

DYNARESOURCE INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 13, 2009

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OF 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

From the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 0-53237

DYNARESOURCE, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or  
organization)

94-1589426

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

222 W Las Colinas Blvd., Suite 744 East Tower, Irving, Texas 75039

(Address of principal executive offices)

(972) 868-9066

(Issuer's telephone number)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes  No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer,

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or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by a check mark whether the company is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes  No .

As of November 6, 2009, there were 9,073,913 shares of Common Stock of the issuer outstanding.

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DYNARESOURCE, INC.  
 (An Exploration Stage Company)  
 Consolidated Balance Sheets  
 September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008

	Sept 2009 (Unaudited)
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,311,310
Foreign Tax Receivable	38,400
Accounts Receivable – Related Party	0
Other Current Assets	246,000
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>1,595,710</b>
Fixed Assets:	
Mining Camp Equipment and Fixtures (Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$480,344 and \$430,110)	379,000
Mining Properties (Net of Accumulated Amortization of \$414,058 and \$343,696)	4,280,000
<b>Total Fixed Assets</b>	<b>4,659,000</b>
Other Assets:	
Note Receivable - Affiliate	450,000
Deposits	6,680
<b>Total Other Assets</b>	<b>456,680</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$6,721,390</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 14,500
Accrued Expenses	34,800
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>49,300</b>
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 and 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	1,000,000
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 12,500,000 shares authorized, 9,073,913 and 9,073,913 shares issued and outstanding	90,739,130
Preferred Rights	40,000
Additional Paid In Capital	24,000
Treasury Stock	( 38,000)
Common Stock Subscription Receivable	0
Other Comprehensive Income	1,600

Accumulated Deficit	( 6,0
Accumulated Deficit Since Reentering the Development Stage	(12,
Total DynaResource, Inc. Stockholders' Equity	7,53
Noncontrolling Interest	(858
TOTAL EQUITY	6,67
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$6,72

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to financial statements.

DYNARESOURCE, INC.  
 (An Exploration Stage Company)  
 Consolidated Statement of Operations  
 For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008  
 And Cumulative Since Re-entering the Development Stage (January 1, 2007)  
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Cumulative Since Re-Entering Development Stage
	Sept 30, 2009	Sept 30, 2008	Sept 30, 2009	Sept 30, 2008	(Jan. 1, 2007)
REVENUES	\$ 41,074	\$ 0	\$ 41,074	\$ 0	\$41,074
COST OF SALES					
Exploration Costs	248,990	1,633,167	1,107,037	3,761,004	7,695,313
GROSS PROFIT (DEFICIT)	(207,916 )	(1,633,167)	(1,065,963)	(3,761,004)	(7,654,239 )
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Depreciation and Amortization	40,340	36,598	121,019	109,794	428,416
General and Administrative	346,047	505,901	1,058,871	962,801	3,560,375
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	386,387	542,499	1,179,890	1,072,595	3,988,791
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(594,303 )	(2,175,666)	(2,245,853)	(4,833,599)	(11,643,030)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)					
Portfolio Income	1,717	515	6,565	1,260	16,258
Other income	0	28	0	2,282	2,104
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	1,717	543	6,565	3,542	18,362
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(592,586 )	(2,175,123)	(2,239,288)	(4,830,057)	(11,624,668)
Provision for Income Taxes (Expense) Benefit	0	0	0	0	38,259
NET LOSS	(592,586 )	(2,175,123)	(2,239,288)	(4,830,057)	(11,586,409)
Net Loss Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest	101,609	347,103	288,377	666,913	1,223,111
	(490,977 )	(1,828,020)	(1,950,911)	(4,163,144)	(10,363,298)

**NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO  
DYNARESOURCE, INC. COMMON  
SHAREHOLDERS**
**COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(LOSS):

Currency Translation Gain (Loss)	(183,999 )	(237,547 )	148,423	86,921	(1,684,632 )
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**COMPREHENSIVE LOSS BEFORE**

NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	(674,976 )	(2,065,567)	(1,802,488)	(4,076,223)	(12,047,930)
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Comprehensive Loss (Income)

Attributable to Non-Controlling

Interest	20,995	0	(19,727 )	0	(40,722 )
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**COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

ATTRIBUTABLE TO

DYNARESOURCE, INC. COMMON

SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (653,981 )	\$ (2,065,567)	\$ (1,822,215)	\$ (4,076,223)	\$ (12,007,208)
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EARNINGS PER SHARE, Basic	\$ (0.07 )	\$ (0.25 )	\$ (0.20 )	\$ (0.49 )
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Weighted Average Shares Outstanding,

Basic	9,076,913	8,388,079	9,073,913	8,279,709
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EARNINGS PER SHARE, Diluted	\$ (0.07 )	\$ (0.25 )	\$ (0.20 )	\$ (0.49 )
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Weighted Average Shares Outstanding,

Diluted	9,073,913	8,388,079	9,073,913	8,278,709
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See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to financial statements.

DYNARESOURCE, INC.  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008  
And Cumulative Since Re-entering the Development Stage (January 1, 2007)  
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended Sept 30, 2009	Nine Months Ended Sept 30, 2008	Cumulative Since Re-entering Development Stage (Jan 1, 2007)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net loss	\$(2,239,288)	\$(4,830,057)	\$(11,586,409)
Adjustments to reconcile net deficit to cash used by operating activities:			
Issuance of Common Stock for Services	0	181,658	539,688
Issuance of Preferred Stock for Services	0	0	1,000
Depreciation and Amortization	121,019	109,794	428,416
Loss on Disposition of Fixed Assets	0	0	28,006
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	0	13,079	199,143
Decrease in Accounts Receivable – Related Party	50,225	0	0
Decrease (Increase) in Foreign Tax Receivable	124,856	(80,197 )	10,771
(Increase) in Other Current Assets	(108,151 )	(117,801 )	(169,833 )
(Increase) in Deposits	(895 )	(5,789 )	(6,683 )
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(82,466 )	0	(26,900 )
(Decrease) Increase in Accrued Expenses	28,744	28,290	(69,259 )
(Decrease) in Deferred Tax Liability	0	0	(38,259 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM (USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(2,105,956)</b>	<b>(4,701,023)</b>	<b>(10,690,319)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(53,821 )	(36,347 )	(266,123 )
Retirement of Fixed Assets	9,701	0	9,701
Note Receivable Loaned to Affiliate	(450,000 )	0	(450,000 )
<b>CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(494,120 )</b>	<b>(36,347 )</b>	<b>(706,422 )</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from DynaMexico Earn In	1,227,090	4,050,000	9,070,094
Proceeds from sale of common stock	0	517,488	2,832,574
Repurchase of common stock options	0	(10,000 )	(10,000 )
Other comprehensive income (loss)	26,679	(117,545 )	1,682,332
Purchase of treasury stock	(183,000 )	0	(230,790 )
Sale of treasury stock	230,405	0	230,405



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Repayment of common stock receivable	125,000	0	0
<b>CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>1,426,174</b>	<b>4,439,943</b>	<b>13,574,615</b>
Effect of exchange rate on cash	148,423	86,921	(1,684,632 )
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH</b>	<b>(1,025,479)</b>	<b>(210,506 )</b>	<b>493,242</b>
Cash, beginning of period	2,339,561	2,060,665	820,840
Cash, end of period	\$1,314,082	\$1,850,159	\$1,314,082
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION</b>			
Interest paid	\$0	\$0	\$0
Income taxes paid	\$0	\$0	\$0
Non-cash dividend of property	\$0	\$0	\$129,822

See accompanying summary of accounting policies and notes to financial statements.

DYNARESOURCE, INC.  
(An Exploration Stage Company)  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
September 30, 2009  
(Unaudited)

## NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Nature of Activities, History and Organization:

DynaResource, Inc. (The “Company”) was organized September 28, 1937, as a California corporation under the name of West Coast Mines, Inc. In 1998, the Company re-domiciled to Delaware and changed its name to DynaResource, Inc. The Company is in the business of acquiring, investing in, and developing precious metal properties, and the production of precious metals.

In 2000, the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary, DynaResource de Mexico S.A. de C.V. chartered in Mexico (“DynaMexico”). This Company was formed to acquire, invest in and develop resource properties in Mexico. In 2005, the Company formed DynaResource Operaciones de San Jose De Gracia S.A. de C.V. (“DynaOperaciones”) and acquired effective control of Mineras de DynaResource S.A. de C.V. (formerly Minera Finesterre, S.A. de C.V.) (“MinerasDyna”). The Company owns 25% of Mineras and acquired effective control of Mineras by acquiring the option to purchase the remaining 75% of the Shares of Mineras for seventy five pesos (approximately \$5.69 in United States dollars, as of June 30, 2009). The Agreement also provided that the other shareholders relinquish and forfeit any and all rights, interests and claims in and to the Corporation and in or to any of the rights or assets owned or controlled by the Corporation. The Option expires at January 6, 2010. The results of Mineras are consolidated with those of the Company.

In January 2008, the Company transferred 15% of the ownership of DynaMexico to Goldgroup Resources Inc., (“Goldgroup”) in exchange for a \$3,000,000 cash contribution and exploration expenditures at the San Jose de Gracia property (“SJG”), and in August 2008, the Company transferred an additional 10% of the ownership of DynaMexico to Goldgroup in exchange for an additional \$3,000,000 cash and exploration expenditures (See Note 5 below). Through September 30, 2009, Goldgroup has contributed \$9,070,094 to DynaMexico, and it currently owns 25% of DynaMexico.

The Company produced approximately \$7,000,000 in revenues from production activities during the years ended December 31, 2003 through 2006, and suspended this activity voluntarily to concentrate its efforts on exploration and development. In accordance with that decision, as of January 1, 2007, the Company reentered the Exploration Stage and has presented its cumulative results since reentering the Exploration Stage, in accordance with ASC 915 “Development Stage Entities” (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (“SFAS”) No. 7, “Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises”), and will continue this presentation until it again has revenues from operations.

### Unaudited Interim Financial Statements:

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and applicable Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) regulations for interim financial information. These financial statements are unaudited and, in the opinion of

management, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the balance sheets, statements of operations and statements of cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations. It is presumed that users of this interim financial information have read or have access to the audited financial statements and footnote disclosure for the preceding fiscal year contained in the Form 10, with amendments, that was effective on July 15, 2008. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009.

Significant Accounting Policies:

The Company's management selects accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and adopts methods for their application. The application of accounting principles requires the estimating, matching and timing of revenue and expense. It is also necessary for management to determine, measure, and allocate resources and obligations within the financial process according to those principles. The accounting policies used conform to generally accepted accounting principles which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of internal accounting control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented.

Management believes that all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 have been made.

FASB Accounting Standards Codification:

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance concerning the organization of authoritative guidance under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). This new guidance created the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification"). The Codification has become the source of authoritative U.S. GAAP recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. The Codification became effective for the Company in its quarter ended September 30, 2009. As the Codification is not intended to change or alter existing U.S. GAAP, it did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. On its effective date, the Codification superseded all then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. All other non-grandfathered non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification will become non-authoritative.

Basis of Presentation:

The Company prepares its Financial Statements on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Reclassification:

Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

Principles of Consolidation:

The financial statements include the accounts of DynaResource, Inc. as well as DynaResource de Mexico, S.A. de C.V., DynaResource Operaciones S.A. de C.V. and Mineras de DynaResource S.A. de C.V. All significant inter-company transactions have been eliminated. All amounts are presented in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise

stated.

Foreign Currency Translation:

The subsidiary's functional currency is the U.S. dollar. As a result, the financial statements of the subsidiary have been re-measured from Mexican pesos into U.S. dollars using (i) current exchange rates for monetary asset and liability accounts, (ii) historical exchange rates for nonmonetary asset and liability accounts, (iii) historical exchange rates for revenues and expenses associated with nonmonetary assets and liabilities and (iv) the weighted average exchange rate of the reporting period for all other revenues and expenses. In addition, foreign currency transaction gains and losses resulting from U.S. dollar denominated transactions are eliminated. The resulting re-measured gain or loss is recorded in other comprehensive (loss) income.

The financial statements of the subsidiary should not be construed as representations that Mexican pesos have been, could have been or may in the future be converted into U.S. dollars at such rates or any other rates.

Relevant exchange rates used in the preparation of the financial statements for the subsidiary are as follows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 (Mexican pesos per one U.S. dollar):

	September 30, 2009	
Current exchange rate	Pesos.	13.55730
Weighted average exchange rate for the nine months ended	Pesos.	13.66278

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At times, cash balances may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limits. The carrying amount approximates fair market value.

#### Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

The allowance for accounts receivable is recorded when receivables are considered to be doubtful of collection. No allowance has been established as all receivables were deemed to be fully collectible.

#### Foreign Tax Receivable:

Foreign Tax Receivable (IVA) is comprised of recoverable value-added taxes charged by the Mexican government on goods and services rendered. Under certain circumstances, these taxes are recoverable by filing a tax return. Amounts paid for IVA are tracked and held as receivables until the funds are remitted. The total amount of IVA receivable as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$38,433 and \$232,049, respectively.

#### Inventory:

As the Company ceased production in 2006, there is no inventory, as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

#### Fixed Assets:

Fixed assets are carried at cost. Depreciation is provided over each asset's estimated useful life. Upon retirement and disposal, the asset cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the determination of the net income. Expenditures for geological and engineering studies, maintenance and claim renewals are charged to expense when incurred. Additions and significant improvements are capitalized and depreciated.

#### Mining Properties:

The Company is an 'Exploration Stage' company as defined in ASC 915 "Development Stage Entities" (formerly "SEC Industry Guide 7"). Mining properties consist of 34 concessions at the San Jose de Gracia property the basis of which are deferred until the properties are brought into production, at which time they will be amortized on the unit of production method based on estimated recoverable reserves. If it is determined that the deferred costs related to a property are not recoverable over its productive life, those costs will be written down to fair value as a charge to operations in the period in which the determination is made. The amounts at which mineral properties and the related deferred costs are recorded do not necessarily reflect present or future values.

The recoverability of the book value of each property will be assessed annually for indicators of impairment such as adverse changes to any of the following:

- estimated recoverable ounces of gold, silver or other precious minerals;
  - estimated future commodity prices;
- estimated expected future operating costs, capital expenditures and reclamation expenditures

A write-down to fair value will be recorded when the expected future cash flow is less than the net book value of the property or when events or changes in the property indicate that carrying amounts are not recoverable. This analysis will be completed as needed, and at least annually. As of the date of this filing no events have occurred that would require write-down of any assets.

Exploration, development, direct field costs and administrative costs are expensed in the period incurred.

The carrying amounts of the mining concessions are reviewed at each calendar year end to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication of impairment exists, the asset's recoverable amount will be reduced to its estimated fair value. As of December 31, 2008 and no indications of impairment existed.

#### Use of Estimates:

In order to prepare financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management must make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Financial Statements and determines whether contingent assets and liabilities, if any, are disclosed in the financial statements. The ultimate resolution of issues requiring these estimates and assumptions could differ significantly from resolution currently anticipated by management and on which the financial statements are based.

#### Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery or service has occurred, the sale price is fixed or determinable and receipt of payment is probable.

Revenues earned from the sale of precious metal concentrates are recognized as the title to the material is passed to the buyer upon delivery.

#### Earnings (Loss) per Common Share:

"Earnings (loss) per share" is calculated in accordance with ASC 260 "Earnings per Share" (formerly SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share"). The weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period is used to compute basic earnings (loss) per share. "Diluted earnings per share" is computed using the weighted average number of shares and potentially dilutive common shares outstanding. Dilutive potential common shares are additional common shares assumed to be exercised. Potentially dilutive common shares consist of stock options and are excluded from the diluted earnings per share computation in periods where the Company has incurred a net loss, as their effect would be considered anti-dilutive.

As the Company incurred a net loss during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the basic and diluted loss per common share is the same. As discussed in Note 8, and as of September 30, 2009, the Company had 1,809,244 stock options outstanding that could potentially have a dilutive effect on basic earnings per share in the future, including 650,000 which would have been considered dilutive if the Company did not incur a loss.

#### Comprehensive Income:

ASC 220 "Comprehensive Income", (formerly SFAS No. 130 "Reporting Comprehensive Income"), establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in a full set of general purpose financial statements. The Company's comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income (loss), consisting of unrealized net gains and losses on the translation of the assets and liabilities of its foreign operations.



Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flow. See Note 12 for a discussion of new accounting pronouncements.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

In accordance with the reporting requirements of ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements" (formerly SFAS No. 157, Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments), the Company calculates the fair value of its assets and liabilities which qualify as financial instruments under this statement and includes this additional information in the notes to the financial statements when the fair value is different than the carrying value of those financial instruments. As of September 30, 2009 the Company did not have any financial instruments other than cash and cash equivalents.

## NOTE 2 – FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at cost and consist of the following at September 30, 2009:

Mining camp equipment and fixtures	\$492,581
Transportation equipment	149,886
Lab equipment	14,306
Machinery and equipment	90,950
Office furniture and fixtures	75,826
Office equipment	4,083
Computer equipment	32,250
Sub-total	\$859,882
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(480,344 )
Total	\$379,538

Depreciation has been provided over each asset's estimated useful life. Depreciation expense was \$50,657 and \$19,794 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively,

## NOTE 3 – MINING PROPERTIES

Mining properties consist of the following at September 30, 2009:

## San Jose de Gracia:

Mining concessions	\$4,703,367
Less: Accumulated amortization	(414,058 )
Total	\$4,289,309

Amortization expense was \$70,362 and \$90,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

## NOTE 4 – INCOME TAXES

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company adopted ASC 740-10, Income Taxes, (formerly FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"), which supplements SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes", ("SFAS No. 109")) by defining the confidence level that a tax position must meet in order to be recognized in the financial statements. The Interpretation requires that the tax effects of a position be

recognized only if it is “more-likely-than-not” to be sustained based solely on its technical merits as of the reporting date. The more-likely-than-not threshold represents a positive assertion by management that a company is entitled to the economic benefits of a tax position. If a tax position is not considered more-likely-than-not to be sustained based solely on its technical merits, no benefits of the tax position are to be recognized. Moreover, the more-likely-than-not threshold must continue to be met in each reporting period to support continued recognition of a benefit. With the adoption of FIN 48, companies are required to adjust their financial statements to reflect only those tax positions that are more-likely-than-not to be sustained. Any necessary adjustment would be recorded directly to retained earnings and reported as a change in accounting principle.

The Company's deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of (a) temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax reporting purposes, and (b) net operating loss carry forwards. For Federal income tax purposes, the Company uses the cash basis of accounting, whereas the accrual basis is used for financial reporting purposes. In addition, certain assets are charged to expense when acquired under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code for income tax purposes.

The Company provided a full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax asset, consisting primarily of net operating loss carry forward, because management has determined that it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will not earn income sufficient to realize the deferred tax assets during the carry forward period.

The cumulative tax effect at the expected tax rate of 34% (blended for U.S. and Mexico) of significant items comprising the Company's net deferred tax amounts as of September 30, 2009 are as follows:

	September 30, 2009
Net deferred tax assets attributable to:	
Prior years	\$ 2,263,977
Tax benefit (liability) for current year	612,846
Total Deferred Tax Benefit	2,876,823
Valuation Allowance	(2,876,823)
<b>Net Deferred Tax Benefit</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>

The realization of deferred tax benefits is contingent upon future earnings and is fully reserved at September 30, 2009.

#### NOTE 5 – MATERIAL AGREEMENTS

Concessions and Interest related to the San Jose de Gracia Property:

In March 2000, The Company entered into agreements to complete the acquisition and consolidation of 100% of the San Jose de Gracia Property and related mining interests. Pursuant to these agreements, the Mining Concessions and related interests comprising the San Jose de Gracia property were transferred to the Company.

In March 2005, the Company issued 115,000 common shares; received a cash payment of \$15,000; and accepted a mutual release from the vending parties; to complete the acquisition agreements.

Financing/Sale of Stock:

On September 1, 2006 the Company signed a "Stock Purchase and Earn In Agreement" ("Earn In") between: DynaResource, Inc. ("DynaResource") and DynaResource de Mexico S.A. de C.V. ("DynaMexico"), ("Seller"); and Goldgroup Resources, Inc., of Vancouver, British Columbia ("Goldgroup"), ("Buyer"), and Together, ("the Parties").

The Earn In provides for the sale of up to fifty per cent (50%) of the total outstanding shares of DynaMexico, the wholly owned subsidiary of DynaResource, and the owner of the San Jose de Gracia District in northern Sinaloa Mexico ("SJG"); in exchange for the total cash contributions to DynaMexico, and expenditures related to the development of SJG, in the amount of \$18,000,000 by Goldgroup; contributed in four (4) phases, as set forth below:

Phase	On or before	Amount of Funds to be	Interest Earned (by	Cumulative Interest Earned
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		deposited to DynaMexico (For SJG Expenditures)	Goldgroup in DynaMexico)	(by Goldgroup in DynaMexico)
1.	June 15, 2007	\$ 1,000,000	0	% 0%; Completed
2.	March 15, 2008	\$ 2,000,000	15	% 15%; Completed
3.	September 15, 2009	\$ 3,000,000	10	% 25%; Completed
4.	March 15, 2011	\$ 12,000,000	25	% 50%

Pursuant to the Earn In Agreement:

- DynaResource attached the “SJG Title Opinion”, compiled by Urias Romero Y Asociados, Abraham Urias, Mazatlan, Sinaloa, with attachments and schedules; describing the status and position of DynaMexico and affiliates in Mexico, and confirming the ownership and status of the Mining Concessions comprising the SJG District in Sinaloa, Mexico;
  - DynaResource attached its audited, consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2005;
  - The Parties agree to a revised setting of the Board of Directors of DynaMexico, to:
    - a) Two (2) members of DynaResource; K.D. Diepholz, Chairman/CEO of DynaResource as President; and, Charles E. Smith; CFO of DynaResource;
    - b) One (1) member of Goldgroup; Keith Piggott, CEO of Goldgroup.
- A Management Committee was formed to approve budgets and expenditures pursuant to the Earn In. The setting of the Management Committee is:
  - a) Two (2) members of Goldgroup; Keith Piggott, CEO of Goldgroup as Chairman; and, John Sutherland, CFO of Goldgroup;
  - b) One (1) member of DynaResource; K.D. Diepholz, Chairman/CEO of DynaResource;
  - c) Members of the Management Committee may be changed as subsequently agreed.
- The Parties agree to cooperate to develop the SJG Property, in the best interests of the Project.

Phases 1, 2 and 3 of Earn In Completed:

Activities related to the exploration and development of SJG are being conducted by DynaMexico, through contract to the operating subsidiary of DynaResource, Inc. in Mexico, Mineras de DynaResource SA de CV. (“MinerasDyna”); with the management of personnel being contracted by MinerasDyna through to the personnel management subsidiary, DynaResource Operaciones, SA de CV (“DynaOperaciones”).

On December 28, 2007 Goldgroup completed Phase II of the Earn In Agreement, through the contributions of Capital of \$3,368,088 to DynaMexico and the expenditures related to the exploration of SJG of 27,063,453 Mexican pesos, with the remainder held in cash in DynaMexico, In January 2008, 15% of the Shares of DynaMexico were transferred to Goldgroup.

On July 16, 2008, the Goldgroup completed Phase III of the Earn In Agreement through total contributions of capital under the Earn In Agreement of \$6,118,009 with total expenditures related to the exploration of SJG of \$57,252,898 Mexican pesos, with the remainder held in cash in DynaMexico, In January 2008, 15% of the Shares of DynaMexico were transferred to Goldgroup. In August 2008, an additional 10% of the Shares of DynaMexico were transferred to Goldgroup, so that Goldgroup now owns 25% of DynaMexico.

Continuing with Phase IV exploration activities, as of September 30, 2009 the Company reported total deposits to DynaMexico by Goldgroup in excess of \$9,070,094 USD, with total expenditures through DynaMexico of approximately 95,338,936 Mexican pesos.

MATERIAL AGREEMENT (MOU):

In order to clarify and confirm the operating structure at SJG, DynaResource, Inc., DynaResource de Mexico, and Goldgroup Resources Inc. (the Parties to the Earn In / Option Agreement; and “the Parties”) entered into a “Memorandum of Understanding”, (the “MOU”), dated July 29, 2008 (See “MOU”). The MOU provides for:

- Mineras de DynaResource is the exclusive operating entity at SJG, pursuant to the operating agreement with DynaResource de Mexico;
- DynaResource de Mexico owns the SJG 100%, and all Data and information pursuant thereto; any information disseminated regarding SJG must be disclosed as from DynaResource de Mexico;

- The SJG Management Committee is not a legal entity and has no authority or ability to sign contracts or incur obligations or liabilities to DynaMexico, Mineras, or DynaOperaciones;
- The SJG Management Committee does not have the authority to act for or represent DynaMexico, Mineras, Operaciones, or the SJG Property;
- All personnel must be employed or contracted through Mineras or Operaciones and be accountable to the employing / contracting entity;

NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company paid \$32,500 and \$121,531 respectively to Dynacap Group, Ltd. (an entity controlled by officers of the Company) for consulting and other fees.

In addition, the Company issued common stock to the following related parties:

	Nine months ended Sept 30, 2009	Year ended December 31, 2008
Consultants	\$ 0	\$238,442
Totals	\$ 0	\$238,442

NOTE 7 – NOTE RECEIVABLE - AFFILIATE

In March, August and September 2009, the Company loaned a total of \$450,000 to DynaResource Nevada, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, with one operating subsidiary in Mexico, DynaNevada de Mexico, SA de CV. The terms of the Note Receivable provide for a “Convertible Loan”, repayable at 5 % interest over a 3 year period, and convertible at the Company’s option into Common Stock of DynaResource Nevada, Inc. at \$ .25 / Share. DynaResource Nevada, Inc. is a related entity, and through its subsidiary in Mexico, has entered into an Option agreement with Grupo Mexico (IMMSA) in Mexico, for the exploration and development of approximately 3,000 hectares in the State of San Luis Potosi.

NOTE 8 – STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000 preferred shares at a par value of \$1.00 per share. These shares have full voting rights. In October 2007, the Company issued 1,000 shares of Preferred A shares to its CEO. These shares have the right to elect a majority of the Board of Directors. There were 1,000 and 1,000 shares outstanding at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 12,500,000 common share stocks at a par value of \$0.01 per share. These shares have full voting rights. At September 30, 2009 and at December 31, 2008, there were 9,073,913 shares outstanding.



### Preferred Rights

The Company issued “Preferred Rights” and received \$158,500 in 2003 and \$626,250 in 2002, for the rights to percentages of revenues generated from the San Jose de Gracia Pilot Production Plant. This has been reflected as “Preferred Rights” in stockholders’ equity. As of December 31, 2004, \$558,312 was repaid, leaving a balance of \$226,188. As of December 31, 2005, \$186,188 has been repaid, leaving a balance of \$40,000. At September 30, 2009 the balance remains at \$40,000.

### Treasury Stock

Treasury stock is accounted for by the cost method. The Company may from time to time purchase and resell its own common stock. Treasury stock activity is presented in the consolidated statement of stockholders' equity.

### Options and Warrants

There are 1,809,244 options outstanding at September 30, 2009.

- 529,152 options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$3.75 per share. The options expire November 15, 2009. 24,000 options have been exercised since issuance.
- 240,917 Options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$5.00 per share. The options expire November 15, 2009. No options were exercised or cancelled since issuance.
- 150,000 options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$2.50 per share. The options expire November 15, 2009. No options were exercised or cancelled since issuance.
- 500,000 options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$2.50 per share. The options expire November 15, 2009. No options were exercised or cancelled since issuance.
- 365,295 options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$5.00 per share. The options expire November 15, 2009. No options were exercised or cancelled since issuance.
- 23,880 options entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's common stock at a price of \$10.00 per share and expire November 15, 2009. No options were exercised or cancelled since issuance.

The Company's stock price was \$2.95 at September 30, 2009 and 650,000 of the Company's options would have been considered dilutive if the Company had not incurred a net loss.

### NOTE 9 – NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The Company's Noncontrolling Interest recorded in the unaudited consolidated financial statements relates to a 25% interest in DynaResource de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. not owned by the Company at September 30, 2009, and 15% interest of DynaResource de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. not owned by the Company at September 30, 2008. Changes in Noncontrolling Interest for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 was as follows:

	For the Nine Months Ended Sept 30,	
	2009	2008
Beginning balance	\$(589,754 )	\$ 0
Operating income (loss)	(288,377 )	(319,810 )
Other comprehensive income (loss)	19,727	0
Ending balance	\$(858,404 )	\$(319,810 )



The Company began allocating a portion of other comprehensive income (loss) to the noncontrolling interest with the adoption of ASC 810-10 "Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements" (formerly FASB 160) as of January 1, 2009.

#### NOTE 10 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

There is currently no qualified or non-qualified employee pension, profit sharing, stock option, or other plans authorized for any class of employees.

#### NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Three (3) additional mining concessions in Mexico have been titled to DynaMexico, which extends the SJG District by approximately 95,000 Hectares to a total of 99,141 Hectares.

For all concessions, DynaMexico is required to pay taxes in order to maintain the concessions. In 2008, DynaMexico paid \$933,684 Mexican pesos (approximately \$83,589 in US dollars) in taxes for all mining concessions held. In January 2009, DynaMexico paid \$755,564 Mexican Pesos (approximately \$54,440 in US dollars), and in July, 2009 DynaMexico paid \$756,194 (approximately \$56,320 in US dollars) in taxes for all mining concessions held.

Additionally, the Company is required to incur a minimum amount of expenditures ("Assessments") each year for all concessions held. The minimum expenditures are calculated based upon the land area, as well as the age of the concessions. Amounts spent in excess of the minimum may be carried forward indefinitely over the life of the concessions, and are adjusted annually for inflation. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the minimum expenditure was \$2,921,236 Mexican pesos (approximately \$267,500 in US dollars); and the total expenditures amount e carried forward was \$92,022,517 Mexican pesos (approximately \$6,677,977 US dollars). For 2008, the DynaMexico incurred expenditures of \$48,953,168 Mexican pesos which will increase the estimated amount DynaMexico may carry forward to approximately \$138,104,700 Mexican Pesos (approximately \$10,022,112 US dollars) as of December 31, 2008. The minimum expenditure for 2009 has not yet been determined, but is anticipated to be consistent with 2008, as adjusted for inflation. Based on Management's business plans, they do not anticipate any issue in meeting the minimum annual expenditures for the concessions, and DynaMexico retains sufficient carry forward amounts to cover over 20 years of the minimum expenditure (as calculated at the 2008 minimum, adjusted for annual inflation of 4%).

#### NOTE 12 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In 2009, the FASB issued the following guidance:

SFAS No. 166: "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140", which will be integrated into the ASC upon the effective date, which is for the first annual or quarterly period after November 15, 2009.

SFAS No. 167: "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets", which will be integrated into the ASC upon the effective date, which is for the first annual or quarterly period after November 15, 2009.

FSP No. FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1: “Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments”, which was codified into ASC 825.

FSP No. FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2: “Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments”, which was codified into ASC 320-10-65-4.

FSP No. FAS 157-4: “Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly”, which was codified into ASC 820-10-65-4.

Management has reviewed these new standards and believes that they will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

#### NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 157, Fair Value Measurement, which was subsequently codified into ASC 820. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 was effective for our financial assets and liabilities on January 1, 2008. The FASB delayed the effective date of SFAS 157 for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually) to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008.

ASC 820's valuation techniques are based on observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect readily obtainable data from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our market assumptions. The Standard classifies these inputs into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Inputs – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.
  - Level 3 Inputs – Instruments with primarily unobservable value drivers.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company had no financial instruments with Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 Inputs.

#### NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In May 2009, the FASB issued ASC 855-10, “Subsequent Events”, (formerly SFAS No. 165, “Subsequent Events,”) which establishes general standards for accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The pronouncement requires the disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date, whether that date represents the date the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued. In conjunction with the preparation of these financial statements, an evaluation of subsequent events was performed through November 11, 2009, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

On October 31, 2009, Goldgroup deposited an additional \$500,000 to DynaMexico, pursuant to the Earn-In Agreement, which is discussed in Note 5.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This report contains forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those set forth on the forward looking statements as a result of the risks set forth in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, general economic conditions, and changes in the assumptions used in making such forward looking statements.

### General

The Company's majority owned subsidiary (currently 75 %), DynaResource de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. ("DynaMexico"), owns 100% of the mineral concessions and related interest to the San Jose de Gracia mining property covering approximately 99,500 hectares located in and around San Jose de Gracia, Sinaloa State, Mexico ("SJG"). SJG is located on the west side of the Sierra Madre Mountains, approximately 100 kilometers inland from Guamuchil and approximately 200 kilometers north of Mazatlan, Sinaloa.

The SJG is a High-Grade Mineralized System which reports historical production of + 1 M. Oz. AU, from a series of underground workings. DynaMexico is focused on the exploration of this vein-hosted, near surface, and + 400 hundred M. Down – Dip Gold Potential, that occurs within fault breccia veins; and has been traced on surface and underground over a 15 Sq. Km. area.

### Prior Drilling and Exploration Activity / SJG

A drill program was conducted at SJG in 1997 - 1998 by Golden Hemlock Explorations, Ltd., a prior partner at SJG. Approximately 6,172 meters drilling was completed in 63 core drill holes. Significant intercepts, including bonanza grades, outlined Down Dip potential of the Northeast section (150 Meter NE to SW extent of the Drilling) of the Los Hilos to Tres Amigos Trend. And, Drill Hole 97-63 confirmed down dip and extension at the Palos Chinos Area of SJG.

Surface and underground sampling in 1999 - 2000 conducted by the Company confirmed high grades in historic workings and surface exposures throughout the SJG district and project area. These high grades outline the presence of ore shoots developed within the veins. The ore shoots appear to be controlled by dilational jogs and/or vein intersections. A total of 544 samples were collected in 1999-2000, and assayed an average 6.51 grams/ton gold.

### Acquisition and Consolidation / SJG

In 2000, the Company formed DynaMexico to acquire, invest in, explore and develop mining concessions in Mexico, and to acquire the ownership and interests related to San Jose de Gracia. In March 2000, the Company and DynaMexico entered into agreements to acquire and consolidate 100% of the San Jose de Gracia Property. The Company agreed to issue 2,493,271 Shares in exchange for the complete acquisition of the SJG and all related interest, and subject to the complete transfer of all mining concessions.

After resolving ownership and title issues related to SJG, the number of shares to be issued to the prior owners of SJG was reduced to 115,000 shares from 2,493,271. (Note: The 115,000 shares were issued in 2006, when all matters related to the acquisition, transfer, and consolidation, of the SJG district, were resolved).

### Recent Pilot Production Activity

During the period 2003 through 2006, DynaMexico conducted underground mining and pilot production activities at SJG. The small scale production activities at SJG consisted of improvements to an existing mill, including the installation of a gravity / flotation processing circuit. Initial test runs with tailings from historical production were completed in 2002. Actual mining at the high grade San Pablo area of the SJG property commenced in March 2003. DynaMexico produced 18,250 Oz. gold from Mid 2003 to June 2006; from mined tonnage of 42,500 tons, at an average grade of approximately 20 g/t. Production costs were reported at approx. < \$ 175. / Oz.

During the period of production at SJG, the Company recognized it would be necessary to conduct large scale exploration activities in order to define and confirm a + 1 M. Oz. Gold, commercially mineable ore body (s).



## Recent Financing Activity

As gold prices continued to appreciate into 2006, exploration financing opportunities increased and the Company and DynaMexico negotiated and entered into the "Earn In / Option agreement with Goldgroup Resources, Inc., Vancouver, BC, dated September 1, 2006. The Terms of the Earn In / Option agreement provides for \$ 18 M. USD financing from Goldgroup to DynaMexico, over four Phases (through March 2011), and related exploration expenditures at SJG, in exchange for Goldgroup's earning of 50 % of the Shares of DynaMexico. The terms of the Earn In / Option also provided for the involvement of proven industry professionals in the SJG project. (See Material Agreements; Earn In / Option Agreement.)

## Exploration / Drilling Activity conducted Pursuant to the Earn In Agreement

- In Phase I of the Earn In Agreement, approximately 3,400 meters drilling was accomplished in 22 core drill holes (SJG 07-01 to SJG 07-22); as well as geochemical sampling and mapping, and data consolidation into Surpac Software.
- In Phase II of the Earn In Agreement, approximately 5,500 meters was completed in 23 core drill holes (SJG 07-23 to 07-45).
- In Phase III of the Earn In Agreement, approximately 15,150 meters was completed in 56 core drill holes (SJG 08-46 to SJG 08-101).
- In Phase IV, which continues, approximately 5,950 meters have been completed in 25 core drill holes (through SJG 08-126). At December 31, 2008, a total of 30,000 meters drilling has been completed, financed pursuant to the Earn In Agreement. An SJG Drill Intercepts Summary File, describing the mineralized intercepts of all core drill holes, including the drilling results of 1997, and including the recent drilling of 2007-2008 can be viewed on the website of the SEC at:

<http://sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1111741/000112178109000078/ex99three.htm>

## DynaMexico Summary of Drilling Results

The drilling results obtained to date confirm the extension of mineralization, down dip of historical workings at SJG, with confirmation of high grade gold (+ 10 g/t) which are consistent with historical and recent production. Specifically, San Pablo, Tres Amigos, La Purisima, and La Union areas have reported significant results. (Note Drill Summary file referred to above.) Phase 4 drilling will be targeted at Tres Amigos, San Pablo, La Prieta, La Union and La Purisima.

## Company Interpretations and Estimates

In some areas of SJG, topography has prevented the drilling of holes on conventional 50 M. Spacing. In some areas, the distance between drilled holes is + 100 M. In these areas, DynaMexico is considering the building of new roads in order to complete in-fill drill holes. Nonetheless, the Company has interpreted the results of drilling activity, and considering the recent production activity as well; and it has calculated manually an estimate of the mineable resource at SJG. This manually calculated estimate includes Oz. Au at the areas of: San Pablo, Tres Amigos, Palos Chinos, La Union, and La Purisima; by assuming grade and width averaging between drill holes. DynaMexico expects to confirm these OZ. in the future under the guidelines and description of a 43-101 technical report.

## Block Model in Surpac

While the company has completed its manual calculation and internal interpretation of the resource at SJG defined by drilling and production to date; the company also is in process of building the block model of resources defined and inferred at SJG using Surpac, (Gemcom) software. The current block model at SJG confirms mineable resources at San Pablo, Tres Amigos, La Union, Palos Chinos, and La Purisima; with portions of the currently mineable resource in a high grade category. The Company will continue this Surpac modeling work as additional drill programs are planned and completed.

## Technical Report of Resources

In 2009-10, the Company expects DynaMexico to commission a 43-101 compliant report of the ore “resources” defined by drilling at SJG. The Company expects this 43-101 technical report to confirm its internal work with the Block model in Surpac at SJG, and also to confirm consistency with the company’s interpretation and estimates. However, additional drilling and in-fill drill holes may be necessary in order to confirm consistency of grade and width between drill holes as of September 30, 2009.

## Structure of Company / Operations

Activities in Mexico are conducted by DynaMexico, through Contract to the operating subsidiary of DynaResource, Inc., Mineras de DynaResource SA de CV. (“MinerasDyna”); with the Management of Personnel being contracted by MinerasDyna through to the personnel management subsidiary, DynaResource Operaciones, SA de CV (“DynaOperaciones”). DynaResource, Inc. management and consultants continue to manage the three subsidiaries in Mexico; while Chairman and CEO K.D. Diepholz is the President of each of the three companies.

## Competitive Advantage

The Company, through its subsidiaries, has been conducting business in Mexico since March 2000. During this period the Company believes it has structured its subsidiaries properly and strategically, and during which time the Company has retained key personnel and developed key relationships and support. The Company believes its experience and accomplishments in Mexico gives it a competitive advantage, even though many competitors may be larger and have more capital resources.

## THIRD QUARTER 2009

### Magnetic and IP Surveys

In January 2009, MinerasDyna contracted an Engineering firm in Tucson, AZ., to conduct Magnetic and IP surveys throughout the SJG district; covering an area of approximately 15 Sq. Km. Final reports have been received and are the results are being utilized to plan the next drilling programs at SJG which are scheduled to commence in October..

IP is the primary geophysical target at SJG; and is expected to identify pyrite-based mineralization hosting gold. Initial Survey Grid lines were located approximately perpendicular to inferred geologic strike. The data response from these grid lines indicate one or more IP sources that dip northwest.

Additional grid lines were crossed with the initial lines, and appear to identify two separate IP sources.

Grid lines to the South appear to indicate an IP source at > 250 Meters.

### Correlation between ground magnetic and IP:

In general the correlation between the Magnetic and IP response and data was excellent.

### Correlation with recent Drilling Programs and known Mineralization:

The data response of the surveys correlated to the recent drilling programs and to the areas of known mineralization at SJG was excellent. Considering this excellent correlation to known mineralization, additional areas of SJG showing

similar data response could be indicative of additional target areas.

Identification of New, Additional Resource Target Areas:

Significant survey responses were reported for the following areas; and are projected for follow up drilling:

San Pablo; Up Dip;  
San Pablo; Displacement Zone;  
Tres Amigos; Down Dip and Northwest;  
Tres Amigos; Extension Northeast;  
Orange Tree; Down Dip;  
La Cecena, Los Hilos, and Tepehauje;  
Palos Chinos;  
La Prieta;  
La Purisima; Down dip at Southeast end;  
Argyllic Zone; + 250 M. Down;

Structural Geologist

In February 2009, DynaOperaciones retained a geological consultant, Jonathan Cordery, with prior experience in Mexico, to review and Map the SJG Property with regard to Ore Controls and structural analysis. An area of 2.8 Km by 3.4 Km was mapped; and a review was completed of recent (2007-2008) drill core and drill logs through drill hole # 08-126. Final Reports and maps have been received; and the results and analysis are being utilized in planning the current drilling programs at SJG, which commenced in October. . Information contained in the preliminary reports is described below:

Current Dimensions of Resource Areas at SJG:

San Pablo: Recent Production of 18,250 Oz. at average grade of 20 g/t; Strike length of 750 M and down dip extension of 500 M; with selected mineralized intercepts of:

(SJG 08-31); 8.3 M of 48.24 g/t; including 3.8 M of 104.01 g/t, and including 1.5 M of 233.61 g/t;

(SJG 08-51); 14.2 M of 14.79 g/t; including 9 M of 22.93 g/t, and including 3.5 M of 41.5 g/t;

Tres Amigos: Strike Length of 365 M and down dip extension of 210 M; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 97-13); 27.5 M of 9.94 g/t; including 18.6 M of 14.28 g/t, and including 2 M of 85.72 g/t;

(SJG 97-45); 14 M. of 5.35 g/t; including 2 M of 31.35 g/t;

Orange Tree: to be defined; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 97-39); 6.8 M of 13.20 g/t; including 3 M of 29.5 g/t, and including 1.5 M of 51.46 g/t;

(SJG 08-47); 7.1 M of 7.63 g/t; including 1.6 M of 23.10 g/t;

La Cecena

(Tres Amigos): to be defined; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 97-50); 11 M of 2.78 g/t; including 2 M of 5.02 g/t, and including 2 M of 8.53 g/t;

(SJG 08-104); 2.8 M of 13.70 g/t; including 1.4 M of 26.96 g/t;

La Union: Strike Length of 400 M and down dip extension of 350 M; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 08-76); 4.8 M of 16.02 g/t; including 2 M of 37.60 g/t, and including .7 M of 75.56 g/t;

(SJG 08-80); 3.1 M of 4.8 g/t; including 1.5 M of 7.37 g/t;  
Palos Chinos/

Tajo Verde: Strike Length of 270 M and down dip of 180 M; Strike of 800 M including Drill Hole # 97-55; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 97-63); 27.8 M of 2.30 g/t; including 17.3 M of 2.81 g/t, and including .7 M of 9.25 g/t, and including 2.7 M of 8.45 g/t;.

(SJG 07-16); 7.7 M of 1.86 g/t; including 2.1 M of 5.18 g/t;

(SJG 97-55); 5 M of 3.5 g/t; including 3 M of 5.24 g/t;

La Purisima: Historical Production of 470,000 Oz. Au, at average grade of 66.7 g/t; Strike Length of 720 M and down dip extension of 420 M; with selected intercepts of:

(SJG 07-21); 8 M of 20.67 g/t; including 6 M of 26., and including 2.1 M of 76.33 g/t;

(SJG 07-39); 4.2 M of 8.55 g/t; including 1.9 M of 16.67 g/t;

La Prieta: Historical Production of 215,000 Oz. Au., at average grade of 28 g/t; Dimensions of 100 M by 50 M, to be defined;

#### Identification of New, Additional Resource Target Areas:

San Pablo: Geological Mapping located a new drill target approximately 600 meters to the east – southeast of San Pablo. This area was determined to be the northeast portion of the San Pablo Ore body; which had been displaced by a combination of post-mineral strike-slip and normal faulting; also indicating the potential for a “Pipe Feeder”. This area will be expected to add significant resources to the mineable ore body at San Pablo;

La Purisima /

Tajo Verde: Transpressive strike-slip faults that bound this area are determined to be the same faults that control the mineralization in La Purisima and Tajo Verde. This area also coincides with gaps left from previous drilling campaigns and also a gap in the underground workings.

San Pablo /

La Union: Gaps left from previous drilling campaigns and also a gap in the underground workings.

#### Follow up Drilling at Major Target Areas:

Tres Amigos: Down dip extension; extension southwest through La Cecena, Los Hilos; Extension Northeast across Orange Tree;

La Union: Extension along strike and down dip;

La Purisima: Extension along strike and down dip;

Palos Chinos: Extension along strike and down dip;

La Prieta: to be defined;

## Drilling Programs

Future drilling programs at SJG commenced in October, 2009 and were planned considering the results of the magnetic and IP surveys, and in consideration of the recent analysis of the structure and ore controls at SJG. The next 20,000 Meters drilling at SJG has been programmed, with the completion date expected at March 31, 2010. The Company expects continued drilling in order to expand resources at San Pablo, Tres Amigos, La Cecena, Palos Chinos, La Union, La Purisima, and La Prieta. And, the company expects extensions to mineralization in all directions and down dip from the main target areas.



#### Capital Contributions and Expenditures to Earn In

Goldgroup contributed \$ 500,000.USD to DynaMexico on October 31, 2009. This deposit will be credited in the period October 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009. The total capital contributions pursuant to the Earn In Agreement through September 30, 2009 are \$9,367,990 USD.

Exploration expenditures were \$428,119. USD in the quarter ending September 30, 2009, bringing the total expenditures pursuant to the Earn In Agreement of \$8,858,977.

Total Capital contributed from Goldgroup in the nine months ending September 30, 2009 is \$1,199,981. Total exploration expenditures for the nine month period are \$1,284,346.

During the nine months ending September 30, 2009, DynaMexico and its affiliates incurred expenses of approximately \$100,000 USD, which are not allocated to the Earn In Agreement; and have yet to be expensed to the Earn In Agreement.

#### Note Receivable - Affiliate

In March, August and September 2009, the Company loaned a total of \$450,000. to DynaResource Nevada, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, with one operating subsidiary in Mexico, DynaNevada de Mexico, SA. de CV. The terms of the Note Receivable provide for a "Convertible Loan", repayable at 5 % interest over a 3 year period, and convertible at the Company's option into Common Stock of DynaResource Nevada, Inc. at \$ .25 / Share. DynaResource Nevada, Inc. is a related entity, and through its subsidiary in Mexico, has entered into an Option agreement with Grupo Mexico (IMMSA) in Mexico, for the exploration and development of approximately 3,000 hectares in the State of San Luis Potosi.

#### Competition

DynaMexico retains 100 % of the rights to concessions over the area of the San Jose de Gracia property and currently sees no competition for mining on the lands covered by those concessions. If DynaMexico were to re-start production activities, the sale of gold and any bi-products would be subject to global market prices; which prices fluctuate daily, The Company was successful in selling gold concentrates produced from SJG in prior years; and the Company expects willing buyers for its produced products in the future. Actual prices received by DynaMexico would depend upon these global market prices, less processing charges and any deductions.

#### POTENTIAL RISKS

##### Funding from Goldgroup Resources Inc.:

Funding for the exploration activity at SJG is primarily due to the Capital contributions to DynaMexico from Goldgroup Resources Inc. There is no certainty that this funding will continue or that the Earn In / Option Agreement will be completed. Should the funding of Goldgroup cease, the Company would be required to fund further exploration work through its own capital reserves, or to obtain alternate financing sources. Any alternate funding sources could result in additional dilution to shareholders.

##### Potential Conflicts with Shareholder of DynaMexico (Non-Controlling Interest Holder):

While the Company believes it has negotiated and authorized proper agreements to provide for the financing and exploration of SJG, there exists potential for conflicts with Goldgroup Resources Inc. Goldgroup carries the majority of seats on the SJG Management Committee, which is charged with responsibility of approving the budgets and approving technical plans to the SJG Project. Concurrently, MinerasDyna has been named the exclusive operator of the SJG Project; and MinerasDyna is managed by officers of DynaResource. Also, DynaResource carries a majority of the seats on the Board of Directors of DynaMexico, and also carries 100 % of the Seats on the Boards of MinerasDyna and 100 % of the Seats of the Board of DynaOperaciones. Mr. K.D. Diepholz, chairman and CEO of DynaResource, Inc. and Mr. Charles E. Smith, CFO of DynaResource, Inc. are the President and Secretary respectively for DynaMexico, MinerasDyna, and DynaOperaciones. Inherent in the structure of Ownership and Operation of the SJG Project is the potential for conflicts that could materially affect operations.

#### Mineable Resource:

There is no certainty that the exploration activity at SJG would result in the definition of a mineable resource at SJG. While the company believes there is already in place an approximate 1 M. Oz. Au of mineable ore at SJG; there is no certainty that the Company's opinion will be proven correct. If a mineable resource is not confirmed at SJG, the Company's investment at SJG could be at risk.

#### Company Interpretations and Estimates

There can be no assurance that the company's interpretations or estimates will be proven correct, or that future results will be consistent with past results.

#### Feasibility Study

There can be no assurance that the company will be able to complete a successful feasibility at the SJG project. If the company is not successful in its plan to complete the feasibility, the company's investment at SJG could be at risk. Further, if the company is not able to complete a commercial feasibility study, it may not be successful in obtaining funding for production activities.

#### 50 % of the Interest In and Revenue from DynaResource de Mexico May be Owned by Goldgroup Resources Inc.:

Goldgroup has completed Phases I, II, and III of the Earn In / Option Agreement, and as a result has been transferred 25 % of the Shares and ownership of DynaResource de Mexico. Should Goldgroup complete Phase IV of the Earn In / Option Agreement (through the contribution and expenditure of an additional \$ 8,632,000 USD.); Goldgroup would receive an additional 25 % of the shares and ownership of DynaResource de Mexico (Total of 50 %). In such case DynaResource, Inc. and its shareholders will only retain 50 % of the shares and ownership of DynaResource de Mexico. Investors in the Company's shares should be aware that any benefits to be derived from the ownership of DynaResource de Mexico would be shared 50 % with Goldgroup.

#### Employees

The Company has four employees in its corporate office in Dallas, Texas, three of which are officers, and it employs approximately thirty persons through its subsidiaries in Mexico.

#### Governmental Regulation and Environmental Matters

Environmental laws that impact our operations include those relating to air quality, solid waste management and water quality. These laws are complex and subject to frequent change. They impose strict liability in some cases without regard to negligence or fault. Sanctions for noncompliance may include revocation of permits, corrective action orders, administrative or civil penalties and criminal prosecution. Some environmental laws provide for joint and several strict liabilities for remediation of spills and releases of hazardous substances. In addition, businesses may be subject to claims alleging personal injury or property damage as a result of alleged exposure to hazardous substances, as well as damage to natural resources. These laws also may expose us to liability for the conduct of or conditions caused by others, or for acts that complied with all applicable laws when performed. However, we have and continue to maintain excellent relations with the government authorities by compliance with the laws and communication with them concerning environmental matters.

RESULTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED September 30, 2009

REVENUE. Revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$41,074 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 was \$0. This income was produced by providing exploration work for a related entity. The company ceased its production activities in 2006 in order to focus its efforts on exploration and drilling activity, for the purpose of defining commercial ore resources. The funds for current exploration activity are contributed by Goldgroup Resources, Inc., pursuant to the Earn-In Agreement, as described in this 10-Q (See Earn In and Option Agreement / Material Agreements).

**COST OF EXPLORATION.** Exploration costs were \$248,890 and \$1,633,167 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively. The decrease in costs was due to the decrease in exploration activity while completing and analyzing the results Magnetic and IP survey studies, and while conducting structural and ore control analysis. Exploration costs were \$1,107,037 and \$3,761,004 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively.

**OPERATING EXPENSES.** Operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009, were \$386,387 compared to expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2008 of \$542,499. The above expenses include depreciation and amortization amounts of \$40,340 and \$36,598 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The decrease in operating expense is predominantly due to less support for our exploration activities which were also lower in this quarter. Operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$1,179,890 compared to expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 of \$1,072,595. The above expenses include depreciation and amortization amounts of \$121,019 and \$109,794 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

**OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE).** Other income for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$1,717 compared \$543 for the same period ended September 30, 2008. Other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$6,565 compared \$3,542 for the same period ended September 30, 2008.

**NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST.** The non-controlling interest portion of our net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$101,609 compared to \$347,103 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. The non-controlling interest portion of our net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$288,377 compared to \$666,913 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. This is due to the company's reporting a smaller loss than in 2008 and therefore a smaller portion allocated to our minority interest holder.

**COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS).** Comprehensive loss includes the company's net loss plus the currency translation gain (loss) for the period which was \$(674,976) for the three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to \$(2,065,657) for the same period ended September 30, 2008. Comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 includes the company's net loss plus the currency translation gain (loss) for the period which was \$(1,802,488) and \$(4,076,223) respectively.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES.** The Company has sufficient capital on hand to fund overhead operations for the next two years. Goldgroup is funding the exploration activities at SJG in accordance with the Earn-In Agreement. In December, 2008, Goldgroup advised the Company that they have funds on hand to complete their option under the Earn-In Agreement.

## PLAN OF OPERATION

### Future Capital Contributions and Expenditures

Pursuant to the terms of the Earn In / Option Agreement, Goldgroup is to contribute and expend a total of \$ 18 M. USD, to DynaMexico, on or before March 15, 2011. As of September 30, 2009, the balance in capital to be contributed by Goldgroup is \$9,070,094 USD. The company expects these funds to be contributed by Goldgroup over the next 21 months, and with subsequent exploration expenditures by DynaMexico at SJG. While this future contribution of Capital to DynaMexico would dilute the shares of DynaMexico; it will not dilute the shares of DynaResource, Inc.

### Drilling Programs

Drilling re-commenced at SJG in October 2009. A 20,000 Meter Drilling program has been planned considering the results of the magnetic and IP surveys, and in consideration of the recent analysis of the structure and ore controls at SJG. The Company expects continued drilling in order to expand resources at San Pablo, Tres Amigos, La Cecena, Palos Chinos, La Union, La Purisima, and La Prieta. And, the company expects extensions to mineralization in all directions and down dip from the main target areas.

Mineable "Resource" at San Jose de Gracia

The Company believes that DynaMexico has outlined significant mineable Gold deposits from drilling activity; at San Pablo, Tres Amigos, Palos Chinos, La Union, and La Purisima areas of SJG. Further drilling is expected to outline additional mineable ore at these target areas, while mineable ore deposits are also expected to be defined at La Prieta and the area Northeast of Tres Amigos. Other areas at SJG indicate clear potential to develop ore deposits as well.

#### Technical Report of Resources

In 2009-10, the Company expects DynaMexico to commission a 43-101 compliant report of the ore “resources” defined by drilling at SJG. The Company expects this 43-101 technical report to confirm its internal work with the Block model in Surpac at SJG, and also to confirm consistency with the company’s interpretation and estimates. However, additional drilling and in-fill drill holes may be necessary in order to confirm consistency of grade and width between drill holes as of September 30, 2009.

#### Future Feasibility Study

Considering the results of the recent production operation, and the results of the drilling activity to date; and considering the Block model in Surpac being developed; and considering the Company’s manual estimate of resource at SJG; the Company recognizes the potential for a + 100,000 Oz. gold per year production operation at SJG in the future. At the completion of the Earn In Agreement (defined by agreement at March 2011), and at the completion of the drilling programs funded pursuant to the Terms of the Earn In Agreement, the Company expects DynaMexico to complete a Feasibility Study to confirm and define the full scale production plans at SJG.

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

##### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The company carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of September 30, 2009. This evaluation was accomplished under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer / principal executive officer, and chief financial officer / principal financial officer who concluded that the company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that all material information required to be filed in the quarterly report on Form 10-Q has been made known to them.

For purposes of this section, the term disclosure controls and procedures means controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Act (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure, controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act") is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon an evaluation conducted for the period ended September 30, 2009, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer as of September 30, 2009, and as of the date of this Report, have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, we have identified no material weakness in our internal controls.

Corporate expenses are paid by officers of the Company. However, the current number of transactions incurred by the Company does not justify additional accounting staff to be retained.

##### Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate due to change in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal



Control—Integrated Framework at September 30, 2009. Based on its evaluation, our management concluded that, as of September 30, 2009, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

This quarterly report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to the attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this quarterly report.

#### Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

The Company has not made any changes in its internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item No. 1, - Not Applicable.

Item 2. None

Items No. 3, 4, 5 - Not Applicable.

Item No. 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) None

(b) Exhibits

Exhibit Number; Name of Exhibit

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as enacted by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as enacted by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 United States Code Section 1350, as enacted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DynaResource, Inc.

By /s/ K.W. ("K.D.") Diepholz

K.W. ("K.D.") Diepholz, Chairman / CEO

Date: November 11, 2009

