GENERAL MOTORS CORP Form 8-K October 18, 2001

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549-1004

FORM 8-K
CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report
(Date of earliest event reported) October 17, 2001

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION
----(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

300 Renaissance Center, Detroit, Michigan 48265-3000
-----(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (313)-556-5000

On October 18, 2001, a news release was issued on the subject of third quarter consolidated earnings for General Motors Corporation (GM). The news release did not include certain financial statements, related footnotes and certain other financial information that will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of GM's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following is the third quarter earnings release for GM, and their subsidiary Hughes Electronics Corporation's (Hughes) earnings release dated October 17, 2001.

- GM EARNS \$385 MILLION, OR \$0.85 PER SHARE, IN THIRD QUARTER, EXCLUDING SPECIAL ITEMS U.S. MARKET SHARE IMPROVES
- GMAC SETS THIRD-QUARTER EARNINGS RECORD

DETROIT -- General Motors Corp. (NYSE: GM) today reported that it earned \$385 million, or \$0.85 diluted earnings per share, in the third quarter of 2001 -- excluding special items -- on revenues of \$42.5 billion. GM's global automotive and financing operations earned a total of \$527 million during the period, which was partially offset by a loss of \$142 million at Hughes. These earnings are in line with the most recent guidance provided by GM, but down compared with the prior-year period.

The third-quarter-2001 results exclude one-time charges totaling \$753 million, or \$1.26 per share, related to the previously announced closing of an assembly plant in Canada, and various special items at Hughes, including the resolution of a dispute with Raytheon Company relating to the 1997 spin-off and merger of Hughes Defense (see Highlights). GM had a loss of \$368 million, or \$0.41 per share, in the quarter including the charges. GM financial results described throughout the remainder of this release exclude these charges unless otherwise noted. The third-quarter results compare with earnings of \$829 million, or \$1.55 per share, on revenue of \$42.7 billion, in the third quarter of 2000.

"Overall, GM's Automotive Operations faced significant challenges during the quarter but still delivered \$212 million in net income," said GM Chairman Jack Smith. "While North American profits were stronger than expected, Europe remained in a significant loss position." Asia Pacific was profitable while Latin America/Africa/Mid-East posted a small loss.

"General Motors Acceptance Corp. (GMAC) delivered record third-quarter earnings, driven by the continued strong performance of its core auto financing operations," Smith said.

"GM North America finished the quarter with particularly strong vehicle sales," said GM President and Chief Executive Officer Rick Wagoner. "U.S. market share was up in the third quarter, driven by strong sales of our full-size trucks, utilities, and new entries such as the Chevrolet Avalanche and Buick Rendezvous, as well as strong and effective merchandising. This is a great base that we plan to build on going forward.

"In a very challenging environment, GM North America continued to deliver solid cost improvements," Wagoner said. "With our ongoing improvement in manufacturing and engineering productivity, plus continued reductions in material costs, we were able to offset partially the tough pricing pressures and the drop in overall vehicle demand. But we know we can do more to improve our cost position."

Wagoner said, "GM Europe (GME) is implementing a major turnaround plan designed to restore profitability. The plan, called Project Olympia, focuses on improving revenue in a number of areas, especially through the introduction of a broad range of new innovative Opel products, while taking aggressive actions to reduce costs in all areas of the business."

Cash and net liquidity held steady during the third quarter. Cash, marketable securities, and assets of the Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association (VEBA) trust invested in short-term fixed-income securities, excluding Hughes, totaled \$11.0 billion at Sept. 30, 2001, compared with \$11.1 billion at June 30, 2001.

- 2 -

GMAC

GMAC achieved record third-quarter earnings of \$437 million, a \$36 million or 9-percent improvement over the third quarter of 2000. GMAC's results were driven by the continued strong performance of its core auto financing operations. Financing operations benefited from higher asset levels and lower interest rates, which more than offset continuing weakness in off-lease residual values and higher credit losses.

Income from insurance operations was down slightly in the third quarter of 2001 as improved underwriting results were offset by lower capital gains, reflecting general weakness in the equity markets. Mortgage operations continued to post strong results, with origination volume in both residential and commercial mortgage sectors growing at a record pace.

GM NORTH AMERICA

GMNA earned \$445 million in the third quarter of 2001, excluding the charge of \$194 million for the previously announced September 2002 closing of its Ste. Therese, Quebec, assembly plant. Including that special item, GMNA earned \$251 million. The \$445 million earnings performance compares with \$728 million earned in the third quarter of 2000, when industry demand was at near-record levels.

Continued cost improvements and a favorable mix of products were offset by lower volume and unfavorable pricing. Third-quarter-2001 production fell 6 percent, wholesale vehicle sales declined about 7 percent, and net vehicle pricing was unfavorable compared with the prior-year period.

GM's share of the U.S. truck market increased 2.9 percentage points to 28.6 percent during the third quarter of 2001, compared with the same period last year. GM captured 27.7 percent of the total U.S. vehicle market in the third quarter, compared with 27.4 percent in the prior-year period.

GM sold more full-size pickups than any industry competitor during the first nine months of 2001. Combined sales of the Chevy Silverado, Avalanche, and the GMC Sierra increased more than 10 percent compared with the same period last year. GM's full-size utility sales continued at a record pace for the first nine months, outselling the nearest competitor by more than 196,000 units. GM's overall lineup of utilities gained 1.5 percentage points of market share during the first nine months of 2001.

The GMC Envoy was named Motor Trend's 2002 sport utility vehicle (SUV) of the year last week, a prestigious award for a solid new product in an important segment. In addition, four GM vehicles captured top rankings in the J.D. Power and Associates 2001 Automotive Performance, Execution And Layout (APEAL) Study. GM had the highest number of top-ranked models among the big three that consumers consider to be "most appealing." Pontiac Aztek, Chevy TrailBlazer, Cadillac Escalade and Chevrolet Corvette ranked best in the highly competitive entry, midsize, luxury SUV, and premium sports car segments, respectively.

OTHER AUTOMOTIVE REGIONS

Tough price competition and unfavorable product mix and country mix were key factors in GME's loss of \$287 million in the third quarter of 2001. That compares with a loss of \$181 million in the third quarter last year.

GM Asia Pacific (GMAP) had net income of \$60 million in the third quarter of 2001, a significant improvement from the loss of \$10 million in the third quarter of 2000. The improvement primarily resulted from stronger performance by GM's Thailand operations and GM's joint venture in Shanghai, China.

GM's Latin America/Africa/Mid-East (GMLAAM) region incurred a loss of \$6 million in the third quarter of 2001, compared with net income of \$31 million in the same period last year. The region's economy was affected by financial turmoil in Argentina and weakening in Brazil, the primary automotive market.

- 3 -

HUGHES

Hughes' loss of \$142 million in the third quarter of 2001, excluding special items, was primarily related to the costs of continued growth of DIRECTV. Hughes lost \$227 million during the period including special items. Hughes had a loss of \$88 million in the third quarter of 2000. Hughes added approximately 491,000 net new DIRECTV subscribers in the third quarter, bringing the total subscriber base to 11.8 million.

LOOKING AHEAD

"There is considerable uncertainty regarding the strength of the key automotive markets during the balance of the year and in 2002," Wagoner said. "We're buckling down to enhance our cost position while remaining very aggressive in our effort to maximize revenue and grow market share."

GM currently estimates that in the fourth quarter of 2001 total industry sales in the United States will be down approximately 6 percent compared with the prior-year period, bringing industry sales for the calendar year to approximately 16.8 million units. Total industry sales in Western and Central Europe are expected to be down approximately 5 percent in the fourth quarter, compared with the fourth quarter of 2000. Net vehicle prices in North America are expected to be down approximately 1.3 percent for the fourth quarter and calendar-year 2001, compared with the prior-year periods. The change in 2001-calendar-year net price to negative 1.3 percent versus prior guidance of negative 1.0 percent is attributable primarily to downward pressure on auction prices for used cars due to daily rental fleet reductions. The negative pricing trend also is expected to continue in Europe.

GM's fourth-quarter production schedule for North America remains at approximately 1,270,000 vehicles, a 7 percent reduction from the same quarter last year. Based on this, fourth-quarter earnings are now expected to be approximately \$0.50 per share.

For calendar year 2002, GM's preliminary outlook is for total U.S. vehicle sales in the low- to mid-15-million-unit range. Industry sales in the Western and Central European market are likely to be down about 3 percent and in the low-17-million-unit range.

#

In this press release and related comments by General Motors management, our use of the words "outlook," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "forecast," "objective," "plan," "designed," "goal" and similar expressions is intended to

identify forward looking statements. While these statements represent our current judgment on what the future may hold, and we believe these judgments are reasonable, actual results may differ materially due to numerous important factors that are described in GM's most recent report on SEC Form 10-K (at page II-10,11) which may be revised or supplemented in subsequent reports on SEC Forms 10-Q and 8-K. Such factors include, among others, the following: changes in economic conditions, currency exchange rates or political stability; shortages of fuel, labor strikes or work stoppages; market acceptance of the corporation's new products; significant changes in the competitive environment; changes in laws, regulations and tax rates; and, the ability of the corporation to achieve reductions in cost and employment levels to realize production efficiencies and implement capital expenditures at levels and times planned by management.

- 4 -

General Motors Corporation List of Special Items - After Tax (dollars in millions)

Third Quarter 2001

	GMNA	Hughes			Diluted EPS
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$251	\$ (227)	\$(595)	\$(368)	\$(0.41)
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194	_	-	194	0.35
Raytheon Settlement (B)	-	-	474	474	0.86
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	-	(67)	_	(67)	(0.04)
SkyPerfecTV! Writedown (D)	-	133	_	133	0.08
Severance Charge (E)	-	40	_	40	0.02
DirecTV Japan Adjustment (F)	-	(21)	_	(21)	(0.01)
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$445 ===	\$ (142) ===	\$ (121) ===	\$385 ===	\$0.85 ====

A) The Ste. Therese Charge relates to the previously announced closing of the Ste. Therese, Quebec assembly plant.

B) The Raytheon Settlement relates to Hughes' settlement with the Raytheon Company on a purchase price adjustment related to Raytheon's 1997 merger with Hughes Defense.

C) The Gain on sale of Thomson relates to Hughes' sale of 4.1 million shares of Thomson Multimedia common stock.

D) The SkyPerfecTV! Writedown relates to Hughes' non-cash charge from the revaluation of its investment.

- E) The Severance Charge relates to Hughes' 10% company-wide workforce reduction in the U.S.
- F) The DirecTV Japan Adjustment relates to a favorable adjustment to the expected costs associated with the shutdown of Hughes' DirecTV Japan business.

- 5 -

General Motors Corporation List of Special Items - After Tax (dollars in millions)

	Year to Date 2001					
	GMNA	GME		M GMAP	_	Other ACO
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$878	\$ (525)				\$(796)
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194	_	_	_	_	_
Raytheon Settlement (B)	_	_	_	_	_	474
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	_	_	_	_	(67)	_
SkyPerfecTV! Writedown (D)	_	_	_	_	133	_
Severance Charge (E)	-	-	_	-	40	-
DirecTV Japan Adjustment (F	') –	-	_	-	(21)	-
Isuzu Restructuring (G)	-	-	_	133	-	-
SFAS 133 (H)	14	(2)	1	1	8	_
Adjusted Net Income(Loss) \$	 31,086 =====	 \$(527) ===				\$ (322) ===
	Total ACO		C F	her	Total GM	Diluted EPS
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$(982)	\$1 , 3	51 \$(23)	\$346	\$1.16
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194		_	_	194	0.35
Raytheon Settlement (B)	474		_	_	474	0.86
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	(67)		_	_	(67)	(0.04)
SkyPerfecTV! Writedown (D)	133		-	-	133	0.08
Severance Charge (E)	40		-	-	40	0.02
Discours Adison (F	. (01)				(01)	(0 01)

DirecTV Japan Adjustment (F) (21) - - (21) (0.01)

Adjusted Net Income	(Loss)	\$ (74)	\$1 , 317	\$ (23)	\$1,220	\$2.63
01710 100 (11)						
SFAS 133 (H)		2.2	(34)	_	(12)	(0 03)
Isuzu Restructuring	(G)	133	_	-	133	0.24

See page 5 for footnotes (A) - (F).

- G) The Isuzu restructuring charges include General Motors' portion of severance payments and asset impairments that were part of the second quarter restructuring of its affiliate Isuzu Motors Ltd.
- H) The SFAS 133 represents the net impact during the first quarter 2001 from initially adopting SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivatives and Hedging Activities.

- 6 -

General Motors Corporation Adjusted Corporate Financial Results

		Third Quarter		o Date
		2000	2001(1)	2000
Total net sales and revenues (\$Mil's)	\$42,475	\$42,690	\$131 , 318	\$138 , 291
Consolidated net income (\$Mil's)	\$385	\$829	\$1 , 220	\$4,363
Net margin from consolidated net income	0.9%	1.9%	0.9%	3.2%
GM \$1-2/3 par value earnings per share Basic EPS Diluted EPS			\$2.65 \$2.63	
GM Class H earnings per share Basic EPS Diluted EPS		\$(0.09) \$(0.09)	\$(0.36) \$(0.36)	\$(0.23) \$(0.23)
Earnings attributable to GM \$1-2/3 par value (\$Mil's) Consolidated net income Preferred dividends Losses attributable to GM Class H	\$385	\$829 (27) 76		\$4,363 (83)
Total earnings attributable to GM \$1-2/3 par value	le \$473	\$878	\$1,458 =====	\$4,424

GM \$1-2/3 par value average

shares outstanding (Mil's) Basic shares Diluted shares			549 556	
Cash dividends per share of common stocks GM \$1-2/3 par value GM Class H	\$0.50 -	\$0.50 -	\$1.50 -	\$1.50 -
Book value per share of common stocks at Sept. 30 GM \$1-2/3 par value GM Class H		\$40.39 \$8.08		
Total cash at Sept. 30 (\$Bil's) (2)	\$11.7	\$13.5		
Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations (\$Mil's)				
Depreciation	\$1,123	\$1,002	\$3 , 291	\$2,964
Amortization of special tools Amortization of intangible	609	537	1,747	1,852
assets	80		238	
Total	\$1,812	\$1 , 596	\$5,276 =====	\$5,025

See footnotes on page 11.

- 7 -

General Motors Corporation Adjusted Segment Financial Results

	Third	Quarter	Year to Date		
	2001(1)	2000	2001(1)	2000	
(dollars in millions) Total net sales and revenues					
GMNA	\$26,269	\$26,171	\$79 , 492	\$85,984	
GME	5,117	5,339	17,616	19,315	
GMLAAM	1,312	1,524	4,446	4,282	
GMAP	1,000	952	3,138	2,605	
Total GMA	33,698		104,692	112,186	
Hughes	2,113	2,088	6 , 033	6,466	
Other	486	528	1,467	2,015	
Total ACO	36,297	36,602	112,192	120,667	
GMAC	6,116	6,067	18,915	17,443	
Other Financing	62	21 	211	181	
Total FIO	6 , 178	6,088	19,126	17,624	
Consolidated net sales					
and revenues	\$42,475	\$42,690	\$131,318	\$138,291	

	=====	=====	======	======
Pre-tax income (loss)				
GMNA	\$641	\$1,086	\$1,523	\$5,068
GME	(400)	(265)	(747)	362
GMLAAM	(11)	(9)	71	(77)
GMAP	9	(7)	44	26
Total GMA	239	805	891	 5,379
Hughes (3)	(173)	(155)	(573)	(420)
Other	(143)	(47)	(402)	(160)
Total ACO	(77)	603	(84)	4,799
GMAC	710	661	2,142	1,921
Other Financing	(11)	2	(34)	13
Total FIO	699	663	2,108	1,934
Consolidated pre-tax				
income	\$622	\$1,266	\$2,024	\$6 , 733
	===	=====	====	=====
Net income (loss)				
GMNA	\$445	\$728	\$1,086	\$3,428
GME	(287)	(181)	(527)	206
GMLAAM	(6)	31	31	42
GMAP	60	(10)	52	(126)
Total GMA	212	 568	642	3,550
Hughes (3)(4)	(142)	(88)	(394)	(229)
Other	(121)	(57)	(322)	(162)
Circi				
Total ACO	(51)	423	(74)	3 , 159
GMAC	437	401	1,317	1,193
Other Financing	(1)	5 	(23)	11
Total FIO	436	406	1,294	1,204
Consolidated net income	\$385	\$829	\$1 , 220	\$4,363
	===	===	=====	=====

See footnotes on page 11.

- 8 -

General Motors Corporation Supplementary Adjusted Segment Financial Results

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2001(1)	2000	2001(1)	2000
(dollars in millions)				
<pre>Income tax expense (benefit)</pre>				
GMNA	\$179	\$344	\$387	\$1,604
GME	(112)	(81)	(212)	164
GMLAAM	(8)	(27)	21	(74)
GMAP	(12)	10	7	21

Total GMA	 \$47 ==	 \$246 ===	\$203 ===	\$1,715 =====
Equity income (loss) and				
minority interests				
GMNA	\$(17)	\$(14)	\$(50)	\$(36)
GME	1	3	8	8
GMLAAM	(3)	13	(19)	45
GMAP	39	7	15	(131)
		-		
Total GMA	\$20	\$9	\$ (46)	\$(114)
	==	=	==	===
Effective income tax rate				
GMNA	27.9%	31.7%	25.4%	31.6%
GME	28.0%	30.6%	28.4%	45.3%
GMLAAM	72.7%	300.0%	29.6%	96.1%
GMAP	(133.3%)	(142.9%)	15.9%	80.8%
Net margins				
GMNA	1.7%	2.8%	1.4%	4.0%
GME	(5.6%)	,	(3.0%)	
GMLAAM	(0.5%)	2.0%	0.7%	1.0%
GMAP		(1.1%)		(4.8%)
Total GMA	0.6%	1.7%	0.6%	3.2%
Hughes (3)(4)	(6.7%)	, ,	(6.5%)	, ,
Total ACO	(0.1%)		(0.1%)	
GMAC	7.1%	6.6%	7.0%	6.8%
Consolidated net income	0.9%	1.9%	0.9%	3.2%

See footnotes on page 11.

- 9 -

General Motors Corporation Operating Statistics

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(units in thousands) Worldwide Wholesale Sales				
United States - Cars United States - Trucks	505 587	611 563	1,553 1,789	•
Total United States Canada, Mexico, and Other	1,092 145	1,174 154	3,342 482	3,823 570
Total GMNA GME GMLAAM GMAP	1,237 396 154 121	1,328 396 181 134	3,824 1,359 500 360	•
Total Worldwide	 1,908	2,039	6,043	 6,642

	=====	=====	=====	=====
Vehicle Unit Deliveries				
Chevrolet - Cars	179	230	637	706
Chevrolet - Trucks	431	420	1,320	1,342
Pontiac	138	167	419	487
GMC	123	123	392	412
Buick	119	108	301	322
Oldsmobile	53	67	189	225
Saturn	49	71	200	216
Cadillac	46	51	125	148
Other	14	12	40	29
Other				
Total United States	1,152	1,249	3,623	3,887
Canada, Mexico, and Other	167	186	515	541
Total GMNA	1,319	1,435	4,138	4,428
GME	414	413	1,415	
GMLAAM	159	159	497	441
GMAP	136	125	381	348
Total Worldwide	2,028	2,132	6,431	
	=====	=====	=====	
Market Share				
United States - Cars	26.6%	29.2%	27.2%	28.8%
United States - Trucks	28.6%	25.7%	28.3%	27.1%
Total United States	27.7%	27.4%	27.8%	27.9%
Total North America	27.2%	27.3%	27.4%	27.7%
Total Europe	9.1%	8.8%	9.3%	9.3%
Latin America (5)	22.3%	22.2%	22.1%	20.4%
Asia and Pacific	4.3%	3.8%	3.9%	3.6%
Total Worldwide	15.0%	15.1%	15.0%	15.1%
U.S. Retail/Fleet Mix				
% Fleet Sales - Cars	29.3%	28.6%	28.9%	27.5%
% Fleet Sales - Trucks	12.1%	12.9%	14.0%	15.5%
Total Vehicles	20.2%	21.3%	21.3%	21.7%
10001 100020	20.20	21.00	21.00	21.70
Retail Lease as % of Retail	Sales			
Total Smartlease				
and Smartbuy	12.5%	19.4%		
Days Supply of Inventory				
at Sept. 30				
United States - Cars	62	66		
United States - Trucks	95	101		
Capacity Utilization				
U.S. and Canada				
(2 shift rated)	83.6%	87.8%	78.1%	90.2%
GMNA Net Price (6)	(2 11%	(0.3)%		
0.11.11 1.00 1.1100 (0)	(4 + 1 / 0	(0.5)		
See footnotes on page 11.				

- 10 -

General Motors Corporation
Operating Statistics

			Year to Date		
		2000	2001		
GMAC's U.S. Cost of Borrowing					
Current Debt Spreads Over U.S. Treasuries 2 Year 5 Year 10 Year	230 bp	90 bp 133 bp 177 bp			
Worldwide Employment at Sept. 30 (in 000's) United States Hourly United States Salary	126 42 	132 44 			
Total United States Canada, Mexico, and Other					
GMNA GME GMLAAM GMAP Hughes GMAC Other	201 74 24 11 11 29 13 363 ===	212 90			
Worldwide Payrolls (\$Bil's)	\$4.9	\$5.2	\$15.0	\$16.6	

Footnotes:

- (1) Adjusted amounts represent the reported amounts less the effects of special items. Special items for third quarter 2001 are detailed on page 5. Special items for year to date 2001 are detailed on page 6.
- (2) Represents total cash for Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations which includes cash and marketable securities, as well as \$3.0 billion invested in short-term fixed income securities of the Corporation's Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association Trust.
- (3) Excludes the effects of purchase accounting adjustments related to General Motors' acquisition of Hughes in 1985.
- (4) Excludes Hughes Series A Preferred Stock dividends payable to General Motors.
- (5) Latin America excludes the Middle East and Africa.
- (6) The third quarter 2001 percentage includes a dealer stock adjustment of (0.6%) related to the Keep America Rolling sales incentive. This recognizes units in dealer inventory on September 30,2001 but not yet delivered to retail customers.

- 11 -

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended

(Unaudited)

	-	tember 30,	Se	ptember 30,
	2001	2001 2000 2001		
				share amounts)
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SU	BSIDIARIES	3		
Total net sales and revenues	\$42 , 475	\$42,690	•	\$138 , 291
Cost of sales and other expenses Selling, general, and		33,678		
administrative expenses Interest expense	5,926 1,968	5,266 2,480	17,171 6,438	15,604 7,066
Total costs and expenses	42,760		130,166	
<pre>Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests Income tax expense Equity income/(loss) and minority interests</pre>	 (285) 76	1,266 436	1,144	6,733 2,148
Net income (loss) Dividends on preference stocks	(368) (25)	(27	346 (76)	(83)
Earnings attributable to common stocks	\$ (393) ===	\$802 ===	\$270	
Basic earnings (losses) per share attributable to common stocks Earnings per share attributable to \$1-2/3 par value	\$(0.41)		\$1.18	\$7.51
Earnings per share attributable to Class H				\$ (0.23)

====

====

Earnings (losses) per share attributable to common stocks assuming dilution Earnings per share attributable

Earnings per share attributable

to \$1-2/3 par value

to Class H

====

====

\$(0.41) \$1.55 \$1.16 \$7.37

\$(0.19) \$(0.09) \$(0.43) \$(0.23)

====

====

====

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME - concluded (Unaudited)

	Septe	ember 30,	-	ember 30,
	2001		2001	2000
		(dollars i	n millions)	
AUTOMOTIVE, COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	, AND OTHE	R OPERATIO	NS	
Total net sales and revenues	\$36 , 297	\$36 , 602	\$112 , 192	\$120 , 667
Cost of sales and other expenses Selling, general, and			100,537	103,408
administrative expenses	4,107	3 , 765	11,837	11,304
Total costs and expenses	36,968	35 , 592		114,712
Interest expense Net expense from transactions with	216	210		648
Financing and Insurance Operation	ıs 97	197	315	508
<pre>Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests Income tax (benefit) expense Equity income/(loss) and</pre>	(984) (181)	603	(1,026) (194)	4 , 799
minority interests	(1)	13	(150)	(207)
Net income (loss) - Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations	\$(804) ===	\$423 ===	\$(982) ===	\$3,159 ====
FINANCING AND INSURANCE OPERATIONS				
Total revenues	\$6,178 	\$6 , 088	\$19 , 118	\$17 , 624
Interest expense Depreciation and amortization	1,752	2 , 270	5,909	6,418
expense Operating and other expenses	1,477 1,774	1,474 1,450	4,429 5,220	4,480 4,147
Provision for financing and insurance losses	573	428	1,705	1,153
Total costs and expenses	5 , 576	5 , 622	17 , 263	16 , 198
Net income from transactions with Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations	97	197	315	508
Income before income taxes and minority interests Income tax expense	699 257	663 243		1,934 715
Equity income/(loss) and minority interests	(6)	(14)	(60)	(15)
Net income - Financing and				

Insurance Operations \$436 \$406 \$1,328 \$1,204 === =====

- 13 -

CONSOLIDATED		Dec.31,	Sept.30, 2000 (Unaudited)
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES		s in mill:	ions)
ASSETS			
Automotive, Communications Services,			
and Other Operations Cash and cash equivalents	67 000	¢0 110	\$9 , 351
Marketable securities	•		•
Marketable Securities	829 	1,161 	•
Total cash and marketable securities	8,728		
Accounts and notes receivable	6 200	E 02E	E 07E
(less allowances)	6,200		
Inventories (less allowances) Equipment on operating leases	10,508	10,945	11,300
	4,974	5 , 699	E 000
(less accumulated depreciation)			
Deferred income taxes and other current asse		8 , 388	
Total current assets	39,161	41,147	
Equity in net assets of nonconsolidated	33,101	11,11,	10/2/1
associates	4,913	3,497	3,301
Property - net	34,555	33,497	34,036
Intangible assets - net	7,675	7,622	8,651
Deferred income taxes	15,930	14,870	
Other assets	30,984		
Total Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations			
assets	133,218	133.356	135.476
Financing and Insurance Operations	100,210	100,000	100, 170
Cash and cash equivalents	10,530	1,165	912
Investments in securities		9,595	
Finance receivables - net		92,415	•
Investment in leases and other receivables		36,752	37,551
Other assets	33,624		
Net receivable from Automotive, Communicatio		,	,
Services, and Other Operations	1,243	1,971	1,599
Total Financing and Insurance			
Operations assets	181,626	169,744	•
Total assets		\$303 , 100	

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Automotive, Communications Services,

and Other Operations Accounts payable (principally trade)	\$19 335	\$18,309	\$18,190
Loans payable	1.744	2,208	3,321
Accrued expenses	35,417	2,208 33,252	31,997
Net payable to Financing and			
Insurance Operations	1,243	1 , 971	1,599
Total current liabilities	57 , 739		55,107
Long-term debt	9 , 320	7,410	8,245
Postretirement benefits other than pensions		34,306	
Pensions	3,443		3,226
Other liabilities and deferred income taxes	14,183	15 , 768	16,088
Total Automotive, Communications Services,			
and Other Operations liabilities	118,961	116,704	117,042
Financing and Insurance Operations			
Accounts payable	6,936	7,416	5,316
Debt		135,037	
Other liabilities and deferred income taxes	14,577	12,922	13,238
Total Financing and Insurance			
Operations liabilities	166.359	155 , 375	147.879
Minority interests	700	707	670
General Motors - obligated mandatorily			
redeemable preferred securities of			
subsidiary trusts holding solely junior			
subordinated debentures of			
General Motors Series G	_	139	139
Stockholders' equity			
\$1-2/3 par value common stock (issued, 554,439,259; 548,181,757;			
and 565,371,465 shares)	924	914	943
Class H common stock (issued,	221	211	919
877,032,955; 875,286,559; and			
874,807,080 shares)	88	88	87
Capital surplus (principally additional			
paid-in capital)		21,020	21,818
Retained earnings	9,565	10,119	10,335
Subtatal	 31 , 907	22 1/1	22 102
Subtotal Accumulated foreign currency	31,907	32,141	33,183
translation adjustments	(2,825)	(2,502)	(2,480)
Net unrealized loss on derivatives	(392)	_	_
Net unrealized gains on securities	179	581	933
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(45)	(45)	(121)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,083)	(1,966)	(1,668)
Total stockholders' equity	28,824	30,175	31,515
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$314,844	\$303 , 100	\$297 , 245
	======	======	======

- 14 -

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2001

2000

	_	2001	2000			
	Automotive, Comm.Serv. and Other	Financing and Insurance	Automotive, Comm.Serv. and Other	Financin and Insuranc		
			n millions)			
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$5 , 509	\$(651)	\$9,066	\$4,746		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Expenditures for property Investments in marketable securities	(6,287)	(53)	(6,314)	(335)		
- acquisitions	(840)	(25,071)	(2,425)	(18,198)		
<pre>Investments in marketable securities - liquidations</pre>	1,172	25,205	2,947	17,998		
Mortgage servicing rights - acquisitions	_	(884)	-	(698)		
Mortgage servicing rights - liquidations	-	17	_	_		
Finance receivables - acquisitions	_	(166,597)	_	(140,295)		
Finance receivables - liquidations	-	103,919	_	88,560		
Proceeds from sales of finance receivables	_	63 , 798	_	43,407		
Operating leases - acquisitions	(4,480)	(10,586)	(5,342)	(12,147)		
Operating leases - liquidations	4,783	9,239	4,615	7,313		
<pre>Investments in companies, net of cash acquired</pre>	(679)	(446)	(3,911)	_		
Net investing activity with Financing and	(073)	(440)	(3, 311)			
Insurance Operations	_	_	(998)	_		
Other	(146)	110	(558)	356		
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,477) 	(1,349)	(11,986)	(14,039) 		
Cash flows from financing activities						
Net (decrease) increase in loans payable	(464)	(18,332)	1,255	1,121		
Long-term debt - borrowings	4,533	42,791	4,130	19,450		
Long-term debt - repayments Net financing activity with	(2 , 673)	(13,817)	(4,213)	(11,482)		
Automotive, Communications						
Services, and Other Operations	-	-		998		
Repurchases of common and preference stock	s (264)	_	(652)	_		
Proceeds from issuing common stocks	91	-	2,778	-		
Proceeds from sales of treasury stocks	222	_	_	-		
Cash dividends paid to stockholders	(900)	_	(989)	_		
Net cash provided by financing activities	545	10,642	2,309	10,087		
Effect of exchange rate changes on						
cash and cash equivalents	(69)	(5)	(365)	3		
Net transactions with Automotive/	(/	(- /	(/			
Financing Operations	(728)	728	597 	(597)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash						
and cash equivalents	(1,220)	9,365	(379)	200		
Cash and cash equivalents at						

	=====	=====		===
end of the period	\$7 , 899	\$10 , 530	\$9 , 351	\$912
Cash and cash equivalents at				
beginning of the period	9,119	1,165	9,730	712

- 15 -

Hughes Reports Third Quarter 2001 Financial Results

HUGHES Revenue Grows by 25%;

Strong DIRECTV U.S. Subscriber Growth Beats Expectations

El Segundo, Calif., October 17, 2001 — Hughes Electronics Corporation, the world's leading provider of digital television entertainment, broadband services, satellite-based private business networks, and global video and data broadcasting, today reported third quarter 2001 revenues increased 24.6% to \$2,103.3 million, compared with \$1,688.5 million in the third quarter of 2000. EBITDA1 for the quarter was \$76.5 million. Excluding a one-time charge primarily related to severance of \$65.3 million, EBITDA for the quarter was \$141.8 million and EBITDA margin1 was 6.7%. In the third quarter of 2000, EBITDA was \$107.9 million and EBITDA margin was 6.4%.

"The third quarter was very important for HUGHES because we made key structural and management changes across the businesses. As a result, we are now positioned to generate substantially improved operating results," said Jack A. Shaw, HUGHES' chief executive officer. "I'm particularly pleased with our third quarter financial results because, despite a slowing economy, we grew our revenues by about 25%, exceeded DIRECTV U.S. subscriber growth expectations by adding 425,000 net new subscribers, and met or exceeded our third quarter operational targets in each of our businesses."

Shaw continued, "Our revenue growth was again driven by strong demand for DIRECTV(R) services, as well as new satellite transponder sales at PanAmSat and increased sales in all of Hughes Network Systems' product lines."

Shaw also noted that the \$65 million severance charge was related to a 10% company-wide workforce reduction in the U.S. that is expected to result in savings of over \$110 million annually. Excluding this one-time charge, HUGHES' EBITDA increased 31%, primarily due to continued operational improvements in DIRECTV Latin America, the new satellite transponder sales at PanAmSat and lower corporate expenses. These improvements were partially offset by losses from the new DIRECTV DSL(TM) service (formerly known as Telocity) and increased investment in Hughes Network Systems' (HNS) DIRECWAY(TM) broadband business.

HUGHES had a third quarter 2001 net loss of \$227.2 million compared to a net loss of \$93.8 million in the same period of 2000. The increased loss was primarily due to a pre-tax non-cash charge of \$212 million resulting from the revaluation of HUGHES' SkyPerfecTV! investment, increased depreciation and amortization expense in the Direct-To-Home Broadcast segment and at PanAmSat, and the lower EBITDA. These declines were partially offset by a pre-tax gain of about \$108 million that resulted from the sale of 4.1 million shares of Thomson Multimedia common stock, and a favorable adjustment to the expected costs associated with the shutdown of the DIRECTV Japan business.

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter, HUGHES reached a settlement with the Raytheon Company on a purchase price adjustment related to Raytheon's 1997 merger with Hughes Defense. Under the terms of the agreement, HUGHES will reimburse Raytheon \$635.5 million of the original \$9.5 billion purchase price. Of the total payment to Raytheon, \$500 million was paid on October 16, 2001 and the remaining balance will be paid within six months. There is no impact to HUGHES' earnings from this settlement.

- 16 -

NINE-MONTH FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the first nine months of 2001, revenues increased 14.4% to \$5,981.4 million, compared to \$5,228.6 million for the same period in 2000. This increase was primarily due to continued subscriber growth at DIRECTV in the United States and Latin America, partially offset by fewer sales and sales-type leases at PanAmSat.

EBITDA through September 2001 was \$271.7 million and EBITDA margin was 4.5%, compared to EBITDA of \$440.2 million and EBITDA margin of 8.4% in the same period of 2000. The decrease in EBITDA and EBITDA margin was primarily attributable to the higher outright sales of satellite transponders at PanAmSat in the first nine months of 2000, as well as the 2001 one-time severance charges, increased investment in DIRECWAY and the losses from the new DIRECTV DSL service. These items were partially offset by improved DIRECTV operating performance due to the larger subscriber bases in the United States and Latin America and lower corporate expenses.

For the first nine months of 2001, net losses totaled \$489.0 million compared to net losses of \$244.8 million in 2000. The change was primarily due to an increase in depreciation and amortization expense in the Direct-To-Home Broadcast segment and at PanAmSat, as well as the lower EBITDA. These declines were partially offset by reduced losses related to HUGHES' Direct-To-Home television ventures in Japan, as well as the gain from the sale of Thomson Multimedia common stock and improved net interest expense.

SEGMENT FINANCIAL REVIEW: THIRD QUARTER 2001

Direct-To-Home Broadcast

Third quarter 2001 revenues for the segment increased 21.8% to \$1,572.6 million from \$1,291.5 million in the third quarter of 2000. The segment had negative EBITDA of \$74.2 million compared with negative EBITDA of \$17.7 million in the third quarter of 2000.

United States: DIRECTV reported quarterly revenues of \$1,363 million, an increase of 18% from last year's third quarter revenues of \$1,154 million. The increase was primarily due to continued subscriber growth.

DIRECTV substantially exceeded expectations by adding a record 953,000 gross subscribers and, after accounting for churn, 425,000 net subscribers in the quarter. In addition, DIRECTV made a one-time downward adjustment of approximately 143,000 subscribers. This adjustment corrected errors that accumulated over the past 18 months related to subscribers who discontinued service prior to June 30, 2001 but were counted as active subscribers in DIRECTV's database. As a result, DIRECTV had 10.3 million subscribers as of September 30, 2001, representing a 14% increase over the 9.0 million customers attained as of September 30, 2000.

Excluding a \$48 million one-time charge primarily related to severance, EBITDA for the third quarter of 2001 was \$20 million, compared to EBITDA of \$36 million in last year's third quarter. EBITDA declined due to increased marketing expenses related to DIRECTV's record number of gross subscriber additions in the quarter, which more than offset the additional gross profit gained from DIRECTV's larger subscriber base.

DIRECTV DSL: The DIRECTV DSL service was created following HUGHES' April 2001 acquisition of Telocity. No comparative financial data for DIRECTV DSL is provided for the third quarter 2000.

The DIRECTV DSL service had third quarter 2001 revenues of \$9 million and negative EBITDA of \$33 million. Approximately 5,000 net customers were added to the DIRECTV DSL service in the quarter. Subscriber additions in the quarter were negatively impacted by the bankruptcy of Rhythms NetConnections, formerly a wholesale provider of broadband services. As of September 30, 2001, DIRECTV DSL had about 73,000 residential broadband customers in the United States compared to about 23,000 customers as of September 30, 2000.

- 17 -

Latin America: DIRECTV Latin America generated \$201 million in revenues for the quarter compared with \$136 million in the third quarter of 2000. This 48% increase was primarily due to continued subscriber growth as well as the consolidation of the Argentinean and Colombian local operating companies in the first half of 2001.

The DIRECTV service in Latin America added 66,000 net subscribers in the third quarter of 2001. The total number of DIRECTV subscribers in Latin America as of September 30, 2001 was approximately 1,497,000 compared to about 1,136,000 as of September 30, 2000, representing an increase of approximately 32%.

Excluding a \$10 million one-time severance charge, DIRECTV Latin America had negative EBITDA of \$7 million in the quarter, compared to negative EBITDA of \$50 million in the same period of 2000. The change was primarily due to the increased gross profit generated from the larger subscriber base, the consolidation of the Argentinean and Colombian local operating companies, and reduced marketing and administrative costs.

Satellite Services

PanAmSat, which is 81%-owned by HUGHES, generated third quarter 2001 revenues of \$252.9 million compared with \$199.3 million in the prior year's period. The increase was principally driven by a \$46 million sales-type lease of long-term capacity on the company's new PAS-10 Indian Ocean region satellite.

Excluding a \$7 million one-time severance charge, EBITDA for the quarter was \$173 million and EBITDA margin was 68.5%, compared with third quarter 2000 EBITDA of \$135.5 million and EBITDA margin of 68.0%. The increase in EBITDA was principally due to the sales-type lease in the quarter.

As of September 30, 2001, PanAmSat had contracts for satellite services representing future payments (backlog) of approximately \$5.85 billion compared to approximately \$5.8 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2000.

Network Systems

Hughes Network Systems (HNS) generated third quarter 2001 revenues of \$339.7 million versus \$284.0 million in the third quarter of 2000. The 19.6% increase was driven by increased sales of phones and systems for mobile

satellite programs, higher sales of enterprise networks and growth in the DIRECWAY subscriber base. HNS added approximately 13,000 net DIRECWAY broadband customers in the quarter, bringing the cumulative total to approximately 87,000 subscribers in the United States. Additionally, HNS shipped 500,000 DIRECTV receiver systems in the third quarter of 2001 compared to 470,000 units in the same period last year.

In the quarter, HNS reported better than expected EBITDA of negative \$22.6 million compared to EBITDA of \$16.8 million in the third quarter of 2000. The decline in EBITDA is primarily attributable to increased investment in the DIRECWAY broadband business and a one-time gain in the third quarter of 2000 that resulted from successful negotiations with certain narrowband wireless customers for receivables previously written-off.

BALANCE SHEET

From December 31, 2000 to September 30, 2001, the company's consolidated cash balance decreased \$809.6 million to \$698.5 million and total debt increased \$496.7 million to \$1,813.3 million. The major uses of cash were for satellite and capital expenditures, as well as for the purchase of Telocity. The \$635.5 million settlement with Raytheon was treated as an increase in accrued liabilities and a reduction in stockholder's equity in the quarter. The impact of the \$500 million payment made on October 16, 2001 will be reflected in HUGHES' fourth quarter cash balance.

- 18 -

Hughes Electronics Corporation is a unit of General Motors Corporation. The earnings of Hughes Electronics are used to calculate the earnings attributable to the General Motors Class H common stock (NYSE:GMH).

A live webcast of HUGHES' third quarter 2001 earnings call will be available on the company's website at www.hughes.com. The call will begin at 2:00 p.m. ET, today. Investors are advised to allow 15 minutes prior to the call to register and download any necessary software. Following the completion of the call, the webcast will be archived on the Investor Relations portion of the HUGHES website.

Hughes Financial Guidance

	Prior Full Year 2001	Revised Full Year 2001
HUGHES		
Revenues	~\$8.3B	No Change
EBITDA	\$450-500M*	No Change*
Cash Requirements	\$2.5 - 3.0B	~\$2.5B
DIRECTV U.S.		
Revenue	\$5.5 - 5.6B	No Change
EBITDA	\$250-300M*	\$200 - 250M*
Net Subscriber Adds	~1.1M	1.2 - 1.3M**
DIRECTV DSL		
EBITDA	\$(100)M - (120)M	No Change
Net Subscriber Adds	~75K	40 - 50K
DIRECTV Latin America		
Revenue	~725M	No Change
EBITDA	~\$(100)M*	No Change*
Net Subscriber Adds	~300K	No Change
PanAmSat		
Revenue	\$825 - 835M	\$860 - 870M

New Outright Sales and Sales-Type Leases \$45.5M None EBITDA Margin Mid to high 60% range No Change Hughes Network Systems Revenue ~\$1.3B No Change (100)M - (150)M (100)M - (115)MEBITDA Spaceway (Included in HNS totals) \$(25)M - (35)M No Change DIRECWAY Net Sub Adds ~150K 50 - 65K DIRECWAY EBITDA (Included in HNS totals) \$ (150) M - (180) M \$(125)M - (155)M

- * EBITDA guidance excludes the impact of the third quarter 2001 severance charges of \$48M at DIRECTV US; \$10M at DIRECTV Latin America; \$7M at PanAmSat; and \$65M total at HUGHES.
- ** Excludes impact of 143K database adjustment in Q3 2001

NOTE: Hughes Electronics Corporation believes that some of the foregoing statements may constitute forward-looking statements. When used in this report, the words "estimate," "plan," "project," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "outlook," "believe," and other similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements and information. Important factors that may cause actual results of HUGHES to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report are set forth in the Form 10-Ks filed with the SEC by General Motors and HUGHES.

#

- 19 -

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in Millions) ASSETS	September 30, 2001 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2000
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$1,508.1
Accounts and notes receivable	•	1,253.0
Contracts in process	156.3	186.0
Inventories	374.8	338.0
Deferred income taxes	103.1	89.9
Prepaid expenses and other	1,054.5	778.7
Total Current Assets	3,662.7	4,153.7
Satellites, net	4,617.6	4,230.0
Property, net	2,097.4	1,707.8
Net Investment in Sales-type Leases	233.5	221.1
Intangible Assets, net	7,288.5	7,151.3
Investments and Other Assets	1,225.4	1,815.4
		410.070.2
Total Assets	\$19,125.1	\$19,279.3

EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is the sum of operating profit (loss) and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenues.

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY _____ Current Liabilities \$1,407.9 \$1,224.2 Accounts payable Deferred revenues Short-term borrowings and current portion of 838.3 long-term debt 1,909.3 1,304.5 Accrued liabilities and other 4,337.2 2,690.9 975.0 1,292.0 1,547.9 1,647.3 619.6 769.3 Total Current Liabilities Long-Term Debt Other Liabilities and Deferred Credits Deferred Income Taxes Commitments and Contingencies 553.7 Minority Interests 527.2 11,118.2 553.7 12,326.1 Stockholder's Equity Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity \$19,125.1 \$19,279.3 _____

Holders of GM Class H common stock have no direct rights in the equity or assets of Hughes, but rather have rights in the equity and assets of General Motors (which includes 100% of the stock of Hughes).

- 20 -

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND AVAILABLE SEPARATE CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME (LOSS) (Dollars in Millions) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months				
			Ended Sep		
	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Revenues					
Direct broadcast, leasing and other services	\$1,830.9	\$1,485.5	\$5,267.7	\$4,523.3	
Product sales			713.7		
Total Revenues	2,103.3	1,688.5	5,981.4	5,228.6	
Operating Costs and Expenses					
Broadcast programming and other costs	830.1	681.4	2,355.4	2,035.9	
Cost of products sold	246.7	146.2	590.4	580.6	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	950.0	753.0	2,763.9	2,171.9	
Depreciation and amortization			850.9		
	2,307.0	1,818.9	6,560.6	5,461.5	
	(000 7)	(120.4)	(570.0)	(020 0)	
Operating Loss	(203.7)	(130.4)	(579.2)	(232.9)	
Interest income	9.4	7.1	52.2	15.3	

Interest expense Other, net		(66.5) (11.9)	(134.0) (90.0)	(169.2) (294.4)
Loss From Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes, Minority Interests and Cumulative Effect of Accounting Chan	(321.2)	(201.7)	(751.0)	(681.2)
Income tax benefit Minority interests in net losses of subsidiaries	93.1 0.9		217.8 51.6	
Loss from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting change Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes		(104.3)	(481.6)	(295.1)
Loss before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes		(93.8)	(481.6)	
Net Loss	(227.2)	(93.8)	(489.0)	(244.8)
Adjustment to exclude the effect of GM purchase accounting	0.9	5.3	2.5	15.9
Loss Excluding the Effect of GM Purchase Accounting Adjustment	(226.3)	(88.5)	(486.5)	(228.9)
Preferred stock dividends	(24.1)	(24.1)	(72.3)	(72.9)
Loss Used for Computation of Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$(250.4)	\$(112.6) 	\$(558.8) 	\$(301.8)
Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss) Average number of shares of General Motors Class H Common Stock outstanding				
(in millions) (Numerator) Average Class H dividend base (in millions) (Denominator) Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	1,300.5		876.0 1,299.7 \$(376.6)	1,296.5
	~ (±00.0)	۲ (۱۵.۵) =======	~ (5/0.0) ========	A (T40.0)

Certain 2000 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2001 presentation.

- 21 -

SELECTED SEGMENT DATA (Dollars in Millions) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			Nine M	Months
	Third Q	uarter	Ended Sept	ember 30,
	2001	2000	2001	2000

DIRECT-TO-HOME BROADCAST

Total Revenues EBITDA (1) Operating Loss Depreciation and Amortization Capital Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$	(245.4) 171.2	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	132.4	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,590.2 (69.5) (573.8) 504.3 522.5	\$	370.0
SATELLITE SERVICES Total Revenues EBITDA (1) EBITDA Margin (1) Operating Profit Operating Profit Margin Depreciation and Amortization Capital Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$	65.7% 62.1 24.6% 104.1	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	68.0% 52.0 26.1% 83.5	\$ \$ \$ \$	666.4 440.7 66.1% 136.0 20.4% 304.7 241.7	\$ \$ \$	68.0% 319.1 38.9% 238.8
NETWORK SYSTEMS Total Revenues EBITDA (1) Operating Profit (Loss) Depreciation and Amortization Capital Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$	339.7 (22.6) (35.1) 12.5 121.9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	284.0 16.8 1.6 15.2 79.2	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	890.1 (97.7) (144.2) 46.5 467.2	\$	1,020.3 34.4 (15.4) 49.8 241.0
ELIMINATIONS and OTHER Total Revenues EBITDA (1) Operating Profit (Loss) Depreciation and Amortization Capital Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$	(61.9) 7.1 14.7 (7.6) (4.8)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(86.3) (26.7) (33.9) 7.2 (24.6)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(165.3) (1.8) 2.8 (4.6) (4.0)	\$ \$	(329.9) (111.2) (125.7) 14.5 (2.3)
TOTAL Total Revenues EBITDA (1) EBITDA Margin (1) Operating Loss Depreciation and Amortization Capital Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$	3.6% (203.7) 280.2	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	238.3	\$	5,981.4 271.7 4.5% (579.2) 850.9 1,227.4	\$	5,228.6 440.2 8.4% (232.9) 673.1 1,205.4

(1) EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is the sum of operating profit (loss) and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenues.

- 22 -

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

GENERAL	MOTORS	CORPORATION
(Registrant)		

Date October 18, 2001

Chief Accounting Officer)

- 23 -