

CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
Form 10-Q  
August 15, 2005

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

Commission File No. 1-13453

**CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**59-1284057**

IRS Employer Identification No.

**222 Lakeview Avenue, Suite 1500, West Palm  
Beach, FL**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**33401**

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(561) 655-8977**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

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Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, as of August 9, 2005 was 6,747,306.

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CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

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\* Item is omitted because answer is negative or item is inapplicable.

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## CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2004 *
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,969,992	\$ 3,617,582
Short-term investments	218,351	216,246
Trade receivables	22,056,903	17,970,125
Other receivables	2,955,963	2,448,611
Inventories	31,905,359	29,162,496
Notes receivable, current maturities	527,443	3,559,409
Deferred income taxes	1,521,000	981,000
Other current assets	3,104,289	3,195,781
Total current assets	64,259,300	61,151,250
<b>LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS AND RECEIVABLES</b>		
Investments in and advances to equity investees	2,563,129	2,232,285
Notes receivable from affiliates, less current maturities	375,000	375,000
Notes receivable, less current maturities	335,207	411,060
	3,273,336	3,018,345
<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
Less accumulated depreciation	98,490,205	96,666,655
	59,735,478	56,716,805
	38,754,727	39,949,850
<b>GOODWILL</b>		
	20,524,404	20,524,404
<b>TRADEMARKS</b>		
	838,831	893,648
<b>DEFERRED LOAN COSTS</b>		
	356,966	634,910
<b>DEFERRED INCOME TAXES</b>		
	1,413,500	
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>		
	2,218,737	1,660,219
	\$ 131,639,801	\$ 127,832,626

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\*From audited financial statements.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2004 *
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 27,100,000	\$ 4,000,000
Accounts payable	14,212,839	11,868,947
Accrued expenses	3,835,292	4,726,253
Total current liabilities	45,148,131	20,595,200
 LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities	 21,774	 25,674,240
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		648,000
 OTHER LIABILITIES	 1,285,598	 1,091,248
	46,455,503	48,008,688
<b>STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share; authorized 2,500,000 shares; no shares issued		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued 6,846,506 shares June 30, 2005 and 6,437,719 shares September 30, 2004	68,465	64,377
Additional paid-in capital	34,451,041	28,916,707
Retained earnings	51,402,572	51,580,634
	85,922,078	80,561,718
Less cost of 99,200 shares of treasury stock	(737,780)	(737,780)
	85,184,298	79,823,938
	\$ 131,639,801	\$ 127,832,626

\*From audited financial statements.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Sales	\$ 97,352,138	\$ 88,954,982	\$ 35,367,382	\$ 32,537,957
Less excise taxes	19,856,067	18,988,128	7,575,138	7,052,598
Net sales	77,496,071	69,966,854	27,792,244	25,485,359
Cost of goods sold	51,607,060	46,094,983	18,833,850	17,519,481
Gross profit	25,889,011	23,871,871	8,958,394	7,965,878
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,038,436	23,109,709	9,879,545	9,479,264
Operating income (loss)	(1,149,425)	762,162	(921,151)	(1,513,386)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	283,438	433,395	96,867	73,164
Interest expense	(2,010,217)	(1,958,351)	(645,876)	(551,933)
Equity in income of equity investee	330,844	425,993	168,691	76,370
Other, net	74,428	404,681	8,563	111,110
	(1,321,507)	(694,282)	(371,755)	(291,289)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(2,470,932)	67,880	(1,292,906)	(1,804,675)
Income tax expense (benefit):				
Current	308,630	(2,548,928)	188,962	(1,848,169)
Deferred	(2,601,500)	871,500	(1,225,500)	268,000
	(2,292,870)	(1,677,428)	(1,036,538)	(1,580,169)
Net income (loss)	\$ (178,062)	\$ 1,745,308	\$ (256,368)	\$ (224,506)
Earnings (loss) per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.30	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Common shares and equivalents outstanding:				
Basic	6,351,995	5,620,427	6,378,948	5,647,782
Diluted	6,351,995	5,737,336	6,378,948	5,647,782

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (178,062)	\$ 1,745,308
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,595,884	3,966,232
Amortization of trademarks and other assets	64,666	30,150
Amortization of deferred loan costs	386,944	225,000
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment	26,492	(267,997)
Equity in income of equity investees	(330,844)	(425,993)
Deferred income taxes	(2,601,500)	871,500
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Receivables	(4,594,130)	1,072,554
Inventories	(2,742,863)	(2,986,544)
Other current assets	91,493	(1,510,689)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	2,343,892	1,856,934
Accrued expenses	(890,961)	(2,357,002)
Other liabilities	194,350	(933,064)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(4,634,639)	1,286,389
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	21,990	503,591
Principal payments received on notes receivable	3,107,819	86,709
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,449,243)	(3,956,717)
(Purchase) redemption of short-term investments	(2,105)	1,603,601
Increase in other assets	(568,367)	(512,659)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 110,094	\$ (2,275,475)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net borrowings (payments) on line of credit	\$ 600,000	\$ (18,750,000)
Issuance of common stock	5,538,421	10,138,999
Disbursements for loan costs	(109,000)	(67,500)
Principal payments on long-term borrowings	(3,152,466)	(3,102,305)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,876,955	(11,780,806)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,647,590)	(12,769,892)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning	3,617,582	14,918,605
Ending	\$ 1,969,992	\$ 2,148,713
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION</b>		
Cash payments (refunds) for:		
Interest	\$ 1,564,173	\$ 1,987,668
Income taxes	\$ 304,999	\$ (1,339,140)

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CRUZAN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information for the periods indicated, have been included. For further information regarding the Company's accounting policies, refer to the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004.

The Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion Number 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25) and related interpretations in accounting for options granted, which requires compensation expense for the Company's options to be recognized only if the market price of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price on the date of grant. Accordingly, the Company has not recognized compensation expense for its options granted after 1994. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, issued in October 1995, requires pro forma disclosures for option grants made after December 31, 1994, when accounting for stock-based compensation plans in accordance with APB 25. As of January 1, 2003, the Company adopted SFAS 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure*, an amendment of SFAS 123. The standard amends SFAS 123 to provide alternative methods of transition for voluntary changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. Additionally, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require pro-forma disclosures when the intrinsic value method continues to be used. The Company has elected to continue accounting for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic method in accordance with APB 25, and has adopted the new disclosure requirements specified under SFAS 148.

If the Company had elected to recognize compensation cost based on the fair value of the options granted at grant date as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, net income and earnings per common share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts show below:

	Nine Months		Periods Ended June 30,		Three Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ (178,062)	\$ 1,745,308	\$ (256,368)		\$ (224,506)	
Compensation costs, net of taxes	235,136	42,034	235,136			
Net income (loss), pro forma	(413,198)	1,703,274	(491,504)			(224,506)
Earnings (loss) per common share, as reported						
Basic	(0.03)	0.31	(0.04)			(0.04)
Diluted	(0.03)	0.30	(0.04)			(0.04)
Earnings (loss) per common share, pro forma						
Basic	(0.07)	0.30	(0.08)			(0.04)

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Diluted	(0.07)	0.30	(0.08)	(0.04)
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On February 24, 2005, the Company's Compensation Committee granted options to purchase 549,000 shares of the Company's common stock to officers and other key employees of the Company.

## Note 2. Inventories

The major components of inventories are:

	June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2004
Finished goods	\$ 18,296,490	\$ 15,155,035
Work in process	1,855,541	2,668,698
Raw materials and supplies	11,753,328	11,338,763
	\$ 31,905,359	\$ 29,162,496

## Note 3. Financing Arrangements

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2005:

Term loans under a credit agreement (i) (ii), interest payable monthly based on either the Eurodollar or prime rate at the Company's option, plus an applicable margin as defined in the agreement. The interest rate at June 30, 2005 was 6.76%. Future minimum quarterly principal installments of \$1,000,000 through December 31, 2005 with any remaining balance due January 31, 2006.	\$ 25,000,000
Revolving loans under a credit agreement (i), interest payable quarterly based on either the Eurodollar or prime rate at the Company's option, plus an applicable margin as defined in the agreement. The blended interest rate at June 30, 2005 was 6.175%. The revolving lines of credit terminate on January 31, 2006.	2,100,000
Other	21,774
	27,121,774
Less current maturities	27,100,000
	\$ 21,774

(i) In October 2001, the Company entered into a \$70 million credit agreement, consisting of a \$40 million term loan and a \$30 million revolving loan facility. In March 2004, the revolving loan facility was reduced to \$15 million. In June 2004, the credit agreement was modified to extend the maturity date of the revolving loan facility to September 2006. In December 2004, the Company received a waiver of its financial covenants compliance requirement for the quarters ended September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2004. The financial covenant requirements were also amended prospectively in accordance with the Company's business plan for fiscal 2005 and the maturity of the credit agreement was modified to January 31, 2006, at which time the final principal payment plus accrued interest will be due. Currently, the Company is considering its alternatives with respect to refinancing its existing credit agreement, including refinancing with an asset based facility during the quarter ending December 31, 2005, although there is no assurance that it will be able to do so.

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In August 2005, the credit agreement was modified to approve the prospective change in control of the Company from Angostura, Limited to V&S Vin & Sprit AB ( V&S ) and the Company received a waiver of its fixed charge coverage financial covenant for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

(ii) In addition to quarterly principal payments, the Company may be required to make additional principal payments based on results of the Company's domestic operating profits, as defined in the credit agreement.

#### Note 4. Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share are calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the average common shares outstanding. On a diluted basis, shares outstanding are adjusted to assume the exercise of stock options.

	Periods Ended June 30							
	Nine Months				Three Months			
	2005		2004		2005		2004	
Net income (loss)	\$	(178,062)	\$	1,745,308	\$	(256,368)	\$	(224,506)
Determination of shares:								
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		6,351,995		5,620,427		6,378,948		5,647,782
Shares issuable on exercise of stock options, net of shares assumed to be purchased out of proceeds		*		116,909		*		*
Average common shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share computation		6,351,995		5,737,336		6,378,948		5,647,782
Earnings (loss) per common share:								
Basic	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.31	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.04)
Diluted	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.30	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.04)

\*The effect of stock options has not been included, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

The Company's Virgin Islands subsidiary, through the Economic Development Commission of the Government of the Virgin Islands of the United States, has received a 90% exemption from income taxes on operating income. This exemption is effective through September 2020. The per share effect of this exemption on earnings (on a diluted basis) was to increase earnings per share by \$0.15 and \$0.04 for the nine and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and \$0.19 and \$0.06 for the nine and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

#### Note 5. Segment and Geographical Information

The Company operates primarily in the beverage alcohol industry in the United States. The Company reports its operating results in four segments:

Bulk Alcohol Products (rum, citrus brandy, citrus spirits, cane spirits, fortified citrus wine, purchased distilled products and byproducts)

Premium Branded Spirits (primarily Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums)

Bottling Operations (contract bottling services and proprietary and private label products)

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Vinegar and Cooking Wine (bulk vinegar, bulk cooking wine, vinegar stock and proprietary and private label case goods)

The Company's executive offices are located in West Palm Beach, Florida and certain of the expenses of the Company's executive offices are classified as Corporate Operations and are not allocated to the operating segments described above. These expenses include salaries and related expenses, legal and professional fees, rent for office space, utilities and insurance.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those referred to in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements located in Item 8 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004. The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on income before income taxes, equity in income or loss of equity investees, interest income and interest expense. Material intersegment sales and transfers have been eliminated.

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Net sales and operating income (loss) for the Company's reportable segments for the nine and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, were as follows:

	Periods Ended June 30,							
	Nine Months				Three Months			
	2005	2004	2005	2004				
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)					
Net Sales								
Bulk Alcohol Products	\$	29,793	\$	27,024	\$	10,191	\$	9,898
Premium Branded Spirits		23,734		18,708		9,819		7,184
Bottling Operations		8,381		8,799		3,128		3,252
Vinegar and Cooking Wine		15,588		15,436		4,654		5,151
	\$	77,496	\$	69,967	\$	27,792	\$	25,485
Operating Income (Loss)								
Bulk Alcohol Products	\$	8,048	\$	8,386	\$	1,767	\$	2,195
Premium Branded Spirits		(4,863)		(4,669)		(1,520)		(2,781)
Bottling Operations		(2,949)		(2,445)		(749)		(723)
Vinegar and Cooking Wine		1,897		2,539		515		915
Corporate Operations		(3,282)		(3,049)		(934)		(1,119)
	\$	(1,149)	\$	762	\$	(921)	\$	(1,513)

Note 6. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

During the second quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company's Compensation and Stock Option Committee approved a supplemental executive retirement plan for certain key executives of the Company. The plan is an unfunded plan within the meaning of SFAS No. 132 *Employers Disclosures about Pensions and Other Post Retirement Benefits*. The net periodic benefit cost for the nine and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, was as follows:

	Periods Ended June 30,			
	Nine Months		Three Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Service cost	\$ 203,408	\$ 88,055	\$ 70,005	\$ 66,041
Interest cost	17,805	5,283	8,400	3,962
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 221,213	\$ 93,338	\$ 78,405	\$ 70,003

Note 7. Income Taxes

The Company incurred losses for income tax purposes from its U.S. operations of \$5.6 million and \$7.0 million through each of its third quarter of 2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company has recorded an income tax benefit in the Company's consolidated statement of income and an asset on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Note 8. Reclassification of Cost of Goods Sold

In the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company changed the classification of certain expenses from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative as a result of a review and improvement in its financial reporting practices. The Company has reclassified its prior year statement of income to reflect the new classification. This resulted in the reclassification of \$1,516,366 and \$590,214 from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine and three months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

Note 9. Name Change

On May 2, 2005, the Company announced that it had changed its name from Todhunter International, Inc. to Cruzan International, Inc. The new name, approved by the Company's shareholders on March 15, 2005, reflects the Company's evolving strategic focus on its Cruzan Rum brand, which has continued to experience tremendous growth since its repositioning in the marketplace in the late 1990s. In conjunction with its new corporate identity, on May 3, 2005, the Company's common stock began trading on the American Stock Exchange under the new symbol, RUM.

Note 10. Issuance of Common Stock

In June 2005, the Company received \$5.5 million, net of expenses, from a fully subscribed rights offering and as a result issued 408,787 shares of common stock.

Note 11. Change of Control and Merger Agreement

On June 3, 2005, the Company announced that Angostura, Ltd. ( Angostura ), the Company's controlling stockholder, had entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with V&S Vin & Sprit AB, the Swedish-based international wine and spirits company ( V&S ), pursuant to which V&S agreed to purchase Angostura's controlling interest in the Company. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement, V&S agreed to purchase all 4,294,583 shares of the Company's common stock beneficially owned by Angostura, representing approximately 63.6% of the Company's outstanding common stock, for an aggregate consideration of \$121,837,320, or \$28.37 per share. The Stock Purchase Agreement is subject to normal closing conditions, including the approval of the board of directors of the Company. In connection with such approval and any other related issues, the Company's board of directors has appointed a Special Committee of independent directors (the Special Committee ). The purchase and sale is expected to close on or before September 30, 2005.

On July 8, 2005, the Company announced that The Absolut Spirits Company, Inc., a Delaware corporation ( ASCI ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of V&S, had submitted a proposed Agreement and Plan of Merger pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary of ASCI would merge with and into the Company, and each issued share of Company common stock not owned by Angostura would be converted into the right to receive \$28.37 in cash (the ASCI Proposal ). The ASCI Proposal is conditioned upon, among other things, receipt of appropriate stockholder and regulatory approvals.

The Company's board of directors and its Special Committee consisting solely of independent directors intend to evaluate the ASCI Proposal in a manner consistent with their fiduciary duties. The Company cannot assure that the ASCI Proposal will result in a definitive agreement with ASCI, or that any merger under such a definitive agreement will be consummated. If the Company's board of directors determines that the terms of the ASCI Proposal are fair to Company stockholders, and enters into a definitive agreement with ASCI, the Company will call a Special Meeting of its stockholders and file a proxy statement and other relevant documents concerning the ASCI Proposal with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On July 21, 2005, the Company announced that pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act, the U.S. Federal Trade Commission and the U.S. Department of Justice have granted clearance for the proposed acquisition by ASCI of controlling interest in the

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Company from Angostura at a price of \$28.37 per share, pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement between Angostura and V&S. The Stock Purchase is conditioned upon, among other things, receipt of certain regulatory approvals, including approval by certain state alcoholic beverage commissions.

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis contains Forward-Looking Statements, as defined in section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-Looking Statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition and relate to future events or the future financial performance of the Company. Some Forward-Looking Statements may be identified by use of such terms as believes, anticipates, intends or expects. Such Forward-Looking Statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such Forward-Looking Statements. For information concerning these factors and related matters, see Risks that May Affect Future Results in Item 7, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any Forward-Looking Statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### **Introduction**

The following discussion and analysis summarizes the significant factors affecting (i) consolidated results of operations of the Company for the nine months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2004, (ii) consolidated results of operations of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004, and (iii) financial liquidity and capital resources. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included herein. Certain amounts presented in this Item 2 have been rounded to the nearest thousand or hundred thousand, as applicable, but the percentages calculated are based on actual amounts without rounding.

Market share and industry data and rankings disclosed in this report have been obtained from industry and government publications, as indicated; the Company has not independently verified this information, although management believes such data and rankings to be reasonably accurate.

Management believes that the Company is the largest supplier of bulk rum in the United States based on reports of U.S. Imports for Consumption prepared by the Department of Census and that the Company's market share of bulk rum products in the United States is approximately 80%. Management believes that the Company is the largest supplier of fortified citrus wine in the United States and is not aware of any other domestic suppliers of fortified citrus wine. Management is aware of only one other United States manufacturer of citrus brandy and citrus spirits and believes that the Company's market share for these products is approximately 85%.

The Company's primary spirits brand is Cruzan Rum, which is the fourth-largest premium rum brand in the United States according to statistics published by Impact Databank and Adams Liquor Handbook, two leading spirits industry publications.

The Company's higher margin cooking wine products are sold throughout the United States and Canada. Although published data is not available, management is not aware of any competitors of the Company's size and believes that the Company is the largest supplier of cooking

wine in the United States.

The Company operates primarily in the beverage alcohol industry in the United States. The Company is a leading producer and supplier of rum, brandy, wine and spirits to other beverage alcohol manufacturers; produces, imports and markets premium branded spirits; bottles beverage alcohol and other beverages on a contract basis and under its own labels; and produces vinegar and cooking wine. The Company reports its operating results in four segments: Bulk Alcohol Products (rum, citrus brandy, citrus spirits, cane spirits, fortified citrus wine, purchased distilled products and byproducts); Premium Branded Spirits (primarily Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums); Bottling Operations (contract bottling services and proprietary and private label products); and Vinegar and Cooking Wine (bulk vinegar, bulk cooking wine, vinegar stock and proprietary and private label case goods).

The Company's executive offices are located in West Palm Beach, Florida and certain of the expenses of the Company's executive offices are not allocated to the operating segments described above. The expenses of the Company's corporate operations include salaries and related expenses, legal and professional fees, rent for office space, utilities and insurance.

Information regarding the net sales and operating income (loss) of each of the Company's business segments is set forth in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements and in Table 2 included in this Item 2.

The Company's net sales and gross margins (gross profit as a percentage of net sales) vary depending on the mix of business among the Company's products. Historically, gross margins have been highest in bulk alcohol products and premium branded spirits and lower in bottling operations and vinegar and cooking wine operations.

The Company's customers often purchase bulk alcohol products in significant quantities or place significant orders for premium branded spirits, contract bottling services, vinegar and cooking wine. Accordingly, the size and timing of purchase orders and product shipments can cause operating results to fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. Additionally, some Company products generate higher profit margins than others, and changes in the Company's product mix can cause gross margins to fluctuate. Certain aspects of the Company's business are seasonal, with increased demand for the Company's contract bottling services from April to October and increased production of the Company's bulk alcohol products from November to June, corresponding to the Florida citrus harvest. As a result of these factors, the Company's operating results may vary significantly from quarter to quarter.

Net sales represent the Company's gross sales less excise taxes. Excise taxes are generally payable on sales of certain of the Company's bulk alcohol products and on all alcohol products bottled by the Company. However, there are no excise taxes paid on sales made to customers that have tax permits. Accordingly, excise taxes may vary significantly from period to period depending upon the Company's product and customer mix.

## **Results of Operations**



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Tables 1 and 2 below set forth statement of income items as a percentage of net sales and information on net sales, gross profit (loss) and operating income (loss) by operating segment.

**Table 1 Statement of Income as a Percent of Net Sales**

	Periods Ended June 30, (unaudited)			
	Nine Months		Three Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	66.6	65.9	67.8	68.7
Gross margin	33.4	34.1	32.2	31.3
Selling, general and administrative expenses	34.9	33.0	35.5	37.2
Operating income (loss)	(1.5)	1.1	(3.3)	(5.9)
Interest expense	(2.6)	(2.8)	(2.3)	(2.2)
Other income, net	0.9	1.8	1.0	1.0
Income (loss) before income taxes	(3.2)	0.1	(4.6)	(7.1)
Income tax benefit	3.0	2.4	3.7	6.2
Net income (loss)	(0.2)%	2.5%	(0.9)%	(0.9)%

**Table 2 Net Sales, Gross Profit (Loss) and Operating Income (Loss) by Operating Segment**

(In Thousands)	Periods Ended June 30, (unaudited)			
	Nine Months		Three Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
<b>Net Sales</b>				
Bulk alcohol products	\$ 29,793	\$ 27,024	\$ 10,191	\$ 9,898
Premium branded spirits	23,734	18,708	9,819	7,184
Bottling operations	8,381	8,799	3,128	3,252
Vinegar and cooking wine	15,588	15,436	4,654	5,151
	77,496	69,967	27,792	25,485
<b>Gross Profit (Loss)</b>				
Bulk alcohol products	11,378	12,781	2,933	3,712
Premium branded spirits	11,545	8,281	4,909	3,208
Bottling operations	(904)	(835)	(76)	(221)
Vinegar and cooking wine	3,870	3,645	1,192	1,267
	25,889	23,872	8,958	7,966
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>				
Bulk alcohol products	8,048	8,386	1,767	2,195
Premium branded spirits	(4,863)	(4,669)	(1,520)	(2,781)
Bottling operations	(2,949)	(2,445)	(749)	(723)
Vinegar and cooking wine	1,897	2,539	515	915
Corporate operations	(3,282)	(3,049)	(934)	(1,119)
	\$ (1,149)	\$ 762	\$ (921)	\$ (1,513)

Table 3 below provides unit sales volume data for certain Company products.

**Table 3 Unit Sales Volume Data**

(In Thousands)	Nine Months		Periods Ended June 30,		Three Months
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Bulk alcohol products:					
Distilled products, in proof gallons					
Citrus Brandy	985	992	262	354	
Citrus Spirits	421	110	113	55	
Rum	3,681	3,575	1,286	1,351	
Cane Spirits	288	359	106	142	
Fortified wine, in gallons	9,505	8,404	3,404	3,081	
Premium branded spirits, in cases	551	517	209	175	
Bottling operations, in cases	1,987	2,289	809	878	
Vinegar					
Bulk, in 100 grain gallons	3,585	3,912	1,167	1,293	
Cases	494	364	142	147	
Drums, in 100 grain gallons	954	1,193	386	543	
Cooking Wine					
Bulk, in gallons	2,075	2,017	705	590	
Cases	473	500	107	135	

**Nine months ended June 30, 2005 compared to nine months ended June 30, 2004.** Unless otherwise noted, references to 2005 represent the nine-month period ended June 30, 2005 and references to 2004 represent the nine-month period ended June 30, 2004.

*Net Sales.* Net sales were \$77.5 million in 2005, an increase of 10.8% from net sales of \$70.0 million in 2004.

Net sales of bulk alcohol products were \$29.8 million in 2005, an increase of 10.2% from net sales of \$27.0 million in 2004. The increase in net sales resulted primarily from increased shipments of citrus spirits, rum and fortified wine, offset by decreased shipments of citrus brandy and cane spirits. The increase in shipments of citrus spirits, rum and fortified wine and decrease in shipments of citrus brandy and cane spirits was due in part to the timing of customer orders. The Company's customers often purchase bulk alcohol products in significant quantities, and accordingly, the size and timing of purchase orders and product shipments can cause operating results to fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. In 2005, unit sales of citrus brandy decreased 0.7% compared to 2004, and the average selling price of citrus brandy decreased 3.3%. Also in 2005, unit sales of the Company's fortified wine products increased 13.1% compared to 2004, although the average selling price for the Company's fortified wine decreased 4.0%. The average selling prices for fortified wine products decreased due to management lowering prices as a result of increased competition from other producers.

Net sales of premium branded spirits were \$23.7 million in 2005, an increase of 26.9% from net sales of \$18.7 million in 2004. In 2004, net sales of premium branded spirits included \$0.7 million of Cruzan ready-to-drink products and other products which were discontinued. Excluding these discontinued product sales, net sales of premium branded spirits were \$23.7 million in 2005, an increase of 31.8% from net sales of \$18.0 million in 2004, as the premium branded spirits segment continued its double digit growth.

Sales of the Company's Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums increased 30.2% in 2005 compared to 2004. Sales of Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums have increased from \$2.2 million in fiscal 1996 to

\$21.0 million in fiscal 2004. During this time, the Cruzan brand has been recognized as one of the fastest growing brands in the spirits industry by Impact Databank and Adams Liquor Handbook, two leading beverage industry publications. In addition, the Cruzan Rums have won numerous tasting awards from several prestigious beverage industry organizations, including The American Tasting Institute, The Beverage Tasting Institute and the San Francisco World Spirits Competition. Since January 2003, several of the Company's competitors have introduced their own lines of flavored rum products into the marketplace, which, in certain prior fiscal quarters, has negatively impacted the level of sales growth of Cruzan Flavored Rums. Some of the Company's competitors in the rum and flavored rum categories have significantly greater financial and other resources than the Company, which could adversely affect the Company's sales growth of Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums. As a response to such increased competition, and in order to provide further impetus to the growth of Cruzan Flavored Rums, management significantly increased its marketing budget for fiscal 2004 in an effort to support the continued growth of the Company's Cruzan brand, causing an increase in the operating loss for this business segment in fiscal 2004. Management has continued to increase expenditures in fiscal 2005 to improve brand growth.

Net sales of the Company's bottling operations were \$8.4 million in 2005, a decrease of 4.8% from net sales of \$8.8 million in 2004. While the unit volume of the Company's bottling operations decreased 13.2% in 2005, average unit prices increased 9.7% as a result of price increases to certain customers and a change in product mix. Sales in the Company's bottling operations have declined in the last three fiscal years as a result of a contraction in the ready-to-drink product category, for which the Company was a large contract bottler. Responding to this decline, in July 2004 the Company completed the partial consolidation of its bottling operations. However, bottling operations volume did not even meet the Company's reduced expectations for fiscal 2004, which resulted in a loss in this segment for fiscal 2004. The Company continues to place an emphasis on the sales effort in this segment, seeking other contract bottling opportunities. The Company has explored other alternatives in its two bottling facilities, including further consolidation, a partial sale and shedding less profitable product lines. In December 2004, management decided to discontinue production of all products in the Lake Alfred bottling plant with the exception of one profitable bottling line that bottles vinegar, cooking wine and juices. In January 2005, the operation of this bottling line was reduced to one shift. At the present time, the Company has not taken an impairment charge relating to its bottling operations as the carrying value of its bottling assets is less than fair value.

Net sales of vinegar and cooking wine were \$15.6 million in 2005, an increase of 1.0% from net sales of \$15.4 million in 2004. In 2005, total unit sales of vinegar and cooking wine decreased 5.1% compared to 2004, although the average selling price per unit increased 6.4%. The average selling prices of vinegar and cooking wine increased due to a combination of decreased sales of lower priced white distilled vinegar and an increase in sales of higher priced bulk apple vinegar and vinegar case goods.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit was \$25.9 million in 2005, an increase of 8.4% from gross profit of \$23.9 million in 2004. During 2005, bulk alcohol gross profit decreased as a result of increased citrus molasses and juice concentrate raw material costs as well as price concessions to fortified wine customers; premium branded spirits gross profit increased with sales; bottling operations gross loss was comparable to 2004; and vinegar and cooking wine gross profit increased due to an improved product mix. Gross margin decreased to 33.4% in 2005 from 34.1% in 2004 as a result of the factors discussed above. In the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company changed the classification of certain expenses from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative as a result of a review and improvement in its financial reporting practices. The Company has restated its prior year statement of income to reflect the new classification. This resulted in the reclassification of \$1,516,366 from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2004.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.* Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$27.0 million in 2005, an increase of 17.0% from \$23.1 million in 2004. The increase was primarily attributable to increased administrative, marketing and advertising expenses in the Company's premium branded spirits business as the Company continues to place emphasis on this growing business segment. During fiscal 2004, the Company increased its selling, general and administrative expenses in its premium branded spirits segment in an effort to support the continued growth of the

Company's Cruzan brand. Management has continued to increase expenditures in fiscal 2005 to improve brand growth. Also during 2005, the Company's corporate overhead has increased as a result of increased legal and professional fees incurred for compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. These costs relate to increased compliance activities and the Company's ongoing documentation, testing and improvement of its internal control systems.

*Operating Income (Loss).* Table 2 sets forth the operating income (loss) by reportable segment of the Company for 2005 and 2004. The Company's operating loss was \$1.1 million in 2005, as compared to operating income of \$0.8 million in 2004. The Company's premium branded spirits segment had operating losses of \$4.9 million in 2005 and \$4.7 million in 2004. As a result of the factors described under *Net Sales* above, the Company's bottling operations segment reported an operating loss of \$2.9 million in 2005 and \$2.4 million in 2004.

*Interest Expense.* Interest expense was \$2.0 million in 2005 and 2004. The Company's borrowing rates were higher in 2005 compared to 2004. However, higher rates were offset by slightly lower average borrowings during 2005.

*Income Tax Expense (Benefit).* During 2005 and 2004, the Company incurred operating losses from its U.S. operations and recorded an income tax benefit of \$2.3 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. The Company's Virgin Islands subsidiary has a 90% exemption from U.S. Virgin Islands income taxes. The exemption is effective through September 2020. In addition, the Company benefited from the extraterritorial income exclusion in 2005 and 2004.

**Three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to three months ended June 30, 2004.** Unless otherwise noted, references to 2005 represent the three-month period ended June 30, 2005 and references to 2004 represent the three-month period ended June 30, 2004.

*Net Sales.* Net sales were \$27.8 million in 2005, an increase of 9.1% from net sales of \$25.5 million in 2004.

Net sales of bulk alcohol products were \$10.2 million in 2005, an increase of 3.0% from net sales of \$9.9 million in 2004. The increase in net sales resulted primarily from increased shipments of citrus spirits and fortified wine, offset by decreased shipments of citrus brandy, cane spirits and rum. The increase in shipments of citrus spirits and fortified wine was due to the timing of customer orders. The Company's customers often purchase bulk alcohol products in significant quantities, and accordingly, the size and timing of purchase orders and product shipments can cause operating results to fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. In 2005, unit sales of the Company's fortified wine products increased 10.5% compared to 2004, although the average selling price for the Company's fortified wine decreased 4.7%. The average selling prices for these bulk alcohol products decreased due to management lowering prices as a result of increased competition from other producers.

Net sales of premium branded spirits were \$9.8 million in 2005, an increase of 36.7% from net sales of \$7.2 million in 2004.

Sales of the Company's Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums increased 29.8% in 2005 compared to 2004. Sales of Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums have increased from \$2.2 million in fiscal 1996 to \$21.0 million in fiscal 2004. During this time, the Cruzan brand has been recognized as one of the fastest growing brands in the spirits industry by Impact Databank and Adams Liquor Handbook, two leading beverage industry publications. In addition, the Cruzan Rums have won numerous tasting awards from several prestigious beverage industry organizations, including The American Tasting Institute, The Beverage Tasting Institute and the San Francisco World Spirits Competition. Since January 2003, several of the Company's competitors have introduced their own lines of flavored rum products into the marketplace, which, in certain fiscal quarters, has negatively impacted the level of sales growth of Cruzan Flavored Rums. Some of the Company's competitors in the rum and flavored rum categories have significantly greater financial and other resources than the Company, which

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could adversely affect the Company's sales growth of Cruzan Estate Rums and Cruzan Flavored Rums. As a response to such increased competition, and in order to provide further impetus to the growth of Cruzan Flavored Rums, management significantly increased its marketing budget for fiscal 2004 in an effort to support the continued growth of the Company's Cruzan brand, causing an increase in the operating loss for this business segment in fiscal 2004. Management has continued to increase expenditures in fiscal 2005 to improve brand growth.

Net sales of the Company's bottling operations were \$3.1 million in 2005, a decrease of 3.8% from net sales of \$3.3 million in 2004. While the unit volume of the Company's bottling operations decreased 7.8% in 2005, average unit prices increased 4.3% as a result of price increases to certain customers and a change in product mix. Sales in the Company's bottling operations have declined in the last three fiscal years as a result of a contraction in the ready-to-drink product category, for which the Company was a major contract bottler. Responding to this decline, in July 2004 the Company completed the partial consolidation of its bottling operations. However, bottling

operations volume did not even meet the Company's reduced expectations for fiscal 2004, which resulted in a loss in this segment for fiscal 2004. The Company continues to place an emphasis on the sales effort in this segment, seeking other contract bottling opportunities. The Company has explored other alternatives in its two bottling facilities, including further consolidation, a partial sale and shedding less profitable product lines. In December 2004, management decided to discontinue production of all products in the Lake Alfred bottling plant with the exception of one profitable bottling line that bottles vinegar, cooking wine and juices. In January 2005, the operation of this bottling line was reduced to one shift. At the present time, the Company has not taken an impairment charge relating to its bottling operations as the carrying value of its bottling assets is less than fair value.

Net sales of vinegar and cooking wine were \$4.7 million in 2005, a decrease of 9.7% from net sales of \$5.2 million in 2004. The decrease in shipments of certain vinegar and cooking wine products was due to the timing of customer orders. In 2005, total unit sales of vinegar and cooking wine decreased 7.5% compared to 2004, and the average selling price per unit decreased 2.4%. The average selling prices of vinegar and cooking wine decreased due to a change in product mix.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit was \$9.0 million in 2005, an increase of 12.5% from gross profit of \$8.0 million in 2004. During 2005, bulk alcohol gross profit decreased as a result of decreased shipments of citrus brandy and rum and price concessions to fortified wine customers; premium branded spirits gross profit increased due to increased sales; bottling operations gross loss was comparable to 2004; and vinegar and cooking wine gross profit was comparable to 2004. Gross margin increased to 32.2% in 2005 from 31.3% in 2004 as a result of changes in product mix. In the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company changed the classification of certain expenses from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative as a result of a review and improvement in its financial reporting practices. The Company has reclassified its prior year statement of income to reflect the new classification. This resulted in the reclassification of \$590,214 from cost of goods sold to selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2004.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.* Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$9.9 million in 2005, an increase of 4.2% from \$9.5 million in 2004. The increase was primarily attributable to increased administrative, marketing and advertising expenses in the Company's premium branded spirits business as the Company continues to place emphasis on this growing business segment. During fiscal 2005, the Company has increased its selling, general and administrative expenses in its premium branded spirits segment in an effort to support the continued growth of the Company's Cruzan brand. Management has continued to increase expenditures in fiscal 2005 to improve brand growth.

*Operating Income (Loss).* Table 2 sets forth the operating income (loss) by reportable segment of the Company for 2005 and 2004. The Company's operating loss was \$0.9 million in 2005, as compared to an operating loss of \$1.5 million in 2004. The Company's premium branded spirits segment had operating losses of \$1.5 million in 2005 and \$2.8 million in 2004. As a result of the factors described under *Net Sales* above, the Company's bottling operations segment reported an operating loss of \$0.7 million in 2005 and 2004.

*Interest Expense.* Interest expense was \$0.6 million in 2005 and 2004. The Company's borrowings and rates were slightly higher in 2005 compared to 2004 due to higher borrowings and rates.

*Income Tax Expense (Benefit).* During 2005 and 2004, the Company incurred operating losses from its U.S. operations and recorded an income tax benefit of \$1.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. The Company's Virgin Islands subsidiary has a 90% exemption from U.S. Virgin Islands income taxes. The exemption is effective through September 2020. In addition, the Company benefited from the extraterritorial income exclusion in 2005 and 2004.

## **Financial Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### **General**

The Company's principal use of cash in its operating activities is for labor, overhead and raw materials used in its manufacturing operations and purchasing imported products for its premium branded spirits business. The Company's source of liquidity has historically been cash flow from operations and its line of credit. Some of the

Company's manufacturing operations are seasonal and the Company's borrowings on its line of credit vary during the year.

The Florida citrus harvest is generally performed during the months from November through June. The majority of the Florida citrus harvest is processed as fresh fruit juice or juice concentrate. A byproduct of citrus juice production is citrus molasses which the Company uses as a raw material at its two Florida distilleries to produce citrus brandy and spirits. Due to the seasonal availability and short shelf-life of the citrus molasses raw material, the Company produces its estimated annual customer requirements during a seven-month period, and therefore, carries a higher than normal level of inventory in relation to sales during this seven-month period. Generally, the Company's inventory level increases during this seven-month period and decreases after the citrus harvest ends when the Company supplies its customers with citrus brandy and spirits from inventory from July through October.

There are no federal regulations that require minimum aging to be designated rum. However, due to the Company's high quality standards, the Company ages its Cruzan Estate Rums for two to five years and certain of the Company's super premium rums are aged up to twelve years. Due to the Company's own aging requirements, production of Cruzan Estate Rums is scheduled to meet demand two to three years in the future. Accordingly, inventories are larger in relation to sales and total assets than would be normal for most other businesses. Management expects to continue to increase the Company's inventory of barrel aged rums to meet projected increased sales in the future.

The Company's contract bottling services business is seasonal. Demand for contract bottling services is highest from April through October. During these months the Company's requirements increase for ingredients, glass bottles, caps, labels, packaging materials and labor. During fiscal 2004, the Company incurred losses from its bottling operations of \$3.9 million. Management has explored alternatives for its two bottling facilities, including further consolidation, a partial sale and shedding less profitable product lines. In December 2004, management decided to discontinue production of all products in the Lake Alfred bottling plant with the exception of one profitable bottling line that bottles vinegar, cooking wine and juices. In January 2005, the operation of this bottling line was reduced to one shift.

During fiscal 2004, management increased selling, general and administrative expenses in its premium branded spirits segment in an effort to support the continued growth of the Company's Cruzan brand. Management has continued to increase expenditures in fiscal 2005 to improve brand growth. To the extent that the increased expenditures do not result in increased sales of the Cruzan brand, the Company's short-term liquidity may be adversely affected. However, management actively monitors sales and expenditures on an ongoing basis, and retains the ability to adjust its level of expenditures in response to market conditions and in order to maintain sufficient liquidity.

Management believes that cash provided by its operating and financing activities will provide adequate resources to satisfy its working capital, liquidity and anticipated capital expenditure requirements for both its short-term and long-term capital needs.

### **Operating Activities**

Net cash used in operating activities in 2005 was \$4.6 million, which resulted from \$1.0 million in net income adjusted for noncash items, less \$5.6 million representing the net increase in operating assets and liabilities.

### **Investing and Financing Activities**

Net cash provided by investing activities in 2005 was \$0.1 million, which resulted primarily from principal payments received on notes receivable of \$3.1 million, offset by \$2.4 million of capital expenditures and a \$0.6 million increase in other assets.

Net cash provided by financing activities in 2005 was \$2.9 million, which resulted primarily from proceeds of \$5.5 million from the issuance of common stock, offset by payments of \$3.2 million of long-term debt. In June

2005, the Company received \$5.5 million, net of expenses, from a fully subscribed rights offering and as a result issued 408,787 shares of common stock.

In October 2001, the Company entered into a \$70 million credit agreement, consisting of a \$40 million term loan and a \$30 million revolving loan facility. In March 2004, the revolving loan facility was reduced to \$15 million. In June 2004, the credit agreement was modified to extend the maturity date of the revolving loan facility to September 2006. In December 2004, the Company received a waiver of its financial covenants compliance requirement for the quarters ended September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2004. The financial covenant requirements were also amended prospectively in accordance with the Company's business plan for fiscal 2005 and the maturity of the credit agreement was modified to January 31, 2006, at which time the final principal payment plus accrued interest will be due. Currently, the Company is considering its alternatives with respect to refinancing its existing credit agreement, including refinancing with an asset based facility during the quarter ending December 31, 2005, although there is no assurance that it will be able to do so.

In August 2005, the credit agreement was modified to approve the prospective change in control of the Company from Angostura, Limited to V&S Vin & Sprit AB ( V&S ) and the Company received a waiver of its fixed charge coverage financial covenant for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

The Company's total outstanding bank debt was \$27.1 million as of June 30, 2005, and its ratio of total debt to equity was 0.55 to 1.

The Company's share of the undistributed earnings of the Bahamian and Virgin Islands subsidiaries was approximately \$43.7 million as of September 30, 2004. No provision has been made for taxes which would result from the remittance of such undistributed earnings, as the Company intends to reinvest these earnings indefinitely. See Note 10 to the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004 for additional information on income taxes related to these subsidiaries.

Based on current plans and business conditions, management expects that its cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, together with any amounts generated from operations and available borrowings, will be sufficient to meet the Company's cash requirements for at least the next 12 months.

#### **Effects of Inflation and Changing Prices**

The Company's results of operations and financial condition have not been significantly affected by inflation and changing prices. The Company has been able, subject to normal competitive conditions, to pass along rising costs through increased selling prices.

#### **Change of Control and Merger Agreement**

On June 3, 2005, the Company announced that Angostura, Ltd. ( Angostura ), the Company's controlling stockholder, had entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with V&S Vin & Sprit AB, the Swedish-based international wine and spirits company ( V&S ), pursuant to which V&S

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agreed to purchase Angostura's controlling interest in the Company. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement, V&S agreed to purchase all 4,294,583 shares of the Company's common stock beneficially owned by Angostura, representing approximately 63.6% of the Company's outstanding common stock, for an aggregate consideration of \$121,837,320, or \$28.37 per share. The Stock Purchase Agreement is subject to normal closing conditions, including the approval of the board of directors of the Company. In connection with such approval and any other related issues, the Company's board of directors has appointed a special committee of independent directors (the Special Committee). The purchase and sale is expected to close on or before September 30, 2005.

On July 8, 2005, the Company announced that The Absolut Spirits Company, Inc., a Delaware corporation (ASCI), a wholly-owned subsidiary of V&S, had submitted a proposed Agreement and Plan of Merger pursuant to which a wholly-owned subsidiary (Subsidiary) of ASCI would merge with and into the Company, and each issued share of Company common stock not owned by Angostura would be converted into the right to receive \$28.37 in

cash (the ASCI Proposal). The ASCI Proposal is conditioned upon, among other things, receipt of appropriate stockholder and regulatory approvals.

The Company's board of directors and its Special Committee intend to evaluate the ASCI Proposal in a manner consistent with their fiduciary duties. The Company cannot assure that the ASCI Proposal will result in a definitive agreement with ASCI, or that any merger under such a definitive agreement will be consummated. If the Company's board of directors determines that the terms of the ASCI Proposal are fair to Company stockholders, and enters into a definitive agreement with ASCI, the Company will call a Special Meeting of its stockholders and file a proxy statement and other relevant documents concerning the ASCI Proposal with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On July 21, 2005, the Company announced that pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act, the U.S. Federal Trade Commission and the U.S. Department of Justice have granted clearance for the proposed acquisition by ASCI of controlling interest in the Company from Angostura at a price of \$28.37 per share, pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement between Angostura and V&S. The Stock Purchase is conditioned upon, among other things, receipt of certain regulatory approvals, including approval by certain state alcoholic beverage commissions.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The Company's significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 to the Company's consolidated financial statements located in Item 8 of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, and the related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The Company believes that the following critical accounting policy is subject to estimates and judgments used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements:

The Company has goodwill and intangible assets associated with business acquisitions. The Company reviews these assets for impairment annually and whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of these assets below their carrying value. If the fair value of these assets is less than their carrying value, then an impairment loss would be recognized equal to the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of the asset.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

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The information required under this Item 3 is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004. As of June 30, 2005, there have been no material changes to the information provided therein.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that the information is accumulated and

communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired objectives, and management was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures provided reasonable assurance that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to accomplish their objectives.

#### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In addition, management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, reviewed the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act), and there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls during the third quarter of fiscal 2005 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 6. Exhibits**

- 11.1 Statement of Computation of Per Share Earnings (1)
- 20.1 Earnings press release for the third quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2005 (2)
- 31.1 Certification of Jay S. Maltby, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (2)
- 31.2 Certification of Ezra Shashoua, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (2)
- 32.1 Certification of Jay S. Maltby, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (2)
- 32.2 Certification of Ezra Shashoua, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (2)

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(1) Filed herewith and incorporated herein by reference to Note 4 of notes to consolidated financial statements, included in Item 1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

(2) Filed herewith.

**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 11, 2005

/s/ Jay S. Maltby  
Jay S. Maltby  
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: August 11, 2005

/s/ Ezra Shashoua  
Ezra Shashoua  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer