ACL SEMICONDUCTOR INC Form 10-Q November 14, 2008

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0

/ T/	ark	Ω_{n}	~)
(IVI	ark	On	е

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008.

[]	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to
	Commission File Number: 000-50140

ACL Semiconductors Inc.

(Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

16-1642709 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

B24-B27, 1/F., Block B Proficient Industrial Centre, 6 Wang Kwun Road Kowloon, Hong Kong

(Address of principal executive offices)

011-852-2799-1996

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or non-accelerated filer.

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]

Registrant had 28,329,936 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding as of November 14, 2008.

Transitional small business disclosure format (check one) Yes $[\]$ No [X]

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

				~	
ITEM 1.	— H/T	NIANIC	ואוי	C.I.Y.I.P.	MENTS
I I I STVI I .	111	INAIN		31 A I I :	

	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2008 (unaudited) and December 31, 2007	1-2
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and September 30, 2007 (unaudited)	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and September 30, 2007 (unaudited)	4-5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	6-11
ITEM 2.	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	12-18
ITEM 3.	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	18
ITEM 4T.	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	18
PART II	OTHER INFORMATION	
ITEM 5.	OTHER INFORMATION	19
ITEM 6.	EXHIBITS	19-20
SIGNATUR	ES	21
EXHIBITS		22-25

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	As of September 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2007
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,778,909	\$ 1,597,674
Restricted cash	4,344,083	4,203,057
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		
for doubtful accounts of \$0 for 2008 and 2007	12,562,040	7,594,784
Accounts receivable, related parties	8,017,229	7,955,764
Inventories, net	9,114,951	3,483,994
Restricted marketable securities	500,000	769,231
Marketable securities	0	404,780
Income tax refundable	24,836	49,375
Other current assets	20,878	83,061
Total current assets	37,362,926	26,141,720
Property, equipment and improvements, net of		
accumulated depreciation and amortization	7,073,058	6,933,998
Other deposits	392,069	387,245
	\$ 44,828,053	\$ 33,462,963

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	S	As of eptember 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	D	As of December 31, 2007
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	18,842,152	\$	12,592,685
Accrued expenses		438,363		186,738
Lines of credit and notes payable		19,511,168		15,610,488
Current portion of long-term debt		230,194		180,228
Due to stockholders for converted pledged collateral		112,385		112,385
Other current liabilities		961,630		268,573
Total current liabilities		40,095,892		28,951,097
Long-term debts, less current portion		2,449,263		2,589,213
Deferred tax		15,471		15,471
		42,560,626		31,555,781
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock - \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares				
authorized, 28,329,936 issued and outstanding at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007		28,330		28,330
Additional paid in capital		3,593,027		3,593,027
Amount due from stockholder/director		(41,639)		(75,998)
Accumulated deficit		(1,312,291)		(1,638,177)
Total stockholders' equity		2,267,427		1,907,182
	\$	44,828,053	\$	33,462,963

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

	Three Moi September 30, 2008	nth	ns Ended September 30, 2007	Nine Mont September 30, 2008	Ended September 30, 2007
Net sales: Related parties Other Less discounts to customers	\$ 1,381,083 49,941,168 (3,309) 51,318,942	·	3,647,273 40,292,702 (45,408) 43,894,567	\$ 6,877,496 142,603,903 (8,257) 149,473,142	\$ 14,511,667 93,229,801 (80,050) 107,661,418
Cost of sales	49,627,985		42,252,002	145,867,069	104,621,291
Gross profit	1,690,957		1,642,565	3,606,073	3,040,127
Operating expenses: Selling General and administrative Income from operations Other income (expenses): Interest expense Unrelaized profits Loss on disposal of marketable securities Miscellaneous	20,963 927,387 742,607 (330,203) - (9,708) 146,954		17,304 1,084,175 541,086 (268,209) 321,882	57,899 2,452,602 1,095,572 (830,507) - (227,781) 306,013	50,983 2,302,724 686,420 (742,705) 476,586
Income (loss) before income taxes	549,650		683,031	343,297	631,534
Income taxes	17,411		145,004	17,411	202,055
Net income (loss)	\$ 532,239	\$	538,027	\$ 325,886	\$ 429,479
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.02	\$	0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Weighted average number of shares - basic and diluted	28,329,936		27,829,936	28,329,936	27,829,936

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended			
				September
		30,		30,
		2008		2007
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Net profits	\$	325,886	\$	429,479
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		135,353		138,106
Change in inventory reserve		76,923		217,949
Gain on revaluation of investment property		(80,054)		-
Loss on disposal of marketable securities		227,781		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Accounts receivable - other		(4,967,255)		(2,398,527)
Accounts receivable - related parties		(61,465)		1,322,659
Inventories		(5,707,880)		(3,714,065)
Other current assets		62,183		(542,254)
Deposits		(4,824)		(9,813)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accounts payable		6,249,467		9,288,872
Accrued expenses		251,625		270,554
Income tax payable		24,539		165,757
Other current liabilities		693,058		(210,495)
Total adjustments		(3,100,549)		4,528,743
Net cash (used for) provided by				
operating activities		(2,774,663)		4,958,222
Cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities:				
Repayments from (to) stockholders		34,359		(989,829)
Increase of restricted cash		(141,027)		(1,997,987)
Investment in Securities (Restricted)		(500,000)		(769,231)
Cash Proceeds from sales of marketable securities		946,229		-
Purchases of property, equipment and improvements		(194,359)		(3,158,221)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		145,202		(6,915,268)

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended				
	9	September 30,	,	September 30,	
		2008		30, 2007	
Cash flows provided by financing activities:				_00.	
Proceeds on lines of credit and					
notes payable		3,900,680		1,695,801	
Principal loan (repayments) on long-term debt		(89,984)		759,648	
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,810,696		2,455,449	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		1,181,235		498,403	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period		1,597,674		1,447,485	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$	2,778,909	\$	1,945,888	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:					
Interest paid	\$	830,507	\$	742,705	
·					
Income tax paid	\$	-	\$	29,640	

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Basis of Presentation and Nature of Business Operations

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of ACL Semiconductors Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiaries, Atlantic Components Ltd., a Hong Kong based company ([Atlantic]]) and Alpha Perform Technology Limited (collectively, ∏ACL∏ or the ∏Company∏). The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-O and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete consolidated financial statements. These condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the Company\(\sigma\) s audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the [SEC]). In the opinion of management, these condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which are of a normal recurring nature and which are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of ACL as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, and the results of operations for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and the cash flows for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the entire fiscal year. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Nature of Business Operations

ACL was incorporated under the State of Delaware on September 17, 2002 and acquired Atlantic through a reverse-acquisition that was effective September 30, 2003. The Company principal activities are distribution of electronic components under the "Samsung" brandname which comprise DRAM and graphic RAM, FLASH, SRAM and MASK ROM for the Hong Kong and Southern China markets. Atlantic was incorporated in Hong Kong on May 30, 1991 with limited liability. On October 2, 2003, the Company set up a wholly-owned subsidiary, Alpha Perform Technology Limited ([Alpha]), a British Virgin Islands company, to provide services on behalf of the Company in jurisdictions outside of Hong Kong. Effective January 1, 2004, the Company ceased the operations of Alpha and all the related activities were consolidated with those of Atlantic.

Revenue Recognition

Product sales are recognized when products are shipped to customers, title passes and collection is reasonably assured. Provisions for discounts to customers, estimated returns and allowances and other price adjustments are deducted from the Company\(\begin{align*}{l}\)s gross sales in the same periods the related revenues are recorded.

Currency Reporting

Amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures are stated in U.S. Dollars, unless stated otherwise. The functional currency of the Company \square s subsidiaries is Hong Kong dollars (\square HKD \square) as most of the Company \square s operations are conducted in HKD. Foreign currency transactions (outside Hong Kong) during the period are translated into HKD according to the prevailing exchange rate at the relevant transaction dates. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet dates are translated into HKD at period-end exchange rates.

For the purpose of preparing these consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of ACL reported in HKD have been translated into U.S. Dollars at US\$1.00=HKD7.8, a fixed exchange rate maintained between the United States and China.

2. Earnings Per Common Share

In accordance with SFAS No. 128, [Earnings Per Share,] the basic earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per common share is computed similarly to basic earnings (loss) per common share, except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive.

3. Related Party Transactions

Transactions with Mr. Yang

As of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had an outstanding receivable from Mr. Yang, the Company S Chief Executive Officer, majority shareholder and a director, totaling \$41,639 and \$75,998, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded and paid \$305,000 and \$511,538, respectively, to Mr. Yang as compensation. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded and paid \$685,026 and \$762,821, respectively, to Mr. Yang as compensation.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company paid rent of 0, 0, and 7, 906, respectively, for Mr. Yang personal residency as additional compensation.

Transactions with Classic Electronics Ltd.

As of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had outstanding accounts receivable from Classic Electronics Ltd. ([Classic]) totaling \$1,717,859 and \$1,717,859, respectively. The Company has not experienced any bad debt from this customer in the past. Pursuant to a written personal guarantee agreement, Mr. Yang has personally guaranteed up to \$10.0 million of the outstanding accounts receivable from Classic.

Mr. Wong, a director of ACL, owns 99.9% of the equity of Classic. The remaining 0.1% of Classic is owned by a non-related party.

Transactions with Solution Semiconductor (China) Ltd

On April 1, 2007, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Solution Semiconductor (China) Ltd. ([Solution]) pursuant to which the Company leases one facility. The lease agreement for this facility expires on March 31, 2009. Monthly lease payment for this lease is \$1,090. The Company incurred and paid an aggregate rent expense of \$3,270, \$3,270 and \$9,810, \$9,115 to Solution during the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Two facilities located in Hong Kong owned by Solution were used by the Company as collateral for loans from Citic Ka Wah Bank Limited and Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited respectively.

Mr. Wong, a director of the Company, owns 99% of the equity of Solution. The remaining 1% of Solution is owned by a non-related party.

Transactions with Systematic Information Ltd.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and

2007, the Company received service fees of \$3,846, \$3,846, \$11,538 and \$11,538, respectively, from Systematic Information Ltd. ([Systematic Information]). There were no outstanding accounts receivable due from Systematic Information as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The service fees were charged as the back office support to Systematic Information.

On April 1, 2005, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Systematic Information pursuant to which the Company leased one residential property for Mr. Yang's personal use for a monthly lease payment of \$3,205. Upon expiration of the lease on June 15, 2007, ACL acquired this facility and personal residence from Systematic Information. The Company paid rent expenses of \$0, \$0, \$0 and \$17,521 to Systematic Information for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

On September 1, 2008, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Systematic Information pursuant to which the Company leases on industrial property for office use for a monthly lease payment of \$641. The lease agreement for this property expires on August 31, 2010. The Company incurred and paid aggregate rent expenses of \$1,923, \$1,923, \$5,769 and \$5,769 to Systematic Information for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

A workshop located in Hong Kong owned by Systematic Information was used by the Company as collateral for loans from Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited.

Mr. Yang, the Company□s Chief Executive Officer, majority shareholder and a director, is a director and the sole beneficial owner of the equity interests of Systematic Information.

Transactions with Global Mega Development Ltd.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company received management fees of \$0, \$1,923, \$0 and \$5,796, respectively, from Global Mega Development Ltd. ([Global]). There were no outstanding accounts receivable due from Global as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The management fee was charged as the back office support to Global.

Mr. Yang, the Company□s Chief Executive Officer, majority shareholder and a director, is the sole beneficial owner of the equity interests of Global.

Transactions with Systematic Semiconductor Ltd.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company received management fees of \$0, \$3,846, \$0 and \$11,538, respectively, from Systematic Semiconductor Ltd. ([Systematic Semiconductor[]). There were no outstanding accounts receivable due from Systematic Semiconductor as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The management fees were charged as the back office support to Systematic Semiconductor.

Mr. Yang, the Company□s Chief Executive Officer, majority shareholder and a director, is the sole beneficial owner of the equity interests of Systematic Semiconductor.

Transactions with Aristo Technologies Ltd.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company sold \$1,381,083, \$3,647,273, \$6,877,496 and \$14,511,667 respectively, of memory products to Aristo Technologies Ltd. ([Aristo]]). Outstanding accounts receivable due from Aristo totaled \$6,806,909 and \$6,237,905 as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. The Company has not experienced any bad debt from this customer in the past.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 the Company purchased \$3,113,690, \$1,834,786, \$4,549,896 and \$2,873,902, respectively, of memory products from Aristo. Outstanding accounts payable due to Aristo totaled \$507,000 and \$0 as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

Mr. Yang, the Company S Chief Executive Officer, majority shareholder and a director, is the sole beneficial owner of the equity interests of Aristo.

4. Bank Facilities

With respect to all of the above referenced debt and credit arrangements, the Company pledged its assets as collateral collectively to a bank group in Hong Kong comprised of DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd. (formerly Overseas Trust Bank Limited), Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited, The Bank of East Asia Ltd., Citic Ka Wah Bank Limited, and ICBC (Asia) Limited for all current and future borrowings from the bank group by the Company. In addition to the above pledged collateral, the debt is also secured by:

- 1. a fixed cash deposit of \$641,026 (HK\$5,000,000), a security interest on two residential properties and a workshop located in Hong Kong owned by Atlantic plus a personal guarantee by Mr. Yang as collateral for loans from DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd;
- a fixed cash deposit of \$1,323,570 (HK\$10,323,842) plus an unlimited personal guarantee by Mr. Yang, as collateral for loans from The Bank of East Asia, Limited;
- a cash deposit/securities not less than \$1,282,051 (HK\$10,000,000), a security interest on a workshop located in Hong Kong owned by Systematic Information, a related party, a security interest on a workshop located in Hong Kong owned by Solution, a related party, plus an unlimited personal guarantee by Mr. Yang as collateral for loans from Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited;
- 4. a fixed cash deposit not less than \$956,410 (US\$700,000 plus HK\$2,000,000), a security interest on a workshop located in Hong Kong owned by Solution, a related party, plus a personal guarantee by Mr. Yang as collateral for loans from Citic Ka Wah Bank Limited;
- a fixed cash deposit not less than \$641,026 (HK\$5,000,000) plus an unlimited personal guarantee by Mr. Yang as collateral for loans from ICBC (Asia) Limited.

5. Economic Dependence

The Company significant distribution operations are dependent on the availability of an adequate supply of electronic components under the samsung brand name which have historically been principally supplied to the Company by Samsung Electronics H.K. Co., Ltd. (samsung HKs), a subsidiary of Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., a Korean public company, pursuant to a distributorship agreement between the Company and Samsung HK (the stribution Agreements). Samsung HK supplied approximately 49% and 65% of materials to the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Distribution Agreement has a one-year term and contains certain sales quotas to be met by the Company. The Distribution Agreement has been renewed more than ten times, most recently on March 1, 2008. The Company has never failed to meet the sales quotas set forth in the Distribution Agreement, however, there is no assurance that Samsung HK will continue to supply sufficient electronic components to the Company on terms and prices acceptable to the Company or in volumes sufficient to meet the Company current and anticipated demand, nor can assurance be given that the Company would be able to secure sufficient products from other third party supplier(s) on acceptable terms. In addition, the Company operations and business viability are to a large extent dependent on the provision of management services and financial support by Mr. Yang.

For the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company purchased \$21,779,620, \$28,382,836, \$74,197,431 and \$75,827,922, respectively, of components from Samsung HK. At September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company□s accounts payable, net of rebate receivable, due from Samsung totaled \$9.968,681 and \$9.562,198, respectively.

6. Segment Reporting

The Company's sales are generated from Hong Kong and the rest of China, and substantially all of its assets are located in Hong Kong.

7. Stock Option Plan

On March 31, 2006, the Board of Directors adopted the 2006 Equity Incentive Stock Plan (the \square Plan \square) and the majority stockholder approved the Plan by written consent. The purpose of the Plan is to provide additional incentive to employees, directors and consultants and to promote the success of the Company business. The Plan permits the Company to grant both incentive stock options (\square Incentive Stock Options \square or \square ISOs \square) with the meaning of Section 422 of the of the Internal Revenue Code (the \square Code \square), and other options with do not qualify as Incentive Stock Options (the \square Non-Qualified Options \square) and stock awards.

Unless earlier terminated by the Board of Directors, the Plan (but not outstanding options) terminates on March 31, 2016, after which no further awards may be granted under the Plan. The Plan is administered by the full Board of Directors or, at the Board of Directors discretion, by a committee of the Board of Directors consisting of at least two persons who are <code>[disinterested persons[]]</code> defined under Rule 16b-2(c)(ii) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the <code>[Committee[]]</code>).

Recipients of options under the Plan ([Optionees]) are selected by the Board of Directors or the Committee. The Board of Directors or Committee determines the terms of each option grant including (1) the purchase price of shares subject to options, (2) the dates on which options become exercisable and (3) the expiration date of each option (which may not exceed ten years from the date of grant). The minimum per share purchase price of options granted under the Plan for Incentive Stock Options and Non-Qualified Options is the fair market value (as defined in the Plan) on the date the option is granted.

Optionees will have no voting, dividend or other rights as stockholders with respect to shares of Common Stock covered by options prior to becoming the holders of record of such shares. The purchase price upon the exercise of options may be paid in cash, by certified bank or cashier scheck, by tendering stock held by the Optionee, as well as by cashless exercise either through the surrender of other shares subject to the option or through a broker. The total number of shares of Common Stock available under the Plan and the number of shares and per share exercise price under outstanding options will be appropriately adjusted in the event of any stock dividend, reorganization, merger or recapitalization or similar corporate event.

The Board of Directors may at any time terminate the Plan or from time to time make such modifications or amendments to the Plan as it may deem advisable and the Board of Directors or Committee may adjust, reduce, cancel and regrant an unexercised option if the fair market value declines below the exercise price except as may be required by any national stock exchange or national market association on which the Common Stock is then listed. In no event may the Board of Directors, without the approval of stockholders, amend the Plan if required by any federal, state, local or foreign laws or regulations or any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted and the applicable laws of any other country or jurisdiction where options or stock purchase rights are granted under the Plan.

Subject to limitations set forth in the Plan, the terms of option agreements will be determined by the Board of Directors or Committee, and need not be uniform among Optionees.

8. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2008, the FASB issued FSP APB 14-1, [Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement). This FSP clarifies that convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion (including partial cash settlement) are not addressed by APB Opinion No. 14, [Accounting for Convertible Debt and Debt Issued with Stock Purchase Warrants]. This FSP shall be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company does not anticipate that this FSP will have any material impact upon its preparation of its financial statements.

In August 2008, the FASB issued FSP FSA 117-1, □Endowments of Not-for Profit Organizations: Net Asset Classification of Funds Subject to an Enacted Version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act and Enhanced Disclosures for All Endowment Funds□. This FSP provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006. This FSP will be effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. The Company does not anticipate that this FSP will have any material impact upon its preparation of its financial statements.

In September 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 133-1 and FIN 45-4, □Disclosures about Credit Derivatives and Certain Guarantees: An Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 and FASB Interpretation No. 45; and Clarification of the Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 161□. This FSP applies to credit derivatives within the scope of Statement 133, hybrid instruments that have embedded credit derivatives, and guarantees within the scope of Interpretation 45. This FSP shall be effective for reporting periods (annual or interim) ending after November 15, 2008. The Company does not anticipate that this FSP will have any material impact upon its preparation of its financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT \square S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THE COMPANY HAS INCLUDED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT CERTAIN "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995 CONCERNING THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS, OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION. "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" CONSIST OF ALL NON-HISTORICAL INFORMATION, AND THE ANALYSIS OF HISTORICAL INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE REFERENCES IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT TO FUTURE REVENUE GROWTH, FUTURE EXPENSE GROWTH, FUTURE CREDIT EXPOSURE EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAXES, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION, FUTURE PROFITABILITY, ANTICIPATED CASH RESOURCES, ANTICIPATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS, AND THE COMPANY'S PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS. IN ADDITION, THE WORDS "COULD", "EXPECTS", "ANTICIPATES", "OBJECTIVE", "PLAN", "MAY AFFECT", "MAY DEPEND", "BELIEVES", "ESTIMATES", "PROJECTS" AND SIMILAR WORDS AND PHRASES ARE ALSO INTENDED TO IDENTIFY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

ACTUAL RESULTS COULD DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE PROJECTED IN THE COMPANY'S FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS DUE TO NUMEROUS KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, INCLUDING, AMONG OTHER THINGS, UNANTICIPATED TECHNOLOGICAL DIFFICULTIES, THE VOLATILE AND COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT FOR COMPUTER AND CONSUMER ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS, CHANGES IN DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ECONOMIC, MARKET AND REGULATORY CONDITIONS, THE INHERENT UNCERTAINTY OF FINANCIAL ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, THE UNCERTAINTIES INVOLVED IN CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS, INSTABILITIES ARISING FROM TERRORIST ACTIONS AND RESPONSES THERETO, AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS DESCRIBED AS "RISK FACTORS" IN OTHER FILINGS BY THE COMPANY WITH THE SEC INCLUDING ITS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K. SUCH FACTORS MAY ALSO CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL VOLATILITY IN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE COMPANY'S COMMON STOCK. ALL SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE CURRENT ONLY AS OF THE DATE ON WHICH SUCH STATEMENTS WERE MADE. THE COMPANY DOES NOT UNDERTAKE ANY OBLIGATION TO PUBLICLY UPDATE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH ANY SUCH STATEMENT IS MADE OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS.

ANY REFERENCE TO "ACL", THE "COMPANY" OR THE "REGISTRANT", "WE", "OUR" OR "US" MEANS ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

Overview

Corporate Background

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Atlantic Components Limited, a Hong Kong corporation ([Atlantic]), is engaged primarily in the business of distribution of memory products under [Samsung] brandname which principally comprise DRAM, Graphic RAM and FLASH for the Hong Kong and Southern China markets. The Company[Samsung] wholly-owned subsidiary, Alpha Perform Technology Limited ([Alpha]), which previously engaged in this business, ceased activities as of January 1, 2004, when its operations were consolidated with those of Atlantic.

As of September 30, 2008, ACL had more than 150 active customers in Hong Kong and Southern China.

ACL is in the mature stage of operations. As a result, the relationships between sales, cost of sales, and operating expenses reflected in the financial information included in this document to a large extent represent future expected financial relationships. Much of the cost of sales and operating expenses reflected in the Company sinancial statements are recurring in nature.

Critical Accounting Policies

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ([SEC]) recently issued Financial Reporting Release No. 60, $[Cautionary\ Advice\ Regarding\ Disclosure\ About\ Critical\ Accounting\ Policies <math>[(FRR\ 60])$, suggesting companies provide additional disclosure and commentary on their most critical accounting policies. In FRR 60, the SEC defined the most critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of a company [s] financial condition and operating results, and require management to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Based on this definition, ACL[s] most critical accounting policies include: inventory valuation, which affects cost of sales and gross margin; policies for revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts, and stock-based compensation. The methods, estimates and judgments ACL uses in applying these most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results ACL reports in its consolidated financial statements.

Inventory Valuation. ACL\splits policy is to value inventories at the lower of cost or market on a part-by-part basis. This policy requires ACL to make estimates regarding the market value of its inventories, including an assessment of excess or obsolete inventories. ACL determines excess and obsolete inventories based on an estimate of the future demand for its products within a specified time horizon, generally 12 months. The estimates ACL uses for demand are also used for near-term capacity planning and inventory purchasing and are consistent with its revenue forecasts. If ACL\square demand forecast is greater than its actual demand, it may be required to take additional excess inventory charges, which will decrease gross margin and net operating results in the future.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. ACL maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of ACL \square s customers to make required payments. ACL \square s allowance for doubtful accounts is based on ACL \square s assessment of the collectibility of specific customer accounts, the aging of accounts receivable, ACL \square s history of bad debts, and the general condition of the industry. If a major customer \square s credit worthiness deteriorates, or ACL \square s customers \square actual defaults exceed ACL \square s historical experience, ACL \square s estimates could change and impact ACL \square s reported results.

Contractual Obligations

The following table presents the Company's contractual obligations as of September 30, 2008 over the next five years and thereafter:

Payments by Period

		Less			
		Than	<u>1-3</u>	<u>4-5</u>	After 5
	Amount	1 Year	<u>Years</u>	<u>Years</u>	Years
Operating Leases	102,750	67,987	34,763		
Line of credit and notes payable \square					
short-term	17,567,168	17,567,168			
Short Term Loan	45,958	45,958			
Long Term Loan	2,679,571	219,732	376,135	251,533	1,832,171
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 20,395,447	\$ 17,900,845	\$ 410,898 \$	251,533 \$	1,832,171

Accounting Principles; Anticipated Effect of Growth

Below is a brief description of basic accounting principles which the Company has adopted in determining its recognition of sales and expenses, as well as a brief description of the effects that the Company believes its anticipated growth will have on the Company sales and expenses in the next 12 months.

Net sales

Sales from Samsung HK are recognized upon the transfer of legal title of the electronic components to the customers. The quantities of memory products the Company sells fluctuate with changes in demand from its customers. The prices set by Samsung HK that the Company must charge its customers are expected to fluctuate as a result of prevailing economic conditions and their impact on the market.

Sales for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 ($[2008\ gd\ Quarter]$) increased 16.91% compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2007. One of the major reasons of the Company[s sales increases is due to the reduction in production capacities by the other memory makers reported in the first half of the year. This action has increased the market share of Samsung[s products. With the increasing demand of Samsung[s products and our expanding customer database in PRC, we have further developed our relationship with the customers, which increased our sales quantity significantly.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales consists of costs of goods purchased from Samsung HK, and purchases from other Samsung authorized distributors. Many factors affect the Company gross margin, including, but not limited to, the volume of production orders placed on behalf of its customers, the competitiveness of the memory products industry and the availability of cheaper Samsung memory products from overseas Samsung distributors due to regional demand and supply situations. Nevertheless, the Company procurement operations are supported by Samsung HK pursuant to a distributorship agreement between the Company and Samsung HK. However, the distributorship is for a one-year period and even though it has been renewed more than 10 times, there is no assurance that it will be renewed again in the future.

The Company s gross profit for 2008 Bd Quarter was \$ 1,690,957, as compared to \$1,642,565 for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, representing a 2.95% increase. The gross profit margin for the Company during 2008 3rd Quarter was 3.29%, compared to a 3.74% for the corresponding quarter in 2007. The decrease in gross profit margin was mainly due to the unit prices drop in memory components market. However, with the significant increase on demand of consumer electronics products (i.e. digital recording devices, digital cameras, set top box, etc.) as well as flash storage devices (i.e. memory cards) during the Olympics Games in August 2008. These products have brought up the demand of memory components, especially NAND flash.

The Company forecasts the unit price of memory components will stop decreasing and remain stable. This is due to the over supply situation which is slowly resolving as Samsung\(\sigma \) competitors reduce their manufacturing capacities. Due to the financial turmoil, the Company believes the business will slow down in the fourth quarter of 2008. The profitability will decrease due to the tight credit control from the bank. Since the global economic market is so volatile due to the financial turmoil, it is hard to predict the 2009 market.

Operating expenses

The Company's operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 were comprised of sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses only.

Sales and marketing expenses consisted primarily of and external commissions paid to external sales personnel and costs associated with advertising and marketing activities.

General and administrative expenses include all corporate and administrative functions that serve to support the Company surrent and future operations and provide an infrastructure to support future growth. Major items in this category include management and staff salaries, rent/leases, professional services, and travel and entertainment. The Company expects these expenses to increase as a result of increased legal and accounting fees anticipated in connection with the Company compliance with ongoing reporting and accounting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and as a result of anticipated expansion by the

Company of its business operations. Sales and marketing expenses are expected to fluctuate as a percentage of sales due to the addition of sales personnel and various marketing activities planned throughout the year.

Interest expense, including finance charges, relates primarily to Atlantic□s short-term and long-term bank borrowings, which the Company intends to reduce.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth unaudited statements of operations data for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and should be read in conjunction with the [Management[s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations[] and the Company[s financial statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this document.

	Three Months	Three Months	Nine Months	Nine Months
	Ended <u>September</u> <u>30,</u>	Ended <u>September</u> <u>30.</u>	Ended <u>September</u> <u>30,</u>	Ended September 30,
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2007</u>
			(Unaudited)	
Net Sales	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cost of sales	96.71%	96.26%	97.59%	97.18%
Gross Profit	3.29%	3.74%	2.41%	2.82%
Operating expenses:				
Selling	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.05%
General and administrative	1.81%	2.47%	1.64%	2.14%
Total operating expenses	1.85%	2.51%	1.68%	2.19%
Income (loss) from operations	1.44%	1.23%	0.73%	0.63%
Other expenses:				
Interest expenses	-0.64%	-0.61%	-0.56%	-0.69%
Miscellaneous	0.27%	0.93%	0.06%	0.63%
Income (loss) before income taxes	1.07%	1.55%	0.23%	0.57%
Income taxes expenses (benefits)	0.03%	0.33%	0.01%	0.19%
Net income (loss)	1.04%	1.22%	0.22%	0.38%

Unaudited Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2007

Net sales

Sales increased by \$7,424,375 or 16.9% from \$43,894,567 in the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$51,318,942 in the three months ended September 30, 2008. The increase was mainly due to reduction in production capacities of memory in the market and the Company expanding its customer database in China.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales increased by \$7,375,983 or 17.5%, from \$42,252,002 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$49,627,985 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. The increase in cost of sales was principally attributable to the increase in net sales stated above.

Gross profit

Gross profit increased by \$48,392 or 2.9%, from \$1,642,565 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$1,690,957 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. The gross profits increased while the gross profit margin decreased by 0.45% from 3.74% to 3.29% when compared to the corresponding quarter in 2007. The decrease was mainly due to the unit prices drop in memory components market.

Operating expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$3,659 or 21.1%, from \$17,304 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$20,963 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was principally attributable to the increased sales commission expenses incurred for the third quarter of 2008.

General and administrative expenses decreased \$156,788 or 14.5% from \$1,084,175 in the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$927,387 in the three months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was principally attributable to a decrease in remuneration paid to the Company∏s executive officers.

Income from operations for the Company was \$742,607 for the three months ended September 30, 2008 compared to \$541,086 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, representing an increase in income by \$201,521. This increase was the result of the decrease in general and administrative expenses during the third quarter of 2008.

Other income (expenses)

Interest expense increased by \$61,994 or 23.1%, from \$268,209 in the three months ended September 30, 2007, to \$330,203 in the three months ended September 30, 2008. This increase was mainly due to an increase in the Company∏s need to open and draw down on letters of credits to obtain goods from its suppliers and place some customer receivable to the bank for factoring. We expect our interest expense will increase significantly in 2008 because of an increase in bank lines of credit and loan facilities.

The Company recorded a loss on disposal of marketable securities of \$9,708 in the three months ended September 30, 2008.

Unrealized profits decreased by \$321,882 from profits \$321,882 in the three months ended September 30, 2007, to \$0 in the three months ended September 30, 2008. This decrease was mainly attributable to some of the marketable securities that had been sold during the third quarter 2008 and the profits were reclassified to the gain on disposal of marketable securities.

The Company's net income decreased by \$133,381 from \$683,031 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$549,650 for the three months ended September 30, 2008, primarily due to the decrease in unrealized profit during the third quarter of 2008.

Income tax

Income tax decreased by \$127,593 or 88% from \$145,004 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 to \$17,411 for the three months ended September 30, 2008, primarily due to the last year overprovision \$97,974 which was adjusted in the third quarter 2008.

Liquidity and capital resources

Our principal sources of liquidity have been cash from operations, bank lines of credit and credit terms from suppliers. Our principal uses of cash have been for operations and working capital. We anticipate these uses will continue to be our principal uses of cash in the future.

The short-term borrowings from banks to finance the cash flow required to finance the purchase of Samsung memory products from Samsung HK must be made a day in advance of the release of goods from Samsung HK warehouse before receiving payments from customers upon physical delivery of such goods in Hong Kong which, in most instances, take approximately two days from the date of such delivery. In certain limited instances, customers of Atlantic are permitted up to thirty (30) days to make payment for purchased memory products. As the anticipated cash generated by the Company so operations are insufficient to fund our growth requirements, we will need to obtain additional funds. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain the necessary additional capital on a timely basis or on acceptable terms, if at all. The Company business growth and prospects would be materially and adversely affected. If it is an equity financing, the holders of our Common Stock may experience substantial dilution. In addition, if our results are negatively impacted and delayed as a result of political and economic factors beyond management of control, our capital requirements may increase.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ from those indicated in the above forward-looking statements: pricing pressures in the industry; a continued downturn in the economy in general or in the memory products sector; an unexpected decrease in demand for Samsung[s memory products; our ability to attract new customers; an increase in competition in the memory products market; and the ability of some of our customers to obtain financing. These factors or additional risks and uncertainties not known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may impair business operations and may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement.

Although we believe our expectations of future growth are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. We are under no duty to update our expectations after the date of this report to conform them to actual results or to reflect changes in expectations.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2008, net cash used for operating activities was \$2,774,663 while in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, ACL net cash provided by operating activities was \$4,958,222, an increase of \$7,732,885. This increase was primarily due to an increase of inventories and accounts receivable as of September 30, 2008.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2008, net cash provided by investing activities was \$145,202 while in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, ACL used \$6,915,268 for investing activities, a decrease in cash used of \$7,060,470. This decrease was primarily due to the purchase of a real estate property by the Company in 2007 but no such activity incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2008, net cash provided by financing activities was \$3,810,696 while in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, net cash provided by financing activities was \$2,455,449 an increase of \$1,355,247. This increase was due to an increase in the Company∏s borrowings under bank lines of credit.

An essential element of the Company growth in the future will be to obtain adequate additional working capital to meet anticipated market demand in the southern part of China.

Impact of Inflation

ACL believes that its results of operations are not significantly impacted by moderate changes in inflation rates as it expects it will be able to pass these costs by component price increases to its customers.

Seasonality

ACL has not experienced any material seasonality in sales fluctuations over the past 2 years in the memory products markets.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

ACL is exposed to market risk for changes in interest rates as its bank borrowings accrue interest at floating rates of 0.25% to 0.5% over the Best Lending Rate (currently at the range of 5.25 to 5.75% per annum) prevailing in Hong Kong. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and the nine months ended September 30, 2007, Atlantic did not generate any material interest income (expense). Accordingly, ACL believes that changes in interest rates will not have a material effect on its liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company has established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including Atlantic, is made known to the officers who certify the Company□s financial reports and to other members of senior management and the Board of Directors.

- (a) Based on their evaluation as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the ☐Exchange Act☐)) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.
- (b) There have been no significant changes in the Company□s internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2008, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company□s internal control over financial reporting. Although there were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, there were some areas where room for improvement was noted and management has committed to improving in these areas.

PART II

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Included as exhibits to the Quarterly Report on Form 10Q for the period ended September 30, 2008 (the
□Quarterly Report□) are material agreements of ACL which are referred to in this Quarterly Report and also have been referred to in previous public filings of ACL.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 10-Q

(a)	Exhibits:
Exhibit 10.1	Distributorship Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2008, by and between Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co. Ltd. And Atlantic Components Limited
Exhibit 10.2	Agreement, dated December 7, 2008, between Standard Chartered Bank and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.3	Agreement, dated September 21, 2007, between Standard Chartered Bank and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.4	Agreement, dated December 28, 2007, between Standard Chartered Bank and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.5	Agreement, dated April 17, 2008, between Standard Chartered Bank and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.6	Agreement, dated April 17, 2008, between Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.7	Agreement, dated May 30, 2005 between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.8	Agreement, dated June 27, 2006, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.9	Amendment, dated August 5, 2006, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.10	Amendment, dated October 26, 2006, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.11	Agreement, dated December 27, 2006, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.12	Amendment, dated May 14, 2007, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.13	Amendment, dated September 11, 2007, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.14	Amendment, dated October 18, 2007, between DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.15	Agreement, dated November 1, 2006, between, CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited and the Registrant

Exhibit 10.16	Amendment, dated March 14, 2007, between CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.17	Agreement, dated May 9, 2007, between CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.18	Agreement, dated December 3, 2007, between CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.19	Amendment, dated August 15, 2008, between CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited and the Registrant 19

Exhibit 10.20	Agreement, dated December 8, 2006 between The Bank of East Asia Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 10.21	Amendment, dated June 15, 2007, between The Bank of East Asia Limited and the Registrant
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 32.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ACL SEMICONDUCTORS INC.

Date: November 14, 2008 By: /s/Chung-Lun Yang

Chung-Lun Yang

Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 14, 2008 By: /s/ Kenneth Lap-Yin Chan

Kenneth Lap-Yin Chan Chief Financial Officer

21