CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD. Form 10-Q

August 15, 2011 UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number 000-04494

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

30-0411233 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Wenyang Town, Feicheng City, ShanDong, China (Address of principal executive offices)

271603 (Zip Code)

(86) 538 3850 703 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller repe

Smaller reporting company x

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of August 12, 2011, there were outstanding 26,000,000 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

China Ruitai International Holdings Co., Ltd.

FORM 10-Q

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The statements contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including under the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and other sections of this quarterly report, include forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including, without limitation, statements regarding our or our management's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future. The words "believe," "may," "will," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "expect," "plan" and similar expressions may identify forward statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. The forward-looking statements contained in this quarterly report are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control) or other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws. Unless the content otherwise requires, all references to "we," "us," the "Company" or "China Ruitai" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refers to China Ruitai International Holdings Co., Ltd.

ITEM 1.

Financial Statements

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | De | cember 31, 2010 |
|---|---------------------------|----|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$17,994,188 | \$ | 25,286,619 |
| Restricted cash | 24,075,507 | | 10,254,394 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 10,267,874 | | 4,896,665 |
| Notes receivable | 5,953,862 | | 2,736,496 |
| Advances to suppliers, net | 2,104,015 | | 1,171,477 |
| Inventories | 11,454,083 | | 9,468,211 |
| Other receivables, net | 913,352 | | 1,023,337 |
| Total current assets | 72,762,881 | | 54,837,199 |
| Property and equipment, net | 13,849,174 | | 14,014,923 |
| Commercial leasing assets, net | 37,481,694 | | 37,079,584 |
| Advance payment for equipment purchase, net | 418,842 | | - |
| Land use rights, net | 5,104,824 | | 5,045,883 |
| | | | |
| | \$129,617,415 | \$ | 110,977,589 |
| | | | |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Short-term bank loans | \$40,219,712 | \$ | 42,339,454 |
| Accounts payable | 7,237,536 | | 7,691,017 |
| Notes payable | 11,759,245 | | 15,124,474 |
| Notes payable- related party | 24,292,124 | | 3,024,895 |
| Advances from customers | 1,120,457 | | 687,408 |
| Due to related party | 567,327 | | 2,526,474 |
| Income tax payable | 5,274,379 | | 4,336,457 |
| Other payables | 4,707,541 | | 3,872,549 |
| Loan from employees | 1,698,447 | | 1,470,138 |
| Total current liabilities | 96,876,768 | | 81,072,866 |
| | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 96,876,768 | | 81,072,866 |
| | | | |
| Commitments and contingencies | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | | |
| Common stock (\$.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized authorized | | | |
| shares issued and outstanding 26,000,000 as of June 30, | | | |
| 2011 and December 31, 2010) | 26,000 | | 26,000 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 2,908,171 | | 2,908,171 |
| Statutory reserve | 1,369,652 | | 1,369,652 |
| Retained earnings | 25,149,149 | | 23,043,387 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 2,965,604 | | 2,264,049 |
| Total China Ruitai Shareholders' Equity | 32,418,576 | | 29,611,259 |

| Non-controlling interest | 322,071 | 293,464 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Total Equity | 32,740,647 | 29,904,723 |
| | | |
| TOTAL LIABILIIES AND EQUITY | \$129,617,415 \$ | 110,977,589 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

| (0 | naudited) | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| | | ended June 30, | Six months ended June 30 | | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 | |
| | | | | | |
| Sales | \$11,722,184 | \$11,171,175 | \$21,309,001 | \$21,409,431 | |
| Cost of sales (See note below) | 8,001,818 | 8,222,567 | 14,785,951 | 15,152,439 | |
| Gross margin | 3,720,366 | 2,948,608 | 6,523,050 | 6,256,992 | |
| • | | | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 660,283 | 215,858 | 1,381,778 | 500,110 | |
| Selling expenses | 604,849 | 530,310 | 1,133,378 | 889,385 | |
| Total operating expense | 1,265,132 | 746,168 | 2,515,156 | 1,389,495 | |
| | | · | | | |
| Income from operations | 2,455,234 | 2,202,440 | 4,007,894 | 4,867,497 | |
| · | , , - | , , , , | , , | , , | |
| Other income/(expense) | | | | | |
| Interest income | 90,940 | 175,432 | 178,381 | 566,612 | |
| Interest expense | (796,829) | · | | (1,129,097) | |
| Commercial leasing income | 373,832 | 311,774 | 742,615 | 614,957 | |
| Cost of commercial leasing | (224,771) | , | | (428,130) | |
| Other income/(expense) | 17,159 | (16,608) | 10,993 | 21,687 | |
| Total other income/(expense), net | (539,669) | | (1,051,026) | (353,971) | |
| Total other meome/(expense), net | (33),00) | (2)1,133 | (1,051,020) | (333,771) | |
| Income before income tax expense | 1,915,565 | 1,908,305 | 2,956,868 | 4,513,526 | |
| meome before meome tax expense | 1,713,303 | 1,700,505 | 2,730,000 | 4,515,520 | |
| Income tax expense | 531,859 | 477,076 | 829,835 | 1,123,378 | |
| meonic tax expense | 331,037 | 477,070 | 027,033 | 1,123,376 | |
| Net income before allocation to noncontrolling interests | 1,383,706 | 1,431,229 | 2,127,033 | 3,390,148 | |
| Net income before anocation to noncontrolling interests | 1,363,700 | 1,431,229 | 2,127,033 | 3,390,140 | |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 13,837 | 14,312 | 21,271 | 33,701 | |
| | | 1,416,917 | | 3,356,447 | |
| Net income attributable to China Ruitai | 1,369,869 | 1,410,917 | 2,105,762 | 3,330,447 | |
| Communicative income | | | | | |
| Comprehensive income | 1 202 706 | 1 421 220 | 2 127 022 | 2 200 149 | |
| Net Income before allocation to non-controlling interest | | 1,431,229 | 2,127,033 | 3,390,148 | |
| Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | 517,029 | 103,929 | 708,891 | 170,956 | |
| C | ¢ 1 000 725 | ф 1 <i>525</i> 1 <i>5</i> 0 | ¢2.925.024 | ¢2.5(1.104 | |
| Comprehensive Income | \$ 1,900,735 | \$ 1,535,158 | \$2,835,924 | \$3,561,104 | |
| T C 1 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : | | | | | |
| Less: Comprehensive income attributable to | 10.141 | 16042 | 20.607 | 25.421 | |
| noncontrolling interests | 19,141 | 16,042 | 28,607 | 35,431 | |
| | * * * * * * * * * * | * 1 * 10 11 6 | *** | | |
| Comprehensive Income Attributable to China Ruitai | \$1,881,594 | \$1,519,116 | \$2,807,317 | \$3,525,673 | |
| | | Φ Q Q Z | Φ0.00 | Φ0.10 | |
| Earnings per share - Basic and diluted | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.05 | \$0.08 | \$0.13 | |
| Weighted average number of common shares | • | | | • | |
| outstanding-Basic and diluted | 26,000,000 | 26,000,000 | 26,000,000 | 26,000,000 | |

(Note: The cost of sales includes hot steam purchased from a related party, but the precise amount could not reasonably be determined, see note 12)

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

| | Six months en 2011 | nded June 30, 2010 |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income before allocation to non-controlling interests | \$2,127,033 | \$3,390,148 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income before non-controlling interests to net cash used | | |
| in operation activities | | |
| Depreciation | 1,238,777 | 1,170,810 |
| Amortization of land use rights | 56,631 | 54,244 |
| Bad debt provision | 226,802 | (382,323) |
| Loss on disposal of equipment | 3,505 | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Restricted cash | (13,442,342) | (2,346,400) |
| Accounts receivable | (5,284,903) | (3,632,516) |
| Notes receivable | (3,121,232) | 2,615,532 |
| Advances to suppliers | (1,164,805) | (29,570) |
| Inventories | (1,749,315) | 732,041 |
| Other receivables | 104,117 | (3,208,529) |
| Accounts payable | (623,931) | 1,492,701 |
| Notes payable | (3,674,444) | (1,613,150) |
| Other payables | 737,999 | 269,815 |
| Advances from customers | 412,840 | 727,868 |
| Income taxes payable | 829,280 | 227,259 |
| | | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (23,323,988) | (532,070) |
| | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Advanced payment to purchase equipment | (262,808) | - |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (312,147) | (1,369,347) |
| | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (574,955) | (1,369,347) |
| | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from bank loans | 15,760,304 | 22,428,651 |
| Repayment of bank loans | (18,822,341) | (17,002,601) |
| Proceeds from loan from a related party | 20,974,953 | - |
| Repayment of loan from a related party | (1,996,128) | (1,630,614) |
| Repayment of loan from employee | 192,418 | 20,517 |
| | | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 16,109,206 | 3,815,953 |
| | | |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents | 497,306 | 80,053 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (7,292,431) | 1,994,589 |
| • | • | |
| Cash and cash equivalents- beginning of period | 25,286,619 | 10,174,528 |
| | | |

| Cash and cash equivalents-end of period | \$17,994,188 | \$12,169,117 | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information: | | | | | |
| Cash paid for interest expense | \$1,536,782 | \$1,129,181 | | | |
| Cash paid for income tax | \$- | \$896,164 | | | |
| See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. ORGANIZATION AND DISCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

China Ruitai International Holdings Co., Ltd. ("China Ruitai" or the "Company") was initially organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on November 15, 1955 as Inland Mineral Resources Corp. The Company subsequently changed its name to Parker-Levitt Corporation, and in 1997 changed its name to Commercial Property Corporation. In 2006, the Company changed its name to Shandong Ruitai Chemical Co., Ltd. On March 12, 2007, the Company changed its name to China Ruitai International Holdings Co., Ltd. Since February 26, 2007, the Company's fiscal year end is December 31.

On August 29, 2007, the Company entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with Pacific Capital Group Co., Ltd., ("Pacific Capital Group"), a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Vanuatu, and the Shareholders of Pacific Capital Group (the "Shareholders"). Pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement, the Shareholders agreed to transfer all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock in Pacific Capital Group to the Company in exchange for the issuance of an aggregate of 22,645,348 shares of the Company's common stock, thereby causing Pacific Capital Group to become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and TaiAn RuiTai Cellulose Co., Ltd. ("TaiAn Ruitai"), Pacific Capital Group's majority-owned operating subsidiary, a Chinese limited liability company, to become a majority owned subsidiary of the Company. The parties closed the share exchange contemplated by the Share Exchange Agreement on November 8, 2007.

Pacific Capital Group was incorporated on November 23, 2006 under the laws of the Republic of Vanuatu as a holding company, for the purposes of seeking and consummating a merger or acquisition with a business entity. On April 26, 2007, following the approval by the relevant governmental authorities in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Pacific Capital Group acquired a 99% ownership interest in TaiAn Ruitai, which was formed in the PRC on November 10, 1999 with registered capital of \$2,391,840. As a result of the transaction, TaiAn Ruitai became a 99% majority-owned subsidiary of Pacific Capital Group.

TaiAn Ruitai is the only one of these affiliated companies that is engaged in business operations. China RuiTai and Pacific Capital Group are holding companies, whose business is to hold an equity ownership interest in TaiAn Ruitai. TaiAn Ruitai is engaged in the production, sales, and exportation of deeply processed chemicals, with a primary focus on non-ionic cellulose ether products. TaiAn Ruitai's assets exist solely in the PRC, and its revenues are derived from its operations therein.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

In addition, the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had significant negative working capital, which raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company obtaining necessary financing or achieving a consistently profitable level of

operations. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, it could be forced to cease operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan is to obtain such resources for the Company by obtaining capital from management and significant shareholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses and seeking equity and/or debt financing. However management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2011, and for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X applicable to smaller reporting companies. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods have been made, and all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature (or a description of the nature and amount of any adjustments other than normal recurring adjustments). The unaudited consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2010 that are included in the Company's 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Principle of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include China Ruitai, Pacific Capital Group and TaiAn RuiTai. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Non-controlling interest represents the ownership interests in the subsidiary that are held by owners other than the parent. In December 2007, the Financial Account Standards Board ("FASB") issued "Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements — an amendment of ARB No. 51", ASC Topic 810-10. ASC 810-10 requires that the non-controlling interest is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the parent's equity and that net income or loss and comprehensive income or loss are attributed to the parent and the non-controlling interest. If losses attributable to the parent and the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary exceed their interests in the subsidiary's equity, the excess, and any further losses attributable to the parent and the non-controlling interest, is attributed to those interests.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. Management evaluates the estimates on an ongoing basis, including those related to accounts receivable and useful lives of property and equipment, fair values of warrant to purchase our common stock, and income taxes. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts earned and are collectible from customers. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount the Company expects to collect. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make the required payments and uses the specific identification method to record such allowances. Management of the Company considers the following factors when determining the collectability of accounts receivable: a customer's credit-worthiness, past collection history, and changes in a

customer's payment terms. Allowance for doubtful accounts is made based on any specifically identified accounts receivable that may become uncollectible.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Actual cost is used to value raw materials and supplies. Finished goods and work-in-progress are valued using the weighted-average-cost method. Elements of costs in finished goods and work-in-progress include raw materials, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead. Provision for diminution in value on inventories is made using specific identification method.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the earnings process is complete. This generally occurs when products are shipped to unaffiliated customers or picked up by unaffiliated customers in the Company's warehouse, title and risk of loss have been transferred, collectability is reasonably assured and pricing is fixed or determinable. The corresponding freight-out and handling costs are included in the selling expenses.

The Company does not provide an unconditional right of return, price protection or any other concessions to its customers. Sales returns and other allowances have been immaterial in our operation.

Commercial leasing income is recognized ratably over the period of the commercial leasing asset rent contract. The commercial leasing asset is Taishan Building, which is located in Beijing and is entirely rented to Beijing Shengmei Hotel Management Company.

Impairment of long-lived assets

In accordance with Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets Subsections of ASC Subtopic 360-10, Property, Plant, and Equipment - Overall, long-lived assets, such as property, plant and equipment, and purchased intangible asset subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If circumstances require a long-lived asset or asset group be tested for possible impairment, the Company first compares undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by that asset or asset group to its carrying value. If the carrying value of the long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, impairment is recognized to the extent that the carrying value exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques including discounted cash flow models, quoted market values and third-party independent appraisals, as considered necessary. No impairment of long-lived assets was recognized for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, "Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs", which is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, "Presentation of Comprehensive Income". Under the amendments in this ASU, an entity has two options for presenting its total comprehensive income: to present total comprehensive income and its components along with the components of net income in a single continuous statement, or in two separate but consecutive statements. The amendments in this ASU are required to be applied retrospectively and are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. The Company intends to conform to the new presentation required in this ASU beginning with its Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2012. This pronouncement is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable are recognized and carried at original sales amounts less an allowance for uncollectible accounts, as needed. Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | De | cember 31, 2010 | 0 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|----|-----------------|---|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 11,843,544 | \$ | 6,356,204 | |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (1,575,670) | | (1,459,539 |) |
| | \$ 10,267,874 | \$ | 4,896,665 | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was:

| | December 31, | | | Write- | June 30, |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------|--------|----------------|
| | 2010 | Provision Reverse | | off | 2011 |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ (1,459,539) | \$ (280,192) | \$ 164,061 | \$ - | \$ (1,575,670) |
| accounts | | | | | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was:

| | December 31, | | | Write- | June 30, |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|--------|----------------|
| | 2009 | Provision | Provision Reverse | | 2010 |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ (1,606,569) | \$ (231,601) | \$ 136,547 | \$ - | \$ (1,701,623) |
| accounts | | | | | |

4. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivables of \$5,953,862 as of June 30, 2011 and \$2,736,496 as of December 31, 2010 represent bank acceptance notes the Company received from customers for sales of products. The notes have a maturity duration of 3 to 6 months, and are accepted by banks.

5. OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET

Other receivables mainly represent advances to salesmen and outside supplier agents for business and are recognized and carried at original amounts less an allowance for uncollectible accounts, as needed. Other receivables as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2010 | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Other receivables | \$ 2,050,209 | \$ | 2,106,923 | |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (1,136,857) | | (1,083,586 |) |
| | \$ 913,352 | \$ | 1,023,337 | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was:

| | December 31, | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------|----------------|--|
| | 2010 | Provision Reve | | off | June 30, 2011 | |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ (1,083,586) | \$ (122,284) | \$ 69,013 | \$ - | \$ (1,136,857) | |
| accounts | | | | | | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was:

| | De | ecember 31, | | | | | V | Vrite- | | | June 30, |
|------------------------|------|-------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----|--------|---|------|-------------|
| | 2009 | | Provision | | Reverse | | off | | | 2010 | |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ | (1,164,413) | \$ | (82,878) | \$ | 192,829 | \$ | | - | \$ | (1,054,462) |
| accounts | | | | | | | | | | | |

6. ADVANCES PAYMENT, NET

Advances payment are recognized and carried at original amounts less an allowance for uncollectible accounts, as needed. Advances payment as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were:

| (] | l) |) S | hort term |
|----|----|-----|-----------|
|----|----|-----|-----------|

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | Dec | ember 31, 201 | 10 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|---------------|----|
| Advances payment to suppliers | \$ 6,057,165 | \$ | 4,770,170 | |
| Y A11 C 1 1 C 1 | (2.052.150.) | | (2.500,602 | |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (3,953,150) | | (3,598,693 |) |
| | \$ 2,104,015 | \$ | 1,171,477 | |
| | Ψ 2,104,013 | Ψ | 1,1/1,7// | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was:

| | December 31 | , | | Write- | |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|--------|----------------|
| | 2010 | Provision | Reverse | off | June 30, 2011 |
| Allowance for doubtful | | | | | |
| accounts | \$ (3,598,692 | 3) \$ (496,093) | \$ 141,636 | \$ - | \$ (3,953,150) |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was:

| | December 31 | •• | Write- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|------|----------------|--|--|
| | 2009 | Provision | Reverse | off | June 30, 2010 | | |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ (3,579,94 | 9) \$ (107,865) | \$ 257,406 | \$ - | \$ (3,430,408) | | |
| accounts | | | | | | | |

(2) Long term

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | Dec | ember 31, 201 | 10 |
|---|------------------------------|-----|---------------|----|
| Advances payment for equipment purchase | \$ 1,369,493 | \$ | 1,079,052 | |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts | (950,651) | | (1,079,052 |) |
| | \$ 418,842 | \$ | - | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was:

| | December 31, | | | Write- | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------|----|-----|---|-----|------------|
| | | 2010 | Provision | n | Reverse | | off | | Jun | e 30, 2011 |
| Allowance for doubtful | \$ | (1,079,052) | \$ | - \$ | 128,401 | \$ | | - | \$ | (950,651) |
| accounts | | | | | | | | | | |

Allowance for doubtful accounts movement for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was:

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| | December 31, | | | Write- | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|--------|----------------|
| | 2009 | Provision | Reverse | off | June 30, 2010 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | \$ (1,165,915) | \$ - | \$ 149,989 | \$ - | \$ (1,015,926) |
| | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | |

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2010 |
|------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Raw materials | \$ 3,408,225 | \$ 3,791,070 |
| Work in progress | 2,126,437 | 977,302 |
| Finished goods | 5,919,421 | 4,699,839 |
| | | |
| | \$ 11,454,083 | \$ 9,468,211 |

8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

| | June 30, 2011 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2010 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Buildings | \$ 9,373,473 | 9,109,630 |
| Machinery and equipment | 11,959,252 | 11,565,294 |
| Office equipment and furniture | 97,301 | 85,364 |
| Motor vehicles | 602,239 | 557,167 |
| | 22,032,265 | 21,317,455 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (8,259,037) | (7,305,224) |
| | 13,773,228 | 14,012,231 |
| Construction in progress | 75,946 | 2,692 |
| | \$ 13,849,174 | 14,014,923 |

The depreciation expenses were \$401,051 and \$392,062 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively; and \$792,544 and \$742,680 the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 respectively.

9. LAND USE RIGHTS, NET

Land use rights as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consist of the following:

| | June 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | (Unaudited) | |
| Land use right | \$ 5,723,182 | \$ 5,594,381 |
| Less: Accumulated amortization | (618,358) | (548,498) |
| | | |
| | \$ 5,104,824 | \$ 5,045,883 |

Amortization expenses were \$28,564 and \$27,122 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively; and \$56,631 and \$54,244 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

COMMERCIAL LEASING ASSETS, NET

10.

On December 31, 2009, Shandong Ruitai Chemicals Co., Ltd.("Shandong Ruitai") (a related party) and TaiAn Ruitai entered into a Set-Off Agreement to settle the outstanding balance Shandong Ruitai owed to TaiAn Ruitai. Pursuant to the terms of the Set-Off Agreement, TaiAn Ruitai agreed to permit Shandong Ruitai to repay a total of \$31,745,649 by transferring 100% of Shandong Ruitai's ownership interest in real estate property located in Beijing, China, commonly known as Taishan Building, or Building No. 36, Xibahe Dongli, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China ("Taishan Building" or the "Property"). In conjunction with the Set-Off Agreement, the parties engaged an appraisal firm certified by the local government to perform an independent appraisal of the Property. The firm appraised the fair market value of the Property as of December 31, 2009 to be \$36,710,934.

Taishan Building is a residential building with 47 apartments and is entirely rented to Beijing Shengmei Hotel Management Company, operated as a budget hotel, for a period ending March 31, 2028. The Company treats Taishan Building as commercial leasing assets and provides depreciation over 43 years.

Commercial lease assets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

| | June 30, 2011 | December 31, 2010 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | (Unaudited) | |
| Buildings | \$ 38,836,454 | \$ 37,940,688 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (1,354,760) | (861,104) |
| | | |
| | \$ 37,481,694 | \$ 37,079,584 |

The depreciation expenses were \$224,770 and \$214,123 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively; and \$446,233 and \$428,130 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

11. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

Short-term bank loans at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consist of the following:

| | June 30, 2011 (unaudited) | December 31, 2010 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Matured on January 19, 2011 | \$ - | \$ 1,155,510 |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Matured on January 19, 2011. | - | 1,255,331 |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Matured on January 18, 2011. | - | 1,512,447 |
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Matured on May 28, 2011. | _ | 1,058,713 |

| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Matured on May 1, 2011. | - | 1,361,203 |
|---|---|-----------|
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Matured on April 14, 2011. | - | 1,512,447 |
| 11 | | |

| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Matured on March 9, 2011. | - | 2,268,671 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 6.67%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Matured on June 18, 2011. | - | 1,512,447 |
| Loan from Weihai Commercial Bank with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Shandong Run Yin Biological Co., Ltd., Matured on June 8, 2011. | - | 3,024,896 |
| Loan from Agricultural Bank of China Wenyang Branch with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Feicheng Golden Dragon Co., Ltd., Matured on May 16, 2011. | - | 3,024,895 |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Shandong Acid Chemicals Co., Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Maturied on May 17, 2011. | - | 907,468 |
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. maturing on October 14, 2011. | 1,547,269 | 1,512,447 |
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 5.31%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. maturing on September 18, 2011. | 2,011,450 | 1,966,182 |
| Loan from Agricultural Bank of China Wenyang Branch with interest rate of 6.67%, guaranteed by Feicheng Golden Dragon Co., Ltd., Maturing on October 19, 2011. | 1,547,269 | 1,512,448 |
| Loan from Agricultural Bank of China Wenyang Branch with interest rate of 0%, guaranteed by Feicheng Golden Dragon Co., Ltd., Maturing on December 28, 2011. | 618,908 | 604,979 |
| Loan from Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Jinan Branch with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd., Maturing on September 2, 2011. | 6,189,076 | 6,049,790 |
| Loan from Citic Bank Qingdao Branch with interest rate of 6.67%, guaranteed by Mr. Lu Xingfu., Maturing on September 28, 2011. | 3,094,538 | 3,024,896 |
| 12 | | |

| Loan from Shenzhen Development Bank Jinan Branch with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Shangdong Ruitai Cellulose Co., Ltd., Maturing on November 26,2011. | 4,641,807 | 4,537,342 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Loan from Qingdao Bank Jinan Branch with interest rate of 6.67%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd., Maturing on August 27, 2011. | 4,641,807 | 4,537,342 |
| Loan from China Communication Bank Tai'an Branch with interest rate of 6.44%, guaranteed by Shandong Acid Chemicals Co., Ltd. Maturing on November 18, 2011. | 1,547,269 | |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Maturing on January 21, 2012. | 1,182,114 | |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Maturing on January 21, 2012. | 1,284,233 | - |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 7.27%, guaranteed by Shandong Juyuan Mining Group Co. Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Maturing on January 29, 2012. | 1,547,269 | |
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Feicheng Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Maturing on February 15, 2012. | 4,951,261 | |
| Loan from Bank of China Taian Branch with interest rate of 6.06%, guaranteed by Shangdong Acid Chemicals Co. Ltd. Maturing on February 16, 2012. | 1,392,543 | - |
| Loan from Feicheng Rural Credit Union with interest rate of 6.31%, guaranteed by Shandong Acid Chemicals Co., Ltd. & Mr. Lu Xingfu. Maturing on May 16, 2012. | 928,361 | - |
| Loan from Agricultural Bank of China Wenyang Branch with interest rate of 7.57%, guaranteed by Shandong Acid Chemicals Co., Ltd., Maturing on May 19, 2012. | 3,094,538 | |
| | \$40,219,712 | \$42,339,454 |

The interest expenses for the bank loans were \$679,589 and \$461,635 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and\$1,306,755 and \$849,138 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The weighted average interest rates for bank loans were 6.33% and 5.61% at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Company paid off all matured short-term bank loans before the date the financial statements have been issued.

12. RELATED PARTY BALANCE TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Purchase

The Company purchases hot steam from Shandong Ruitai, which is owned by Mr. Xingfu Lu, the President, and Mr. Dian Min Ma, the CEO of the Company. The Company purchased hot steam from Shandong Ruitai aggregating \$709,092 and \$1,018,258 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and \$1,444,576 and \$2,177,233 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The cost of sales includes steam purchased from a related party but the precise amount could not reasonably be determined.

Land use right transaction

On October 25, 2006, the Company purchased the use right of a piece of land, approximately 36 acres, located in Wenyang County, Shandong Province, from Shandong Ruitai, for the original cost of \$3,920,264. The local government approved the transaction and certified that the purchase price is at the fair market value. The consideration has been paid to the seller, and the title transfer is ongoing. Management believes the transaction is on terms no less favorable to the Company than those reasonably obtainable from third parties. The Company's headquarters building and a production facility are located on this piece of land.

Due to related party

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had balance due to Shandong Ruitai of \$567,327 and \$2,526,474, respectively. The balance included the payable to purchase hot steam and the non-interest bearing loans for the purpose of financing the Company's operations due to a lack of working capital.

Notes payable to related party

As of June 30, 2011, the balance of notes payable to Shandong Ruitai is \$24,292,124. The loans were non-interest bearing for the purpose of financing the Company's operations due to a lack of working capital, and have no fixed terms of repayment.

13. NOTES PAYABLE

The Company issues notes to certain suppliers which are guaranteed by the Company's banks in lieu of payment of accounts payable. Terms of these notes payable vary depending on the negotiations with individual suppliers. Typical terms are six months. On the maturity dates, the note holders present these notes to the banks to draw cash based on the notes amounts. The Company is subject to a bank fee of 0.05% on the outstanding notes.

The Company is required to make a restricted security deposit between 50% and 100% of the face amount of the notes in the banks until the notes are settled. Restricted cash for this purpose amounted to \$24,075,507 and \$10,254,394 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

14. OTHER PAYABLES

Other payables as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

June 30, 2011 December 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

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| Other taxes payable | \$ 2,465,145 | \$ 1,458,147 |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Payroll | 157,062 | 149,210 |
| Employee security deposit | 25,584 | 28,638 |
| Loan from third party | 554,430 | 540,473 |
| Sales commission payable | 1,269,776 | 1,260,692 |
| Accrued expenses | 109,356 | 317,037 |
| Others | 126,188 | 118,352 |
| | | |
| | \$ 4,707,541 | \$ 3,872,549 |

Other taxes payable include VAT payable, real estate tax payable, individual income tax payable and other tax payables. Loans from third parties were non-interest bearing loans for the purpose of working capital, payable upon Company's discretion.

15. LOAN FROM EMPLOYEES

Loan from employees represents loans from employees to finance the Company's operations due to a lack of working capital. The Company paid 0.6% interest on these loans monthly for the period July 1, 2007 through March 31, 2009. Beginning from April 1, 2009, the Company pays 0.5% interest on these loans monthly. Cash flows from these activities are classified as cash flows from financing activities. Loan from employees was \$1,698,447 as of June 30, 2011 and \$1,470,138 as of December 31, 2010. The Company paid interest of \$23,842 and \$20,503 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$46,773 and \$42,555 for six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

16. INCOME TAXES

The tax payables balance of \$5,274,379 and \$4,336,457 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 represents the income tax accrual of TaiAn Ruitai. TaiAn Ruitai is subject to PRC income tax at a rate of 25%.

Income tax expenses were \$531,859 and \$477,076 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which represents PRC current income taxes. Income tax expenses were \$829,835 and \$1,123,378 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which represents PRC current income taxes.

The Company has not recorded tax provision for U.S. and Vanuatu tax purposes as they have no assessable profits arising in or derived from the United States or Vanuatu and intends to permanently reinvest accumulated earnings in the PRC operations.

The Company has a deferred tax asset on net operating losses of \$184,280 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends on the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those net operating losses are available. The Company considers projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making its assessment. At present, the Company does not have sufficient operations in the United States to conclude that it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will be able to realize all of its tax benefits in the near future and therefore a valuation allowance of \$184,280 was established for the full value of the deferred tax asset.

A valuation allowance will be maintained until sufficient positive evidence exists to support the reversal of any portion or all of the valuation allowance. Should the Company start operations in the United States in future periods with a supportable trend, the valuation allowance will be reversed accordingly.

17. STATUTORY RESERVES

Under PRC law, TaiAn Ruitai is required to provide for certain statutory reserves, namely a general reserve, an enterprise expansion fund and a staff welfare and bonus fund. The entity is required to allocate at least 10% of its after tax profits on an individual company basis as determined under PRC GAAP to the general reserve and have the right to discontinue allocations to the general reserve if such reserve has reached 50% of registered capital. Appropriations to the enterprise expansion fund and staff welfare and bonus fund are at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the entity. These reserves can only be used for specific purposes and are not transferable to the Company in the form of loans, advances, or cash dividends.

Both of the balances of statutory reserves as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were \$1,369,652, and for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company did not make appropriation in its statutory reserves since such reserve had reached 50% of registered capital.

18. CONCENTRATIONS AND CREDIT RISKS

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company had a credit risk exposure of cash in banks of \$17,994,188 and \$25,286,619, respectively, that is uninsured by the government authority. To limit exposure to credit risk relating to deposits, the Company primarily places cash deposits only with large financial institutions in the PRC with acceptable credit ratings.

The Company's operations are carried out in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environment in the PRC as well as by the general state of the PRC's economy. The business may be influenced by, among other things, changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation.

Major Customers

During the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company's largest customer accounted 15% and 16%, respectively, of the Company's net revenue. The outstanding account receivable balance for this customer was \$480,749 as of June 30, 2011. No single customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's net revenue for the three months and six months ended June, 30, 2010.

Major Suppliers

During the three months ended June 30, 2011, three major suppliers accounted for 37% of the Company's total purchases. The account payable balances for the three largest suppliers were \$1,338,194 as of June 30, 2011. During the three months ended June 30, 2010, two major suppliers accounted for 23% of the Company's total purchases. The account payable balances for the two largest suppliers were \$27, 932 as of June 30, 2010. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, one major supplier accounted for 13% of the Company's total purchases. The account payable balances for the one largest supplier was \$853,337 as of June 30, 2011. During the six months ended June 30, 2010, two major suppliers accounted for 20% of the Company's total purchases. The account payable balances for the two largest suppliers were \$165,181 as of June 30, 2011.

19. WARRANT

During March 2008, the Company engaged a consultant to conduct a program of investor relations activities, for an initial period of twelve months ended February 28, 2009, and continuing on a month-to-month basis thereafter upon mutual consent. The terms of the agreement are for the consultant to receive a cash payment per month plus a warrant to purchase 150,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock at an exercise price of \$3.05 per share. The warrant has a term of four (4) years and is vested 50% on March 1, 2008 and 50% on September 30, 2008. Management valued the warrant at \$1.16 per share using the Black-Scholes pricing model with assumptions summarized below, for a total of \$174,000, which is being amortized over the prospective beneficial period.

| Grant Date | | | Risk Free | | | |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---|-----------------|-------|
| Stock Price | Exercise Price | Warrant Life | Interest Rate | | Expected Volati | ility |
| \$ 2.90 | \$ 3.05 | 4 years | 2.00 | % | 51 | % |

As all the warrants were vested in 2008, there was no warrant cost charged during the periods presented. There were no warrants exercised as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

On May 19, 2008, the Company engaged a consultant as its exclusive investment banker and agent for a one-year period ended May 19, 2009, and subject to cancellation by thirty (30) days written notice by certified mail. As part of compensation to the consultant, the Company issued the consultant a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share. The warrant has a term of five (5) years and was issued on May 19, 2008. Management valued the warrant at \$1.84 per share using the Black-Scholes pricing model with assumptions summarized below, for a total of \$368,000, which will be amortized over the prospective beneficial period.

| Grant Date | | | Risk Free | | | |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---|------------------|-----|
| Stock Price | Exercise Price | Warrant Life | Interest Rate | | Expected Volatil | ity |
| \$ 4.00 | \$ 4.00 | 5 years | 2.00 | % | 51 | % |

As all the warrants were vested in 2009, there was no warrant cost charged during the periods presented. There were no warrants exercised as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

The warrant agreements contained cash settlement and down round protection clauses. Accordingly, the warrants should be accounted for as liability from its issuance date at its fair value with changes in value included in earnings each reporting period. The Company treated it as equity due to an immaterial difference.

20. EARNINGS PER SHARE

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
| | | (unaudited) | | (unaudited) |
| Numerator used in basic net income per share: | | | | |
| Net income attributable to China Ruitai Shares | 9 | 1,369,869 | | \$ 1,416,917 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | | 26,000,000 | | 26,000,000 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding used in computing dilute | d | | | |
| earnings per ordinary share | | 26,000,000 | | 26,000,000 |
| | | | | |
| Earnings per common share-basic and diluted | 9 | 0.05 | | \$ 0.05 |
| | | | | |
| | | Six Months End | led J | ane 30, |
| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
| | (unaudited) | | (unaudited) | |
| Numerator used in basic net income per share: | | | | |
| Net income attributable to China Ruitai Shares | \$ | 2,105,762 | \$ | 3,356,447 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | | 26,000,000 | | 26,000,000 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding used in computing | | | | |
| diluted earnings per ordinary share | | 26,000,000 | | 26,000,000 |
| | | | | |
| Earnings per common share-basic and diluted | \$ | 0.08 | \$ | 0.13 |

As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company had 350,000 outstanding warrants that could potentially dilute basic income per share in the future, but which were excluded in the computation of diluted income per share in the periods presented, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive since the exercise price of these warrants was higher than the average market price during the period presented.

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Governmental control of currency conversion

The PRC government imposes controls on the convertibility of Renminbi into foreign currencies and, in certain cases, the remittance of currency out of the PRC. The Company receives most of its revenues in Renminbi, which is currently not a freely convertible currency. Shortages in the availability of foreign currency may restrict the Company's ability to remit sufficient foreign currency to satisfy foreign currency dominated obligations. Under existing PRC foreign exchange regulations, payments of current account items, including profit distributions, interest

payments and expenditures from the transaction, can be made in foreign currencies without prior approval from the PRC State Administration of Foreign Exchange by complying with certain procedural requirements. However, approval from appropriate governmental authorities is required where Renminbi is to be converted into foreign currency and remitted out of China to pay capital expenses, such as the repayment of bank loans denominated in foreign currencies.

The PRC government may also at its discretion restrict access in the future to foreign currencies for current account transactions. If the foreign exchange control system prevents the Company from obtaining sufficient foreign currency to satisfy its currency demands, the Company may not be able to pay certain of its expenses as they come due.

Guaranteed Bank Loans

The Company has guaranteed certain loans for third-party enterprises, which, in turn, have guaranteed loans for the Company. These guarantees require payment from the Company in the event of default on payment by the respective debtor and, if the debtor defaults, the Company may be required to pay amounts outstanding under the related agreements in addition to the principal amount guaranteed, including accrued interest and related fees.

The Company and these third-party enterprises have been guaranteeing loans for each other in their day-to-day operations. Both of these enterprises and the Company are considered good reputation debtors by local banks. The banks allow these companies to guarantee loans for each other instead of requiring the loans be secured by collateral. None of the enterprises for which the Company has guaranteed loans has defaulted on any loan repayments, and accordingly, the Company has not recorded any liabilities or losses on such guarantees.

Bank loans that the Company has guaranteed for third-party enterprises consist of the following as of June 30, 2011:

Bank loans:

| Financial institutions | Amount | Duration | Borrower |
|---|--------------|--|---|
| Agriculture development bank of China Feicheng branch | \$ 4,022,900 | May 11, 2010 to May 10, 2012 | Taipeng Group |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 1,454,433 | October 21, 2010 to October 8,2011 | Shandong Acid Chemicals Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 890,000 | October 23, 2010 to October 23, 2011 | Feicheng Acid Chemicals Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 2,630,357 | October 13, 2010 to September 13,2011 | Taipeng Household Items Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 1,036,670 | October 13, 2010 to September 13,2011 | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 464,181 | October 13, 2010 to September 13,2011 | Taipeng new material Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 2,794,368 | October 13, 2010 to September 13,2011 | Feicheng Jinlong Textile Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 2,630,357 | November 12, 2010 to November 12,2011 | Shandong Yinbao Food Ltd., Co. |
| Bank of China Feicheng branch | 2,320,904 | January 20, 2011 to January 20,2012 | Shandong Yinbao Food Ltd., Co. |
| Shenzhen development bank Jinan branch | 1,547,269 | June 2, 2011 to June 2,2012 | Shandong RunYin Biological Chemicals Co., Ltd. |

| Financial institutions | | Amount | Duration | Borrower |
|--|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Shenzhen development bank Jinan | | | May 10, 2010 to | |
| branch | | 3,868,173 | May 10, 2011 | Shandong Yinbao Food Ltd., Co. |
| | | , , | , | , |
| Bank of Communication Taian | | | May 21, 2011 to | |
| Branch | | 3,868,173 | May 21, 2012 | Shandong Yinbao Food Ltd., Co. |
| Brunon | | 2,000,173 | 1114 21, 2012 | Shahadig Tindac Tood Etai, Co. |
| Agriculture bank of China Feicheng | | | October 27, 2010 to | |
| branch | | 3,558,719 | October 26, 2011 | Shandong Yinbao Food Ltd., Co. |
| 51 W.161 1 | \$ | 31,086,504 | · · | Shahadig Timead Tood Zear, Co. |
| | Ψ | 31,000,301 | | |
| Bank acceptable notes: | | | | |
| | | | | |
| • | | | ~ . | ~ |
| Financial institutions | Amo | ount | Duration | Borrower |
| • | Amo | ount | Duration August 24, 2010 to | Borrower |
| Financial institutions | Ame | ount 4,641,807 | August 24, 2010 to | |
| • | | | | Borrower Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. |
| Financial institutions | | | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 | |
| Financial institutions Shenzhen development bank | | 4,641,807 | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 March 20,2011 to | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. |
| Financial institutions | | | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 | |
| Financial institutions Shenzhen development bank | | 4,641,807 | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 March 20,2011 to September 20, 2011 | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. |
| Financial institutions Shenzhen development bank Industrial bank | | 4,641,807 6,189,076 | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 March 20,2011 to September 20, 2011 October 26, 2010 to | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. Feicheng Acid Chemicals Ltd., Co. |
| Financial institutions Shenzhen development bank | \$ | 4,641,807 6,189,076 3,094,538 | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 March 20,2011 to September 20, 2011 | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. |
| Financial institutions Shenzhen development bank Industrial bank | | 4,641,807 6,189,076 | August 24, 2010 to August 24, 2011 March 20,2011 to September 20, 2011 October 26, 2010 to | Taipeng Nonwoven Ltd., Co. Feicheng Acid Chemicals Ltd., Co. |

Management has considered all events occurring through the date the financial statements have been issued, and has determined that there are no such events except as disclosed below that are material to the financial statements, or all such material events have been fully disclosed.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 1, 2011, the Company issued warrants to purchase 30,000 shares of common stock to one of its consultants, Lamnia International, and 90,000 shares to another consultant, Matthew Hayden, at an exercise price of \$1.15 per share. The warrants vested and became exercisable on July 1, 2011 and expire on July 1, 2015.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis provides information that we believe is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and related Notes appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

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Results of Operations for the Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to the Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2010

Revenue

Revenue. During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, we had revenues of \$21,309,001 as compared to revenues of \$21,409,431 during the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a slight decrease of 0.47%. The decrease in revenue was primarily attributable to the sales strategy change. Our sales are now focusing on high-end pharmaceutical products and the Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC") products sector. Additionally, due to the fluctuation in the cost of materials, sales in the construction industry slightly declined.

Cost of Sales. During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, our cost of sales was \$14,785,951 as compared to costs of sales of \$15,152,439 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of 2.42%. This decrease in cost of sales resulted primarily from a decrease in sales and the improvement in our energy saving system.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses are divided into selling expenses and general and administrative expenses, both of which are discussed below:

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses, which consist of sales commissions, freight charges, travel and other selling expenses, totaled \$1,133,378 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$889,385 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 27.43%. This increase results primarily from: (i) an increase of in sales commissions compared to the same period of last year; and (ii) an increase of freight out expense in pharmaceutical and PVC products.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses totaled \$1,381,778 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$500,110 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 176.29%. There were two primary drivers behind this increase. First, employees' payroll increased due to China's inflation rate and the second was an \$838,594 increase in bad debt expense in the first six months of 2011.

Income from Operations

For the six month period ended June 30, 2011, our income from operations was \$4,007,894 as compared to income from operations of \$4,867,497 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of 17.66%. This decrease was primarily attributable to a dramatic increase in selling, marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses, combined with a decrease in sales.

Commercial Leasing Income and Cost

For the six month period ended June 30, 2011, our commercial leasing income was \$742,615 as compared to \$614,957 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 20.76%. The increase was due to annual rental increase as agreed in the contract, as well as the appreciation of RMB. Rental income was from an acquired commercial property in Beijing. On December 31, 2009, we entered into a Set-Off Agreement with our related party, Shandong Ruitai Chemicals Co., Ltd. ("Shandong Ruitai"). TaiAn, our subsidiary, agreed to permit Shandong Ruitai to satisfy a total of \$31,745,649 in debt owed by Shandong Ruitai in exchange for Shandong Ruitai's transfer of 100% of its ownership interest in real property located in Beijing, China, commonly known as Taishan Building, or Building No. 36, Xibahe Dongli, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China (the "Taishan Building").

Interest Income

For the six month period ended June 30, 2011, our interest income was \$178,381 as compared to \$566,612 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$388,231, or 68.52%. This decrease resulted primarily from the decrease of our average cash and restricted cash deposit in the bank.

Interest Expense

For the six month period ended June 30, 2011, we incurred interest expense in the amount of \$1,536,782 as compared to \$1,129,097 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 36.11%. The increase in interest expense resulted primarily from an increase of the weighted-average interest rate for bank loan in China, as well as the large increase of the interest paid for discounted notes receivable.

Income Tax Expense

Our income tax expense was \$829,835 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$1,123,378 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$293,543, or 26.13%. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in profits before income taxes decreased from \$4,513,526 in the six month period ended June 30, 2011 to \$2,956,868 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of 34%.

Net Income attributable to China RuiTai

We had net income attributable to China RuiTai of \$2,105,762 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared to \$3,356,447 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$1,250,685, or 37.26%. This decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in selling, general and administration expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company anticipates obtaining additional financing to meet the working capital requirements for its on-going projects and to sustain the business operations for the next twelve months. The Company is exposed to certain risks for significant negative working capital as indicated on the balance sheet, which increases the concern for management's ability to fulfill the Company's working capital requirements as well as the ability to continue as a going concern. The risk is mainly the result of a high level of short-term bank borrowings pursuant to which China RuiTai has a proven record of excellent credit history with the local bank for the past ten years. We do not believe additional debt financing from the bank to fulfill the working capital requirements will be an issue due to the track record of the Company's credit history and the solid relationship with the local bank. In the event of a default under the bank borrowings, the Company has a \$37,481,694 commercial leasing asset, "Taishan Building", located at Building No. 36, Xibahe Dongli, Chaoyang District, Beijing, which can be sold in the open market.

Results of Operations for the Three Month Period Ended June 30, 2011 Compared to the Three Month Period Ended June 30, 2010

Revenue

Revenue. During the three month period ended June 30, 2010, we had revenues of \$11,722,184 compared to revenues of \$11,171,175 during the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 4.93%. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to: (i) the increase in the product prices; and (ii) the change in our sales strategy. In April 2011, we started to merge into high-end pharmaceutical products and the PVC sector, focusing on the Hvdroxyethyl Cellulose ("HEC") market.

Cost of Sales. During the three month period ended June 30, 2011, our cost of sales was \$8,001,818 compared to costs of sales of \$8,222,567 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of 2.68%. This decrease in cost of sales resulted in an improvement in energy savings.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses are divided into selling expenses and general and administrative expenses, both of which are discussed below:

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses, which consist of sales commissions, freight charges, travel and other selling expenses, totaled \$604,849 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011, compared to the selling expenses of \$530,310 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 14.06%. This increase results primarily from an increase of freight charge.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses totaled \$660,283 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011 compared to \$215,858 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 205.89%. The main reason for the increase can be attributed to (i) employees payroll increase according to China's inflation rate; and (ii) a \$422,988 increase in bad debt expense in the three month period ended June 30, 2011.

Income From Operations

For the three month period ended June 30, 2011, our income from operations was \$2,455,234 compared to income from operations of \$2,202,440 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 11.48%. This increase was primarily attributable to higher sales and lower cost of sales net of increases in operating activities.

Commercial Leasing Income and cost

For the three month period ended June 30, 2011, our commercial leasing income was \$373,832 as compared to \$311,774 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 19.90%. The increase was due to annual rental increase as agreed in the contract, as well as the appreciation of RMB. Rental income was from an acquired commercial property in Beijing. On December 31, 2009, we entered into a Set-Off Agreement with our related party, Shandong Ruitai. TaiAn, our subsidiary, agreed to allow Shandong Ruitai to satisfy a total of \$31,745,649 in debt owed by Shandong Ruitai in return for Shandong Ruitai's transfer of 100% of its ownership interest in real property located in Beijing, China, commonly known as Taishan Building. As a result, starting in the first quarter of 2010, the Taishan Building has generated rental income of \$373,832 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011.

Interest Income

For the three month period ended June 30, 2011, our interest income was \$90,940 compared to interest income of \$175,432 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$84,492, or 48.16%. The decrease of interest income is because of a decrease of our average cash and restricted cash deposit in the bank.

Interest Expense

For the three month period ended June 30, 2011, we incurred interest expense in the amount of \$796,829 compared to interest expense of \$550,610 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of 44.72%. The increase in interest expense resulted primarily from an increase of the weighted-average interest rate for the bank loan in China, as well as the large increase of the interest paid for discounted notes receivable.

Income Tax Expense

Our income tax expense was \$531,859 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011 compared to \$477,076 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of \$54,783, or 11.48%. This increase can be primarily attributed to an increase in profits before income taxes and an increase of minority interest from \$1,908,305 in the three month period ended June 30, 2010 to \$1,915,565 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011, an overall increase of 0.38%.

Net Income attributable to China RuiTai

We had net income of \$1,369,869 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011 compared to \$1,416,917 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$47,048, or 3.32%. This decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in operating expenses.

Total Current Assets and Total Assets

As of June 30, 2011: (i) our total current assets were \$72,762,881 as compared to total current assets of \$54,837,199 at December 31, 2010, an increase of \$17,925,682, or 32.69%; and (ii) our total assets were \$129,617,415 as of June 30, 2011 compared to \$110,977,589 as of December 31, 2010, an increase of \$18,639,826, or 16.80%. Our total assets increased due to changes that we experienced in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, and notes receivable, all of which are discussed below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. As of June 30, 2011, our cash and cash equivalents were \$17,994,188 as compared to \$25,286,619 at December 31, 2010, a decrease of \$7,292,431, or 28.84%. This decrease was primarily attributable to the additional cash required to be deposited as restricted in the bank to serve as collateral for increased notes payable.

Restricted Cash. As of June 30, 2011, our restricted cash was \$24,075,507 as compared to \$10,254,394 at December 31, 2010, an increase of \$13,821,113, or 134.78%. The Company is required to make restricted security deposits between 50% and 100% of the face amount of the notes with the banks until the notes are settled. This increase was primarily attributable to an overall increase in notes payable.

Accounts Receivable. As of June 30, 2011, our accounts receivable were \$10,267,874 as compared to \$4,896,665 at December 31, 2010, an increase of \$5,371,209, or 109.69%. This increase was primarily attributable to the effort in developing our marketing strategy to strengthen our sales by extending the accounts receivables payback period to attract our customers.

Advance to suppliers. As of June 30, 2011, we have an advance to suppliers of \$2,104,015 as compared to \$1,171,477 at December 31, 2010, an increase of \$932,538, or 79.6%. This increase was primarily attributable to the corresponding increase attributable to our prepayments to our suppliers to secure favorable raw material prices.

Inventories. As of June 30, 2011, we had inventories of \$11,454,083 as compared to \$9,468,211 as of December 31, 2010, an increase of \$1,985,872, or 20.97%. The increase in inventories from 2011 to 2010 was the result of the decrease in construction products sale.

Total Current Liabilities

As of June 30, 2011, our total current liabilities were \$96,876,768 as compared to \$81,072,866 at December 31, 2010, an increase of \$15,803,902, or 19.49%. This increase was primarily attributable to changes in notes payable, and due to related parties as discussed below.

Notes Payable. As of June 30, 2011, our notes payable were \$11,759,245 as compared to \$15,124,474 as of December 31, 2010, a decrease of \$3,365,229, or 22.25%. This decrease was attributable to the changes in the suppliers' preference of payment method.

Due to related parties. As of June 30, 2011, due to related parties were \$567,327 as compared to \$2,526,474 as of December 31, 2010, a decrease of \$1,959,147, or 77.54%. The decrease in due to related parties was attributable to continued repayment of the money owed to the related parties to lower interest expense.

Operating Activities

Net cash of \$23,323,988 was used in operating activities during the six month period ended June 30, 2011 compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$532,070 during the six month period ended June 30, 2010, representing a difference of \$22,791,918. The increase in net cash used by our operating activities was primarily attributable to the following five reasons: (i) a \$13,442,342 increase in restricted cash for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a net change of \$11,095,942. The increase in restricted cash is in proportion to the increase in notes payable; (ii) there was a \$1,749,315 increase in inventories for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 and a \$732,041 decrease in inventories for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a net change of \$2,481,356. The increase of inventories is a result of an increase in the price of raw materials; (iii) there was a \$1,164,805 increase in advance to suppliers for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 and a \$29,570 increase in advance to suppliers for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a net change of \$1,135,235; (iv) there was a \$623,931 decrease in accounts payable for the six month

period ended June 30, 2011 and a \$1,492,701 increase in accounts payable for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a net change of \$2,116,632, which was due to our prompt payment to our supplier to secure favorable raw material prices in 2011; and (v) there was a \$3,674,444 decrease in the notes payables for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 and a \$1,613,150 decrease in notes payables for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a net change of \$2,061,294, which reflects the Company's flexibility in choosing the payment method to our suppliers which will be most favorable to the Company.

Investing Activities

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the net cash provided in investing activities was \$574,955 as compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$1,369,347 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$794,392. This decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in the purchase of the equipment.

Financing Activities

During the six month period ended June 30, 2011, the net cash provided by financing activities was \$16,109,206 as compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$3,815,953 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010, an increase of \$12,293,253. This change in financing activities was primarily attributable to increasing approximately \$20.9 million of loans by utilizing a note payable from the related party and decrease of net loan of \$8.5 million, as a result of increased net cash for financing activities.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2011, the Company has unconditionally guaranteed certain loans and notes for third-party enterprises in the aggregate amount of \$45,011,925. These third-party enterprises, in turn, have guaranteed loans for the Company in the aggregate amount of \$23,209,036 as of June 30, 2011. The unconditional guarantees made by the Company require payment from the Company in the event of default on payment by the respective debtor and, if the debtor defaults, the Company may be required to pay amounts outstanding under the related agreements in addition to the principal amount guaranteed, including accrued interest and related fees.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not Applicable.

ITEM 4.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures

The Securities and Exchange Commission defines the term "disclosure controls and procedures" to mean the company's controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company maintains such a system of controls and procedures in an effort to ensure that all information which it is required to disclose in the reports it files under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified under the SEC's rules and forms and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to principal executive and principal financial officers to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of

achieving the objectives of timely alerting them to material information required to be included in our periodic SEC reports and of ensuring that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported with the time periods specified. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer also concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance of the achievement of these objectives.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not a party to any pending legal proceedings, and no such proceedings are known to be contemplated. None of our directors, officers or affiliates, and no owner of record or beneficial owner of more than 5.0% of our securities, or any associate of any such director, officer or security holder is a party adverse to us or has a material interest adverse to us in reference to pending litigation.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not Applicable.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. (REMOVED AND RESERVED)

ITEM 5.

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) The following exhibits are filed herewith:

OTHER INFORMATION

| Exhibit | |
|---------|---|
| Number | Description |
| 31.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| | |
| | |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CHINA RUITAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

Date: August 15, 2011 By: /s/ Dian Min Ma

Dian Min Ma, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 15, 2011 By: /s/ Gang Ma

Gang Ma, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Chief

Accounting Officer)