

FTI CONSULTING INC
Form 10-Q
April 28, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-14875

FTI CONSULTING, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland	52-1261113
(State or Other Jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)
1101 K Street NW,	
Washington, D.C.	20005
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)

(202) 312-9100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web Site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at April 22, 2016
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share	41,447,033

FTI CONSULTING, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Item 1. Financial Statements

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 114,451	\$ 149,760
Accounts receivable:		
Billed receivables	420,824	405,000
Unbilled receivables	329,933	280,538
Allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services	(197,527)	(185,754)
Accounts receivable, net	553,230	499,784
Current portion of notes receivable	31,474	36,115
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	45,196	55,966
Total current assets	744,351	741,625
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	71,263	74,760
Goodwill	1,198,070	1,198,298
Other intangible assets, net of amortization	61,193	63,935
Notes receivable, net of current portion	108,095	106,882
Other assets	42,072	43,518
Total assets	\$ 2,225,044	\$ 2,229,018
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	\$ 95,606	\$ 89,845
Accrued compensation	157,687	227,783
Billings in excess of services provided	34,226	29,449
Total current liabilities	287,519	347,077
Long-term debt, net	501,961	494,772
Deferred income taxes	150,557	139,787
Other liabilities	103,761	99,779
Total liabilities	1,043,798	1,081,415
Commitments and contingent liabilities (note 10)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 5,000; none outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized — 75,000; shares issued and outstanding — 41,385 (2016) and 41,234 (2015)	414	412
Additional paid-in capital	404,523	400,705

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Retained earnings	885,662	855,481
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(109,353)	(108,995)
Total stockholders' equity	1,181,246	1,147,603
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,225,044	\$ 2,229,018

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Revenues	\$470,285	\$432,338
Operating expenses		
Direct cost of revenues	305,636	279,030
Selling, general and administrative expenses	103,609	102,214
Special charges	5,061	—
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	1,134	234
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,606	3,012
	418,046	384,490
Operating income	52,239	47,848
Other income (expense)		
Interest income and other	2,557	(137)
Interest expense	(6,229)	(12,368)
	(3,672)	(12,505)
Income before income tax provision	48,567	35,343
Income tax provision	18,386	11,657
Net income	\$30,181	\$23,686
Earnings per common share — basic	\$0.75	\$0.59
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$0.73	\$0.57
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax expense of \$0	\$(358)	\$(20,482)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(358)	(20,482)
Comprehensive income	\$29,823	\$3,204

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional	Retained	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Earnings	Other	Total
			Capital		Comprehensive	
					(Loss)	
Balance at December 31, 2015	41,234	\$ 412	\$ 400,705	\$ 855,481	\$ (108,995)	\$ 1,147,603
Net income	—	—	—	\$ 30,181	—	\$ 30,181
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(358)	(358)
Issuance of common stock in connection with:						
Exercise of options, net of income tax benefit						
from share-based awards of \$107	53	1	1,312	—	—	1,313
Restricted share grants, less net settled shares						
of 69	183	2	(2,377)	—	—	(2,375)
Stock units issued under incentive						
compensation plan	—	—	1,842	—	—	1,842
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(85)	(1)	(2,902)	—	—	(2,903)
Share-based compensation	—	—	5,943	—	—	5,943
Balance at March 31, 2016	41,385	\$ 414	\$ 404,523	\$ 885,662	\$ (109,353)	\$ 1,181,246

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Operating activities		
Net income	\$30,181	\$23,686
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	7,971	7,808
Amortization and impairment of other intangible assets	2,606	3,012
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	1,134	234
Provision for doubtful accounts	437	2,998
Non-cash share-based compensation	6,158	6,736
Non-cash interest expense	497	671
Other	(81)	(132)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, billed and unbilled	(52,047)	(41,330)
Notes receivable	3,853	(1,003)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,824	3,583
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	5,619	15,959
Income taxes	17,561	5,524
Accrued compensation	(65,511)	(74,987)
Billings in excess of services provided	4,699	(4,092)
Net cash used in operating activities	(33,099)	(51,333)
Investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(6,362)	(8,876)
Other	34	71
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,328)	(8,805)
Financing activities		
Borrowings under revolving line of credit, net	7,000	—
Deposits	2,590	1,380
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,903)	—
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation plans	(1,371)	4,031
Other	(135)	(85)
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,181	5,326
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,063)	(3,573)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(35,309)	(58,385)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	149,760	283,680
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$114,451	\$225,295

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Supplemental cash flow disclosures		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1,255	\$ 226
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 824	\$ 6,134
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Issuance of stock units under incentive compensation plans	\$ 1,842	\$ 2,124

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

FTI Consulting, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(dollar and share amounts in tables in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of FTI Consulting, Inc., including its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company,” “we,” “our,” or “FTI Consulting”), presented herein, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for interim financial information. Some of the information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. In management’s opinion, the interim financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All adjustments made were normal recurring accruals. Results of operations for the interim periods presented herein are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC.

2. Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share adjust basic earnings per common share for the effects of potentially dilutive common shares. Potentially dilutive common shares include the dilutive effects of shares issuable under our equity compensation plans, including stock options and restricted stock, each using the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Numerator—basic and diluted		
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 23,686
Denominator		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		
— basic	40,506	40,384
Effect of dilutive stock options	131	376
Effect of dilutive restricted shares	511	564
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	41,148	41,324

— diluted		
Earnings per common share — basic	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.59
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.57
Antidilutive stock options and restricted shares	2,657	2,173

3. New Accounting Standards

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This standard makes several modifications to Topic 718, including the accounting for forfeitures, employer tax withholding on share-based compensation and income tax consequences, which are intended to simplify various aspects of the accounting for share-based compensation. ASU 2016-09 also clarifies the statement of cash flows presentation for certain components of share-based awards. The standard is effective beginning January 1, 2017, although early adoption is permitted. We have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), that replaces existing lease guidance. Under this ASU, leases will be required to record right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities on the balance sheet. This guidance is effective beginning January 1, 2019. The new standard is required to be applied with a modified retrospective approach to each prior reporting period presented. We have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). Under this ASU and subsequently issued amendments, revenue is recognized at the time when goods or services are transferred to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt this ASU. This guidance is effective beginning January 1, 2018. We are currently evaluating how the adoption of this accounting standard will impact our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, including the transition approach.

4. Special Charges

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we recorded special charges totaling \$5.1 million related to the termination of 53 employees in our Technology segment to address current business demands and to position for future growth. The special charges consisted of salary continuance and other contractual employee-related costs, including loan forgiveness and accelerated recognition of costs related to share-based compensation. The total cash outflow associated with the special charges recorded in 2016 is expected to be \$4.9 million, of which \$2.3 million has been paid as of March 31, 2016. Approximately \$2.3 million is expected to be paid during the remainder of 2016, and the remaining balance of \$0.3 million is expected to be paid in 2017.

We have paid approximately \$54.3 million of the \$65.5 million total expected payments related to special charges previously recorded in 2014, 2013, and 2012. Approximately \$2.7 million is expected to be paid during the remainder of 2016, \$3.1 million is expected to be paid in 2017, \$2.6 million is expected to be paid in 2018, \$1.2 million is expected to be paid in 2019, and the remaining balance of \$1.6 million will be paid from 2020 to 2026. A liability for the current and noncurrent portions of the amounts to be paid is included in “Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other” and “Other liabilities,” respectively, on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Activity related to the liability for these costs for the three months ended March 31, 2016 is as follows:

	Employee Termination Costs	Lease Termination Costs	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 7,768	\$ 4,045	\$11,813
Additions	4,873	—	4,873
Payments	(2,787)	(67)	(2,854)
Foreign currency translation adjustment and other	(3)	—	(3)
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ 9,851	\$ 3,978	\$13,829

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts and Unbilled Services

We record adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services as a reduction in revenue when there are changes in estimates of fee reductions that may be imposed by bankruptcy courts and other regulatory institutions, for both billed and unbilled receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts and unbilled services is also adjusted after the related work has been billed to the client and we discover that collectability is not reasonably assured. These adjustments are recorded to “Selling, general and administrative expenses” on the Condensed

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and totaled \$0.4 million and \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

6. Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs related to software development totaled \$4.0 million and \$5.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Research and development costs are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

7. Financial Instruments

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We consider the recorded value of certain financial assets and liabilities, which consist primarily of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, to approximate the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, based on the short-term nature of the assets and liabilities. The fair value of our long-term debt at March 31, 2016 was \$522.0 million compared to a carrying value of \$507.0 million. At December 31, 2015, the fair value of our long-term debt was \$513.5 million compared to a carrying value of \$500.0 million. We determine the fair value of our long-term debt primarily based on quoted market

prices for our 6% Senior Notes Due 2022 (“2022 Notes”). The fair value of our long-term debt is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, because it is traded in less active markets.

For business combinations consummated on or after January 1, 2009, we estimate the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration based on the present value of the consideration expected to be paid during the remainder of the earnout period, based on management’s assessment of the acquired operations’ forecasted earnings. This fair value measure is based on significant inputs not observed in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our acquisition-related contingent consideration include our measures of the future profitability and related cash flows of the acquired business or assets, impacted by appropriate discount rates. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Generally, a change in the assumptions used for the discount rates is accompanied by a directionally opposite change in the fair value measurement and a change in the assumptions used for the future cash flows is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the fair value measurement. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed on a quarterly basis by the Company using additional information as it becomes available.

Any change in the fair value of an acquisition’s contingent consideration liability results in a remeasurement gain or loss that is recorded as income or expense, respectively, and is included within “Acquisition-related contingent consideration” in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we recorded a \$1.0 million expense related to the increase in the liability for future expected contingent consideration payments, driven by improved business results in the current period as well as expected results during the remainder of the earn-out period. No remeasurement adjustments were recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Accretion expense for acquisition-related contingent consideration totaled \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

8. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill by operating segment for the three months ended March 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Corporate Finance & Restructuring	Forensic and Litigation Consulting	Economic Consulting	Technology	Strategic Communications	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015						
Goodwill	441,548	235,211	269,341	117,888	328,449	1,392,437
Accumulated goodwill impairment	—	—	—	—	(194,139)	(194,139)
Goodwill, net at December 31, 2015	\$ 441,548	\$ 235,211	\$ 269,341	\$ 117,888	\$ 134,310	\$ 1,198,298
	1,640	(415)	(102)	(48)	(1,303)	(228)

Foreign currency translation
adjustment and

other

Goodwill	443,188	234,796	269,239	117,840	327,146	1,392,209
Accumulated goodwill impairment	—	—	—	—	(194,139)	(194,139)
Goodwill, net at March 31, 2016	\$ 443,188	\$ 234,796	\$ 269,239	\$ 117,840	\$ 133,007	\$ 1,198,070

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. For intangible assets with finite lives, we recorded amortization expense of \$2.6 million and \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Based solely on the amortizable intangible assets recorded as of March 31, 2016, we estimate amortization expense to be \$7.8 million during the remainder of 2016, \$9.6 million in 2017, \$8.0 million in 2018, \$7.4 million in 2019, \$7.2 million in 2020, \$6.7 million in 2021, and \$8.9 million in years after 2021. Actual amortization expense to be reported in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of new intangible asset acquisitions, finalization of asset valuations for newly acquired assets, changes in useful lives, changes in value due to foreign currency translation, and other factors.

9. Long-Term Debt

The components of debt obligations are presented in the table below:

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
6% senior notes due 2022	300,000	300,000
Senior bank credit facility	207,000	200,000
Total debt	507,000	500,000
Less deferred debt issue costs	(5,039)	(5,228)
Long-term debt, net	\$ 501,961	\$ 494,772

There were \$207.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Company's senior secured bank revolving credit facility ("Senior Bank Credit Facility") as of March 31, 2016. The Company has classified these borrowings as long-term debt in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as the Company has the intent and ability, as supported by availability under the credit agreement entered into as of June 26, 2015, to refinance these borrowings for more than one year from the Balance Sheet date. Additionally, \$1.4 million of the borrowing limit was utilized (and, therefore, unavailable) as of March 31, 2016 for letters of credit.

For further information on our 6% senior notes due 2022 and Senior Bank Credit Facility, see footnote "12. Long-Term Debt" in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2015.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

We are subject to legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In management's opinion, we believe we have adequate legal defenses and/or insurance coverage with respect to the eventuality of such actions. We do not believe any settlement or judgment relating to any pending legal action would materially affect our financial position or results of operations.

11. Share-Based Compensation

Share-based Awards and Share-based Compensation Expense

Our officers, employees, non-employee directors and certain individual service providers are eligible to participate in the Company's equity compensation plans, subject to the discretion of the administrator of the plans. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we awarded 225,272 restricted shares, stock options exercisable for up to 118,865

shares, 53,104 restricted stock units, and 83,914 performance stock units. These awards are recorded as equity on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, stock options exercisable for up to 31,467 shares and 10 restricted shares were forfeited prior to the completion of the vesting requirements.

Total share-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 is detailed in the following table:

Income Statement Classification	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2016	2015
Direct cost of revenues	\$ 3,848	\$ 3,899
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,709	3,043
Special charges	105	—
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 6,662	\$ 6,942

12. Segment Reporting

We manage our business in five reportable segments: Corporate Finance & Restructuring, Forensic and Litigation Consulting, Economic Consulting, Technology and Strategic Communications.

Our Corporate Finance & Restructuring segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of businesses around the world and provides consulting and advisory services on a wide range of areas, such as restructuring (including bankruptcy), interim management, financings, mergers and acquisitions (“M&A”), M&A integration, valuations and tax issues, as well as financial,

operational and performance improvement. Our distressed service offerings generally include corporate restructurings and interim management, and our non-distressed service offerings generally include all other services mentioned above.

Our Forensic and Litigation Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with dispute advisory, investigations, forensic accounting, business intelligence assessments, data analytics and risk mitigation services and performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients, as well as interim management services.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the U.S. and around the world.

Our Technology segment provides e-discovery and information governance, hosting and consulting services and software to its clients. It provides products, services and consulting to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Its comprehensive suite of software and services help clients locate, review and produce electronically stored information (“ESI”), including e-mail, computer files, voicemail, instant messaging, cloud and social media data, as well as financial and transactional data.

Our Strategic Communications segment provides advice and consulting services relating to financial and corporate communications, investor relations, reputation management, brand communications, public affairs, business consulting, digital design and marketing.

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a segment’s share of consolidated operating income before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. Although Adjusted Segment EBITDA is not a measure of financial condition or performance determined in accordance with GAAP, we use Adjusted Segment EBITDA to internally evaluate the financial performance of our segments because we believe it is a useful supplemental measure which reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment’s ability to generate cash.

The table below presents revenues and Adjusted Segment EBITDA for our reportable segments:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Revenues		
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$ 127,156	\$ 106,212
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	119,004	123,265
Economic Consulting	130,731	106,081
Technology	48,281	54,654
Strategic Communications	45,113	42,126
Total revenues	\$470,285	\$432,338
Adjusted Segment EBITDA		
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$ 31,603	\$ 22,480
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	19,808	22,071
Economic Consulting	21,319	11,556
Technology	7,823	10,073

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Strategic Communications	6,108	5,752
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$86,661	\$71,932

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The table below reconciles Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA to income before income tax provision:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA	\$86,661	\$71,932
Segment depreciation expense	(7,029)	(6,991)
Amortization of intangible assets	(2,606)	(3,012)
Special charges	(5,061)	—
Unallocated corporate expenses, excluding special charges	(18,746)	(14,081)
Interest income and other	2,557	(137)
Interest expense	(6,229)	(12,368)
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	(980)	—
Income before income tax provision	\$48,567	\$35,343

13. Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

Substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries are guarantors of borrowings under our Senior Bank Credit Facility and 2022 Notes. The guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. All of our guarantors are wholly owned, direct or indirect, subsidiaries.

The following financial information presents condensed consolidating balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income (loss) and statements of cash flows for FTI Consulting, all the guarantor subsidiaries, all the non-guarantor subsidiaries and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the consolidated information for FTI Consulting and its subsidiaries. For purposes of this presentation, we have accounted for our investments in our subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting. The principal eliminating entries eliminate investment in subsidiary and intercompany balances and transactions

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet Information as of March 31, 2016

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,992	\$ 163	\$ 100,296	\$—	\$ 114,451
Accounts receivable, net	176,302	191,471	185,457	—	553,230
Intercompany receivables	—	921,720	39,450	(961,170)	—
Other current assets	33,076	22,789	20,805	—	76,670
Total current assets	223,370	1,136,143	346,008	(961,170)	744,351
Property and equipment, net	31,765	12,649	26,849	—	71,263
Goodwill	558,978	416,053	223,039	—	1,198,070
Other intangible assets, net	24,877	15,013	41,528	(20,225)	61,193
Investments in subsidiaries	2,021,892	495,463	—	(2,517,355)	—

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Other assets	40,855	70,630	38,682	—	150,167
Total assets	\$ 2,901,737	\$2,145,951	\$ 676,106	\$(3,498,750)	\$ 2,225,044
Liabilities					
Intercompany payables	\$ 914,711	\$7,087	\$ 39,372	\$(961,170)	—
Other current liabilities	109,576	92,243	85,700	—	287,519
Total current liabilities	1,024,287	99,330	125,072	(961,170)	287,519
Long-term debt, net	501,961	—	—	—	501,961
Other liabilities	194,243	14,387	45,688	—	254,318
Total liabilities	1,720,491	113,717	170,760	(961,170)	1,043,798
Stockholders' equity	1,181,246	2,032,234	505,346	(2,537,580)	1,181,246
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,901,737	\$2,145,951	\$ 676,106	\$(3,498,750)	\$ 2,225,044

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet Information as of December 31, 2015

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,211	\$ 165	\$ 114,384	\$—	\$ 149,760
Accounts receivable, net	159,121	169,488	171,175	—	499,784
Intercompany receivables	—	936,452	62,651	(999,103)	—
Other current assets	44,086	25,627	22,368	—	92,081
Total current assets	238,418	1,131,732	370,578	(999,103)	741,625
Property and equipment, net	33,699	13,409	27,652	—	74,760
Goodwill	558,978	416,053	223,267	—	1,198,298
Other intangible assets, net	25,863	15,571	43,542	(21,041)	63,935
Investments in subsidiaries	1,995,409	486,462	—	(2,481,871)	—
Other assets	40,359	72,981	37,060	—	150,400
Total assets	\$ 2,892,726	\$ 2,136,208	\$ 702,099	\$(3,502,015)	\$ 2,229,018
Liabilities					
Intercompany payables	\$ 930,066	\$ 8,921	\$ 60,116	\$(999,103)	\$—
Other current liabilities	135,421	107,188	104,468	—	347,077
Total current liabilities	1,065,487	116,109	164,584	(999,103)	347,077
Long-term debt, net	494,772	—	—	—	494,772
Other liabilities	184,864	12,562	42,140	—	239,566
Total liabilities	1,745,123	128,671	206,724	(999,103)	1,081,415
Stockholders' equity	1,147,603	2,007,537	495,375	(2,502,912)	1,147,603
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,892,726	\$ 2,136,208	\$ 702,099	\$(3,502,015)	\$ 2,229,018

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended

March 31, 2016

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 182,994	\$ 162,563	\$ 127,066	\$ (2,338)	\$ 470,285
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	114,429	109,190	84,315	(2,298)	305,636
Selling, general and administrative expenses	44,667	30,721	28,261	(40)	103,609
Special charges	—	4,563	498	—	5,061
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	6	1,128	—	—	1,134
Amortization of other intangible assets	986	558	1,879	(817)	2,606
	160,088	146,160	114,953	(3,155)	418,046
Operating income	22,906	16,403	12,113	817	52,239
Other (expense) income	(5,077)	(710)	2,115	—	(3,672)
Income before income tax provision	17,829	15,693	14,228	817	48,567

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Income tax provision	8,149	6,859	3,378	—	18,386
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	20,501	9,882	—	(30,383)	—
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 18,716	\$ 10,850	\$ (29,566)	\$ 30,181
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of					
tax expense of \$0	—	—	(358)	—	(358)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:	—	—	(358)	—	(358)
Comprehensive income	\$ 30,181	\$ 18,716	\$ 10,492	\$ (29,566)	\$ 29,823

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Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended

March 31, 2015

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 169,135	\$ 144,139	\$ 121,852	\$ (2,788)	\$ 432,338
Operating expenses					
Direct cost of revenues	105,063	96,587	80,083	(2,703)	279,030
Selling, general and administrative expenses	43,411	29,877	29,011	(85)	102,214
Special charges	—	—	—	—	—
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	65	169	—	—	234
Amortization of other intangible assets	986	715	2,181	(870)	3,012
	149,525	127,348	111,275	(3,658)	384,490
Operating income	19,610	16,791	10,577	870	47,848
Other (expense) income	(13,866)	(2,010)	3,371	—	(12,505)
Income before income tax provision	5,744	14,781	13,948	870	35,343
Income tax provision	2,563	5,726	3,368	—	11,657
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	20,505	9,825	—	(30,330)	—
Net income	\$ 23,686	\$ 18,880	\$ 10,580	\$ (29,460)	\$ 23,686
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of					
tax expense of \$0	—	—	(20,482)	—	(20,482)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:	—	—	(20,482)	—	(20,482)
Comprehensive income	\$ 23,686	\$ 18,880	\$ (9,902)	\$ (29,460)	\$ 3,204

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Operating activities				
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (7,700)	\$ (8,956)	\$ (16,443)	\$ (33,099)
Investing activities				
Purchases of property and equipment and other	(788)	(3,945)	(1,629)	(6,362)
Other	34	—	—	34
Net cash used in investing activities	(754)	(3,945)	(1,629)	(6,328)
Financing activities				
Borrowings under revolving line of credit, net	7,000	—	—	7,000
Deposits	—	—	2,590	2,590
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,903)	—	—	(2,903)
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation	(1,371)	—	—	(1,371)

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plans				
Other	(135)	—	—	(135)
Intercompany transfers	(15,356)	12,899	2,457	—
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(12,765)	12,899	5,047	5,181
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	—	—	(1,063)	(1,063)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(21,219)	(2)	(14,088)	(35,309)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	35,211	165	114,384	149,760
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 13,992	\$ 163	\$ 100,296	\$ 114,451

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Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

	FTI Consulting, Inc.	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Operating activities				
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (27,664)	\$ (5,191)	\$ (18,478)	\$ (51,333)
Investing activities				
Purchases of property and equipment and other	(3,979)	(3,513)	(1,384)	(8,876)
Other	32	—	39	71
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,947)	(3,513)	(1,345)	(8,805)
Financing activities				
Net issuance of common stock under equity compensation				
plans	4,031	—	—	4,031
Deposits	—	—	1,380	1,380
Other	(85)	—	—	(85)
Intercompany transfers	(8,255)	8,701	(446)	—
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(4,309)	8,701	934	5,326
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents				
	—	—	(3,573)	(3,573)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(35,920)	(3)	(22,462)	(58,385)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	171,090	159	112,431	283,680
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 135,170	\$ 156	\$ 89,969	\$ 225,295

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 and significant factors that could affect our prospective financial condition and results of operations. This discussion should be read together with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In addition to historical information, the following discussion includes forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements contained herein are reasonable, these expectations or any of the forward-looking statements could prove to be incorrect, and actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in the forward-looking statements.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

We are a global business advisory firm dedicated to helping organizations protect and enhance their enterprise value. We work closely with our clients to help them anticipate, understand, manage and overcome complex business matters arising from such factors as the economy, financial and credit markets, governmental regulation and legislation and litigation. We assist clients in addressing a broad range of business challenges, such as restructuring (including bankruptcy), capital market issues and indebtedness, interim business management, forensic accounting and litigation matters, international arbitrations, Mergers & Acquisitions ("M&A"), antitrust and competition matters, securities litigation, e-discovery, management and retrieval of electronically stored information ("ESI"), reputation management and strategic communications. We also provide services to help our clients take advantage of economic, regulatory, financial and other business opportunities. Our experienced teams of professionals include many individuals who are widely recognized as experts in their respective fields. We believe clients retain us because of our recognized expertise and capabilities in highly specialized areas as well as our reputation for satisfying client needs.

We report financial results for the following five reportable segments:

Our Corporate Finance & Restructuring ("Corporate Finance") segment focuses on the strategic, operational, financial and capital needs of businesses around the world and provides consulting and advisory services on a wide range of areas, such as restructuring (including bankruptcy), interim management, financings, M&A, M&A integration, valuations and tax issues, as well as financial, operational and performance improvement. Our distressed service offerings generally include corporate restructurings and interim management, and our non-distressed service offerings generally include all other services mentioned above.

Our Forensic and Litigation Consulting ("FLC") segment provides law firms, companies, government clients and other interested parties with dispute advisory, investigations, forensic accounting, business intelligence assessments, data analytics and risk mitigation services and performance improvement services for our health solutions practice clients, as well as interim management services.

Our Economic Consulting segment provides law firms, companies, government entities and other interested parties with analysis of complex economic issues for use in legal, regulatory and international arbitration proceedings, strategic decision making and public policy debates in the U.S. and around the world.

Our Technology segment provides e-discovery and information governance, hosting and consulting services and software to its clients. It provides products, services and consulting to companies, law firms, courts and government agencies worldwide. Its comprehensive suite of software and services help clients locate, review and produce ESI, including e-mail, computer files, voicemail, instant messaging, cloud and social media data, as well as financial and transactional data.

Our Strategic Communications segment provides advice and consulting services relating to financial and corporate communications, investor relations, reputation management, brand communications, public affairs, business consulting, digital design and marketing.

We derive substantially all of our revenues from providing professional services to both U.S. and global clients. Most of our services are rendered under time-and-expense arrangements that obligate the client to pay us a fee for the hours that we incur at agreed upon rates. Under this arrangement, we typically bill our clients for reimbursable expenses, which may include the cost of producing our work product and other direct expenses that we incur on behalf of the client, such as travel costs. We also render services for which certain clients may be required to pay us a fixed fee or recurring retainer. These arrangements are generally cancellable at any time. Some of our engagements contain performance-based arrangements in which we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. This type of success fee may supplement a time-and-expense or fixed-fee arrangement. Success fee revenues may cause variations in our revenues and operating results due to the timing of achieving the performance-based criteria. In our Technology segment, certain clients are also billed based on the amount of data stored on our electronic systems, the volume of

information processed or the number of users licensing our Ringtail® software products for use or installation within their own environments. We license certain products directly to end users as well as indirectly through our channel partner relationships. Unit-based revenue is defined as revenue billed on a per-item, per-page, or some other unit-based method and includes revenue from data processing and hosting, software usage and software licensing. Unit-based revenue includes revenue associated with our proprietary software that is made available to customers, either via a web browser (“on-demand”) or installed at our customer or partner locations (“on-premise”). On-demand revenue is charged on a unit or monthly basis and includes, but is not limited to, processing and review related functions. On-premise revenue is comprised of up-front license fees, with recurring support and maintenance. Seasonal factors, such as the timing of our employees’ and clients’ vacations and holidays, impact the timing of our revenues.

Our financial results are primarily driven by:

- the number, size and type of engagements we secure;
- the rate per hour or fixed charges we charge our clients for services;
- the utilization rates of the revenue-generating professionals we employ;
- the number of revenue-generating professionals;
- fees from clients on a retained basis or other;
- licensing of our software products and other technology services;
- the types of assignments we are working on at different times;
- the length of the billing and collection cycles; and
- the geographic locations of our clients or locations in which services are rendered.

We define acquisition growth as revenue of acquired companies in the first twelve months following the effective date of an acquisition. Our definition of organic growth is the change in revenue excluding the impact of all such acquisitions.

When significant, we identify the estimated impact of foreign currency translation driven by our businesses with functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar, on the period-to-period performance results. The estimated impact of foreign currency translation is calculated as the difference between the prior period results multiplied by the average foreign currency exchange rates in the current period and the prior period results multiplied by the average foreign currency rates in the prior period.

Non-GAAP Measures

In the accompanying analysis of financial information, we sometimes use information derived from consolidated and segment financial information that is not presented in our financial statements and prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). Certain of these measures are considered “non-GAAP financial measures” under the SEC rules. Specifically, we have referred to:

- Segment Operating Income (Loss)
- Total Segment Operating Income (Loss)
- Adjusted EBITDA
- Adjusted Segment EBITDA
- Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA
- Adjusted EBITDA Margin
- Adjusted Segment EBITDA Margin
- Adjusted Net Income
- Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

We define Segment Operating Income (Loss) as a segment’s share of consolidated operating income (loss). We define Total Segment Operating Income (Loss) as the total of Segment Operating Income (Loss) for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We use Segment Operating Income (Loss) for the purpose of calculating

Adjusted Segment EBITDA. We define Adjusted EBITDA as consolidated net income (loss) before income tax provision, other non-operating income (expense), depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment

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charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a segment's share of consolidated operating income (loss) before depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. We define Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA as the total of Adjusted Segment EBITDA for all segments, which excludes unallocated corporate expenses. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of total revenues. We define Adjusted Segment EBITDA Margin as Adjusted Segment EBITDA as a percentage of a segment's share of revenue. We use Adjusted Segment EBITDA to internally evaluate the financial performance of our segments because we believe it is a useful supplemental measure which reflects current core operating performance and provides an indicator of the segment's ability to generate cash. We also believe that these measures, when considered together with our GAAP financial results, provide management and investors with a more complete understanding of our operating results, including underlying trends, by excluding the effects of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges and goodwill impairment charges. In addition, EBITDA is a common alternative measure of operating performance used by many of our competitors. It is used by investors, financial analysts, rating agencies and others to value and compare the financial performance of companies in our industry. Therefore, we also believe that these measures, considered along with corresponding GAAP measures, provide management and investors with additional information for comparison of our operating results to the operating results of other companies.

We define Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share ("Adjusted EPS") as net income (loss) and earnings per diluted share, respectively, excluding the impact of remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt. We use Adjusted Net Income for the purpose of calculating Adjusted EPS. Management uses Adjusted EPS to assess total company operating performance on a consistent basis. We believe that this measure, when considered together with our GAAP financial results, provides management and investors with an additional understanding of our business operating results, including underlying trends, by excluding the effects of the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, special charges, goodwill impairment charges and losses on early extinguishment of debt.

Non-GAAP financial measures are not defined in the same manner by all companies and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for or superior to, the information contained in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included elsewhere in this filing.

EXECUTIVE HIGHLIGHTS

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
	(dollar amounts in thousands,	
	except per share data)	
Revenues	\$ 470,285	\$ 432,338
Special charges ⁽¹⁾	\$ 5,061	\$ —
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 68,857	\$ 58,668
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 23,686
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.57
Adjusted earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.57
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (33,099)	\$ (51,333)
Total number of employees	4,610	4,454

⁽¹⁾Excluded from non-GAAP measures.

First Quarter 2016 Executive Highlights

Revenues

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$38.0 million, or 8.8%, to \$470.3 million, which included a \$7.1 million, or 1.6%, estimated negative impact of foreign currency translation. Excluding the estimated impact of foreign currency translation, revenues increased \$45.1 million, or 10.4%, primarily driven by higher demand for distressed service offerings in North America in our Corporate Finance segment and higher demand for our M&A related antitrust and financial economics services in our Economic Consulting segment.

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Special Charges

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we recorded special charges of \$5.1 million related to the termination of 53 employees in our Technology segment, to address current business demands and position the segment for future growth. The special charges consisted of salary continuance and other contractual employee-related costs, including loan forgiveness and accelerated recognition of costs related to share-based compensation.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$10.2 million, or 17.4%, to \$68.9 million compared to \$58.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA was 14.6% of revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to 13.6% of revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA was driven by higher revenues in our Corporate Finance and Economic Consulting segments, partially offset by an increase in unallocated corporate expenses.

Net Income

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$6.5 million, or 27.4%, to \$30.2 million compared to \$23.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. This increase was driven by the business results described above, as well as lower interest expense due to the debt restructuring completed in the third quarter of 2015. Partially offsetting these increases were the special charges in our Technology segment, higher income tax expense due to the favorable discrete tax adjustment recorded in the first quarter of 2015, and a \$1.0 million expense related to the increase in the liability for future expected contingent consideration payments.

Earnings per diluted share and Adjusted EPS

Earnings per diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$0.16 to \$0.73 compared to \$0.57 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Earnings per diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were impacted by the results as outlined above.

Adjusted EPS for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$0.26 to \$0.83 compared to \$0.57 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The amount for the three months ended March 31, 2016 excludes the special charges and remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration described above.

Liquidity and Capital Allocation

Cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2016 decreased \$18.2 million, or 35.5%, to \$33.1 million compared to \$51.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to higher cash collections, lower payments for income taxes and lower forgivable loan funding, partially offset by increased payments for compensation and other operating expenses. Days sales outstanding (“DSO”), which is one measure of the collections cycle, was 98 days at March 31, 2016 compared to 101 days at March 31, 2015, reflecting improved collections. We calculate DSO at the end of each reporting period by dividing net accounts receivable reduced by billings in excess of services provided, by revenue for the quarter, adjusted for changes in foreign exchange rates. We multiply the result by the number of days in the quarter.

Financing activities in the three months ended March 31, 2016 included \$7.0 million of additional borrowings under the Company’s senior secured bank revolving credit facility (“Senior Bank Credit Facility”), as well as the repurchase and retirement of 85,100 shares of our common stock for an average price per share of \$34.12, at a total cost of \$2.9 million. Our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program of up to \$50.0 million at any time prior to May 5, 2016 (the “2015 Repurchase Program”). As of March 31, 2016, we have \$20.6 million available under this program to repurchase additional shares.

Headcount

As of March 31, 2016, our total headcount of 4,610 increased by 156 from 4,454 as of March 31, 2015.

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We decreased the number of non-billable employees by 18, from 1,118 as of December 31, 2015 to 1,100 as of March 31, 2016. Net change to billable headcount for the three months ended March 31, 2016 is summarized in the table below.

Billable Headcount	Corporate					Total
	Finance & Restructuring	Forensic and Litigation Consulting	Economic Consulting	Technology	Strategic Communications	
December 31, 2015	838	1,131	599	349	599	3,516
Additions (reductions), net	19	1	8	(36)	2	(6)
March 31, 2016	857	1,132	607	313	601	3,510
Percentage change in headcount from prior year	2.3	% 0.1	% 1.3	% -10.3	% 0.3	% -0.2

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Segment and Consolidated Operating Results:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
	(in thousands, except per share data)	
Revenues		
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$ 127,156	\$ 106,212
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	119,004	123,265
Economic Consulting	130,731	106,081
Technology	48,281	54,654
Strategic Communications	45,113	42,126
Total revenues	\$ 470,285	\$ 432,338
Operating income (loss)		
Corporate Finance & Restructuring	\$ 30,076	\$ 20,764
Forensic and Litigation Consulting	18,213	20,474
Economic Consulting	20,211	10,296
Technology	(1,180)	6,198
Strategic Communications	3,665	4,197
Segment operating income	70,985	61,929
Unallocated corporate expenses	(18,746)	(14,081)
Operating income	52,239	47,848
Other income (expense)		
Interest income and other	2,557	(137)
Interest expense	(6,229)	(12,368)
Other income (expense)	(3,672)	(12,505)
Income before income tax provision	48,567	35,343
Income tax provision	18,386	11,657
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 23,686
Earnings per common share — basic	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.59

Earnings per common share — diluted \$ 0.73 \$ 0.57

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015 (in thousands)	
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 23,686
Add back:		
Income tax provision	18,386	11,657
Other income (expense), net	3,672	12,505
Depreciation and amortization	7,971	7,808
Amortization of other intangible assets	2,606	3,012
Special charges	5,061	—
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration	980	—
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 68,857	\$ 58,668

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income and Earnings Per Share to Adjusted Earnings Per Share:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015 (in thousands, except per share data)	
Net income	\$ 30,181	\$ 23,686
Add back:		
Special charges, net of tax ⁽¹⁾	3,269	—
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, net of tax ⁽¹⁾	600	—
Adjusted Net Income	\$ 34,050	\$ 23,686
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.57
Add back:		
Special charges, net of tax ⁽¹⁾	0.08	—
Remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration, net of tax ⁽¹⁾	0.02	—
Adjusted earnings per common share — diluted	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.57
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — diluted	41,148	41,324

(1)

The tax effect takes into account the tax treatment and related tax rates that apply to each adjustment in the applicable tax jurisdiction. As a result, the effective tax rates for the adjustments related to special charges for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was 35.4%. The tax expense related to the adjustments for special charges for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$1.8 million or \$0.04 impact on adjusted earnings per diluted share. There were no special charges for 2015.

⁽²⁾The tax effect takes into account the tax treatment and related tax rates that apply to each adjustment in the applicable tax jurisdiction. As a result, the effective tax rate for the adjustments related to the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was 38.8%. The tax expense related to the adjustment for the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$0.4 million or \$0.01 impact on adjusted earnings per diluted share. There were no adjustments related to the remeasurement of acquisition-related contingent consideration in 2015.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

Revenues and operating income

See “Segment Results” for an expanded discussion of segment revenues and operating income.

Unallocated corporate expenses

Unallocated corporate expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 increased \$4.7 million, or 33.1%, to \$18.7 million compared to \$14.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to higher costs related to our

U.S. health and welfare plans, an increase in infrastructure department costs to support growth in the business and to support strategic initiatives, and higher legal expenses.

Interest income and other

Interest income and other, which includes foreign currency transaction gains and losses, increased \$2.7 million to income of \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to a \$0.1 million loss for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net foreign currency transaction gains, which were \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to a \$1.4 million loss for the three months ended March 31, 2015. Transaction gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, relate to the remeasurement or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities include both client and current intercompany receivables and payables.

Interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 decreased \$6.2 million, or 49.6%, to \$6.2 million compared to \$12.4 million for three months ended March 31, 2015. Interest expense in for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was favorably impacted by the debt restructuring completed in the third quarter of 2015.

Income tax provision

Our provision for income taxes in interim periods is computed by applying our estimated annual effective tax rate against income before income tax expense for the period. In addition, non-recurring or discrete items are recorded during the period in which they occur or become known. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was 37.9% compared to 33.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was favorably impacted by a \$1.4 million discrete item related to the impact of 2015 state tax law changes on our deferred state tax liabilities as of December 31, 2014. Excluding the impact of this discrete item, the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 would have been 36.9%.

SEGMENT RESULTS

Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA

We evaluate the performance of our operating segments based on Adjusted Segment EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP measure. The following table reconciles Net Income to Total Adjusted Segment EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.