inc. informed the Company that it was terminating the APA. The Company is currently discussing the sale of this business with other interested buyers.

The sale of the pressure vessel business on the terms set forth in the now terminated APA would have provided sufficient liquidity to pay off all of the Company's secured debt and accrued interest, which was approximately \$53.5 million at November 1, 2007. Such a scenario, although producing a virtually debt free entity, would leave the Company with much fewer assets and far less EBITDA in its continuing cylinder and grating businesses.

The Company is still hopeful that it will be able to work with its existing secured lenders and complete a sale of its pressure vessel business within the next three months. Absent this occurring, the Company's ability to take other actions to meet its debt obligations would be severely limited and would have an adverse impact on the Company's liquidity, financial position and future operations.

SUMMARY OF 2007 ACTIVITIES

Cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations totaled \$2.8 million at September 30, 2007, \$1.2 million higher than the comparable amount at December 31, 2006. This resulted from the \$1.3 million of net cash provided by operating activities and \$0.4 million of net cash provided by financing activities being offset somewhat by \$0.3 million of net cash used in investing activities and a \$0.2 million change in cash from discontinued operations. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of a period represent U.S. lockbox receipts from customers to be applied to our Wachovia revolving credit facility in the following one to two business days as well as foreign cash resident in our Chinese joint venture.

Operating Activities

Operating activities provided a net \$1.3 million in cash in the nine month period ended September 30, 2007 resulting primarily from an increase of \$3.5 million in accrued interest being offset by (i) the use of \$1.2 million in the growth of continuing operations working capital, (ii) the use of \$0.6 million in the growth of discontinued operations working capital and (iii) the net use of \$0.4 million, mainly resulting from the net loss for the period.

Investing Activities

Investing activities used \$0.3 million in cash in the nine month period ended September 30, 2007 as a result of capital expenditures.

Financing Activities

Financing activities provided a net \$0.4 million in cash in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 resulting from a net increase of \$0.7 million in borrowings under the Wachovia revolving credit facility offset by a \$0.3 million use of cash in the payment of the Chinese joint venture dividend that went to the minority partner.

FACTORS THAT COULD AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

All of Reunion's debt for borrowed money is in default

Since 2001, the Company has not been able to make any of the scheduled interest payments on the Senior Notes and has not been able to make any $\frac{1}{2}$

payments of principal on such currently matured Senior Notes. Additionally, the principal amount of the restructured Senior Notes matured on January 3, 2007 and was not paid. As a result, events of default have occurred under the Indenture ("Indenture Default") under which the Senior Notes were issued. According to an Intercreditor and Subordination Agreement entered into in December 2003 among Wachovia, the holders of the Senior Notes and certain other lenders, the Senior Note holders could not commence any action to enforce their liens on any collateral for a 180 day period beginning after the date of receipt by Wachovia, the senior secured lender, of a written notice from the Senior Note holders informing Wachovia of such Indenture Default and demanding acceleration or immediate payment. On February 2, 2007, Wachovia received written notice of such demand for payment. The standstill period thus expired as of August 2, 2007. As of September 30, 2007, the total amount due and payable on the 13% Senior Notes, including accumulated interest, was \$36.4 million.

Additionally, a \$3.5 million subordinated promissory note payable to a private capital fund matured on December 5, 2006 and is in default and a secured promissory note payable, in the current amount of \$0.9 million, to another private capital fund, whose maturity was extended to June 2007, is now currently due and in default. The defaults under the Senior Notes and the notes to the two private capital funds have triggered cross default provisions in the Wachovia Bank loan agreement and therefore the Company' bank debt is also in default.

Although the Company is attempting to sell its pressure vessel business in an effort to pay off its debt obligations and provide liquidity (See above: Recent Developments - Sale of Business), no assurances exist that the Company will be successful in its efforts and failure to accomplish the sale could have an adverse impact on the Company's liquidity, financial position and future operations.

Reunion's vendors may restrict credit terms

We have corrected many vendor-related problems with liquidity generated from the refinancing of debt and from asset sales. However, with all of the Company's debt now in default, key vendors may begin further restricting or eliminating the extension of credit terms to us. If this would happen, our ability to obtain raw materials would be strained significantly and our ability to manufacture products would be reduced.

Reunion's past performance could impact future prospects

Because of losses suffered by the Company over the past several years,

potential or current customers may decide not to do business with us. If this were to happen, our sales may not increase or may decline. If sales do not increase, or we experience a decline in sales, our ability to cover costs would be further reduced, which could negatively impact our financial position and results of operations.

Reunion as a going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2007, the Company has a deficiency in working capital of \$40.2 million, a loss from continuing operations for the first nine months of 2007 of \$6.6 million and a deficiency in assets of \$23.8 million. Additionally, at September 30,2007, the Company was in default on substantially all of its debt. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Over the past several years, the Company has taken steps to improve its liquidity and defer the principal maturities of a significant portion of its

- 24 -

debt. Although the Company is attempting to sell its pressure vessel business in an effort to pay off its debt obligations and provide liquidity (See above: Recent Developments - Sale of Business), no assurances exist that the Company will be successful in its efforts and failure to accomplish the sale could have an adverse impact on the Company's liquidity, financial position and future operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no significant changes in the market risk factors which affect the Company since the end of the preceding fiscal year.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting. As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Reunion's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report of the effectiveness of Reunion's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e). Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that Reunion's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. As required by Rule 13a-15(d), Reunion's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also conducted an evaluation of Reunion's internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) to determine whether any changes occurred during the quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Reunion's internal control over financial reporting. Management has concluded that no material decline in internal controls has occurred.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system will be met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events.

This management evaluation report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control

over financial reporting as this report is not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings and environmental matters. There have been no significant changes in such proceedings or matters since the end of the preceding fiscal years, except as follows:

EPA Claim

In July, 2007, the Company received a Request for Payment of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Costs. This request is for \$490,400.67 and relates to costs incurred by the EPA at the Gambonini Mercury Site ("Site") in Petaluma, California from May 2004 through February 2007. This Site, which was leased by Buttes Gas & Oil, a predecessor by merger to the Company, and used for mining purposes and operated as a mercury mine from 1965 to 1970 was the subject of a prior settlement agreement in 2003 between the Company and the EPA. Under that prior agreement, the Company agreed to pay \$100,000, plus interest, to settle all past environmental response costs under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act. The Company has been, and continues to be, in discussions with the EPA in

- 25 -

an attempt to determine the validity of, and arrive at a settlement for, such costs. Management believes that it is probable that some cost contingency exists in this matter and, based on the prior settlement noted above, has provided a reserve of \$20,000 in the third quarter of 2007 for such costs.

Suit by Steel Partners

On August 21, 2007 Steel Partners II, L.P. ("Steel") sued the Company in the Supreme Court for New York County, New York to collect payment of a \$3.5 million promissory note issued by the Company. In the suit, Steel also requests that the court order the Company, in preparation for foreclosure, to marshal all of its assets in which Steel has a security interest and that the court enter a judgment of foreclosure. The court denied Steel's request for a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction to prevent the Company from selling any assets other than in the ordinary course of business. The Company has filed an Answer asserting several defenses to Steel's claims, including, among others, unconscionable and commercially unreasonable conduct by Steel and the restrictions on remedies set forth in the Intercreditor Agreement among the Company's secured lenders, including Steel. The Answer also includes a counter claim by the Company against Steel, which asserts the same claims as are made by the Company against Steel in the separate suit described in the next paragraph.

On September 21, 2007 the Company filed suit against Steel and LC Capital Master Fund, Ltd. (collectively, the "Steel Parties") in the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. In this suit the Company alleges fraud in the inducement, fraud in the administration of loans to the Company, breach of an implied duty of good faith and fair dealing, in that Steel Parties engaged in an improper conspiracy to use their position as creditors to take over ownership and control of the Company to the exclusion of the existing stockholders. The defendants have not yet filed an Answer in this suit.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously referred to in Item 1A to Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

The information contained in Notes 2 and 4 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I of this Report concerning defaults under the Company's debt for borrowed money is incorporated by reference into this Item.

- 26 -

Item 6. Exhibits

(c) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- 27 -

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

Date: November 14, 2007 REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Kimball J. Bradley

Kimball J. Bradley
Chairman and Chief
Executive Officer

By: /s/ John M. Froehlich

John M. Froehlich

Executive Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer (chief financial and accounting officer)

- 28 -

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION

- I, Kimball J. Bradley, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reunion Industries, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of

financial accounting principles:

- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2007

/s/ Kimball J. Bradley

Chief Executive Officer

- 29 -

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, John M. Froehlich, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reunion Industries, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by

others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial accounting principles:
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2007

/s/ John M. Froehlich

Chief Financial Officer

- 30 -

EXHIBIT 32.1

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION

In connection with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reunion Industries, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, I, Kimball J. Bradley, Chief Executive Officer of Reunion Industries, Inc., hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 Of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. the information contained in this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Reunion Industries, Inc. for the periods presented therein.

Date: November 14, 2007

- 31 -

EXHIBIT 32.2

REUNION INDUSTRIES, INC. SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 906 CERTIFICATION

In connection with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reunion Industries, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, I, John M. Froehlich, Chief Financial Officer of Reunion Industries, Inc., hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 Of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. the information contained in this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Reunion Industries, Inc. for the periods presented therein.

Date: November 14, 2007

/s/ John M. Froehlich

Chief Financial Officer