TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO LTD Form 6-K February 26, 2018

1934 Act Registration No. 1-14700

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of February 2018

 $Taiwan\ Semiconductor\ Manufacturing\ Company\ Ltd.$

(Translation of Registrant s Name Into English)

No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6,

Hsinchu Science Park,

Taiwan

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(Indicate 40-F.)	by check mark whether the registrant files or will file	annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form
	Form 20-F	Form 40-F
•	by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule	ne information contained in this form is also thereby e 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
	Yes	No
(If Yes 82:	is marked, indicated below the file number assigned .)	to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Ltd.

Date: Feb 26, 2018

By /s/ Lora Ho
Lora Ho

Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the

Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 and

Independent Auditors Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company s parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 are stated as follows:

Provision for sales returns and allowances

In consideration of business volume and market conditions, the Company provides a variety of business incentives to specific customers or products. The provision for sales returns and allowance is based on historical experience and the varying contractual terms. Please refer to Notes 4, 5 and 17 to the parent company only financial statements for the details of the information about provision for sales returns and allowances. Since the provision for sales returns and allowances is subject to accounting judgment and estimation, and the result could also affect the net revenue in the parent company only financial statements, it has been identified as a key audit matter.

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above area included the following:

- 1. Understood and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over provision for sales returns and allowances;
- 2. Understood and assessed the reasonableness of assumptions made and methodology used in estimating provision for sales returns and allowances:
- 3. Sampled and inspected the sales contracts of main products by agreeing the contractual terms and performed an analysis to challenge the estimation on possibility that specific products could meet business incentives condition to verify the reasonableness of the accrual of the provision;
- 4. Performed a retrospective review to comparatively analyze the historical accuracy of judgments with reference to actual sales returns and allowance paid.

Timing to commence depreciation of property, plant and equipment (PP&E)

The Company continues to invest in capital expenditures to develop and build capacity in leading-edge technologies to meet customers—demand. Please refer to Notes 4 and 13 to the parent company only financial statements for the details of the information and accounting policy about the depreciation of PP&E. According to International Accounting Standards 16, depreciation of PP&E should commence when the assets are available for their intended use. Due to the significant capital expenditures incurred by the Company, the appropriateness of the timing to commerce depreciation of PP&E could have a material impact on its financial performance. Consequently, the validity of the timing to commence depreciation of PP&E is identified as a key audit matter.

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the above area included the following:

- 1. Understood and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the timing to commence depreciation of PP&E;
- 2. Understood the criteria the assets are defined as available for their intended use and the corresponding accounting treatments;
- 3. Sampled and reviewed the appropriateness of the timing for commencing depreciation after the assets met the criteria of available for use in current year;
- 4. Performed an observation on the physical count of equipment under installation and construction in progress; sampled and inspected the supporting documentation to verify that the status of equipment under installation and construction in progress are not available for use;

- 5. Sampled equipment under installation and construction in progress which met the criteria of available for use and were transferred in the subsequent period to evaluate the reasonableness of the timing for commencing depreciation;
- 6. Sampled and reviewed the appropriateness of the equipment under installation and construction in progress which are not available for their intended use.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company s financial reporting process.

Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors—report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management s use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying

transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors—report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors report are Yih-Shin Kao and Yu Feng Huang.

Deloitte & Touche

Taipei, Taiwan

Republic of China

February 13, 2018

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors—report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors—report and financial statements shall prevail.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2017		*	
A GODING	Amount	%	Amount	%
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 239,176,841	12	\$ 249,878,563	14
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	373,351		151,070	
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,393,555		2,843,952	
Held-to-maturity financial assets (Note 8)			11,447,538	1
Hedging derivative financial assets (Note 9)	7,378			
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 10)	26,655,427	2	40,017,297	2
Receivables from related parties (Note 32)	92,141,837	5	86,845,570	5
Other receivables from related parties (Note 32)	3,143,872		948,800	
Inventories (Notes 5, 11 and 35)	70,297,445	4	46,504,346	2
Other financial assets (Note 35)	94,839		2,139,366	
Other current assets (Note 15)	2,484,792		3,004,662	
Total current assets	436,769,337	23	443,781,164	24
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets carried at cost	415,051		435,268	
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 5 and 12)	463,986,364	24	396,855,708	22
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 13)	1,016,355,970	52	979,401,337	53
Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 14)	9,870,127		10,047,991	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 27)	10,829,473	1	6,446,781	
Refundable deposits	1,163,069		369,895	
Total noncurrent assets	1,502,620,054	77	1,393,556,980	76
TOTAL	\$1,939,389,391	100	\$1,837,338,144	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term loans (Note 16)	\$ 63,766,850	3	\$ 57,958,200	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7)	18,764		62,441	
Hedging derivative financial liabilities (Note 9)	15,562			
Accounts payable	25,605,223	1	24,533,924	1

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Payables to related parties (Note 32)	4,829,664		4,840,001	
Salary and bonus payable	12,283,321	1	11,570,505	1
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to				
directors (Notes 21 and 29)	23,388,002	1	22,794,771	1
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers	50,363,976	3	62,449,143	4
Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 27)	32,950,667	2	40,256,148	2
Provisions (Notes 5 and 17)	13,174,825	1	16,991,612	1
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 18)	24,300,000	1	38,100,000	2
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Note 20)	57,686,386	3	28,620,469	2
•				
Total current liabilities	308,383,240	16	308,177,214	17
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds payable (Note 18)	91,800,000	5	116,100,000	6
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 27)	302,205		141,183	
Net defined benefit liability (Notes 5 and 19)	8,850,704	1	8,551,408	
Guarantee deposits (Note 20)	7,582,479		14,666,542	1
Others	413,230		453,536	
	,		,	
Total noncurrent liabilities	108,948,618	6	139,912,669	7
Total liabilities	417,331,858	22	448,089,883	24
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT				
Capital stock (Note 21)	259,303,805	13	259,303,805	14
Capital surplus (Note 21)	56,309,536	3	56,272,304	3
Retained earnings (Note 21)				
Appropriated as legal capital reserve	241,722,663	12	208,297,945	12
Unappropriated earnings	991,639,347	51	863,710,224	47
	1,233,362,010	63	1,072,008,169	59
Others (Note 21)	(26,917,818)	(1)	1,663,983	
Total equity	1,522,057,533	78	1,389,248,261	76
TOTAL	\$ 1,939,389,391	100	\$1,837,338,144	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2017 Amount	%	2016 Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 22 and 32)	\$ 969,136,109	100	\$ 936,387,291	100
COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 11, 29, 32 and 35)	490,196,856	51	474,552,913	51
GROSS PROFIT BEFORE UNREALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES	478,939,253	49	461,834,378	49
UNREALIZED GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES	(1,562)		(26,082)	
GROSS PROFIT	478,937,691	49	461,808,296	49
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 29, and 32)				
Research and development	79,887,723	8	70,366,179	8
General and administrative	20,049,405	2	18,697,463	2
Marketing	3,048,781	1	3,098,086	
Total operating expenses	102,985,909	11	92,161,728	10
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 23 and 29)	(1,261,665)		83,965	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	374,690,117	38	369,730,533	39
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates (Note 12)	18,757,236	2	14,941,372	2
Other income (Note 24)	1,696,595		1,816,803	
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net (Note 36)	(670,371)		609,345	
Finance costs (Note 25)	(2,749,640)		(2,643,193)	
Other gains and losses, net (Note 26)	1,592,239		734,100	
Total non-operating income and expenses	18,626,059	2	15,458,427	2
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	393,316,176	40	385,188,960	41

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 27)	50,204,700	5	50,941,780	5
NET INCOME	343,111,476	35	334,247,180	36
			(Cont	inuad)
			(Conti	illueu)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	Aı	2017 nount	%	2016 Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 12, 19, 21 and 27)					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	\$	(254,681)		\$ (1,057,220)	
Share of other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries and associates		(20,853)		(19,961)	
Income tax benefit related to items that will not be reclassified		20.562		126.967	
subsequently		30,562		126,867	
		(244,972)		(950,314)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	(28	3,270,770)	(3)	(9,439,776)	(1)
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets		(425,692)	Ì	47,506	Ì
Cash flow hedges		4,683			
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates		123,804		(656,684)	
Income tax expense related to items that may be reclassified		120,00		(000,001)	
subsequently		(3,536)		(61,176)	
	(28	3,571,511)	(3)	(10,110,130)	(1)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax	(28	3,816,483)	(3)	(11,060,444)	(1)
•					
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$314	,294,993	32	\$ 323,186,736	35
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 28)					
Basic earnings per share	\$	13.23		\$ 12.89	
	_			+	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	13.23		\$ 12.89	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

(Concluded)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

					Foreign	Unrealized	Others	
k - Common ck	Capital		Retained Earnin Unappropriated		S	Gain/Loss from Available	e- Stock Cash	earned k-Based aployee
Amount	Surplus	Reserve	Earnings	Total	Reserve]	Financial Aldso		
\$ 259,303,805	\$ 56,300,215	\$ 177,640,561	\$ 716,653,025	\$ 894,293,586	\$ 11,039,949	\$ 734,771	\$ (607) \$	\$
		30,657,384	(30,657,384)					
			(155,582,283)	(155,582,283)				
		30,657,384	(186,239,667)	(155,582,283)				
			334,247,180	334,247,180				
			(950,314)	(950,314)	(9,378,712	2) (732,130)	712	
			333,296,866	333,296,866	(9,378,712	2) (732,130)	712	
	(56,169)							

	3	J						
	21 221							
	21,221							
	7,037							
259,303,805	56,272,304	208,297,945	863,710,224	1,072,008,169	1,661,237	2,641	105	
		33,424,718	(33,424,718)					
			(191 512 662)	(191 512 662)				
		22.424.710	(181,512,663)	(181,512,663)				
		33,424,718	(214,937,381)	(181,512,663)				
			343,111,476	343,111,476				
			, , , , ,	, , ,				
			(244,972)	(244,972)	(28,358,917)	(216,715)	4,121	
			342,866,504	342,866,504	(28,358,917)	(216,715)	4,121	
	7,085							(10,290)
	10,994							

19,153

\$259,303,805 \$56,309,536 \$241,722,663 \$991,639,347 \$1,233,362,010 \$(26,697,680) \$(214,074) \$4,226 \$(10,290) \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 393,316,176	\$ 385,188,960
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	250,597,135	213,977,324
Amortization expense	4,325,028	3,724,066
Finance costs	2,749,640	2,643,193
Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates	(18,757,236)	(14,941,372)
Interest income	(1,554,792)	(1,683,150)
Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment, net	1,008,989	(100,503)
Gain on disposal of intangible assets, net	(3,198)	
Impairment loss on financial assets	6,137	4,537
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets, net	(115,690)	(101,411)
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method, net		296,065
Unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates	1,562	26,082
Gain on foreign exchange, net	(9,118,776)	(2,656,406)
Dividend income	(141,803)	(133,653)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(196,337)	(127,857)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	7,253,120	(20,448,337)
Receivables from related parties	(5,296,267)	(29,562,888)
Other receivables from related parties	(733,023)	(493,473)
Inventories	(23,793,099)	17,833,842
Other financial assets	2,029,903	(22,662)
Other current assets	510,739	18,337
Accounts payable	1,275,185	7,639,380
Payables to related parties	(10,337)	1,108,002
Salary and bonus payable	712,816	1,966,597
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors	593,231	1,881,697
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	29,615,847	3,891,345
Provisions	(3,823,540)	7,961,632
Net defined benefit liability	44,615	46,163
Cash generated from operations	630,496,025	577,935,510
Income taxes paid	(61,695,694)	(45,387,724)
Net cash generated by operating activities	568,800,331	532,547,786

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets		(172)
Held to maturity financial assets	(1,695,771)	(11,242,766)
Investments accounted for using equity method		(445,012)
Equity interest in subsidiary		(1,630,700)
Property, plant and equipment	(311,763,999)	(323,009,940)
Intangible assets	(4,351,050)	(4,207,065)

(Continued)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2017	2016
Proceeds from disposal or redemption of:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$140,395	\$126,289
Held-to-maturity financial assets	13,160,000	10,550,000
Equity interest in subsidiary	, ,	2,325
Property, plant and equipment	13,226,816	104,020
Intangible assets	27,409	
Proceeds from return of capital of financial assets carried at cost	14,080	7,493
Derecognition of hedging derivative financial instruments	38,097	
Interest received	1,552,725	1,748,570
Other dividends received	141,803	133,653
Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity method	5,005,132	5,469,549
Refundable deposits paid	(1,227,010)	(138,204)
Refundable deposits refunded	416,600	169,464
Decrease in receivables for temporary payments		47,924
Cash inflow from incorporation of subsidiary		396,262
Net cash used in investing activities	(285,314,773)	(321,918,310)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term loans	10,394,485	18,968,936
Repayment of bonds	(38,100,000)	(12,000,000)
Interest paid	(2,916,969)	(2,644,187)
Guarantee deposits received	205,075	420,719
Guarantee deposits refunded	(89,507)	(421,002)
Cash dividends	(181,512,663)	(155,582,283)
Payment of partial acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	(82,433,287)	(74,130,714)
Proceeds from partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries	257,648	144,035
Donation from shareholders	7,938	
Net cash used in financing activities	(294,187,280)	(225,244,496)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(10,701,722)	(14,615,020)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	249,878,563	264,493,583
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$239,176,841	\$249,878,563

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements. (Concluded)

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NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the Company or TSMC), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. The Company is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, the Company s shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, the Company listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying parent company only financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 13, 2018.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, IFRSs) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Except for the following, the initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on the Company s accounting policies:

1) Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers The amendments stipulate that other companies or institutions of which the chairman of the board of directors or president serves as the chairman of the board of directors or the president, or is the spouse or second immediate family

of the chairman of the board of directors or president of the Company are deemed to have a substantive related party relationship, unless it can be demonstrated that no control, joint control, or significant influence exists. Furthermore, the amendments require the disclosure of the names of the related parties and the relationship with whom the Company has transaction. If the transaction or balance with a specific related party is 10% or more of the Company s respective total transaction or balance, such transaction should be separately disclosed by the name of each related party.

When the amendments are applied retrospectively from January 1, 2017, the disclosure of related party transactions is enhanced, please refer to Note 32.

b. The IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by FSC with effective date starting 2018

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Issued by IASB
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Note 1
Amendment to IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based	January 1, 2018
Payment Transactions	
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and	January 1, 2018
Transition Disclosure	
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 1, 2018
Amendment to IFRS 15 Clarifications to IFRS 15	January 1, 2018
Amendment to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative	January 1, 2017
Amendment to IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized	January 1, 2017
Losses	
IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	January 1, 2018

Note 1: The amendment to IFRS 12 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017; the amendment to IAS 28 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards or interpretations will not have a significant effect on the Company s accounting policies.

1) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and related amendments Classification, measurement and impairment of financial assets

All recognized financial assets currently in the scope of IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, will be subsequently measured at either the amortized cost or the fair value. The classification and measurement requirements in IFRS 9 are stated as follows.

The invested equity instruments should be measured at the fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). However, the entity may irrevocably designate an investment in equity instruments that is not held for trading as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). All relevant gains and losses shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for dividends which are recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

IFRS 9 adds a new expected loss impairment model to measure the impairment of financial assets. A loss allowance for expected credit losses should be recognized on financial assets measured at amortized cost. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance for that financial instrument should be measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition and is not deemed to be a low credit risk, the loss allowance for that financial instrument should be measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. A simplified approach is allowed for accounts receivables and the loss allowance could be measured at an amount

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The Company elects not to restate prior reporting period when applying the requirements for the classification, measurement and impairment of financial assets and financial liabilities under IFRS 9 with the cumulative effect of the initial application recognized at the date of initial application.

The anticipated impact on measurement categories, carrying amount and related reconciliation for each class of the Company s financial assets and financial liabilities when retrospectively applying IFRS 9 on January 1, 2018 is detailed below:

Financial	Measurement Category		Carrying Amount		
Assets	IAS 39	IFRS 9	IAS 39	IFRS 9	Note
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	\$ 239,176,841	\$ 239,176,841	(1)
Derivatives	Held for trading	Mandatorily at FVTPL	373,351	373,351	
Emilia	Hedging instruments Available-for-sale	Hedging instruments	7,378	7,378	(2)
Equity securities		FVTOCI	2,808,606	3,377,145	(2)
Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	123,199,044	123,443,817	(1)
Financial Liabilities					
Derivatives	Held for trading	Mandatorily at FVTPL	18,764	18,764	
	Hedging instruments	Hedging instruments	15,562	15,562	
Short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable and guarantee	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	294,856,247	294,856,247	

deposits

	Amount as of			Carrying Amount a of	Earnings	Equity Effect	
Financial	December 31, 2017 (IAS	Reclassifi-	Remea-	January 1 2018 (IFR	•	January 1,	,
Assets	39)	cations	surements	,	2018	2018	Note
FVTPL	\$ 373,351	\$	\$	\$ 373,3	\$51 \$	\$	
FVTOCI - Equity instruments							
Add: From available for sale		2,808,606	568,539	3,377,1	45 534,270	34,269	(2)
		2,808,606	568,539	3,377,1	45 534,270	34,269	
Amortized cost Add: From loans and receivables		362,375,885	244,773	362,620,6	558 244,773		(1)
		362,375,885	244,773	362,620,6	558 244,773	1	
Hedging instruments	7,378			7,3	378		
Total	\$ 380,729	\$ 365,184,491	\$813,312	\$ 366,378,5	332 \$779,043	\$ 34,269	
	C	arrying		Carrying Amount as	Retained Earnings	Other Equity	
	Am	ount as of		of	<u> </u>		
	Dec		justments sing from Initial	January 1, 2018	Effect on January 1, J	Effect on January 1,	
	(1		plication	(IFRS 9)	2018	2018	Note
Investments a for using equi		53,986,364 \$	400,137 \$	464,386,501	\$ 745,247	\$ (345,110)	(3)

(1) Cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits were classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 are now classified at amortized cost with assessment of future 12-month or lifetime expected credit loss under IFRS 9. As a result of retrospective application, the adjustments for accounts receivable would result in a decrease in loss of allowance of NT\$244,773 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$244,773 thousand on January 1, 2018.

(2) As equity investments that were previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets under IAS 39 are not held for trading, the Company elected to designate all of these investments as at FVTOCI under IFRS 9. As a result, the related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$206,015 thousand is reclassified to increase other equity - unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI.

As equity investments previously measured at cost under IAS 39 are remeasured at fair value under IFRS 9, the adjustments would result in an increase in financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$568,539 thousand and an increase in other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$568,539 thousand on January 1, 2018.

For those equity investments previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets (including measured at cost financial assets) under IAS 39, the impairment losses that the Company had recognized have been accumulated in retained earnings. Since these investments were designated as at FVTOCI under IFRS 9 and no impairment assessment is required, the adjustments would result in a decrease in other equity - unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$534,270 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$534,270 thousand on January 1, 2018.

(3) With the retrospective adoption of IFRS 9 by associates accounted for using equity method, the corresponding adjustments made by the Company would result in an increase in investments accounted for using equity method of NT\$400,137 thousand, a decrease in other equity- unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$765,199 thousand, an increase in other equity- unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets of NT\$420,089 thousand and an increase in retained earnings of NT\$745,247 thousand on January 1, 2018.

Hedge accounting

The main changes in hedge accounting amended the application requirements for hedge accounting to better reflect the entity s risk management activities. Compared with IAS 39, the main changes include: (1) enhancing types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the risks eligible for hedge accounting of non-financial items; (2) changing the way the hedging cost of derivative instruments are accounted for to reduce profit or loss volatility; and (3) replacing retrospective effectiveness assessment with the principle of economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

A preliminary assessment of the Company s current hedging relationships indicates that they will qualify as continuing hedging relationships under IFRS 9. The Company will prospectively apply the requirements for hedge accounting upon initial application of IFRS 9.

2) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and related amendments IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersede IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts, and a number of revenue-related interpretations.

When applying IFRS 15, the Company shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

Identify the contract with the customer;

Identify the performance obligations in the contract;

Determine the transaction price;

Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and

Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company elects only to retrospectively apply IFRS 15 to contracts that were not completed on January 1, 2018 and elects not to restate prior reporting period with the cumulative effect of the initial application recognized at the date of initial application.

The anticipated impact on assets, liabilities and equity when retrospectively applying IFRS 15 on January 1, 2018 is detailed below:

	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2017 (IAS 18 and revenue-related interpretations)	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Carrying Amount as of January 1, 2018 (IFRS 15)	Note
Investments accounted for using equity method	\$ 463,986,364	\$ 32,029	\$ 464,018,393	(1)
Total effect on assets		\$ 32,029		
Provisions - current	13,174,825	\$ (13,174,825)		(2)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	57,686,386	13,174,825	70,861,211	(2)
Total effect on liabilities		\$		
Retained earnings	1,233,362,010	\$ 32,029	1,233,394,039	(1)
Total effect on equity		\$ 32,029		

- (1) Prior to the application of IFRS 15, the Company recognizes revenue based on the accounting treatment of the sales of goods. Under IFRS 15, certain subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method will change to recognize revenue over time because customers are deemed to have control over the products when the products are manufactured. As a result, the Company will adjust related investments and equity accordingly.
- (2) Prior to the application of IFRS 15, the Company recognized the estimation of sales returns and allowance as provisions. Under IFRS 15, the Company recognizes such estimation as refund liability (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities).

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by FSC

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle
Amendments to IFRS 9 Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between
an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Effective Date Issued by IASB

January 1, 2019 January 1, 2019 To be determined by IASB

(Continued)

New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	by IASB
IFRS 16 Leases	January 1, 2019 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 19 Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 1, 2019
	(Concluded)

Note 2: On December 19, 2017, the FSC announced that IFRS 16 will take effect starting January 1, 2019. Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards or interpretations will not have a significant effect on the Company s accounting policies.

1) IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Company is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the parent company only balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Company may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating lease under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, the Company should present the depreciation expense charged on the right-of-use asset separately from interest expense accrued on the lease liability; interest is computed by using effective interest method. On the parent company only statements of cash flows, cash payments for both the principal and interest portion of the lease liability are classified within financing activities.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Company may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

Except for the aforementioned impact, as of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the other standards or interpretations. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying parent company only financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language parent company only financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the Accounting Standards Used in Preparation

Effective Date Issued

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Basis of Preparation

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

When preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company account for subsidiaries and associates by using the equity method. In order to agree with the amount of net income, other comprehensive income and equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, the differences of the accounting treatment between the parent company only basis and the consolidated basis are adjusted under the heading of investments accounted for using equity method, share of profits of subsidiaries and associates and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates in the parent company only financial statements.

Foreign Currencies

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity s functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting parent company only financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company s foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

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Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, held-to-maturity financial assets, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity financial assets or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Interest income from available-for-sale monetary financial assets and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company s right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period. Such equity instruments are subsequently remeasured at fair value when their fair value can be reliably measured, and the difference between the carrying amount and fair value is recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except for those loans and receivables with immaterial discounted effect.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those carried at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Those financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, their estimated future cash flows have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. The Company assesses the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis and examining current trends in the credit quality of its customers.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the asset s carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset s original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial assets at the date the impairment loss is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment loss not been recognized.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the year.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of unrealized gains or losses from available-for-sale financial assets.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset s carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the

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On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the financial asset s carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company s obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Financial Instruments Designated as at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition. The financial instrument forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company s documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis.

Hedge Accounting

Cash Flow Hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions, such as capital expenditures. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the forecast transactions actually take place, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are removed from equity and included in the initial cost of the hedged items. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the Company revokes the designated hedging relationship, or when the hedging instruments expire or are sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method include investments in subsidiaries and associates.

Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company s share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognized its share in the changes in the equity of subsidiaries.

Changes in the Company s ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, any retained investment of the former subsidiary is measured at the fair value at that date. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and calculated as the difference between (a) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and (b) the previous carrying amount of the investments in such subsidiary. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the subsidiary had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

When the Company transacts with its subsidiaries, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the subsidiaries are recognized in the Company s parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not owned by the Company.

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these parent company only financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company s share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company s share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company s share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Company discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the Company ceases to have significant influence over an associate. When the Company retains an interest in the former associate, the Company measures the retained interest at fair value at that date. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If the Company s ownership interest in an associate is reduced as a result of disposal, but the investment continues to be an associate, the Company should reclassify to profit or loss only a proportionate amount of the gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company s proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company s ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Company transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company s parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment - 2 to 5 years; and office equipment - 3 to 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Company as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company s cash generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit. If the recoverable amount of a cash generating unit is less than its carrying

amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash-generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Other tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Guarantee Deposit

Guarantee deposit mainly consists of cash received under deposit agreements with customers to ensure they have access to the Company s specified capacity; and as guarantee of accounts receivable to ensure payment from customers. Cash received from customers is recorded as guarantee deposit upon receipt. Guarantee deposits are refunded to customers when terms and conditions set forth in the deposit agreements have been satisfied.

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Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;

The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and

The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Royalties, dividend and interest income

Revenue from royalties is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder s right to receive payment has been established, provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company s defined benefit plan.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year s tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the parent company only financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Insurance Claim

The Company recognizes insurance claim reimbursement for losses incurred related to disaster damages. Insurance claim reimbursements are recorded, net of any deductible amounts, at the time while there is evidence that the claim reimbursement is virtually certain to be received.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the aforementioned Company s accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied. The Company also records a provision for estimated future returns and other allowances in the same period the related revenue is recorded. Provision for estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, and the Company periodically reviews the adequacy of the estimation used.

Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Impairment of Goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Company to make subjective judgment to determine the identified cash-generating units, allocate the goodwill to relevant cash-generating units and estimate the recoverable amount of relevant cash-generating units.

Impairment Assessment on Investment Using Equity Method

The Company assesses the impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method whenever triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate that an investment may be impaired and carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company measures the impairment based on a projected future cash flow of the investees, including the underlying assumptions of sales growth rate and capacity utilization rate formulated by such investees internal management team. The Company also takes into account market conditions and the relevant industry trends to ensure the reasonableness of such assumptions.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires the Company s subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses judgment and estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the rapid technological changes, the Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Recognition and Measurement of Defined Benefit Plans

Net defined benefit liability and the resulting defined benefit costs under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial assumptions comprise the discount rate, rate of employee turnover, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and the liability.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31,		
	2017	December 31, 2016	
Cash and deposits in banks	\$ 239,176,841	\$ 245,520,074	
Repurchase agreements collateralized by corporate bonds		2,361,250	
Commercial paper		1,997,239	
	\$ 239,176,841	\$ 249,878,563	

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31,	December 31, 2016	
	2017		
Financial assets			
Held for trading			
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 373,351	\$	140,094
Cross currency swap contracts			10,976
	\$ 373,351	\$	151,070

Financial liabilities

Held for trading		
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 18,764	\$ 62,441

The Company entered into derivative contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These derivative contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these derivative contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2017		
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR	January 2018 to February 2018	NT\$6,002,786/EUR169,000
Sell NT\$/Buy JPY	February 2018	NT\$996,294/JPY3,800,000
Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2018	US\$1,643,000/NT\$49,120,205
<u>December 31, 2016</u>		
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR	January 2017	NT\$5,393,329/EUR159,400
Sell NT\$/Buy JPY	January 2017	NT\$7,314,841/JPY26,501,800
Sell US\$/Buy EUR	January 2017	US\$4,180/EUR4,000
Sell US\$/Buy NT\$	January 2017 to February 2017	US\$420,000/NT\$13,531,450

Outstanding cross currency swap contracts consisted of the following:

	Contract Amount		Range of
Maturity Date	(In Thousands)	Interest Rate Paid	Interest Rates Received
<u>December 31, 2016</u>			
January 2017	US\$170,000/NT\$5,487,600	3.98%	

8. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2016
Commercial paper	\$ 8,628,176
Corporate bonds	2,819,362
	\$ 11,447,538

9. HEDGING DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

December 31,

2017

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Financial assets- current	
Cash flow hedges	
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 7,378
Financial liabilities- current	
Cash flow hedges	
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 15,562

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions, such as capital expenditures. These contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

	Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2017		
Sell NT\$/Buy EUR	February 2018 to May 2018	NT\$2,649,104/EUR75,000

10. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31, 2017		D	ecember 31, 2016
Notes and accounts receivable	\$	27,124,552	\$	40,492,727
Allowance for doubtful receivables		(469,125)		(475,430)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	\$	26,655,427	\$	40,017,297

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. The allowance for doubtful receivables is assessed by reference to the collectability of receivables by performing the account aging analysis, historical experience and current financial condition of customers.

Except for those impaired, for the rest of the notes and accounts receivable, the account aging analysis at the end of the reporting period is summarized in the following table. There was no impairment concern for the accounts receivable that were past due without recognizing a specific allowance for doubtful receivables since there was no significant change in the credit quality of its customers after the assessment. In addition, the Company s subsidiary has obtained guarantee of NT\$2,427,548 thousand against certain receivables.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable, net

	December 31,	December 31,	
	2017	2016	
Neither past due nor impaired	\$ 19,632,314	\$ 28,511,717	
Past due but not impaired			
Past due within 30 days	5,169,209	6,755,262	
Past due 31-60 days	929,672	1,693,463	

Past due 61-120 days	582,821	3,056,855
Past due over 121 days	341,411	
·		
	\$ 26,655,427	\$ 40,017,297

Movements of the allowance for doubtful receivables

	Individually Assessed for Impairment	A	Collectively ssessed for mpairment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$	\$	475,430	\$475,430
Reversal/Write-off			(6,305)	(6,305)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	\$	469,125	\$ 469,125
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ 8,393	\$	475,109	\$483,502
Provision			321	321
Reversal/Write-off	(8,393)			(8,393)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	\$	475,430	\$475,430

11. INVENTORIES

	December 3	1,
	2017	December 31, 2016
Finished goods	\$ 9,596,8	\$ 8,324,267
Work in process	52,166,2	32,317,210
Raw materials	6,566,7	3,864,429
Supplies and spare parts	1,967,6	1,998,440
	\$ 70,297,4	45 \$ 46,504,346

Reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value (excluding earthquake losses) and write-down of inventories to net realizable value (excluding earthquake losses) in the amount of NT\$878,346 thousand and NT\$1,508,452 thousand, respectively, were included in the cost of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. Please refer to related earthquake losses in Note 35.

12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments accounted for using the equity method consisted of the following:

December 31, December 31,

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	2017	2016
Subsidiaries	\$ 446,148,086	\$ 377,111,820
Associates	17,838,278	19,743,888
	\$ 463,986,364	\$ 396,855,708

a. Investments in subsidiaries Subsidiaries consisted of the following:

Subsidiaries	Principal Activities	Place of Incorporation and Operation	Carrying December 31, 2017		% of Ownership Rights Held by to December 31, I 2017	the Company
TSMC Global Ltd. (TSMC Global)	Investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	\$309,211,877	\$ 265,634,729	100%	100%
TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China)	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Shanghai, China	51,060,885	42,618,308	100%	100%
TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners)	Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	49,684,287	51,749,910	100%	100%
TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing)	Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Nanjing, China	26,493,740	6,331,094	100%	100%
VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra	Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in	Hsinchu, Taiwan	4,667,162	5,234,883	87%	87%

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Tech)	researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color filter					
TSMC North America	Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	San Jose, California, U.S.A.	4,001,003	4,340,303	100%	100%
TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe)	Customer service and supporting activities	Amsterdam, the Netherlands	407,324	353,695	100%	100%
VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	320,533	467,171	98%	98%
VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Cayman Islands	152,836	219,350	98%	98%
TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan)	Customer service and supporting activities	Yokohama, Japan	129,446	132,999	100%	100%
TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea)	Customer service and supporting activities	Seoul, Korea	39,210	35,706	100%	100%
TSMC Solar Europe GmbH	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service	_	(20,217)	(6,328)	100%	100%
Venture Tech Alliance Holdings, LLC (VTA Holdings)	Investing in new start-up technology companies	Delaware, U.S.A.				7%

\$446,148,086 \$377,111,820

TSMC Solar Europe GmbH is under liquidation procedures.

VTA Holdings completed the liquidation procedures in April 2017.

To simplify investment structure, the Company acquired 253,120 thousand shares of VisEra Tech previously held by VisEra Holding Company (VisEra Holding) by NT\$4,874,231 thousand in August 2016. The percentage of ownership held by the Company was 87%.

Under the investment agreement entered into with the municipal government of Nanjing, China on March 28, 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries will make an investment in Nanjing in the amount of approximately US\$3 billion to establish a subsidiary operating a 300mm wafer fab with the capacity of 20,000 12-inch wafers per month, and a design service center. TSMC Nanjing was established in May 2016. In both 2017 and 2016, the Company continually increased its investment in TSMC Nanjing for the amount of NT\$21,724,892 thousand and NT\$6,435,200 thousand. This project was approved by the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. (MOEA).

To lower the hedging cost, in both of 2017 and 2016, the Company continually increased its investment in TSMC Global for the amount of NT\$60,683,010 thousand and NT\$64,451,983 thousand, respectively. This project was approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA.

b. Investments in associates Associates consisted of the following:

Name of Associate	Principal Activities	Place of Incorporation and Operation	Carrying December 31, 2017	Amount December 3 Dec 2016	Ownership and Voting Rights Held by the Company cember 3 2016
Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS)	Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks	Hsinchu, Taiwan	\$ 8,568,344	\$ 8,806,384	28% 28%
Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC)	Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	Singapore	5,677,640	7,163,516	39% 39%
Xintec Inc. (Xintec)	Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service	Taoyuan, Taiwan	2,292,100	2,599,807	41% 41%
Global Unichip Corporation (GUC)	Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	Hsinchu, Taiwan	1,300,194	<u>1,174,181</u>	35% 35%
			<u>\$ 17,838,278</u>	<u>\$ 19,743,888</u>	

Starting June 2016, the Company has no longer served as Motech s board of director. As a result, the Company exercises no significant influence over Motech. Therefore, Motech is no longer accounted for using the equity method. Further, such investment was reclassified to available-for-sale financial assets and the Company recognized a disposal

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loss of NT\$259,960 thousand.

To simplify investment structure, the Company acquired 18,504 thousand shares of Xintec previously held by VisEra Holding by NT\$445,012 thousand in August 2016. The percentage of ownership held by the Company increased to 41.4%.

As of December 31, 2017, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. As of December 31, 2016, the summarized financial information in respect of each of the Company s material associates is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate s financial statements prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements, which is adjusted by the Company using the equity method of accounting.

1) VIS

	December 31,	
		2016
Current assets	\$	25,662,921
Noncurrent assets	\$	9,501,442
Current liabilities	\$	5,476,672
Noncurrent liabilities	\$	804,107
	T.	7 15 1 1
		Year Ended ecember 31, 2016
Net revenue		ecember 31,
Net revenue Income from operations	De	ecember 31, 2016
	\$	ecember 31, 2016 25,828,634
Income from operations	\$ \$	ecember 31, 2016 25,828,634 6,083,625
Income from operations Net income	\$ \$ \$	ecember 31, 2016 25,828,634 6,083,625 5,520,645

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate was as follows:

	December 31,	
		2016
Net assets	\$	28,883,584
Percentage of ownership		28%
The Company s share of net assets of the associate		8,179,830
Goodwill		626,554
Carrying amount of the investment	\$	8,806,384

2) SSMC

	De	ecember 31,
		2016
Current assets	\$	14,585,150
Noncurrent assets	\$	5,360,076
Current liabilities	\$	1,746,602
Noncurrent liabilities	\$	286,340
		Year Ended ecember 31, 2016
Net revenue		ecember 31,
Net revenue Income from operations	De	ecember 31, 2016
	\$	ecember 31, 2016 14,045,927
Income from operations	\$ \$	ecember 31, 2016 14,045,927 4,921,735

Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate was as follows:

	De	December 31,	
		2016	
Net assets	\$	17,912,284	
Percentage of ownership		39%	
The Company s share of net assets of the associate		6,948,175	
Goodwill		213,984	
Other adjustments		1,357	
Carrying amount of the investment	\$	7,163,516	
	т.	.,,	

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material was summarized as follows:

		Dece	r Ended mber 31, 2016
The Company s share of profits of associa	ates	\$	42,457
The Company s share of other comprehen	asive loss of associates	\$	(17,777)
The Company s share of total comprehen	sive income of associates	\$	24,680

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

	December 31,	December 31,
Name of Associate	2017	2016
VIS	\$ 30,638,751	\$ 26,089,360
GUC	\$ 11,905,404	\$ 3,664,997
Xintec	\$ 9,180,759	\$ 3,622,227

Equipment under

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment O	ffice Equipmen	Installation and Construction in t Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>						
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 281,936,412	\$ 1,960,457,480	\$ 31,830,657	\$ 384,197,526	\$ 2,661,634,075
Additions (Deductions)		75,491,595	458,690,837	7,888,336	(239,420,648)	302,650,120
Disposals or retirements		(36,957)	(49,921,595)	(315,776)		(50,274,328)

Balance at December 31,						
2017	\$3,212,000	\$ 357,391,050	\$ 2,369,226,722	\$ 39,403,217	\$ 144,776,878	\$ 2,914,009,867
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at						
January 1,		* . =	* . *			*
2017	\$	\$ 156,854,513	\$1,504,061,808	\$21,316,417	\$	\$1,682,232,738
Additions		19,798,087	226,251,816	4,547,232		250,597,135
Disposals or retirements		(28,816)	(34,831,423)	(315,737)		(35,175,976)
remements		(20,010)	(34,631,423)	(313,737)		(33,173,970)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	\$ 176,623,784	\$ 1,695,482,201	\$ 25,547,912	\$	\$ 1,897,653,897
Carrying						
amounts at December 31,	# 2 212 000	4.100.767.066	¢ (52 544 521	412.055.205	4.144.77 6.070	01016255050
2017	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 180,767,266	\$ 673,744,521	\$ 13,855,305	\$ 144,776,878	\$ 1,016,355,970
Cost						
Balance at						
January 1,			*			
2016	\$3,212,000	\$ 272,949,721	\$1,807,955,631	\$27,809,576	\$ 191,052,758	\$2,302,979,686
Additions Disposals or		9,000,012	155,226,807	4,264,166	193,144,768	361,635,753
retirements		(13,321)	(2,724,958)	(243,085)		(2,981,364)
		(,)	(=,, = 1,,, = 0)	(= 10,000)		(=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 3,212,000	\$ 281,936,412	\$ 1,960,457,480	\$31,830,657	\$ 384,197,526	\$ 2,661,634,075
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at						
January 1,						
2016	\$	\$ 140,493,396	\$1,313,095,298	\$ 17,606,080	\$	\$ 1,471,194,774
Additions		16,368,395	193,655,507	3,953,422		213,977,324
Disposals or						

Balance at						
December 31,						
2016	\$	\$ 156,854,513	\$1,504,061,808	\$21,316,417	\$	\$1,682,232,738
~ .						
Carrying						
amounts at						
December 31,						
2016	\$3,212,000	\$ 125,081,899	\$ 456,395,672	\$ 10,514,240	\$ 384,197,526	\$ 979,401,337

The significant part of the Company s buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill	Technology License Fees	·	Patent and Others	Total
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 9,490,320 897,855	\$ 22,063,589 2,900,120	\$ 5,241,203 349,189	\$ 38,362,868 4,147,164
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 10,388,175	\$ 24,963,709	\$ 5,590,392	\$ 42,510,032
Accumulated amortization and impairment					
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions	\$	\$ 6,091,513 1,548,262	\$ 17,991,500 2,290,957	\$ 4,231,864 485,809	\$ 28,314,877 4,325,028
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	\$ 7,639,775	\$ 20,282,457	\$ 4,717,673	\$ 32,639,905
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2017	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 2,748,400	\$ 4,681,252	\$ 872,719	\$ 9,870,127
Cost					
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 8,399,059	\$ 19,297,534	\$ 4,722,667	\$ 33,987,016
Retirements		1,091,261	2,770,842 (4,787)	518,536	4,380,639 (4,787)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 9,490,320	\$ 22,063,589	\$ 5,241,203	\$ 38,362,868
Accumulated amortization and impairment					
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions	\$	\$ 4,724,143 1,367,370	\$ 16,279,451 1,716,836	\$ 3,592,004 639,860	\$ 24,595,598 3,724,066
Retirements			(4,787)		(4,787)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	\$ 6,091,513	\$ 17,991,500	\$ 4,231,864	\$ 28,314,877
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2016	\$ 1,567,756	\$ 3,398,807	\$ 4,072,089	\$ 1,009,339	\$ 10,047,991

The Company s goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rates of 8.5% and

8.4% in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

15. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31,		
	2017	December 31, 2016	
Tax receivable	\$ 1,992,258	\$ 2,182,159	
Prepaid expenses	492,247	821,648	
Others	287	855	
	\$ 2,484,792	\$ 3,004,662	

16. SHORT-TERM LOANS

	December 31,		
	2017	December 31, 2016	
Unsecured loans			
Amount	\$ 63,766,850	\$ 57,958,200	
Original loan content			
US\$ (in thousands)	\$ 2,150,000	\$ 1,800,000	
Annual interest rate	1.54%-1.82%	0.87%-1.07%	
Maturity date	Due by	Due by	
	February 2018	January 2017	

17. PROVISIONS

The Company s current provisions were provisions for sales returns and allowances.

	Sales Returns and Allowances	
Year ended December 31, 2017		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	16,991,612
Provision		44,244,876
Payment		(48,061,663)
Balance, end of year	\$	13,174,825
Year ended December 31, 2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	9,011,863
Provision		35,699,912
Payment		(27,720,163)
Balance, end of year	\$	16,991,612

Provisions for sales returns and allowances are estimated based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, and are recognized as a reduction of revenue in the same year of the related product sales.

18. BONDS PAYABLE

December 31,

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	2017	D	ecember 31, 2016
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$ 116,100,000	\$	154,200,000
Less: Current portion	(24,300,000)		(38,100,000)
	\$ 91,800,000	\$	116,100,000

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

					Repayment and
Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Interest Payment
100-1	A	September 2011 to September 2016	\$ 10,500,000	1.40%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually
	В	September 2011 to September 2018	7,500,000	1.63%	The same as above
100-2	A	January 2012 to January 2017	10,000,000	1.29%	The same as above
	В	January 2012 to January 2019	7,000,000	1.46%	The same as above
101-1	A	August 2012 to August 2017	9,900,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	August 2012 to August 2019	9,000,000	1.40%	The same as above
101-2	A	September 2012 to September 2017	12,700,000	1.28%	The same as above
	В	September 2012 to September 2019	9,000,000	1.39%	The same as above
101-3		October 2012 to October 2022	4,400,000	1.53%	The same as above
101-4	A	January 2013 to January 2018	10,600,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	January 2013 to January 2020	10,000,000	1.35%	The same as above
	С	January 2013 to January 2023	3,000,000	1.49%	The same as above
102-1	A	February 2013 to February 2018	6,200,000	1.23%	The same as above
	В	February 2013 to February 2020	11,600,000	1.38%	The same as above
	С	February 2013 to February 2023	3,600,000	1.50%	The same as above
102-2	A	July 2013 to July 2020	10,200,000	1.50%	The same as above
	В	July 2013 to July 2023	3,500,000	1.70%	The same as above
102-3	A	August 2013 to August 2017	4,000,000	1.34%	The same as above
	В	August 2013 to August 2019	8,500,000	1.52%	The same as above
102-4	A	September 2013 to September 2016	1,500,000	1.35%	The same as above
	В	September 2013 to September 2017	1,500,000	1.45%	The same as above

(Continued)

Issuance	Tranche	Issuance Period	Total Amount	Coupon Rate	Repayment and Interest Payment
02-4	C	September 2013 to March 2019	\$ 1,400,000	1.60%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity)
	D	September 2013 to March 2021	2,600,000	1.85%	The same as above
	Е	September 2013 to March 2023	5,400,000	2.05%	The same as above
	F	September 2013 to September 2023	2,600,000	2.10%	Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (Concluded)

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the Act) is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, the Company has made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee s monthly salary to employees pension accounts. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$1,905,444 thousand and NT\$1,735,492 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

The Company has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee s length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee s name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government s designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

	Years Ended December			mber 31
		2017		2016
Current service cost	\$	145,026	\$	132,786
Net interest expense		126,525		139,355
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss		271,551		272,141
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:				
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest				
expense)		29,290		45,721
Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments		483,846		38,195
Actuarial loss(gain) arising from changes in financial assumptions		(258,455)		694,632
Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic assumptions				278,672
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other				
comprehensive income		254,681		1,057,220
Total	\$	526,232	\$	1,329,361

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

	Years Ended December 31			
		2017		2016
Cost of revenue	\$	175,357	\$	176,977
Research and development expenses		75,340		73,395
General and administrative expenses		16,669		17,367
Marketing expenses		4,185		4,402
	ф	271 551	ф	070 141
	\$	271,551	\$	272,141

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

	December 31,		
	2017	December 31, 2016	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 12,774,593	\$ 12,480,480	
Fair value of plan assets	(3,923,889)	(3,929,072)	

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

	Years Ended 2017	Decen	nber 31 2016
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 12,480,480	\$	11,318,174
Current service cost	145,026		132,786
Interest expense	185,561		212,909
Remeasurement losses (gains):			
Actuarial loss arising from experience adjustments	483,846		38,195
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from changes in financial			
assumptions	(258,455)		694,632
Actuarial loss arising from changes in demographic			
assumptions			278,672
Benefits paid from plan assets	(261,865)		(194,888)
	•		
Balance, end of year	\$ 12,774,593	\$	12,480,480

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

	Years Ended 2017	Dece	mber 31 2016
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,929,072	\$	3,870,148
Interest income	59,036		73,554
Remeasurement losses:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net			
interest expense)	(29,290)		(45,721)
Contributions from employer	226,936		225,979
Benefits paid from plan assets	(261,865)		(194,888)
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,923,889	\$	3,929,072

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

	December 31,			
		2017]	December 31, 2016
Cash	\$	707,477	\$	818,426
Equity instruments		1,993,336		1,852,950
Debt instruments		1,223,076		1,257,696
	\$	3,923,889	\$	3,929,072

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	Measur	Measurement Date		
	December 31,			
	2017	December 31, 2016		
Discount rate	1.65%	1.50%		
Future salary increase rate	3.00%	3.00%		

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government s designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$890,116 thousand and NT\$970,282 thousand as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$873,801 thousand and NT\$951,424 thousand as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$233,745 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2017. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13 years.

20. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

	December 31,		
	2017	December 31, 2016	
Capacity guarantee	\$ 13,346,550	\$ 20,929,350	

Others	282,572	176,992
	\$ 13,629,122	\$ 21,106,342
Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion	\$ 6,046,643 7,582,479	
	\$ 13.629.122	

Some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

21. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

	December 31,	
	2017	December 31, 2016
Authorized shares (in thousands)	28,050,000	28,050,000
Authorized capital	\$ 280,500,000	\$ 280,500,000
Issued and paid shares (in thousands)	25,930,380	25,930,380
Issued capital	\$ 259,303,805	\$ 259,303,805

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2017, 1,068,165 thousand ADSs of the Company were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,340,823 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

	December 31,	
	2017	December 31, 2016
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 24,184,939	\$ 24,184,939
From merger	22,804,510	22,804,510
From convertible bonds	8,892,847	8,892,847
From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries	118,792	107,798
From share of changes in equities of associates	289,240	282,155
Donations	19,208	55
	\$ 56,309,536	\$ 56,272,304

Under the relevant laws, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of the Company s paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates and dividend of a claim extinguished by a prescription may be used to offset a deficit; however, when generated from issuance of restricted shares for employees, such capital surplus may not be used for any purpose.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

In accordance with the amendments to the R.O.C. Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends and bonuses are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. The amendments to the Company s Articles of Incorporation on earnings distribution policy had been approved by the Company s shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016. For policy about the profit sharing bonus to employees, please refer to Note 29.

The Company s amended Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating the net profits for each fiscal year, the Company shall first offset its losses in previous years and then set aside the following items accordingly:

- 1) Legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals the Company s paid-in capital;
- 2) Special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge;
- 3) Any balance left over shall be allocated according to the resolution of the shareholders meeting. The Company s Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of the Company may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend; provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

Any appropriations of the profits are subject to shareholders approval in the following year.

The appropriation for legal capital reserve shall be made until the reserve equals the Company s paid-in capital. The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders—equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets, gain/loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders—equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2016 and 2015 earnings have been approved by the Company s shareholders in its meetings held on June 8, 2017 and June 7, 2016, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio For Fiscal Year 2016	n of Earnings For Fiscal Year 2015		s Per Share T\$) For Fiscal Year 2015	
Legal capital reserve	\$ 33,424,718	\$ 30,657,384			
Cash dividends to shareholders	181,512,663	155,582,283	\$ 7	\$ 6	
	\$ 214,937,381	\$ 186,239,667			

The Company s appropriations of earnings for 2017 had been approved in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 13, 2018. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings For Fiscal Year 2017 Dividends Per Share (NT\$) For Fiscal Year 2017		_	
Legal capital reserve	\$	34,311,148		
Special capital reserve		26,907,527		
Cash dividends to shareholders		207,443,044	\$	8

\$ 268,661,719

The appropriations of earnings for 2017 are to be presented for approval in the Company s shareholders meeting to be held on June 5, 2018 (expected).

Under the Integrated Income Tax System that became effective on January 1, 1998, the R.O.C. resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Company on earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

d. Others Changes in others were as follows:

		Year Ended December 31, 2017 Unearned							
		Foreign		nrealized n/Loss from		Cash Flow	Stock-Based		
	(Currency ranslation	Ava	ilable-for- Financial		Hedges	Employee		
		Reserve	5412	Assets		Reserve	Compensation		Total
Balance, beginning of									
year	\$	1,661,237	\$	2,641	\$	105	\$	\$	1,663,983
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign									
operations		(28,270,770)							(28,270,770)
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale		(==,====,===							(==,=:=,,:==,
financial assets				(310,002)					(310,002)
Cumulative (gain)/loss reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale									
financial assets				(115,690)					(115,690)
Gain/(loss) arising on changes in the fair value of hedging									
instruments						99,534			99,534
						(94,851)			(94,851)

Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items					
Share of other					
comprehensive					
income (loss) of					
associates	(88,147)	211,951			123,804
Share of unearned stock-based employee compensation of					
associates				(10,290)	(10,290)
Income tax effect		(2,974)	(562)		(3,536)
Balance, end of year	\$ (26,697,680)	\$ (214,074)	\$ 4,226	\$ (10,290)	\$ 26,917,818

	Year Ended December 31, 2016							
		Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Ga A	Unrealized ain/Loss from vailable-for- ale Financial Assets		ash Flow ges Reserve		Total
Balance, beginning of								
year	\$	11,039,949	\$	734,771	\$	(607)	\$	11,774,113
Exchange differences arising on translation of								
foreign operations		(9,439,776)						(9,439,776)
Changes in fair value of								
available-for-sale								
financial assets				148,917				148,917
Cumulative gain reclassified to profit or								
loss upon disposal of								
available-for-sale financial assets				(101 411)				(101 411)
Share of other				(101,411)				(101,411)
comprehensive income								
(loss) of subsidiaries								
and associates		65,776		(714,991)		712		(648,503)
Other comprehensive		•		, , ,				
loss reclassified to profit								
or loss upon disposal of								
associates		(4,712)		(3,469)				(8,181)
Income tax effect				(61,176)				(61,176)

Balance, end of year \$ 1,661,237 \$ 2,641 \$ 105 \$ 1,663,983

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The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of the Company and the Company s share of its subsidiaries and associates.

22. NET REVENUE

	Years Ended 1	Years Ended December 31			
	2017	2016			
Net revenue from sale of goods Net revenue from royalties	\$ 968,611,860 524,249	\$ 935,864,491 522,800			
•	,	,			
	\$ 969,136,109	\$ 936,387,291			

23. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET

	Years Ended 2017	Decei	mber 31 2016
Gain (loss) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and equipment,			
net	\$ (1,008,989)	\$	100,503
Others	(252,676)		(16,538)
	\$ (1,261,665)	\$	83,965

24. OTHER INCOME

	Years Ended 2017	December 31 2016
Interest income		
Bank deposits	\$ 1,522,579	\$ 1,634,873
Held-to-maturity financial assets	32,213	48,277
	1,554,792	1,683,150
Dividend income	141,803	133,653
	\$ 1,696,595	\$1,816,803

25. FINANCE COSTS

	Years Ended 2017	December 31 2016
Interest expense		
Corporate bonds	\$ 1,967,750	\$ 2,353,251
Bank loans	766,001	289,942
Related parties	15,889	
	\$ 2,749,640	\$ 2,643,193

26. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

	Ye	ears Ended l 2017	December 31 2016
Gain on disposal of financial assets, net			
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	115,690	\$ 101,411
Other gains		245,483	125,282
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments at FVTPL			
Held for trading		1,252,759	899,991
Designated as at FVTPL			(76,691)
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method, net			(296,065)
Impairment loss of financial assets			
Financial assets carried at cost		(6,137)	(4,537)
Other losses		(15,556)	(15,291)
	\$	1,592,239	\$ 734,100

27. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 3	
	2017	2016
Current income tax expense		
Current tax expense recognized in the current year	\$55,187,468	\$53,577,418
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(938,292)	(1,039,175)
Other income tax adjustments	150,168	168,040
	54,399,344	52,706,283
Deferred income tax benefit		
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	(4,194,644)	(1,764,503)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 50,204,700	\$ 50,941,780

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

Years Ended December 31 2017 2016

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Income before tax	\$ 393,316,176	\$ 385,188,960
Income tax expense at the statutory rate (17%)	\$ 66,863,750	\$ 65,482,123
Tax effect of adjusting items:		
Nondeductible (deductible) items in determining taxable income	(1,438,813)	121,152
Tax-exempt income	(16,467,720)	(19,075,801)
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	11,835,948	11,957,213

(Continued)

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017		2016
The origination and reversal of temporary differences	\$ (4,194,644)	\$	(1,764,503)
Income tax credits	(5,605,697)		(4,907,269)
	50,992,824		51,812,915
Income tax adjustments on prior years	(938,292)		(1,039,175)
Other income tax adjustments	150,168		168,040
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 50,204,700	\$	50,941,780
			(Concluded)

In January 2018, it was announced that the Income Tax Law in the R.O.C. was amended and, starting from 2018, the corporate income tax rate will be adjusted from 17% to 20%. In addition, the tax rate applicable to unappropriated earnings will be reduced from 10% to 5%. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognized as of December 31, 2017 are expected to be adjusted and would increase by NT\$1,464,963 thousand and NT\$15,096 thousand, respectively, in 2018.

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

	Years Ended December 31			
		2017		2016
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)				
Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	\$	30,562	\$	126,867
Related to unrealized gain/loss on available-for-sale				
financial assets		(2,974)		(61,176)
Related to gain/loss on cash flow hedges		(562)		
	\$	27,026	\$	65,691

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

December 31,	
	December 31,
2017	2016

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Deferred income tax assets		
Temporary differences		
Depreciation	\$ 7,668,535	\$ 3,284,735
Provision for sales returns and allowance	1,580,979	1,428,787
Net defined benefit liability	975,324	939,543
Unrealized loss on inventories	604,635	698,858
Others		94,858
	\$ 10,829,473	\$ 6,446,781
	, ,	, ,
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Temporary differences		
Unrealized exchange gains	\$ (169,480)	\$ (48,736)
Available-for-sale financial assets	(95,421)	(92,447)
Cash flow hedges	(37,304)	
	\$ (302,205)	\$ (141,183)

Recognized in

]	Balance,		Recog	IIIZG	Other		
	Be	eginning of			Co	mprehensive	Bal	ance, End of
		Year	Pro	ofit or Loss		Income		Year
Year Ended December 31, 2017								
Deferred income tax assets								
Temporary differences								
Depreciation	\$	3,284,735	\$	4,383,800	\$		\$	7,668,535
Provision for sales returns and allowance		1,428,787		152,192				1,580,979
Net defined benefit liability		939,543		5,219		30,562		975,324
Unrealized loss on inventories		698,858		(94,223)				604,635
Others		94,858		(94,858)				
	\$	6 6,446,781	9	\$4,352,130		\$30,562	\$	\$10,829,473
Deferred income tax liabilities								
Temporary differences								
Unrealized exchange gains	\$	(48,736)	\$	(120,744)	\$		\$	(169,480)
Available-for-sale financial assets	Ψ	(92,447)	Ψ	(120,744)	Ψ	(2,974)	Ψ	(95,421)
Cash flow hedges		()2,447)		(36,742)		(562)		(37,304)
Cash now heages				(30,742)		(302)		(37,304)
		\$(141,183)	\$	(157,486)	\$	(3,536)	\$	(302,205)
Year Ended December 31, 2016								
Deferred income tax assets								
Temporary differences								
Depreciation	\$	1,874,632	\$	1,410,103	\$		\$	3,284,735
Provision for sales returns and allowance		1,081,423		347,364				1,428,787
Net defined benefit liability		895,486		(82,810)		126,867		939,543
Unrealized loss on inventories		573,243		125,615		,		698,858
Others		81,891		12,967				94,858
		- ,		,				, , , , , ,
		\$4,506,675	\$	1,813,239	\$	126,867	\$	6,446,781
Deferred income tax liabilities								
Temporary differences								
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$	(31,271)	\$		\$	(61,176)	\$	(92,447)
Unrealized exchange gains				(48,736)				(48,736)
								,
	\$	(31,271)	\$	(48,736)	\$	(61,176)	\$	(141,183)

d. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$26,536,307 thousand and NT\$1,919,784 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2017, the profits generated from the following projects of the Company are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period

Construction and expansion of 2007	2014 to 2018
Construction and expansion of 2008	2015 to 2019
Construction and expansion of 2009	2018 to 2022

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$95,003,344 thousand and NT\$83,181,401 thousand, respectively.

g. Integrated income tax information

	December 31,	
		December 31,
	2017	2016
Balance of the Imputation		
Credit Account	\$ 114,264,283	\$ 82,072,562

The estimated and actual creditable ratio for distribution of the Company s earnings of 2017 and 2016 were 14.69% and 13.90%, respectively; while the creditable ratio for individual shareholders residing in the R.O.C. is half of the original creditable ratio according to the R.O.C. Income Tax Law. However, effective from January 1, 2018, integrated income tax system were abrogated and imputation credit account is no longer applicable based on amended R.O.C. Income Tax Law in January 2018.

All earnings generated prior to December 31, 1997 have been appropriated.

h. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of the Company through 2014. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Years Ended December 31 2017 2016

Basic EPS	\$ 13.23	\$	12.89
Diluted EDC	\$ 12 22	\$	12.80
Diluted EPS	\$ 13.23	\$	12.8

EPS is computed as follows:

	Amounts (Numerator)	Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands)	EPS	S (NT\$)
Year ended December 31, 2017				
Basic/Diluted EPS				
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 343,111,476	25,930,380	\$	13.23
Year ended December 31, 2016 Pagin / Diluted EDS				
Basic/Diluted EPS	ф 22.4.2.47.1 00	25.020.200	Φ.	10.00
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 334,247,180	25,930,380	\$	12.89

29. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF EXPENSES BY NATURE

	Years Ended December 31 2017 2016		
a. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment			
Recognized in cost of revenue	\$ 231,042,615	\$ 197,595,313	
Recognized in operating expenses	19,490,010	16,357,124	
Recognized in other operating income and expenses	64,510	24,887	
	\$250,597,135	\$213,977,324	
b. Amortization of intangible assets			
Recognized in cost of revenue	\$ 2,119,899	\$ 2,014,814	
Recognized in operating expenses	2,205,129	1,709,252	
	\$ 4,325,028	\$ 3,724,066	
c. Research and development expenses	\$ 79,887,723	\$ 70,366,179	
d. Employee benefits expenses			
Post-employment benefits			
Defined contribution plans	\$ 1,905,444	\$ 1,735,492	
Defined benefit plans	271,551	272,141	
	2,176,995	2,007,633	
Other employee benefits	90,611,476	86,133,216	

	\$ 92,788,471	\$ 88,140,849
Employee benefits expense summarized by function		
Recognized in cost of revenue	\$ 55,902,877	\$ 53,109,947
Recognized in operating expenses	36,885,594	35,030,902
	\$ 92,788,471	\$ 88,140,849

In accordance with the amendments to the R.O.C. Company Act in May 2015 and the amended the Company s Articles of Incorporation approved by the Company s shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016, the Company shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of the Company not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of annual profits during the period, respectively.

The Company accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period, which amounted to NT\$23,019,082 thousand and NT\$22,418,339 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual parent company only financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The Company s profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$23,019,082 thousand and NT\$368,919 thousand in cash for 2017, respectively, and profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$22,418,339 thousand and NT\$376,432 thousand in cash for 2016, respectively, had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company held on February 13, 2018 and February 14, 2017, respectively. There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company s profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in the amounts of NT\$20,556,888 thousand and NT\$356,186 thousand in cash for 2015, respectively, had been approved by the Board of Directors on February 2, 2016. The profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors in cash for 2015 had been reported to the Company s shareholders in its meeting held on June 7, 2016, after the amended the Company s Articles of Incorporation had been approved. The aforementioned approved amount has no difference with the one recognized in the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The information about the appropriations of the Company s profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

December 31,

December 31,

2017

2016

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Financial assets				
FVTPL	\$	373,351	\$	151,070
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 1)		2,808,606		3,279,220
Held-to-maturity financial assets				11,447,538
Hedging derivative financial assets		7,378		
Loans and receivables (Note 2)	3	62,375,885	3	380,199,491
	\$ 3	65,565,220	\$ 1	395,077,319
	φυ	05,505,220	Ψ.	000,011,019

(Continued)

	Dece	December 31,		D 1 44	
		2017		ember 31, 2016	
Financial liabilities					
FVTPL	\$	18,764	\$	62,441	
Hedging derivative financial liabilities		15,562			
Amortized cost (Note 3)	294	4,856,247	34	4,572,867	
	\$ 294	4,890,573	\$ 34	4,635,308	

(Concluded)

Note 1: Including financial assets carried at cost.

Note 2: Including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits.

Note 3: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable, and guarantee deposits.

b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company seeks to ensure sufficient cost-efficient funding readily available when needed. The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, Corporate Treasury function must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices.

Foreign currency risk

Most of the Company s operating activities are denominated in foreign currencies. Consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk. To protect against reductions in value and the volatility of future cash flows caused by changes in foreign exchange rates, the Company utilizes derivative financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts and cross currency swaps, and non-derivative financial instruments, such as foreign currency-denominated debt, to partially hedge its currency exposure.

The Company s sensitivity analysis of foreign currency risk mainly focuses on the foreign currency monetary items and the derivatives financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. Assuming an unfavorable 10% movement in the levels of foreign exchanges relative to the New Taiwan dollar, the net income for the years ended December 31,

2017 and 2016 would have decreased by NT\$849,248 thousand and NT\$116,345 thousand, respectively, and the other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2017 would have decreased by NT\$265,875 thousand.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk primarily related to its outstanding debt at fixed interest rates and investments in fixed income securities. All of the Company s bonds payable have fixed interest rates and are measured at amortized cost. As such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows.

The Company classified its investments in fixed income securities as held-to-maturity financial assets. Because held-to-maturity fixed income securities are measured at amortized cost, changes in interest rates would not affect the fair value.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from available-for-sale equity investments.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 5% in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT\$120,835 thousand and NT\$141,570 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities, primarily trade receivables, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company s maximum credit risk exposure is mainly from the carrying amount of financial assets.

Business related credit risk

The Company has considerable trade receivables outstanding with its customers worldwide. A substantial majority of the Company s outstanding trade receivables are not covered by collateral or credit insurance. While the Company has procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on trade receivables, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit its credit risk and avoid losses. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company s ten largest customers both accounted for 74% of accounts receivable. The Company believes the concentration of credit risk is not material for the remaining accounts receivable.

Financial credit risk

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the concentration limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the concentration limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties. The Company mitigates its exposure by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty and by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business requirements associated with existing operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalent, short-term available-for-sale financial assets and short-term held-to-maturity financial assets.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company s financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

	Less Than				
	1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	5+ Years	Total
<u>December 31, 2017</u>					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans	\$ 63,801,977	\$	\$	\$	\$ 63,801,977
Accounts payable (including related parties)	30,434,887				30,434,887
Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other	50,363,976				50,363,976
current liabilities	20,561,411				20,561,411
Bonds payable	25,791,842	68,378,787	7,777,715	18,203,601	120,151,945
Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities)	6,046,643	7,498,840	83,639		13,629,122
	197,000,736	75,877,627	7,861,354	18,203,601	298,943,318
	197,000,730	73,877,027	7,001,334	16,203,001	230,343,310
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts	40.460.022				40.160.022
Outflows	48,169,933				48,169,933
Inflows	(48,530,989)				(48,530,989)
	(361,056)				(361,056)
	\$ 196,639,680	\$ 75,877,627	\$ 7,861,354	\$18,203,601	\$ 298,582,262
<u>December 31, 2016</u>					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans	\$ 57,974,562	\$	\$	\$	\$ 57,974,562
Accounts payable (including					
related parties)	29,373,925				29,373,925
Payables to contractors and					
equipment suppliers	62,449,143				62,449,143
Accrued expenses and other	10.407.27=				10.407.27
current liabilities	19,485,257	64.05: ===	A	22.0=2.15.5	19,485,257
Bonds payable	40,067,749	61,831,777	35,340,742	22,979,426	160,219,694
Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses and	6,439,800	13,056,592	1,609,950		21,106,342

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other current liabilities)					
	215,790,436	74,888,369	36,950,692	22,979,426	350,608,923
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward exchange contracts					
Outflows	26,366,343				26,366,343
Inflows	(26,490,320)				(26,490,320)
	(123,977)				(123,977)
Cross currency swap contracts					
Outflows	5,478,066				5,478,066
Inflows	(5,487,600)				(5,487,600)
	(9,534)				(9,534)
	\$ 215,656,925	\$74,888,369	\$ 36,950,692	\$ 22,979,426	\$ 350,475,412

f. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value measurements recognized in the parent company only balance sheets Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company s financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	December Level 2		Tota	ıl
Financial assets at FVTPL					
Held for trading Forward exchange contracts	\$	\$ 373,351	\$	\$ 373.	,351
102 Hard Chemings Community	4	Ψ 0 7 0 ,000 1	Ψ	Ψ 0,0,	,001
Available-for-sale financial assets					
Publicly traded stocks	\$ 2,393,555	\$	\$	\$ 2,393	,555
Hedging derivative financial assets					
Cash flow hedges					
Forward exchange contracts	\$	\$ 7,378	\$	\$ 7,	,378
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u> Held for trading					
Forward exchange contracts	\$	\$ 18,764	\$	\$ 18,	,764
Hedging derivative financial liabilities					
Cash flow hedges		*			
Forward exchange contracts	\$	\$ 15,562	\$	\$ 15.	,562
		December 31 Level 2 I	, 2016 evel 3	Tota	ıl
Financial assets at FVTPL					
Held for trading					
Forward exchange contracts	\$	140,094 \$,094
Cross currency swap contracts		10,976		10,	,976

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	\$	\$ 151,070	\$ \$ 151,070
Available-for-sale financial assets			
Publicly traded stocks	\$ 2,843,952	\$	\$ \$ 2,843,952
Financial liabilities at FVTPL			
Held for trading			
Forward exchange contracts	\$	\$ 62,441	\$ \$ 62,441

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

There were no purchases and disposals for assets classified as Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

Forward exchange contracts and cross currency swap contracts are measured using forward exchange rates and the discounted curves that are derived from quoted market prices.

3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the parent company only financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

	December 31, 2017 Carrying		December Carrying	r 31, 2016
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Held-to-maturity financial assets				
Commercial paper	\$	\$	\$ 8,628,176	\$ 8,630,769
Corporate bonds			2,819,362	2,821,660
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost				
Bonds payable	116,100,000	118,020,699	154,200,000	155,930,125

Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company s assets and liabilities which are not required to measure at fair value:

	Level 1	December Level 2	r 31, 2017 Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortized cost				
Bonds payable	\$	\$ 118,020,699	\$	\$118,020,699
		December	r 31, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				

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Held-to-maturity securities			
Commercial paper	\$	\$ 8,630,769 \$	\$ 8,630,769
Corporate bonds		2,821,660	2,821,660
-			
	Φ.	A 11 170 100 A	.
	\$	\$ 11,452,429 \$	\$ 11,452,429
Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortized cost			
Bonds payable	\$	\$ 155,930,125 \$	\$ 155,930,125

In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company reassessed the bid-ask spread and the transaction volume of the fixed income securities in determining whether there were quoted prices in active markets. Accordingly, the Company classified the fair value hierarchy levels of corporate bonds and bonds payable as level 2. To have consistent comparative basis, the Company had revised prior year classification from level 1 to level 2.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of corporate bonds are determined by quoted market prices.

The fair value of commercial paper is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discounted curves that are derived from the quoted market prices.

The fair value of the Company s bonds payable is determined by quoted market prices.

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant transactions between the Company and its related parties, other than those disclosed in other notes, are summarized as follows:

Subsidiaries

Related Party Categories

a. Related party name and categories

TSMC Global

TSMC China	Subsidiaries
TSMC Nanjing	Subsidiaries
VisEra Tech	Subsidiaries
TSMC North America	Subsidiaries
TO ACE	0 1 11 1

TSMC Europe Subsidiaries
TSMC Japan Subsidiaries
TSMC Korea Subsidiaries
TSMC Solar Europe GmbH Subsidiaries

TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC

Related Party Name

Canada) Indirect Subsidiaries TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology) Indirect Subsidiaries WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech) Indirect Subsidiaries

GUC Associates
VIS Associates
SSMC Associates
Xintec Associates

TSMC Education and Culture Foundation Other related parties
TSMC Charity Foundation Other related parties

b. Net revenue

		Years Ended December 31 2017 2016		
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories			
Net revenue from sale of goods	TSMC North America	\$ 650,351,537	\$	633,917,888
	Associates Other subsidiaries	6,941,089 487,112		5,084,397 5,687
	Other related parties	133		
		\$ 657,779,871	\$	639,007,972
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Categories			
Net revenue from royalties	Associates Subsidiaries	\$ 482,537 264	\$	516,749 355
		\$ 482,801	\$	517,104

c. Purchases

	Years Ended December 31		
	2017		2016
Related Party Categories			
Subsidiaries	\$ 30,843,591	\$	27,788,470
Associates	9,903,917		10,107,719
	\$ 40,747,508	\$	37,896,189

d. Receivables from related parties

		December 31,		l, December 3	
			2017		2016
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories				
Receivables from related parties	TSMC North America Associates	\$	91,329,510 777,730	\$	85,874,678 931,787

	Other subsidiaries	34,597		39,105	
		\$	92,141,837	\$	86,845,570
Other receivables from related	TSMC Nanjing	\$	1,754,484	\$	
parties	TSMC North America		1,246,101	· ·	800,657
•	Associates		127,459		146,621
	Other subsidiaries		15,828		1,522
		\$	3,143,872	\$	948,800

e. Payables to related parties

		De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,
			2017		2016
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories				
Payables to related parties	TSMC China	\$	1,440,141	\$	1,775,774
	WaferTech		1,328,094		1,303,795
	Xintec		817,876		123,586
	VIS		409,950		587,407
	SSMC		406,959		505,655
	Other subsidiaries		405,127		499,679
	Other related parties		12,000		
	Other associates		9,517		44,105
		\$	4,829,664	\$	4,840,001

f. Disposal of property, plant and equipment

		Proceeds Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016		
Related Party Name/Categories				
TSMC Nanjing	\$ 14,336,846	\$		
Other subsidiaries	120,790	10,622		
Associates	1,355			
	\$ 14,458,991	\$ 10,622		

	Ye	Gains Years Ended Decembe 2017 2016		
Related Party Name/Categories				
TSMC Nanjing	\$	81,272	\$	
Other subsidiaries		50,361	49,108	
Associates		1,355		
	\$	132,988	\$ 49,108	

	Property	Deferred Gains from Disposal o Property, Plant and Equipment		
	December 31,	December 31,		
	2017	2016		
Related Party Name/Categories				
TSMC Nanjing	\$ 574,633	\$		
Other subsidiaries	192,554	144,689		
	\$ 767,187	\$ 144,689		

g. Others

		Years Decem 2017	Ended aber 31 2016
<u>Item</u>	Related Party Name/Categories		
Manufacturing expenses	Associates Subsidiaries	\$ 2,098,141 9,318	\$ 1,376,763 15,954
		\$2,107,459	\$1,392,717
Research and development expenses	Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 2,205,906 69,841	\$ 2,179,813 161,671
		\$ 2,275,747	\$ 2,341,484
Marketing expenses - commission	TSMC Europe Other subsidiaries	\$ 437,561 370,243	\$ 451,801 421,316
		\$ 807,804	\$ 873,117
General and administrative expenses	Other related parties Subsidiaries	\$ 101,500 3,910	\$ 60,000
		\$ 105,410	\$ 60,000

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain/loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties using equity method, and then recognized such gain/loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.

h. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

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	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31		
	2017	2016		
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 2,071,171	\$ 1,926,654		
Post-employment benefits	3,375	3,617		
	\$ 2,074,546	\$ 1,930,271		

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of the Company in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

33. SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Company s major significant operating leases are arrangements on several parcels of land and machinery and equipment.

The Company expensed the lease payments as follows:

	Years Ended J	Years Ended December 31		
	2017		2016	
Minimum lease payments	\$ 1,748,190	\$	815,178	

Future minimum lease payments under the above non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Not later than 1 year	\$ 2,622,896	\$ 777,233
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	4,340,428	2,683,437
Later than 5 years	7,849,690	5,300,624
	\$ 14,813,014	\$ 8,761,294

34. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by the Company can use up to 35% of the Company s capacity provided the Company s outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2017, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. The Company s equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, the Company and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, the Company and NXP B.V. currently

own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. The Company and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC s capacity, but the Company alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2017.

c. The Company joined the Customer Co-Investment Program of ASML and entered into the investment agreement in August 2012. The agreement includes an investment of EUR837,816 thousand by TSMC Global to acquire 5% of ASML s equity with a lock-up period of 2.5 years. TSMC Global has acquired the aforementioned equity on October 31, 2012. The lock-up period expired on May 1, 2015 and as of October 8, 2015, all ASML shares had been disposed.

Both parties also signed the research and development funding agreement whereby the Company shall provide EUR276,000 thousand to ASML s research and development programs from 2013 to 2017. As of September 30, 2017, the amount has been fully paid.

- d. In May 2017, Mr. Uri Cohen filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas alleging that the Company, TSMC North America and other companies infringe four U.S. patents. In response, the Company and TSMC North America filed a declaratory judgment complaint against Cohen in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California seeking a judgment declaring that there is no infringement of the same four patents. The Company also filed a motion to transfer Cohen s lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. Cohen agreed to the transfer, and as of December 2017, the cases are consolidated and pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. The outcome cannot be determined and the Company cannot make a reliable estimate of the contingent liability at this time.
- e. On September 28, 2017, the Company was contacted by the European Commission (Commission) for information and documents concerning alleged anti-competitive practices of the Company in relation to semiconductor sales. This proceeding is still in its preliminary stage, and it is premature to predict how the case will proceed, the outcome of the proceeding or its impact. The Company will continue to cooperate fully with the Commission.
- f. The Company entered into long-term purchase agreements of silicon wafer with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- g. As of December 31, 2017, the Company provided financial guarantees of NT\$34,107,850 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC Global, in respect of the issuance of unsecured corporate bonds.
- h. As of December 31, 2017, the Company provided endorsement guarantees of NT\$2,468,023 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC North America, in respect of providing endorsement guarantees for office leasing contract.

35. SIGNIFICANT LOSS FROM DISASTER

On February 6, 2016, an earthquake struck Taiwan. The resulting damage was mostly to inventories and equipment. The Company recognized earthquake losses of NT\$2,492,138 thousand, net of insurance claim, for the year ended December 31, 2016. Such losses were primarily included in cost of revenue. The related insurance claim was finalized in the first quarter of 2017, and the accumulated earthquake losses were NT\$2,386,824 thousand, net of insurance claim. The Company recognized a reduction of such losses of NT\$105,314 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

36. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
	(In Thousands)	(Note)	(In Thousands)
December 31, 2017			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 5,494,191	29.659	\$ 162,952,207
EUR	236,279	35.45	8,376,078
JPY	34,012,314	0.2629	8,941,837
Non-monetary items			
HKD	285,336	3.80	1,084,276
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	3,880,441	29.659	115,090,012
EUR	410,686	35.45	14,558,807
JPY	35,365,911	0.2629	9,297,698
December 31, 2016			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	4,583,146	32.199	147,572,712
EUR	19,545	34.30	670,405
JPY	36,963,829	0.2775	10,257,463
Non-monetary items			
HKD	257,056	4.15	1,066,780
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	3,981,333	32.199	128,194,952
EUR	183,821	34.30	6,305,052
JPY	60,843,106	0.2775	16,883,962

Note: Exchange rate represents the number of N.T. dollars for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Please refer to the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain

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(loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

37. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company:

- a. Financings provided: Please see Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Please see Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): Please see Table 3 attached:
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 4 attached;
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Please see Table 7 attached;
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: Please see Notes 7 and 9;
- j. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which the Company exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): Please see Table 8 attached;
- Information on investment in mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: Please see Table 9 attached.

2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: Please see Note 32.

38. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

The Company has provided the operating segments disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

TABLE 1

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

FINANCINGS PROVIDED

Maximum

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

				E	Ending							
			ance for Period	В	alance	Amount Actually Drawn						
			oreign	(F	oreign	Diawii		Nature			ReasonAll	lowance
cial			rrencies		rrencies	(Foreign		for			for	for
	Related		nousands)		nousands)	Currencies in		Financing			U	
ınt	Party	(N	Note 3)	(N	Note 3)	Thousands)	Rate	(Note 4)	Am	ounts	(Note 4)	Debltter
ther												
bles						20,039,800						
rom		\$	20,950,700	\$	20,950,700	\$		The need	d for			
ated						(RMB		short-te	rm /	(Operating	
rties	Yes	(RMB	4,600,000)	(RMB	4,600,000)	4,400,000)	1.3%-1.5%	long-term finan	cing	\$	capital	\$
ther												
bles												
from		7	44,488,500		44,488,500							
ated								The need	d for	(Operating	
rties	Yes	(US\$	1,500,000)	(US\$	1,500,000)		1.08%-1.45%	short-term finan	cing		capital	

Note 1: The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China. The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC China. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower s net worth. The above restriction does not apply to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC. However, the total amount lendable to any such subsidiary of TSMC shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC China. When there is a lending for funding needs by TSMC China to TSMC, or to the subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC, which are not located in Taiwan, the lending will not be subject to the restriction set forth in the above paragraph of this Article. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount available for lending to such borrowers and the total amount lendable to each of such borrowers still shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China.

Note 2: The total amount available for lending purpose shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. The total amount for lending to a company for funding for a short-term period shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net worth of TSMC Global. In addition, the total amount lendable to any one borrower shall be no more than thirty percent (30%) of the borrower s net worth. While TSMC, or foreign subsidiaries whose voting shares are

100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC will not be subject to this restriction, their total borrowing amount still shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount for lending to Taiwan companies other than TSMC shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the net worth of TSMC Global.

- Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.
- Note 4: The restriction of the term of each loan for funding not exceeding one year shall not apply to inter-company loans for funding between offshore subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

TABLE 2

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Limits on					Ratio of									
Endorsement/				Amouna ccumulated										
nteed Party	Guarantee	Ma	aximum					of	Endorsement/	Maximum				
	Amount	В	Balance	F	Ending	A	mountEndo	rsen	n ent arantee to	Endorsement/				
	Provided to Eacl	h for t	he Period	В	alance	A	ctually Gua	ıran	teNet Equity	Guarantee	Guarante			
	Guaranteed	(US\$ in	(US\$ in	I	Drawn Colla	tera	li zed r Latest	Amount	Provided			
Nature of	Party	The	ousands)	The	ousands)	(US\$ in	by	Financial	Allowable	by Paren			
Relationshi	p(Notes 1 and 2)	(1	Note 3)	(1	Note 3)	Th	ousands)Pro	pert	tieStatements	(Note 2)	Company			
Subsidiary	\$ 380,514,383	\$	34,107,850	\$	34,107,850	\$	34,107,850	\$	2.24%	\$ 380,514,383	Yes			
		(US\$	1,150,000)	(US\$	1,150,000)	(US\$	1,150,000)							
Subsidiary	380,514,383	Ì	2,468,023	`	2,468,023	Ì	2,468,023		0.16%	380,514,383	Yes			
		(US\$	83,213)	(US\$	83,213)	(US\$	83,213)							

Note 1:The total amount of the guarantee provided by TSMC to any individual entity shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC s net worth, or the net worth of such entity. However, subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by TSMC are not subject to the above restrictions after the approval of the Board of Directors.

Note 2: The total amount of guarantee shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC s net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

TABLE 3

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

					,	17
			Carr	ying Valu	e	
	ip		•			F
with						
the						
e Compan	Financial Statement Accoun(L	n Thousar	ndsTh	ousan d3)w	nership	(ff/o
	vailable-for-sale financial assets					\$
Fi	nancial assets carried at cost					
		1,152		4,041	2	
Fi	nancial assets carried at cost			6,975	12	
				6,410	1	
Fi	nancial assets carried at cost		US\$	65,000		US
		6,333			12	
Fi	nancial assets carried at cost		US\$	8,607	9	US
			US\$	4,270	6	US
A	vailable-for-sale financial assets	3				
			US\$	14,412	N/A	US
	with the Company Ar poration Fi Fi	Available-for-sale financial assets poration Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost	with the Shares/Un CompanFinancial Statement Accoun(In Thousare Available-for-sale financial assets 58,320 poration 21,105 Financial assets carried at cost 21,230 10,500 11,124 1,152 Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost 6,333	Relationship with the Shares/Units Companifinancial Statement Accountin ThousandsThe poration Pinancial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost Financial assets carried at cost US\$ Available-for-sale financial assets US\$	Relationship With (Foreign Currencies Currencie	with the Currencies Company Financial Statement Accound Thousands Thou

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		US
US\$ 13,4	06 N/A	US
US\$ 12,2	14 N/A	US
US\$ 12,0	15 N/A	US
US\$ 11,0	97 N/A	US
US\$ 11,0	73 N/A	US
US\$ 10,7	91 N/A	US
US\$ 10,4	65 N/A	US
US\$ 10,4	64 N/A	US
US\$ 10,3	83 N/A	US
US\$ 10,2	64 N/A	US
US\$ 10,0	18 N/A	US
US\$ 9,8	68 N/A	US
US\$ 9,8	62 N/A	US
US\$ 9,6	20 N/A	US
US\$ 9,4	10 N/A	US
US\$ 9,3	96 N/A	US
US\$ 9,3	01 N/A	US
	US\$ 12,2 US\$ 12,0 US\$ 11,0 US\$ 11,0 US\$ 10,7 US\$ 10,4 US\$ 10,3 US\$ 10,2 US\$ 10,0 US\$ 9,8 US\$ 9,8 US\$ 9,8 US\$ 9,4 US\$ 9,3	US\$ 12,214 N/A US\$ 12,015 N/A US\$ 11,097 N/A US\$ 11,073 N/A US\$ 10,791 N/A US\$ 10,465 N/A US\$ 10,383 N/A US\$ 10,264 N/A US\$ 10,018 N/A US\$ 9,868 N/A US\$ 9,862 N/A US\$ 9,410 N/A US\$ 9,396 N/A

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(Continued)

				cember 31, 20
			Carrying Valu	ıe
			(Foreign	
	Relationship		Currencies	
	with the		ares/Unitsin	Percentage
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Account	Thous ands)	_
HSBC Holdings PLC		Available-for-sale financial asse		N/A
ERAC USA Finance LLC			US\$ 8,759	N/A
Dominion Energy Inc			US\$ 8,626	N/A
Hewlett Packard Enterprise Co			US\$ 8,604	N/A
Ventas Realty LP / Ventas Capital Corp			US\$ 8,506	N/A
Duke Energy Corp			US\$ 8,337	N/A
Daimler Finance North America LLC			US\$ 8,041	N/A
International Bank for Reconstruction & Development			US\$ 7,992	N/A
Huntington National Bank/The			US\$ 7,873	N/A
Oracle Corp			US\$ 7,794	N/A
UBS Group Funding Switzerland AG			US\$ 7,505	N/A
ANZ New Zealand Int 1 Ltd/London			US\$ 7,353	N/A
Toronto-Dominion Bank/The			US\$ 7,327	N/A
Deutsche Telekom International Finance BV			US\$ 7,252	N/A
ABN AMRO Bank NV			US\$ 7,100	N/A
Siemens Financieringsmaatschappij NV			US\$ 7,073	N/A
Banque Federative du Credit Mutuel SA			US\$ 7,072	N/A
Reckitt Benckiser Treasury Services PLC			US\$ 7,010	N/A
Barclays PLC			US\$ 6,994	N/A
Hyundai Capital America			US\$ 6,971	N/A
Air Lease Corp			US\$ 6,971	N/A
Marriott International Inc/MD			US\$ 6,900	N/A
21st Century Fox America Inc			US\$ 6,882	N/A
QUALCOMM Inc			US\$ 6,866	N/A
Citizens Bank NA/Providence RI			US\$ 6,726	N/A
Fifth Third Bancorp			US\$ 6,543	N/A
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB			US\$ 6,531	N/A
Mizuho Financial Group Inc			US\$ 6,484	N/A
Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II			US\$ 6,483	N/A
Banco Santander SA			US\$ 6,347	N/A
Dow Chemical Co/The			US\$ 6,336	N/A
Bank of New York Mellon Corp/The			US\$ 6,306	N/A
Welltower Inc			US\$ 6,301	N/A
Santander UK Group Holdings PLC			US\$ 6,219	N/A
Celgene Corp			US\$ 6,181	N/A
Northrop Grumman Corp			US\$ 6,180	N/A
SMBC Aviation Capital Finance DAC			US\$ 5,938	N/A
Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co			US\$ 5,925	N/A
KeyCorp			US\$ 5,901	N/A
UBS AG/London			US\$ 5,858	N/A
NextEra Energy Capital Holdings Inc			US\$ 5,847	N/A
Schlumberger Holdings Corp			US\$ 5,769	N/A
Danone SA			US\$ 5,768	N/A
A Y Y 111 Y 1			7.700	1 1/1 1

Aspen Insurance Holdings Ltd

N/A

US\$ 5,723

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Santander UK PLC	US\$ 5,675	N/A
Toyota Motor Credit Corp	US\$ 5,643	N/A
Penske Truck Leasing Co Lp / PTL Finance Corp	US\$ 5,605	N/A
Nordea Bank AB	US\$ 5,571	N/A
ITC Holdings Corp	US\$ 5,536	N/A
McCormick & Co Inc/MD	US\$ 5,297	N/A
Montpelier Re Holdings Ltd	US\$ 5,259	N/A
Amgen Inc	US\$ 5,243	N/A
Jackson National Life Global Funding	US\$ 5,145	N/A
Branch Banking & Trust Co	US\$ 5,089	N/A
Cigna Corp	US\$ 5,065	N/A
Rockwell Collins Inc	US\$ 5,043	N/A
KeyBank NA/Cleveland OH	US\$ 5,032	N/A
UBS AG/Stamford CT	US\$ 5,005	N/A
International Finance Corp	US\$ 5,000	N/A

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(Continued)

			De Carrying Valı	cember 31, 201 ie
			(Foreign	
	Relationship		Currencies	
	with the		Shares/Unitsin	Percentage o
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Acc	(lunThoustalmols) ands)	Ownership (%
Analog Devices Inc		Available-for-sale financial	assets US\$ 4,948	N/A
US Bancorp			US\$ 4,935	N/A
Cox Communications Inc			US\$ 4,917	N/A
Macquarie Group Ltd			US\$ 4,908	N/A
Five Corners Funding Trust			US\$ 4,819	N/A
American Express Credit Corp			US\$ 4,782	N/A
Air Liquide Finance SA			US\$ 4,740	N/A
Shell International Finance BV			US\$ 4,735	N/A
Citibank NA			US\$ 4,724	N/A
European Investment Bank			US\$ 4,689	N/A
Ontario Teachers Cadillac Fairview Properties Trus	t		US\$ 4,659	N/A
SunTrust Banks Inc			US\$ 4,642	N/A
Lam Research Corp			US\$ 4,587	N/A
AEP Texas Inc			US\$ 4,583	N/A
Ryder System Inc			US\$ 4,472	N/A
New York Life Global Funding			US\$ 4,446	N/A
Royal Bank of Canada			US\$ 4,391	N/A
US Bank NA/Cincinnati OH			US\$ 4,367	N/A
Lloyds Bank PLC			US\$ 4,208	N/A
Enterprise Products Operating LLC			US\$ 4,119	N/A
Exelon Generation Co LLC			US\$ 4,098	N/A
Intel Corp			US\$ 3,990	N/A
Mondelez International Holdings Netherlands BV			US\$ 3,982	N/A
Intercontinental Exchange Inc			US\$ 3,961	N/A
BB&T Corp			US\$ 3,939	N/A
Edison International			US\$ 3,911	N/A
Wells Fargo Bank NA			US\$ 3,888	N/A
Express Scripts Holding Co			US\$ 3,864	N/A
Bank of Nova Scotia			US\$ 3,825	N/A
Suncorp-Metway Ltd			US\$ 3,787	N/A
Husky Energy Inc			US\$ 3,738	N/A
Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc			US\$ 3,736	N/A
Credit Agricole SA/London			US\$ 3,663	N/A
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce			US\$ 3,609	N/A
Pacific Gas & Electric Co			US\$ 3,587	N/A
Protective Life Global Funding			US\$ 3,574	N/A
Nuveen Finance LLC			US\$ 3,568	N/A
SES GLOBAL Americas Holdings GP			US\$ 3,521	N/A
LyondellBasell Industries NV			US\$ 3,515	N/A
Sprint Spectrum Co LLC / Sprint Spectrum Co II				
LLC / Sprint Spectrum Co III LLC			US\$ 3,481	N/A
Kroger Co/The			US\$ 3,360	N/A
State Street Corp			US\$ 3,355	N/A
District Designment I D			115\$ 2,225	NT/A

Digital Realty Trust LP

US\$ 3,225

N/A

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DXC Technology Co	US\$ 3,122	N/A
BNP Paribas SA	US\$ 3,115	N/A
Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc	US\$ 3,020	N/A
Macquarie Bank Ltd	US\$ 3,012	N/A
Time Warner Inc	US\$ 2,995	N/A
Enel Finance International NV	US\$ 2,990	N/A
Anthem Inc	US\$ 2,924	N/A
Aetna Inc	US\$ 2,882	N/A
Delta Air Lines 2007-1 Class A Pass Through Trust	US\$ 2,865	N/A
Lloyds Banking Group PLC	US\$ 2,777	N/A
BMW US Capital LLC	US\$ 2,719	N/A
AutoZone Inc	US\$ 2,693	N/A
Fifth Third Bank/Cincinnati OH	US\$ 2,689	N/A
PartnerRe Finance B LLC	US\$ 2,657	N/A
NiSource Finance Corp	US\$ 2,589	N/A

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			De	cember 31, 2017
			Carrying Valu	ıe
			(Foreign	
	Relationship		Currencies	
y	with the	Shar	es/Unitsin	Percentage of
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Account	nous Edmoks §ands)	
Realty Income Corp		Available-for-sale financial assets	US\$ 2,556	N/A
Metropolitan Life Global Funding I			US\$ 2,519	N/A
Capital One Financial Corp			US\$ 2,501	N/A
Credit Suisse Group Funding Guernsey Ltd			US\$ 2,490	N/A
Wm Wrigley Jr Co			US\$ 2,489	N/A
UnitedHealth Group Inc			US\$ 2,485	N/A
Eastman Chemical Co			US\$ 2,439	N/A
Xylem Inc/NY			US\$ 2,426	N/A
EI du Pont de Nemours & Co			US\$ 2,337	N/A
NBCUniversal Media LLC			US\$ 2,331	N/A
National Australia Bank Ltd/New York			US\$ 2,317	N/A
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd/The			US\$ 2,301	N/A
Simon Property Group LP			US\$ 2,300	N/A
Voya Financial Inc			US\$ 2,289	N/A
Kimco Realty Corp			US\$ 2,280	N/A
ING Groep NV			US\$ 2,241	N/A
Inter American Development Bank			US\$ 2,227	N/A
Cintas Corp No 2			US\$ 2,218	N/A
Pricoa Global Funding I			US\$ 2,206	N/A
ProAssurance Corp			US\$ 2,150	N/A
WR Berkley Corp			US\$ 2,136	N/A
Bank of Montreal			US\$ 2,130	N/A
HCP Inc			US\$ 2,113	N/A
Sysco Corp			US\$ 2,005	N/A
British Telecommunications PLC			US\$ 2,002	N/A
Johnson Controls International plc			US\$ 2,001	N/A
Danske Bank A/S			US\$ 1,962	N/A
American Airlines 2013-2 Class A Pass Through				
Trust			US\$ 1,960	N/A
Duke Realty LP			US\$ 1,954	N/A
Stryker Corp			US\$ 1,947	N/A
BPCE SA			US\$ 1,924	N/A
Magellan Midstream Partners LP			US\$ 1,920	N/A
Societe Generale SA			US\$ 1,913	N/A
Bear Stearns Cos LLC/The			US\$ 1,908	N/A
SunTrust Bank/Atlanta GA			US\$ 1,836	N/A
WestRock RKT Co			US\$ 1,832	N/A
Orange SA			US\$ 1,831	N/A
Philip Morris International Inc			US\$ 1,809	N/A
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group			**************************************	N T/ 1
Ltd/New York NY			US\$ 1,794	N/A
Brambles USA Inc			US\$ 1,791	N/A
State Grid Overseas Investment Ltd			US\$ 1,775	N/A

Visa Inc

N/A

US\$ 1,773

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Dominion Energy Gas Holdings LLC	US\$ 1,762	N/A
United Technologies Corp	US\$ 1,761	N/A
Regency Centers LP	US\$ 1,758	N/A
Commonwealth Bank of Australia/New York NY	US\$ 1,751	N/A
Alterra Finance LLC	US\$ 1,741	N/A
Regions Financial Corp	US\$ 1,708	N/A
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd	US\$ 1,691	N/A
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp	US\$ 1,629	N/A
Amazon.com Inc	US\$ 1,626	N/A
Gilead Sciences Inc	US\$ 1,608	N/A
Weyerhaeuser Co	US\$ 1,602	N/A
BAT International Finance PLC	US\$ 1,594	N/A
Principal Life Global Funding II	US\$ 1,588	N/A
Caterpillar Financial Services Corp	US\$ 1,536	N/A
Chevron Corp	US\$ 1,532	N/A
O Reilly Automotive Inc	US\$ 1,527	N/A
PSEG Power LLC	US\$ 1,510	N/A

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December	31.	2017
December	J_{1}	4 01/

				December 31, 2017		
				Carrying Val	ue	
				(Foreign		1
		Relationship		Currencies		(F
pany		with the	Shar	es/Unitsin	Percentage of	f Cu
	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Account	nous Elmoks sands)	Ownership (%	in Th
bal	McKesson Corp		Available-for-sale financial assets		N/A	US
	Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc			US\$ 1,498	N/A	US
	Standard Chartered PLC			US\$ 1,497	N/A	US
	CBS Corp			US\$ 1,495	N/A	US
	HSBC USA Inc			US\$ 1,470	N/A	US
	Guardian Life Global Funding			US\$ 1,469	N/A	US
	HSBC Bank PLC			US\$ 1,459	N/A	US
	Cooperatieve Rabobank UA/NY			US\$ 1,450	N/A	US
	Oesterreichische Kontrollbank AG			US\$ 1,444	N/A	US
	Monongahela Power Co			US\$ 1,429	N/A	US
	Texas Eastern Transmission LP			US\$ 1,408	N/A	US
	Georgia-Pacific LLC			US\$ 1,401	N/A	US
	AIG Global Funding			US\$ 1,387	N/A	US
	Choe Global Markets Inc			US\$ 1,366	N/A	US
	Entergy Arkansas Inc			US\$ 1,284	N/A	US
	GATX Corp			US\$ 1,277	N/A	US
	Entergy Corp			US\$ 1,277	N/A	US
	Western Union Co/The			US\$ 1,275	N/A	US
	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corp			US\$ 1,261	N/A	US
	Comeast Corp			US\$ 1,256	N/A	US
	Consolidated Edison Inc			US\$ 1,230 US\$ 1,213	N/A	US
					N/A	US
	Glencore Funding LLC			US\$ 1,206	N/A N/A	
	Sempra Energy Public Service Enterprise Crown Inc.			US\$ 1,179	N/A	US US
	Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Kreditanstalt fuer Wiederaufbau			US\$ 1,136	N/A	US
				US\$ 1,134	N/A	
	ERP Operating LP Wesfarmers Ltd			US\$ 1,118 US\$ 1,095	N/A N/A	US
						US
	Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc			US\$ 1,085	N/A	US
	International Paper Co			US\$ 1,075	N/A	US
	Glencore Finance Canada Ltd			US\$ 1,067	N/A	US
	African Development Bank			US\$ 1,064	N/A	US
	CA Inc			US\$ 1,064	N/A	US
	General Electric Co			US\$ 1,050	N/A	US
	Merck & Co Inc			US\$ 1,049	N/A	US
	EOG Resources Inc			US\$ 1,042	N/A	US
	Commonwealth Edison Co			US\$ 1,037	N/A	US
	Athene Global Funding			US\$ 1,032	N/A	US
	Lincoln National Corp			US\$ 1,029	N/A	US
	Statoil ASA			US\$ 1,016	N/A	US
	Biogen Inc			US\$ 1,013	N/A	US
	Berkshire Hathaway Energy Co			US\$ 1,009	N/A	US
	Unum Group			US\$ 1,007	N/A	US
	Tencent Holdings Ltd			US\$ 1,006	N/A	US
	Ares Capital Corp			US\$ 1,004	N/A	US

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Laboratory Corp of America Holdings	US\$	1,002	N/A	US
Home Depot Inc/The	US\$	1,000	N/A	US
John Deere Capital Corp	US\$	999	N/A	US
JM Smucker Co/The	US\$	998	N/A	US
Healthcare Trust of America Holdings				
LP	US\$	997	N/A	US
Bunge Ltd Finance Corp	US\$	992	N/A	US
Entergy Texas Inc	US\$	992	N/A	US
XLIT Ltd	US\$	988	N/A	US
Capital One Bank USA NA	US\$	976	N/A	US
National Retail Properties Inc	US\$	965	N/A	US
PPL Capital Funding Inc	US\$	932	N/A	US
Duke Energy Progress LLC	US\$	929	N/A	US
Coca-Cola Femsa SAB de CV	US\$	917	N/A	US
Lockheed Martin Corp	US\$	905	N/A	US
Southern Electric Generating Co	US\$	901	N/A	US

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		Relationship		Dec Carrying Valu (Foreign Currencies	rember 31, 201' ne
y		with the		es/Unit i sn	Percentage of
	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Account		-
	Wal-Mart Stores Inc		Available-for-sale financial assets		N/A
	CNOOC Finance Ltd			US\$ 884	N/A
	Federal Realty Investment Trust			US\$ 863	N/A
	Baker Hughes a GE Co LLC / Baker Hughes			110¢ 050	NT/A
	Co-Obligor Inc			US\$ 858	N/A
	Mastercard Inc			US\$ 849	N/A
	Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH			US\$ 836	N/A
	Consolidated Edison Co of New York Inc			US\$ 835	N/A
	MetLife Inc			US\$ 819	N/A
	Continental Airlines 2000-1			110¢ 017	N T/A
	Class A-1 Pass Through Trust			US\$ 817	N/A
	Aon PLC			US\$ 812	N/A
	Nucor Corp			US\$ 812	N/A
	ONEOK Partners LP			US\$ 805	N/A
	AXIS Specialty Finance LLC			US\$ 802	N/A
	Activision Blizzard Inc			US\$ 794	N/A
	Incitec Pivot Finance LLC			US\$ 794	N/A
	Manulife Financial Corp			US\$ 793	N/A
	Spectra Energy Partners LP			US\$ 785	N/A
	Sinopec Capital Ltd			US\$ 779	N/A
	Baidu Inc			US\$ 753	N/A
	Crown Castle Towers LLC			US\$ 737	N/A
	Duke Energy Progress LLC			US\$ 720	N/A
	APT Pipelines Ltd			US\$ 719	N/A
	Baker Hughes a GE Co LLC			US\$ 715	N/A
	DTE Energy Co			US\$ 714	N/A
	American Honda Finance Corp			US\$ 706	N/A
	Total Capital International SA			US\$ 700	N/A
	Norfolk Southern Railway Co			US\$ 700	N/A
	Scentre Group Trust 1 / Scentre Group Trust 2			US\$ 698	N/A
	TTX Co			US\$ 698	N/A
	Vornado Realty LP			US\$ 697	N/A
	Three Gorges Finance I Cayman Islands Ltd			US\$ 687 US\$ 681	N/A
	Rochester Gas & Electric Corp ING Bank NV				N/A
				US\$ 675	N/A
	Ohio Power Co			US\$ 659	N/A
	Continental Airlines 2007-1 Class A Pass Through			US\$ 658	N/A
	Trust Entergy Culf States Levisions LLC				
	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana LLC			US\$ 649	N/A
	Georgia Power Co			US\$ 646	N/A
	Fortive Corp			US\$ 644 US\$ 642	N/A N/A
	RBC USA Holdco Corp			US\$ 642 US\$ 637	N/A N/A
	Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc			US\$ 037	IN/A

Liberty Property LP

N/A

US\$ 631

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Grupo Bimbo SAB de CV US\$ 63	81 N/A
Potash Corp of Saskatchewan Inc US\$ 65	28 N/A
Daiwa Securities Group Inc US\$ 6	3 N/A
Dr Pepper Snapple Group Inc US\$ 6	2 N/A
BOC Aviation Ltd US\$ 6	2 N/A
Life Technologies Corp US\$ 6	0 N/A
Altria Group Inc US\$ 60)4 N/A
Kimberly-Clark Corp US\$ 59	98 N/A
American Express Co US\$ 59	92 N/A
ABC Inc US\$ 59	01 N/A
Host Hotels & Resorts LP US\$ 58	88 N/A
Mizuho Bank Ltd US\$ 57	78 N/A
AvalonBay Communities Inc US\$ 57	76 N/A
AXIS Specialty Finance PLC US\$ 57	73 N/A
Boston Properties LP US\$ 55	52 N/A
Caisse Centrale Desjardins US\$ 55	50 N/A
Exxon Mobil Corp US\$ 54	18 N/A
Bunge Ltd Finance Corp US\$ 54	12 N/A

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				(Foreign	
		Relationship		Currencies	;
any		with the	Sha	res/Unit i n	Percentage of C
-	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Account	hou shnds ands	Ownership (%m)
al	Prudential Financial Inc		Available-for-sale financial asset	s US\$ 536	N/A
	American Electric Power Co Inc			US\$ 522	N/A
	Southwestern Electric Power Co			US\$ 521	N/A
	Fulton Financial Corp			US\$ 517	N/A
	TD Ameritrade Holding Corp			US\$ 516	N/A
	Regency Centers Corp			US\$ 512	N/A
	Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC			US\$ 504	N/A
	Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc			US\$ 503	N/A
	ORIX Corp			US\$ 501	N/A
	BNP Paribas / BNP Paribas US Medium-Term				
	Note Program LLC			US\$ 501	N/A
	Swedbank AB			US\$ 501	N/A
	Halliburton Co			US\$ 500	N/A
	MassMutual Global Funding II			US\$ 486	N/A
	Comerica Inc			US\$ 473	N/A
	Eaton Corp			US\$ 470	N/A
	Narragansett Electric Co/The			US\$ 466	N/A
	CenterPoint Energy Inc			US\$ 463	N/A
	Spire Inc			US\$ 458	N/A
	Equifax Inc			US\$ 454	N/A
	Canadian Pacific Railway Co			US\$ 437	N/A
	Texas-New Mexico Power Co			US\$ 434	N/A
	Nationwide Building Society			US\$ 431	N/A
	Valero Energy Corp			US\$ 431	N/A
	Woolworths Group Ltd			US\$ 415	N/A
	TransCanada PipeLines Ltd			US\$ 415	N/A
	Volkswagen Group of America Finance LLC			US\$ 399	N/A
	Southern Power Co			US\$ 396	N/A
	IBM Credit LLC			US\$ 394	N/A
	StanCorp Financial Group Inc			US\$ 391	N/A
	Aon Corp			US\$ 390	N/A
	First Niagara Financial Group Inc			US\$ 382	N/A
	Nationwide Financial Services Inc			US\$ 377	N/A
	CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp			US\$ 364	N/A
	NetApp Inc			US\$ 362	N/A
	Deutsche Bank AG			US\$ 351	N/A
	Phillips 66			US\$ 325	N/A
	Cisco Systems Inc			US\$ 322	N/A
	PacifiCorp			US\$ 314	N/A
	eBay Inc			US\$ 303	N/A
	Schlumberger Finance Canada Ltd			US\$ 298	N/A
	Eli Lilly & Co			US\$ 294	N/A
	BAE Systems Holdings Inc			US\$ 289	N/A
	Barclays Bank PLC			US\$ 289	N/A
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Amphenol Corp	US\$ 288	N/A
EMD Finance LLC	US\$ 279	N/A
Nomura Holdings Inc	US\$ 252	N/A
NBCUniversal Enterprise Inc	US\$ 249	N/A
CMS Energy Corp	US\$ 243	N/A
Kansas City Power & Light Co	US\$ 237	N/A
Hartford Financial Services Group Inc/The	US\$ 237	N/A
Protective Life Corp	US\$ 228	N/A
WestRock MWV LLC	US\$ 227	N/A
Rolls-Royce PLC	US\$ 223	N/A
Assurant Inc	US\$ 210	N/A
Fidelity National Information Services Inc	US\$ 206	N/A
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	US\$ 201	N/A
Pinnacle West Capital Corp	US\$ 199	N/A
Schneider Electric SE	US\$ 161	N/A

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				Do ing Valu oreign	ecember 31, e
	Relationship			rencies	
	with the		Shares/Units	in	Percentag
Marketable Securities Type and Name	Company	Financial Statement Act	enuTihousáFilds	(s)	Ownership
		Available-for-sale financi	al		
aging Corp of America		assets	US\$	160	N/A
shire Hathaway Finance Corp			US\$	135	N/A
Energy Florida LLC			US\$	120	N/A
		Held-to-maturity financia	l		
s Fargo & Co		assets	US\$	150,005	N/A
organ Chase & Co.				142,042	N/A
man Sachs Group, Inc.				100,000	N/A
pac Banking Corp.				100,000	N/A
monwealth Bank of Australia			US\$		N/A
onal Australia Bank				50,000	N/A
of Nova Scotia			US\$		N/A
strial and Commercial Bank of China			US\$	10,000	N/A
rnment bond					
d States Treasury Note/Bond		Available-for-sale financi	al		
·		assets	US\$	260,156	N/A
Dhabi Government International Bond			US\$	3,430	N/A
cy bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities					
ie Mae		Available-for-sale financi	al		
ic ivide		assets		590,123	N/A
die Mac		ussets		233,117	N/A
rnment National Mortgage Association				111,741	N/A
ie Mae			US\$		N/A
ral Home Loan Banks			US\$		N/A
lie Mac Multifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates			US\$	3,865	N/A
rt-Import Bank of Korea			US\$	3,004	N/A
rt Development Canada			US\$	2,990	N/A
ince of Quebec Canada			US\$	2,551	N/A
A Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R2			US\$	1,537	N/A
B Capital Inc			US\$	1,180	N/A
ral Farm Credit Banks			US\$	894	N/A
MC-GNMA			US\$	313	N/A
t-backed securities					
ank Credit Card Issuance Trust		Available-for-sale financi	al		
		assets	US\$	48,328	N/A
over Card Execution Note Trust			US\$		N/A
e Issuance Trust			US\$		N/A
rican Express Credit Account Master Trust			US\$		N/A
tal One Multi-Asset Execution Trust			US\$		N/A
Credit Floorplan Master Owner Trust A			US\$		N/A
Credit Auto Owner Trust/Ford Credit 2014-REV1			US\$	-	N/A
-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C2			US\$		N/A
IM Mortgage Trust			US\$	-	N/A
<i>36</i>			2.34	,	

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an Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust	US\$	12,002	N/A
ta Auto Receivables 2014-C Owner Trust	US\$	11,431	N/A
apeake Funding II LLC	US\$	10,953	N/A
Credit Card Trust	US\$	10,821	N/A
Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2015-3	US\$	10,359	N/A
edes-Benz Master Owner Trust	US\$	10,049	N/A
CC Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-JP7	US\$	9,335	N/A
ndai Auto Lease Securitization Trust 2017-A	US\$	9,179	N/A
la Auto Receivables 2017-2 Owner Trust	US\$	8,787	N/A
K	US\$	8,047	N/A
BB Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-BIOC	US\$	7,509	N/A
n Auto Lease Trust	US\$	7,114	N/A
Nortgage Securities Trust	US\$	7,001	N/A
Credit Auto Owner Trust	US\$	6,859	N/A
roup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-GC11	US\$	6,769	N/A
BB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12	US\$	6,749	N/A
dai Auto Receivables Trust	US\$	6,728	N/A
n Master Owner Trust Receivables	US\$	6,511	N/A
V Vehicle Lease Trust	US\$	5 961	N/A

	Relationship		((Fo	ng Valu reign rencies	
Marketable Securities Type and Name	with the Company	Sh Financial Statement Acco(Int	ares/Units Thousand		in (sands	Percentage of Ownershin (%)
maineable becarioes Type and maine	Company	Available-for-sale financial	THOUSAIIU	ajul	isanus)	
Nissan Auto Receivables 2017-B Owner Trust		assets	I	JS\$	4,863	N/A
Ford Credit Auto Lease Trust			J	JS\$	4,528	N/A
GM Financial Consumer Automobile 2017-1			J	JS\$	3,970	N/A
Cold Storage Trust 2017-ICE3			U	JS\$	3,811	N/A
Wheels SPV 2 LLC			J	JS\$	3,624	N/A
Hertz Fleet Lease Funding LP			Į	JS\$	3,486	N/A
Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-LC20			L	JS\$	3,434	N/A
Volvo Financial Equipment Master Owner						
Trust 2017-A				JS\$		N/A
CSMC OA LLC			J	JS\$	2,877	N/A
BMW Floorplan Master Owner Trust			U	JS\$	2,442	N/A
JPMDB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust						
2017-C7			U	JS\$	2,006	N/A
Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2016-A				JS\$	1,820	N/A
Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust				JS\$,	N/A
CFCRE Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C1				JS\$	998	N/A
Enterprise Fleet Financing LLC				JS\$	845	N/A
280 Park Avenue Mortgage Trust				JS\$	831	N/A
Mercedes-Benz Auto Receivables Trust 2015-1				JS\$	501	N/A
WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C14			J	JS\$	485	N/A
Structure product						
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ		Held-to-maturity financial				
		assets	J	JS\$	50,000	N/A
Commercial paper						
Societe Generale Instl		Available-for-sale financial				
		assets		JS\$		N/A
Norinchukin Bank				JS\$,	N/A
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ			J	JS\$	1,000	N/A
<u>Fund</u>						
Primavera Capital Fund II L.P.		Financial assets carried at cost	U	JS\$	65,635	4
Common stock						
LiquidLeds Lighting Corp.		Financial assets carried at cost	1,600 L	JS\$	800	11
Preferred stock						
Neoconix, Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	4,147 U	221	170	
·		i manetar assets carried at cost	7,17/ C	ψ	170	
Common stock		Associable for as 1. Committee				
Aquantia		Available-for-sale financial	460 T	τ C Φ	5 200	1
Contalia		assets Financial assets comind at asst	460 U			1
Sentelic		Financial assets carried at cost	903 L		2,607	4
5V Technologies, Inc.			963 L			20
Aether Systems, Inc.			1,085 L	194	339	20

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<u>Preferred stock</u>				
Sonies, Inc.	Financial assets carried at cost	230		3
Common stock				
Sonics, Inc.	Financial assets carried at cost	278		4
Preferred stock				
Sonics, Inc.	Financial assets carried at cost	264		4
Common stock				
Innovium, Inc.	Financial assets carried at cost	221 US\$	370	
Preferred stock				
Innovium, Inc.	Financial assets carried at cost	230 US\$	384	

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Financial StatementCounto Account party	er- Nature o \$ har y Relations (lip Th	es/Units		ares/Un		Sh	ares/Units Thousands)		sposa C	l Carryin Value
Held-to-maturity financial assets		\$	1,967,303		\$		\$	1,960,000	\$	1,960
			400,250					400,000		400
Held-to-maturity		865	8,628,176	170	_1	1,695,771	1,035	10,350,000		10,350
financial assets			3,020,170	1,3		.,000,771	1,000	10,000,000		10,550
*	0.1.11		065 604 500	2		. 602.010				
Investments accounted for using equity method	Subsidiary	7	265,634,729	2	60	0,683,010				
1	Subsidiary		6,331,094		21	1,724,892				
Investments Note accounted for using equity method	2 Subsidiary 9	9,299 US\$	6,078						US\$	15
Available-for-sale financial assets		US\$	27,973		US\$	30,914	US	\$ 18,071	US\$	18
		US\$	16,819		US\$	18,955	US	\$ 5,816	US\$	5
		US\$			US\$	19,933	US			6
		US\$			US\$	16,030	US			
		US\$	7,390		US\$	17,211	US	\$ 1,900	US\$	1
		US\$	11,237		US\$	16,115	US	\$ 9,018	US\$	8
		US\$	17,059		US\$	16,250	US	\$ 15,042	US\$	15
		US\$	7,877		US\$	11,849	US	\$ 1,964	US\$	2

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			US\$	17,144				
	US\$	2,607	US\$	14,737	US\$	854	US\$	
			US\$	12,683			US\$	
	US\$	1,704	US\$	10,762	US\$	201	US\$	
			US\$	11,600				
	US\$	1,994	US\$	11,078	US\$	1,997	US\$	1
	US\$	2,905	US\$	11,279	US\$	5,076	US\$	4
			US\$	10,425	US\$	3,561	US\$	3
	US\$	7,180	US\$	5,995	US\$	10,552	US\$	10
	US\$	11,850			US\$	10,340	US\$	10
	US\$	11,618			US\$	10,656	US\$	10
Available-for-sale financial assets	US\$	195,285	US\$	396,552	US\$	393,853	US\$	394
	US\$	30,756	US\$	182,629	US\$	163,600	US\$	163
			US\$	28,180	US\$	25,197	US\$	25
			US\$	97,678	US\$	97,712	US\$	97
	US\$	19,349	US\$	8,060	US\$	27,343	US\$	27

	Financial Statement Account		Nature of h		ts	Share	es/Units		hares/Uni Thousan			isposa Ca V
	11000unt	purey	Тементоподагр	1 II O U SUII (, 	(41171 11	O CLISCILLA	,10 411 (111	THOUSEN	 ,	iio uiiv	
5	Available-for-sale financial assets				\$		US\$	49,619		\$		\$
8	11, 41.4 101 0 4.2 111 .4 4.5 0 .6 5				Ψ		US\$			US\$	1,609	
5							US\$	18,827		US\$		US\$
_							US\$	16,497		US\$		US\$
							0.54	10,.,,		Cυψ	01	υ υ φ
							US\$	15,777		US\$	43	US\$
							US\$	59,134		US\$	43,295	US\$
							US\$	14,877		US\$	80	US\$
							US\$	14,352				US\$
,							US\$	12,520		US\$	904	US\$
							US\$	65,279		US\$	62,406	US\$
4							US\$	42,194		US\$	39,813	US\$
							US\$	38,710		US\$	36,709	US\$
3.5							US\$	27,241		US\$		
								154,404		US\$	154,494	US\$
								21,721			21,726	
								11,128			11,134	
nk								152,578			152,605	
				,	TTOO	10	TICO	10 100		TIOO	12.001	TICO
					US\$	10	0.22	12,123		US\$	12,081	022
3							US\$	12,544		US\$	12,541	US\$
3												
<u> </u>	Available-for-sale financial assets			1	US\$	22,585	US\$	33,402		US\$	7,567	US\$
						,		,			, ,=	0.04
on				1	US\$	23,076	US\$	36,655		US\$	13,991	US\$
				1	US\$	31,276	US\$	20,538		US\$	12,607	US\$
et				1	US\$	39,626	US\$	1,214		US\$	18,303	US\$
				,	IICΦ	11,944	US\$	14,793		TICC	5 027	TICO
					USÞ	11,944	OSÞ	14,793		US\$	5,927	034
				1	US\$	17,465	US\$	7,784		US\$	14,407	LIS\$
					СБФ	17,105	Ουψ	7,701		СБФ	11,107	СБФ
l II	Financial assets carried at cost				2211	23,784	2211	41,851				
. 11	i manetar assets carried at cost				Ψ	23,704	ОЭФ	71,031				
	Available-for-sale financial assets			6,581	1100	6 297			6,581	TICC	17.060	TICC
	Available-101-Sale Illialicial assets			0,381	OSÞ	0,387			0,381	034	17,960	022

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Note 1: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments, share of profits/losses of investees and other related adjustment.

Note 2: The disposal is primarily consisted of capital return.

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Transaction Amount

Company Name	Types of Property	Transaction Date	(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Payment Term	Counter-party	Nature of Relationships (Pı Ov
TSMC	Fab	August 2, 2016 to December 5, 2017	\$642,837	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance			N
	Fab	August 10, 2016 to December 28, 2017	6,833,577	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd.		N
	Fab	September 22, 2016 to September 5, 2017	302,620	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	•		N
	Fab	January 13, 2017 to December 14, 2017	307,199	Monthly settlement	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED		N
	Fab	January 18, 2017	352,766	•	TASA Construction Corporation		N
	Fab	March 15, 2017 to November 2, 2017	310,151	Monthly settlement	MARKETECH INTERNATIONAL CORP.		N
	Fab	March 15, 2017 to December 15, 2017	317,397	Monthly settlement	LI JIE INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd		N

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Fab	March 17, 2017 to December 15, 2017	358,354	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance		N
Fab	March 21, 2017 to November 30, 2017	303,996	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Taiwan Puritic Corp.	N
Fab	March 21, 2017 to December 25, 2017	300,748	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance		N
Fab	March 27, 2017 to December 27, 2017	758,991	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance		N

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(Continued)

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Company Name	Types of Property	Transaction Date	Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	Payment Term	Counter-party	P Nature of Relationships Ov
	Fab		485,131	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	KEDGE Construction Co., Ltd.	Ŋ
	Fab	April 18, 2017 to November 3, 2017	522,566	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd	Ŋ
	Fab	May 25, 2017 to December 29, 2017	6,898,386	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	DA CIN Construction Co., Ltd.	Ŋ
TSMC Nanjing Company Ltd.	Fab	March 21, 2017 to June 23, 2017	RMB 183,300	•	China Construction First Division Group Construction & Development Co., Ltd.	Ν
	Fab	May 25, 2017	RMB 119,027	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	Renchong Interior Decoration(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	N
	Fab	June 22, 2017 to June 27, 2017	RMB 98,000	Monthly settlement by the construction progress and acceptance	•	Ν
	Land use right	December 18, 2017	RMB 180,042	100% payment	Nanjing Municipal Bureau of Land and Resources	1

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

			Transaction Deta Amount	ails			Endi
ed Party	Nature of Relationships		(Foreign Currencies in Thousands)		Payment Terms	Abnormal Transaction Unit Price Payment Terms	(l Cur Th
C North ica	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ 650,351,537		Net 30 days from invoice date (Note 1)	Note	\$
	Associate	Sales	6,864,165		Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		
ng	Subsidiary	Sales	416,672		Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		
C China	Subsidiary	Purchases	22,059,850		Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		
Tech	Indirect subsidiary	Purchases	8,783,741		Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		
	Associate	Purchases	5,755,727		Net 30 days from the end of		

the month of

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					when invoice is issued	
Associate	Purchases		4,148,190	5	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	
Associate of TSMC	Sales	(US\$	1,038,560 34,149)		Net 30 days from invoice date	(US\$
Associate of TSMC	Sales		401,210	16	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	
Associate of TSMC	Sales	(RMB	115,075 25,304)	1	Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	

Note: The tenor is 30 days from TSMC s invoice date or determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

		Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies Turnover Da					Overdue				
lame	Related Party	Nature of Relationships	_	housands)	(Note 1)	Aı	nount	Action Taken		Subseq Perio	
	TSMC North America	Subsidiary	\$	92,575,611	50	\$	7,340,068		\$	17,2	
	TSMC Nanjing	Subsidiary		1,754,484	Note 2						
	GUC	Associate		777,730	45		521,739			5	
a	TSMC	Parent company		1,440,141	26		671				
			(RMB	316,238)		(RMB	147)		(RM	В	
	TSMC Nanjing	The same parent company		20,167,025	Note 2						
			(RMB	4,427,934)							
	TSMC	The ultimate parent of the Company		266,599	Note 2						
			(US\$	8,989)							
	TSMC	The ultimate parent of the Company		1,328,094	54		1,554				
			(US\$	44,779)		(US\$	52)		(US\$,	
L	Xintec	Associate of TSMC		161,232	43						
h	GUC	Associate of TSMC		245,162	50		107,483			1	
			(US\$	8,266)		(US\$	3,624)		(US\$		

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Original Investment Amount			Balan	Net Income		
Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2017 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	December 31, 2016 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)		Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)	(Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands)
Cortola, British Virgin Slands Cortola, British Virgin Slands	Investment activities Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities	\$ 292,890,229 31,456,130	\$ 232,207,219 31,456,130	9 988,268	100	\$ 309,211,877 49,684,287	\$ 5,026,024 2,225,601
Isin-Chu, 'aiwan	Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and	10,180,677	10,180,677	464,223	28	8,568,344	4,505,064

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and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices Isin-Chu, Engaged in 5,005,171 5,005,171 253,120 87 4,667,162 207,557 aiwan manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, manufacturing electronic spare parts and testing of color filter and Jose, Selling and testing of color circuits and other semiconductor devices aoyuan, Wafer level 1,988,317 1,988,317 111,282 41 2,292,100 (733,280) aiwan chip size packaging and ware relevel post passivation interconnection service Isin-Chu, Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits and color service service Isin-Chu, Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits and color service servi								
and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices Sin-Chu, and a semiconductor devices Sin-Chu, and a semiconductor devices and selling of integrated circuits and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of circuits and other semiconductor devices aoyuan, Wafer level 1,988,317 1,988,317 111,282 41 2,292,100 (733,280) devices aoyuan, Wafer level post packaging and level packaging and level packaging and level packaging and leve		semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of						
Sin-Chu, Engaged in 5,005,171 5,005,171 253,120 87 4,667,162 207,557	ingapore	and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor	5,120,028	5,120,028	314	39	5,677,640	4,444,634
California, marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices Taoyuan, Wafer level 1,988,317 1,988,317 111,282 41 2,292,100 (733,280) Taiwan chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service Usin-Chu, Researching, 386,568 386,568 46,688 35 1,300,194 854,809 developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits Tamsterdam, Customer 15,749 15,749 100 407,324 40,557 ne service and service service and supporting		Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color	5,005,171	5,005,171	253,120	87	4,667,162	207,557
laiwan chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service Isin-Chu, Researching, 386,568 386,568 46,688 35 1,300,194 854,809 laiwan developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits Amsterdam, Customer 15,749 15,749 100 407,324 40,557 ne service and Isin-Chu, Researching, 386,568 46,688 35 1,300,194 854,809 laiwan developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits Amsterdam, Customer 15,749 15,749 100 407,324 40,557 service and Isin-Chu, Researching, 386,568 46,688 35 1,300,194 854,809 laiwan developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits	California,	marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor	333,718	333,718	11,000	100	4,001,003	5,859
Hsin-Chu, Researching, 386,568 386,568 46,688 35 1,300,194 854,809 developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits Amsterdam, Customer 15,749 15,749 100 407,324 40,557 ne service and Supporting	`aoyuan, 'aiwan	chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection	1,988,317	1,988,317	111,282	41	2,292,100	(733,280)
Amsterdam, Customer 15,749 15,749 100 407,324 40,557 ne service and Supporting		Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated	386,568	386,568	46,688	35	1,300,194	854,809
	ne	Customer service and supporting	15,749	15,749		100	407,324	40,557

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Cayman slands	Investing in new start-up technology companies		412,831		608,562		98		320,533		133,597
Cayman slands	Investing in new start-up technology companies		1,318,885		1,355,417		98		152,836		(25,234)
Yokohama, apan	Customer service and supporting activities		83,760		83,760	6	100		129,446		3,600
eoul, Korea	Customer service and supporting activities		13,656		13,656	80	100		39,210		1,970
Iamburg, Sermany	Selling of solar related products and providing customer service		25,266		25,266	1	100		(20,217)		(12,706)
Delaware,	Investing in		17,408,018		17,408,018		100		26,379,465		1,448,900
J.S.A	companies involved in the manufacturing related business in the semiconductor industry	(US\$	586,939)	(US\$	586,939)			(US\$	889,425)	(US\$	47,479)
Delaware, J.S.A	Engineering support	(TIGA	423,590	(TIQA	423,590		100	(TIO)	518,616	(IIIQA	18,990
Ontario, Canada	activities Engineering support	(US\$	14,282) 68,216	(US\$	14,282) 68,216	2,300	100	(US\$	17,486) 182,321	Ì	617) 15,597
Cayman slands	Investing in new start-up technology	(US\$	2,300)	(US\$	2,300) 154,044 5,194)	9,299	97	(US\$	6,147) 839 28)	Ì	512) 378,299 12,491)
Cayman	companies Investing in		14,094		14,094	583	97		492		44
slands	new start-up technology companies	(US\$		(US\$	475)			(US\$	17)	(US\$	1)
Cayman slands	Investing in new start-up	(IICo	63,879	(LICO	43,355		100	(TIOO	46,334	(LIC¢	(1,385)
	technology companies	(US\$	2,154)	(US\$	1,462)			(US\$	1,562)	(05\$	(46)
lew Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacturing of electronic		47,257		154,602	4,693	39		23,210		(18,028)
		TICO	1 500	/T TOO	E 010)			(T TO d)	702	(TTOA	(500)

(US\$

parts,

1,593) (US\$

5,213)

(589)

783) (US\$

(US\$

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wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID

tor	Investee	Location	Deck Main (F Business@u and	Draber 201 7 For(Elg rCent in	mB&r 31, 2016 gneign uicnci&hare in (In	anné as of Decen es Percentage of nds)Ownership	Ca (F Cur	31, 2017 arrying Value Foreign rencies in ousands)	(L the (I Cur	osses) of Investee Foreign rencies in	Share of Profits/Loss of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencie in Thousands	s
oany C opment	Company WaferTech		Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices	, \$	\$ 293,63	· •	\$ (US\$	4,762,342	\$	1,248,658	Note 2	*

Note 1: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions.

Note 2: The share of profits/losses of the investee company is not reflected herein as such amount is already included in the share of profits/losses of the investor company.

(Concluded)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA

FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

usinesses roducts	Paid- (R	Amount of in Capital MB in ousands)	Method of Investmen	Ou Inv Taiv Janua	umulated atflow of vestment from wan as of ary 1, 2017 US\$ in ousands)		Investment Flows Outflow (US\$ in nousands)	O Inves Ta Dec 201	17 (US\$ in	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company	Percentage of	
cturing, testing er-aided of ed and other iductor		18,939,667 4,502,080)		\$ (US\$	18,939,667 596,000)	\$		\$ \$ (US\$	18,939,667 \$ 596,000)	\$ 8,938,933	100%	S
cturing, testing er-aided of ed and other		28,160,092 6,133,276)		(US\$	6,435,200 200,000)	(USS	21,724,892 720,000	(US\$	28,160,092 \$ 920,000)	(867,563)	100%	

Accumulated Investment Amounts Authorited Investment

Investment in Investment
Mainland China as of MOEA
December 31, (US\$ in Thousands)
(US\$ in

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Thousands)	
\$ 47 099 759	\$

\$	47,099,759	\$	119,412,667	
				Note
(US\$	1,516,000)	(US\$	3,596,000)	3

Note 1:TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China and US\$920,000 thousands in TSMC Nanjing. Note 2:Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.

Note 3: As the Company has obtained the certificate of being qualified for operating headquarters issued by Industrial Development Bureau, MOEA on August 2016, the upper limit on investment in mainland China pursuant to Principle of investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China is not applicable.

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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Item	Description	Amount
Cash		
Petty cash		\$ 330
Cash in banks		
Checking accounts and demand deposits		25,958,240
Foreign currency deposits	Including US\$778,555 thousand @29.659, JPY33,992,762 thousand @0.2629 and EUR90,361 thousand @35.45	35,231,163
Time deposits	From 2017.05.31 to 2018.09.28, interest rates at 0.001%-2.16%, including NT\$155,849,074 thousand, US\$574,900 thousand @29.659 and EUR143,500 @35.45	177,987,108
Total		\$ 239,176,841

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Amount
Client A	\$ 4,331,550
Client B	4,182,954
Client C	2,348,708
Client D	2,006,820
Client E	1,390,409
Client F	1,357,239
Others (Note 1)	11,506,872
	27,124,552
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(469,125)
Total	\$ 26,655,427

Note 1: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Note 2: The accounts receivable past due over one year amounted to NT\$5,902 thousand. The Company s subsidiary has obtained guarantee against these receivables, thus there was no impairment concern for the notes and accounts receivable.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Amount
TSMC North America	\$91,329,510
Others (Note)	812,327
Total	\$ 92,141,837

Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Amount						
		Net Realizable					
Item	Cost	Value					
Finished goods	\$ 9,596,837	\$ 26,645,348					
Work in process	52,166,234	213,045,079					
Raw materials	6,566,716	6,611,434					
Supplies and spare parts	1,967,658	1,999,552					
Total	\$ 70.297.445	\$ 248.301.413					

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

ance,	January 1,	Additions in	Decrease in	Increase (Decrease) in Using the				Market	Value
2017 res		Investment Shares	Shares	Equity Method Amount	Shares			Net Assets Unit Price	
sand	s) Amoun(III	Thousandsmoun	t Thousa rdda)ount	(Note 3) (In Thousan	ds)%	Amount	(NT\$)	Total
7	\$ 265,634,729	2 \$60,683,0	10 \$	\$ (17,105,862)) 9	100	\$ 309,211,877		\$ 309
268	51,749,910			(2,065,623)) 988,268	100	49,684,287		49
223	8,806,384			(238,040)) 464,223	28	8,568,344	\$ 66 (Note 1)	30
314	7,163,516			(1,485,876)	314	39	5,677,640		5
120	5,234,883			(567,721)) 253,120	87	4,667,162		4
000	4,340,303			(339,300)) 11,000	100	4,001,003		4
282	2,599,807			(307,707)) 111,282	41	2,292,100	82.5 (Note 1)	9
688	1,174,181			126,013	46,688	35	1,300,194	255 (Note 2)	11
	353,695			53,629		100	407,324		
6	132,999			(3,553)) 6	100	129,446		
80	35,706			3,504	80	100	39,210		
1	(6,328)		(13,889)) 1	100	(20,217)		
	347,219,785	60,683,0	10	(21,944,425))		385,958,370		425

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51	51,060,885	100	8,442,577			42,618,308
27	26,493,740	100	(1,562,246)		21,724,892	6,331,094
	320,533	98	49,093	(195,731)		467,171
	152,836	98	(29,982)	(61,917)	25,385	219,350
78	78,027,994		6,899,442	(257,648)	21,750,277	49,635,923
				•		
\$ 504	\$ 463,986,364		\$ (15,044,983)	\$ (257,648)	\$ 82,433,287	\$ 396,855,708

Note 1: The unit price is calculated by closing price of Gre Tai Securities Market as of December 29, 2017.

Note 2: The unit price is calculated by closing price of the Taiwan Stock Exchange as of December 29, 2017.

Note 3: Including share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates, cash dividends received from subsidiaries and associates, adjustments to share of changes in equity of subsidiaries and associates, adjustments arising from changes in percentage of ownership in subsidiaries and adjustments resulting from the transactions with subsidiaries and associates.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM LOANS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

	Balance,		Range of			
Туре	End of Year	Contract Period	Interest Rates		Joan mitmentsC	ʻallate Ro lma
	End of Tear	Contract I criou	interest Rates	(/eyconn		OHA CIRALIH
Unsecured loans						
Bank Of China	\$ 13,494,845	2017.11.13-2018.01.0	8 1.56	US\$	500,000	Nil
The Bank Of Tokyo-Mitsubishi						
UFJ, Ltd.	8,304,520	2017.11.03-2018.01.0	3 1.555	US\$	300,000	Nil
Bank Of America	8,007,930	2017.12.18-2018.01.0	8 1.75	US\$	300,000	Nil
Crédit Agricole CIB	8,007,930	2017.12.20-2018.01.2	2 1.82	US\$	300,000	Nil
Megabank	4,448,850	2017.11.02-2018.01.0	9 1.57	NT\$	7,000,000	Nil
Citibank Taipei	4,003,965	2017.11.01-2018.01.1	6 1.56-1.60	US\$	484,000	Nil
DBS	4,003,965	2017.11.17-2018.02.1	3 1.65	US\$	250,000	Nil
JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	4,003,965	2017.11.06-2018.01.0	5 1.66	US\$	200,000	Nil
Citibank Taiwan	2,965,900	2017.12.15-2018.01.1	1 1.76	US\$	110,000	Nil
DB	2,669,310	2017.11.03-2018.01.0	5 1.62	US\$	100,000	Nil
HSBC Taiwan	1,779,540	2017.11.17-2018.01.1	6 1.54	US\$	70,000	Nil
HSBC	1,186,360	2017.11.17-2018.01.1	6 1.54	US\$	55,000	Nil
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking						
Corporation	889,770	2017.12.19-2018.01.1	9 1.80	US\$	300,000	Nil
1	,			•	, -	
	\$ 63,766,850					

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
Vendor A	\$ 1,423,525
Others (Note)	24,181,698
Total	\$ 25,605,223

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
TSMC China	\$ 1,440,141
WaferTech	1,328,094
Xintec	817,876
VIS	409,950
SSMC	406,959
TSMC Technology	266,599
Others (Note)	160,045
Total	\$4,829,664

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO CONTRACTORS AND EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Amount
Vendor B	\$ 13,232,731
Vendor C	10,942,580
Vendor D	3,378,171
Vendor E	2,893,271
Others (Note)	19,917,223
Total	\$ 50,363,976

Note: The amount of individual vendor included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Amount
\$ 31,078,331
6,046,643
20,561,412
\$ 57,686,386

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF BONDS PAYABLE

DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

coupon ate (%)	Total Amo
1.63	\$ 7,500,0
1.29	10,000,0
1.46	7,000,0
1.28	9,900,0
1.40	9,000,0
1.28	12,700,0
1.39	9,000,0
1.53	4,400,0
1.23	10,600,0
1.35	10,000,0
1.49	3,000,0
1.23	6,200,0
1.38	11,600,0
1.50	3,600,0
1.50	10,200,0
1.70	3,500,0
	1.29 1.46 1.28 1.40 1.28 1.39 1.53 1.49 1.23 1.35 1.49

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Domestic unsecured					
bonds-102-3					
- A	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.08.09	on 08.09 annually	1.34	4,000,0
- B	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.08.09	on 08.09 annually	1.52	8,500,0
Domestic unsecured			·		
bonds-102-4					
- B	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.09.25	on 09.25 annually	1.45	1,500,0
- C	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.09.25	on 09.25 annually	1.60	1,400,0
- D	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.09.25	on 09.25 annually	1.85	2,600,0
- E	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.09.25	on 09.25 annually	2.05	5,400,0
- F	Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	2013.09.25	on 09.25 annually	2.10	2,600,0
TOTAL					\$ 154,200,0

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Shipments

Item	(Piece) (Note)	Amount
Wafer	10,449,058	\$ 869,210,414
Other		99,925,695
Net revenue		\$ 969,136,109

Note: 12-inch equivalent wafers.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF COST OF REVENUE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Raw materials used	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,864,429
Raw material purchased	39,679,243
Raw materials, end of year	(6,566,716)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(8,153,898)
Others	(105,122)
Subtotal	28,717,936
Direct labor	14,088,114
Manufacturing expenses	439,610,993
Manufacturing cost	482,417,043
Work in process, beginning of year	32,317,210
Work in process, end of year	(52,166,234)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(13,503,059)
Cost of finished goods	449,064,960
Finished goods, beginning of year	8,324,267
Finished goods purchased	41,252,348
Finished goods, end of year	(9,596,837)
Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses	(8,449,639)
Scrapped	(294,486)
Subtotal	480,300,613
Others	9,896,243
Total	\$490,196,856

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Research and Development Expenses	Ad	eneral and ministrative Expenses	Selling Expenses
Payroll and related expense	\$ 27,419,259	\$	7,125,078	\$ 2,028,116
Consumables	18,846,071		203,831	3,376
Depreciation expense	18,652,520		816,327	21,163
Repair and maintenance expense	3,426,711		1,679,314	2,940
Moving expense	503,573		1,824,079	524
Service fee	78,244		1,063,848	17,682
Patents			1,761,405	
Management fees of the Science Park Administration			1,776,508	
Commission				804,144
Others (Note)	10,961,345		3,799,015	170,836
Total	\$ 79,887,723	\$	20,049,405	\$3,048,781

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Year Ended December 31, 2016

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Year Ended December 31, 2017

		lassified as t of Revenue	Classified as Operating Expenses ar	Income	3	Total	Classified as st of Revenue	Classified as	Income		Total
Labor cost (Note)											
Salary and											
bonus	\$	50,157,890	\$33,626,599	\$	\$	83,784,489	\$ 47,718,885	\$ 32,054,821	\$	\$	79,773,706
Labor and health											
insurance		2,628,261	1,589,597			4,217,858	2,393,838	1,425,653			3,819,491
Pension		1,405,941	771,054			2,176,995	1,305,083	702,550			2,007,633
Others		1,710,785	898,344			2,609,129	1,692,141	847,878			2,540,019
	\$	55,902,877	\$ 36,885,594	\$	\$	92,788,471	\$ 53,109,947	\$ 35,030,902	\$	\$	88,140,849
Depreciation	\$2	231,042,615	\$19,490,010	\$64,510	\$ 2	250,597,135	\$ 197,595,313	\$ 16,357,124	\$24,887	\$ 2	213,977,324
Amortization	ı \$	2,119,899	\$ 2,205,129	\$	\$	4,325,028	\$ 2,014,814	\$ 1,709,252	\$	\$	3,724,066

Note: As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had 43,139 and 41,850 employees, respectively.